

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 March 2014

TUESDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and financial statements of ECG Domicillary Care Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company did not trade during the year.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

J P Houghton
D M Harrison
S Harrison

J P Houghton resigned as a director on 14 October 2013.
D M Harrison was appointed as director on 1 September 2013.
S J Harrison was appointed a director on 14 October 2013 and resigned on 3 February 2015.
M C Glowsasky was appointed a director on 3 February 2015.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

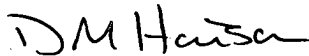
AUDITOR

The auditor, Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board



D M Harrison
Director

30.3.15

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ECG DOMICILLARY CARE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 8. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate>

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the directors' report.



CLAIRE LEECE (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor

1 St James' Gate

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 4AD

31.3.15

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 March 2014

		2014	Period from 1 Nov 11 to 31 Mar 13
	<i>Notes</i>	£	£
TURNOVER		—	—
Administrative expenses		(763)	(1,010)
OPERATING LOSS		(763)	(1,010)
Taxation	1	—	73
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	6	<u>(763)</u>	<u>(937)</u>

The loss for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

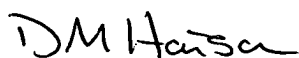
BALANCE SHEET

31 March 2014

	<i>Notes</i>	2014 £	2013 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	2	74	73
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	3	(3,019)	(2,256)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(2,946)</u>	<u>(2,183)</u>
		<u>(2,946)</u>	<u>(2,183)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	5	2	2
Profit and loss account	6	(2,948)	(2,185)
DEFICIT	7	<u>(2,946)</u>	<u>(2,183)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements on pages 4 to 8 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30.3.15 and are signed on their behalf by:



D M Harrison
Director

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised)' to present a cash flow statement because it is a small company.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. Since the year end, the group has changed funders and the new funder has confirmed to the directors its intention to continue to support the company for the foreseeable future.

The directors have prepared forecasts, which show the group's operating cash flows to be sufficient to fund the group's existing working capital requirements. Consequently the directors believe that it is appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

1 TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Analysis of charge/(credit) in the period

	2014 £	Period from 1 Nov 11 to 31 Mar 13 £
Current tax:		
Group relief receivable	-	(73)
Total current tax credit	<u>-</u>	<u>(73)</u>

2 DEBTORS

	2014 £	2013 £
Group relief receivable (note 4)	<u>74</u>	<u>73</u>

3 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2014 £	2013 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,269	2,256
Other creditors	<u>750</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>3,019</u>	<u>2,256</u>

4 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings are the following balances:

	2014 £
Regency Guest Services Limited	2
Stirling Guest Services Limited	<u>2</u>

Included within group relief receivable is the following balance:

	2014 £
Executive Care Group Limited	<u>74</u>

5 SHARE CAPITAL

	2014 £	2013 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

ECG Domicillary Care Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

6 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2014	2013
	£	£
At the beginning of the year	(2,185)	(1,248)
Loss for the financial year	(763)	(937)
At the end of the year	<u>(2,948)</u>	<u>(2,185)</u>

7 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	2014	2013
	£	£
Loss for the financial year	(763)	(937)
Opening shareholders' deficit	(2,183)	(1,246)
Closing shareholders' deficit	<u>(2,946)</u>	<u>(2,183)</u>

8 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

At 31 March 2014 the company's ultimate parent undertaking was Executive Care Group Limited. Executive Care Group Limited went into administration on 26 November 2014. On the same date the share capital of the company was acquired by Butterfly Group Healthcare Limited (formerly Conduit Street Holdings 1 Limited). The ultimate parent undertaking of Butterfly Group Healthcare Limited is Monarch Master Funding Limited, a company registered in the Cayman Islands.