

Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021
for
Computageeks Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

Computageeks Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

DIRECTORS:

John Livesey
Ross William Dold

SECRETARY:

Alexa-Jane Livesey

REGISTERED OFFICE:

93 Tabernacle Street
London
EC2A 4BA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

06921736 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Ramon Lee Ltd
93 Tabernacle Street
London
EC2A 4BA

Balance Sheet
30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4	1,279	1,909
Cash at bank		<u>-</u>	<u>56</u>
		1,279	1,965
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(1,165)</u>	<u>(1,678)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>114</u>	<u>287</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>114</u>	<u>287</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	6	100	100
Retained earnings		<u>14</u>	<u>187</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>114</u>	<u>287</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27 June 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

John Livesey - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Computageeks Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes for the services provided in the normal course of business.

TAXATION

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

BASIC FINANCIAL ASSETS

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

BASIC FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

3. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2020 - 3).

4. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>1,279</u>	<u>1,909</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

5. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Taxation and social security	504	501
Other creditors	661	1,177
	<u>1,165</u>	<u>1,678</u>

6. **CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

Allotted, issued and fully paid:			2021	2020
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	£	£
100	Ordinary Share Capital	1	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

7. **DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES**

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020:

	2021	2020
	£	£
John Livesey		
Balance outstanding at start of year	1,908	1,247
Amounts advanced	1,660	4,341
Amounts repaid	(2,289)	(3,680)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>1,279</u>	<u>1,908</u>

8. **POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

During the year, the Coronavirus (COVID-19) has emerged globally resulting in a significant impact on businesses worldwide. As a result some business operations have been restricted, however the company continues to operate using alternative methods and remote working.

The directors are unable to evaluate the overall financial impact on the business at present. Hence financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The directors are continuing to monitor, assess and act to the current changing environment in order to position the company to ensure its future success.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.