Company Number: 6869528

REMATCH LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

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Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2012

Company Number 6869528

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of ReMatch Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of risk mitigation solutions to financial markets, predominately in Credit Default Swaps, and acts as an introducing broker to a fellow ICAP plc company. It is anticipated that the Company will continue its present business activities next year.

The Company is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales The registered office is 2 Broadgate, London, EC2M 7UR

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors consider that the year end financial position was satisfactory and do not anticipate any changes to the principal activities

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Company are set out in the income statement on page 5

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2011 \$nil)

The loss for the year of \$995,000 (2011 \$2,090,000) has been transferred to reserves

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's risk profile and financial risk management policies are disclosed in note 2 to the financial statements

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors of ICAP plc manage the Group's operations on a divisional basis. ICAP plc's considerable investment in technology is essential to keep business competitive. The measure with which ICAP plc can benchmark itself against competitors is technology spend as a percentage of revenue. The development, performance and position of ICAP plc and its subsidiaries (the 'Group'), which includes the Company, are disclosed in the annual report of ICAP plc which does not form part of this report.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company, who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were

*** *******	
T Kıdd	(resigned 13th January 2012)
S Schiff	(resigned 13th January 2012)
D Casterton	(resigned 13th January 2012)
G Rowcliffe	(appointed 13th January 2012)
P Perrott	(appointed 13th January 2012)
S Caplen	(appointed 13th January 2012)

None of the directors had any interests in the shares of the Company during the year

CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

The Company has no external trade creditors

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2012

Company Number 6869528

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
 continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no material post balance sheet events which require separate disclosure

GOING CONCERN

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because its parent entity, ICAP Holdings Limited, has indicated that it will provide financial support to the Company until at least twelve months from the date of signing the accounts

AUDITORS

The Company's incumbent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and are deemed reappointed in the next financial year

PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware

The directors have taken all the steps they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

By order of the Board

T. Coverage

T Cavanagh

Company secretary

Date 31 August 2012

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of ReMatch Limited

We have audited the financial statements of ReMatch Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Loss, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flow and the related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its results and cash flows for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Carl Sizer (Senior Statutory Auditors)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

Date: 31 August 2012

Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2012

	<u>Note</u>	<u>Year ended</u> 31/03/2012 \$'000	<u>Year ended</u> 31/03/2011 \$'000
Revenue	1	7,236	3,557
Administrative expenses	4	(8,444)	(6,245)
Other operating expenses	7	(60)	(164)
Loss before tax		(1,268)	(2,852)
Tax	8	273	762
Loss for the year		(995)	(2,090)

The loss of the Company for the year is derived from continuing operations. The notes on pages 10 to 23 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Comprehensive Loss for the year ended 31 March 2012

	Year ended	Year ended
	<u>31/03/2012</u>	<u>31/03/2011</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Loss for the year	(995)	(2,090)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(995)	(2,090)

The notes on pages 10 to 23 are an integral part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2012

Company Number 6869528

	N .	As at	As at
	<u>Note</u>	31/03/2012	31/03/2011
		\$'000	\$'000
Non-current assets	•	1.051	2 222
Intangible assets	9	1,851	2,333
Deferred tax assets	10	351	397
		2,202	2,730
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	11	33	24
Tax receivable	11	319	868
Cash and cash equivalents	12	52	222
Cash and Cash equivalents	12	404	1,114
Total assets		2,606	3,844
Total assets			
Current habilities			
Trade and other payables	13	(7,121)	(7,364)
Total liabilities		(7,121)	(7,364)
Net liabilities		(4,515)	(3,520)
		- :	
Equity			
Called up share capital	14	1	1
Retained deficit		(4,738)	(3,743)
Other reserves		222	222
Total equity		(4,515)	(3,520)

The notes on pages 10 to 23 are an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements on pages 5 to 23 were approved by the board of directors on 31 August 2012 and were signed on its behalf by

M Beeston

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity as at 31 March 2012

	Share Capital (note 14) \$'000	Other Reserves \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
As at 1 April 2010 Loss for the year	1	222	(1,653) (2,090)	(1,430) (2,090)
As at 31 March 2011	1	222	(3,743)	(3,520)
Loss for the year	-	-	(995)	(995)
As at 31 March 2012	1	222	(4,738)	(4,515)

The notes on pages 10 to 23 are an integral part of these financial statements

Other Reserves

The other reserves relate to a capital contribution reserve

Share capital

The balance classified as share capital includes the nominal value of the proceeds on issue of the Company's equity share capital, comprising \$1 ordinary shares

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	<u>Year ended</u> 31/03/2012 \$'000	Year ended 31/03/2011 \$'000
		\$ 000	\$ 000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before tax		(1,268)	(2,852)
Adjustments for			
Group tax receivable		-	285
Amortisation of intangible assets		762	448
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		(506)	(2,119)
Increase in trade and other receivables		(9)	(133)
Increase in trade and other payables		625	2,252
Operating cash flows after movements in working capital		110	
Net cash from operating activities		110	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of intangible assets		(280)	-
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		(280)	
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		(170)	-
Net cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	12	222	222
Net cash and cash equivalents at end of year	12	52	222

The notes on pages 10 to 23 are an integral part of these financial statements

Tax is paid on behalf of the Company by a fellow subsidiary company of ICAP plc. Therefore, in the absence of the use of cash or cash equivalents, tax paid through intercompany settlements has been excluded from the cash flow statement

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS adopted by the EU, IFRIC interpretations and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS and therefore comply with Article 4 of the EU IAS Regulation. The financial statements have also been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the fair value of certain financial instruments in accordance with IFRS. The financial statements are prepared in Pound Sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company.

b) Recent accounting developments

The following amendment is mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 April 2011 and is considered relevant to the Company

Revised IAS24 'Related party disclosures' issued in November 2009 supersedes IAS24 'Related party disclosures' issued in 2003. The adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on the Company.

The following new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued, but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 April 2011 and have not been early adopted

- IFRS9 'Financial instruments' addresses classification and measurement of financial assets, as the first phase of the replacement of IAS39 'Financial Instruments recognition and measurement' and is effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2015, subject to EU endorsement. The impact on the Company's financial statements of the future adoption of the standard is still under review.
- IFRS10 'Consolidated financial statements' requires a parent to present consolidated financial statements as those of a single economic entity, replacing the requirements previously contained in IAS27 'Consolidated and separate financial statements' and SIC-12 'Consolidation special purpose entities' The standard becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- IFRS11 'Joint arrangements' replaces IAS31 'Interests in joint ventures' and requires a party to a joint arrangement to determine the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by assessing its rights and obligations and then account for those rights and obligations in accordance with that type of joint arrangement. The standard becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- IFRS12 'Disclosure of interests in other entities' requires the extensive disclosure of information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows. The standard becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- IFRS13 'Fair value measurement' replaces the guidance on fair value measurement in existing IFRS accounting literature with a single standard. The standard becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- IAS27 'Consolidated and separate financial statements' reissued as IAS27 'Separate financial statements' (as amended in 2011) This standard is an amended version of IAS27 'Consolidated and separate financial statements' which now deals only with the requirements for separate financial statements, which have been carried over largely unchanged from IAS27 'Consolidated and separate financial statements' Requirements for consolidated financial statements are now contained in IFRS10 'Consolidated financial statements' The standard becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

The impact on the Company's financial statements of adopting IFRS10, IFRS11, IFRS12, IFRS13 and IAS27 is currently under review. However the adoption of these standards is not expected to have a material impact

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c) Management fee income

The Company is an appointed representative of ICAP Securities Limited and introduces clients and transactions to ICAP Securities Limited Other operating income includes management fees from ICAP Securities Limited for the introduction of trades

d) Tax

Tax on the profit for the year comprises both current and deferred tax as well as adjustments in respect of prior years. Tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the current and deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for reporting purposes and the amounts charged or credited for tax purposes. Deferred tax is calculated at the rate of tax expected to apply when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. A deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities are offset against deferred tax assets within the same taxable entity or qualifying local tax group where there is both the legal right and the intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

e) Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the income statement, except for exchange differences arising on non-monetary assets and liabilities where the changes in fair value are taken directly to reserves. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined.

f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets arising from internal development

Development expenditure on electronic trading platforms is recognised as an intangible asset in accordance with the criteria of IAS 38, "Intangible assets" Intangible assets are stated at historical cost less provision for any impairment in its value and accumulated amortisation

Amortisation is charged to administrative expenses in the income statement on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic life of the asset as follows

Capitalised software

3-4 years

Intangible assets arising from internal development may also include assets previously recognised on the balance sheet of an acquired entity

Amortisation is charged against assets from the date at which the asset becomes available for use

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

g) Trade receivables and trade payables

Trade receivables are recognised at fair value less provision for impairment

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value based on the amounts exchanged

h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, overdrafts and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value and are readily convertible into a known amount of cash with less than three months maturity

Impairment of assets

An impairment review of the recoverable amounts of assets is undertaken at each balance sheet date or when such events or changes in circumstances indicate that an impairment loss may have occurred

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity Dividends are recognised as deductions from retained earnings in the period in which they are declared

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including liquidity, interest rate, currency and credit risk. The overall financial risk management framework, strategy and policies of the Company are determined by the board of its ultimate parent company, ICAP plc. It does this through the Group Risk and Capital Committee, and also by regional and market risk committees. The Company does not manage its own financial risk framework.

Financial assets and liabilities

The Company's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. None of the Company's financial liabilities are held for trading

The financial assets can be reconciled as follows

	As at	As at
	<u>31/03/2012</u>	31/03/2011
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	52	222
Trade and other receivables	33	24
Less		
Prepayments	(32)	(19)
	53	227

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to both transactional and translational fluctuations in the value of financial instruments due to exchange rate movements

Transactional exposure arises from administrative and other expenses and remittance of funds in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (United States Dollars), principally Sterling. Whilst it is the Group policy to hedge such foreign exchange movements using derivative financial instruments at a Group level, the Company remains exposed to these risks. Derivative transactions are only carried out with counterparties of an acceptable credit standing such as global banks with a credit rating of at least AA.

Translational exposure arises on the conversion of the foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities into Sterling The Group hedges up to 100% of its translational exposure at a Group level, but the Company is exposed to the impact of exchange rate movements

It is estimated that a 10 cent increase in the exchange rates of the United States Dollar would have an unfavourable impact of \$438,000 on the Company's income statement and equity

The table below summarises the Company's exposure to concentrations of foreign and domestic currencies as at 31 March 2012

	<u>USD</u> \$'000	<u>EUR</u> \$'000	Other \$'000	<u>GBP</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	52	-	-	-	52
Trade and other receivables less prepayments	1	-	-	-	1
	53		-		53
Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	(120)	-	-	(7,001)	(7,121)
	(120)			(7,001)	(7,121)
Net assets	(67)			(7,001)	(7,068)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The table below summarises the Company's exposure to concentrations of foreign and domestic currencies as at 31 March 2011

<u>USD</u> \$'000	<u>EUR</u> \$'000	Other \$'000	<u>GBP</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
222	-	-	-	222
5	-	-	-	5
227		-	-	227
(3,358)	-	-	(4,006)	(7,364)
(3,358)			(4,006)	(7,364)
(3,131)		_	(4,006)	(7,137)
	\$'000 222 5 227 (3,358) (3,358)	\$'000 \$'000 222 - 5 - 227 - (3,358) - (3,358) -	\$'000 \$'000 \$'000 222 5 227 (3,358) (3,358)	\$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 222 5 227 (3,358) - (4,006)

Interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents where changes in market rates can have an adverse impact on cash flows and income streams. Interest rate risk is monitored at a Group level by the Group Risk and Capital Committee. In terms of cash and other interest bearing investments, the Company must comply with the Group Investment Policy. Limits are in place to restrict the amount that can be invested at one institution and all investments must be credit rated AA or above and be for less than 18 months, unless approved by the Group Risk and Capital Committee.

As at 31 March 2012 there were no instruments with a contracted maturity or re-pricing date in excess of 18 months

The Company estimates that an increase of 1% in interest rates would have no impact on the Company's income statement and equity

The Company's interest rate profile as at 31 March 2012 was as follows

	<u>None</u>	<u>Fixed</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Total</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	52	52
Trade and other receivables less prepayments	1	-	-	1
	1		52	53
Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	(7,121)	-	-	(7,121)
	(7,121)		-	(7,121)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Company's interest rate profile as at 31 March 2011 was as follows

	<u>None</u> \$'000	<u>F1xed</u> \$'000	Variable \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	222	222
Trade and other receivables less prepayments	5	-	-	5
	5		222	227
Liabilities Trade and other possibles	(7.264)			(7.264)
Trade and other payables	(7,364)	-	-	(7,364)
	(7,364)		-	(7,364)

Price Risk

The Company's activities do not expose it to price risk

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counterparty is unable or unlikely to perform on an obligation resulting in a loss for the Company The Company's exposure to credit risk is limited since it acts as an intermediary whereby business is transacted on an agency basis. All counterparties are subject to regular review and assessment by regional credit officers and credit limits are set and approved by the appropriate credit committee as overseen by the Group Risk and Capital Committee. Limits are set based on Group parameters determining the maximum loss any one company (within the Group) can suffer as a result of counterparty default

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk and the maximum exposure is limited to receivables (note 11)

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and ensuring the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit. This is important to ensure that the Company can meet all present and future financial obligations as they fall due and comply with regulatory requirements. The Group Risk and Capital Committee monitors free cash resources ensuring that all companies within the Group maintain sufficient resources to finance their operations and that all investments comply with the Group Investment Policy. This dictates borrowing and investing limits based on an institution's credit rating and the nature of financial instruments that can be held.

The Company's exposure to liquidity risk is not significant

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Fair value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arms length transaction. The fair values of financial instruments are determined as per the Company's accounting policies.

As at 31 March 2012 there are no assets or liabilities whose carrying value was not a reasonable approximation of its fair value (2011 none)

3. KEY ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The Company makes various judgements in applying its accounting policies and various assumptions and estimates, including about the future, when determining the carrying value of certain assets and liabilities

As at 31 March 2012 there were no such judgements or assumptions that had a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. None of these items give rise to a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year.

4 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Year ended	Year ended
	31/03/2012	31/03/2011
	\$'000	\$'000
Amortisation of intangible assets	762	448
Other operating costs	122	_
Management recharge (note 15)	7,560	5,797
	8,444	6,245

The Company's administrative expenses includes auditors' remuneration in respect of statutory audit in the UK of \$ 5,000 (2011 \$ 5,000) and costs paid in relation to a Save-As-You-Earn (SAYE) share option scheme of \$ 9,000 (2011 \$ 4,000) for options over ordinary shares in ICAP plc, the Company's ultimate parent company. The details of SAYE share option are disclosed in the financial statements of ICAP plc

Fees paid to the Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, and its associates for services other than the statutory audit of the Company are not disclosed in the Company's financial statements since the consolidated financial statements of its parent, ICAP plc, include these fees on a consolidated basis

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

5. STAFF COSTS

Staff costs borne by the Company and included within the management recharge comprise

	Year ended 31/03/2012	Year ended 31/03/2011
	\$1000	\$'000
Employee costs		
Wages and salaries	2,567	1,981
Social security costs	288	135
Other pension costs	9	4
	2,864	2,120

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the year was 9 (2011 10)

All staff costs were borne by a fellow subsidiary company of ICAP plc and were charged to the Company by way of the Group management charges referred to in note 4

6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Remuneration payable to the directors in respect of their services to the Company was as follows

	Year ended		Year ended	
	31/03/2	<u>012</u>	<u>31/03/2011</u>	
		Highest		Highest
		paıd		paıd
	Total	director	Total	director
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Aggregate emoluments	1,910	585	2,257	1,821
Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	3	-	1	-
	1,913	585	2,258	1,821

As at 31 March 2012, retirement benefits are accruing to 1 director (2011 2 directors) under defined contribution schemes sponsored by ICAP plc

7 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

This represents exchange differences arising on transactions in foreign currencies during the year and on the translation at the balance sheet date of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

8. TAX

	Year ended 31/03/2012	Year ended 31/03/2011
a) Analysis of credit for the year	\$'000	\$'000
Current taxation		
UK Corporation tax	(319)	(557)
	(319)	(557)
Deferred taxation	(0-1)	(/
Deferred taxation (note 10) - current year	33	(205)
Adjustments to prior years (note 10)	13	-
	46	(205)
	(273)	(762)
b) Factors affecting the taxation credit for the year		
Loss before tax	(1,268)	(2,852)
Loss before tax multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 28%) Effects of	(330)	(799)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	14	7
Adjustments to prior years – deferred tax	13	-
Overseas tax	30	30
	57	37
Tax credit for the year	(273)	(762)
Effective tax rate	-	-

Legislation to reduce the main rate of Corporation Tax in the UK from 26% to 24% from 1 April 2012 was passed by Parliament on 26 March 2012 Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate to 22% from 1 April 2014 These latter changes had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, are not included in the tax charge for the year. The reduction to 22% is not expected to have a material impact on the deferred tax balances.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Cost Software Total \$000 As at 1 April 2011 2,998 2,998 Additions 280 280 As at 31 March 2012 3,278 3,278 Amortisation		Capitalised	
Cost 2,998 2,998 2,998 2,998 2,998 2,808		software	Total
As at 1 April 2011 2,998 2,998 Additions 280 280 As at 31 March 2012 3,278 3,278 Amortisation As at 1 April 2011 665 665 As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Cost As at 1 April 2010 1,787 1,787 Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation Amortisation 2 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value		\$'000	2,000
Additions 280 280 As at 31 March 2012 3,278 3,278 Amortisation As at 1 April 2011 665 665 Amortisation charge for the year 762 762 As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Cost As at 1 April 2010 1,787 1,787 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation Amortisation Amortisation charge for the year A sat 1 April 2010 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value	Cost		
As at 31 March 2012 3,278 3,278 Amortisation As at 1 April 2011 665 665 Amortisation charge for the year 762 762 As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Capitalised software \$000 \$000 Cost As at 1 April 2010 1,787 1,787 Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation As at 1 April 2010 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value 665 665	As at 1 April 2011	2,998	2,998
Amortisation As at 1 April 2011 665 665 Amortisation charge for the year 762 762 As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Cost As at 1 April 2010 1,787 1,787 Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation As at 1 April 2010 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value 665 665	Additions	280	280
As at 1 April 2011 665 665 Amortisation charge for the year 762 762 As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Capitalised software sof	As at 31 March 2012	3,278	3,278
Amortisation charge for the year 762 762 As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value	Amortisation		
As at 31 March 2012 1,427 1,427 Net book value 2	As at 1 April 2011	665	665
Net book value As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Capitalised software \$\frac{\text{Software}}{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$V\$}000}\$}}\$ Total \$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$}000\$}}\$}\$ Cost \$\text{\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$\$\$}000\$}\$}\$ \$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$\$\$\$\$}000\$}\$}\$ As at 1 April 2010 \$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$\$}\$\$}\$}\$ \$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$}\$}\$}\$}\$ Amortisation \$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$\$}\$}\$}\$ \$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\text{\$\$\$}\$}\$}\$}\$ As at 1 April 2010 \$217\$ \$217\$ Amortisation charge for the year \$448\$ \$448\$ As at 31 March 2011 \$655\$ \$665\$ Net book value \$\$\$\text{\$\$\t	Amortisation charge for the year	762	762
As at 31 March 2012 1,851 1,851 Capitalised software \$\frac{\text{Software}}{\$\text{\$\$\color{\color{	As at 31 March 2012	1,427	1,427
Cost Cost As at 1 April 2010 1,787 1,787 Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value 500 500 665	Net book value		
Cost Software \$'000 Total \$'000 As at 1 April 2010 1,787 1,787 Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value	As at 31 March 2012	1,851	1,851
As at 1 April 2010 Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 Amortisation As at 1 April 2010 As at 1 April 2010 Amortisation charge for the year As at 31 March 2011 Net book value		software	
Additions 1,211 1,211 As at 31 March 2011 2,998 2,998 Amortisation 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value			
As at 31 March 2011 Amortisation As at 1 April 2010 Amortisation charge for the year As at 31 March 2011 Net book value 2,998 2,998 2,998 217 217 448 448 448 665			
Amortisation As at 1 April 2010 217 217 Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value			
As at 1 April 2010 Amortisation charge for the year As at 31 March 2011 Net book value 217 217 448 448 665 665	As at 31 March 2011	2,998	2,998
Amortisation charge for the year 448 448 As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value			
As at 31 March 2011 665 665 Net book value			
Net book value			
	As at 31 March 2011	665	665
As at 31 March 2011 2,333 2,333	1,000		
	As at 31 March 2011	2,333	2,333

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12.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

10. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Deferred taxation assets were as follows		
	As at	<u>As at</u> 31/03/2011
	\$'000	
Capital allowances	13	17
Tax losses	338	380
	351	397
	<u>2012</u>	2011
	\$'000	\$'000
At beginning of the year	397	193
Transferred to the income statement (note 8)	(46)	204
As at 31 March	351	397
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	As at 31/03/2012	31/03/2011
Current	\$'000	\$.000
Amounts owed by Group companies (note 15)	1	1
Other receivables	-	4
Prepayments and accrued income	32	19
	33	24
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	As at	As at
	31/03/2012 \$'000	31/03/2011 \$'000
	52	222
Cash in hand and at bank	32	222
	52	222

The effective interest rates are disclosed in note 2

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 13.

		As at 31/03/2012 \$'000	As at 31/03/2011 \$'000
	Current Amounts owed to Group companies (note 15) Accruals	7,001 120	7,315 49
		7,121	7,364
14.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		As at 31/03/2012 \$'000	As at 31/03/2011 \$'000
	Authorised: 100,000 Ordinary share(s) of \$1 each	100	100
	Allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary share(s) of \$1 each	1	<u>1</u>

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parent company
The Company's immediate parent is ReMatch Holdings Limited, which does not prepare consolidated financial statements

The Company's ultimate parent is ICAP plc, which is incorporated in England and Wales, and heads the largest group of companies of which the Company is a member ICAP plc prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS and copies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, ICAP plc, 2 Broadgate, London, EC2M 7UR

Administrative expenses arise from management charges from fellow subsidiary company ICAP Management Services Limited Details relating to this cost can be found in note 4

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Company entered into transactions with related parties who are members of the Group

	Costs of			Costs of	Income from
	management			revenue	management
	services	<u>Transfer</u>	Revenue	<u>collection</u>	services
	<u>received</u>	Pricing	invoiced	<u>recharged</u>	provided
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fellow subsidiary companies	(5,521)	(2,039)	-	-	7,236

During the period ended 31 March 2011, the Company entered into transactions with related parties who are members of the Group

	Costs of			Costs of	Income from
	management			<u>revenue</u>	management
	services	<u>Transfer</u>	Revenue	collection	services
	received	Pricing	invoiced	<u>recharged</u>	provided
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fellow subsidiary companies	(4,069)	(1,728)	-	-	3,557

This also includes amounts capitalised under software development (note 9)

The Company had the following outstanding net balances owed to related parties who are members of the Group

	<u>As at</u> 31/03/2012 \$'000	As at 31/03/2011 \$'000
Parent company	1	1
Fellow subsidiary companies	(7,001)	(7,316)
	(7,000)	(7,315)

All UK domiciled Group companies are party to a netting agreement. All balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment

Remuneration of key management personnel

There are no key management personnel other than the directors of the Company Directors' remuneration is disclosed in note 6