Registered number: 06862877

ELOQUENT TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Eloquent Technologies Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2022

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Eloquent Technologies Limited Abridged Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2022

Registered number: 06862877

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		10,000		5,000
Tangible Assets	4		206,814		270,065
Investments	5		-		1
		-		_	
			216,814		275,066
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		1,326		1,326	
Debtors		462,814		490,718	
Cash at bank and in hand		274,496	_	339,466	
		738,636		831,510	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		(546,910)	-	(560,001)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	191,726	-	271,509
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	408,540	-	546,575
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		_	(224,882)	_	(361,901)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation		_	(26,605)	_	(31,532)
NET ASSETS		=	157,053	=	153,142
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		1,112		1,112
Share premium account			1,888		1,888
Profit and Loss Account		<u>-</u>	154,053	-	150,142
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	157,053	=	153,142

Eloquent Technologies Limited Abridged Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 September 2022

For the year ending 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet for the year end 30 September 2022 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

Mr David Ford

Director

31/03/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Eloquent Technologies Limited Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Other Intangible

Other intangible assets are cryptocurrencies. As they are considered to have an indefinite useful life they have not been amortised.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Motor Vehicles 20% Reducing Balance Fixtures & Fittings 20% Reducing Balance

1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.7. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Eloquent Technologies Limited Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2022

1.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.9. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Total

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 24 (2021: 21)

3. Intangible Assets

	Total
	£
Cost	
As at 1 October 2021	5,000
Additions	5,000
As at 30 September 2022	10,000
Net Book Value	
As at 30 September 2022	10,000
As at 1 October 2021	5,000

Eloquent Technologies Limited Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2022

4. Tangible Assets		
		Total
Cost		£
As at 1 October 2021		660,056
Additions		38,346
Disposals		(131,563)
As at 30 September 2022		566,839
Depreciation		
As at 1 October 2021		389,991
Provided during the period Disposals		33,982 (63,948)
As at 30 September 2022		360,025
Net Book Value As at 30 September 2022		206,814
As at 1 October 2021		270,065
5. Investments		
		Total
		£
Cost		
As at 1 October 2021 Disposals		1 (1)
As at 30 September 2022		
Provision As at 1 October 2021		_
As at 30 September 2022		
Net Book Value		
As at 30 September 2022		
As at 1 October 2021		1
6. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2022	2021
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Within one year	11,266	38,973
Between one and five years	<u>4,564</u>	71,927
	15,830	110,900
	<u>15,830</u>	
7. Share Capital		
	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1,112	1,112

Eloquent Technologies Limited Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2022

8. General Information

Eloquent Technologies Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06862877. The registered office is Studio 2.03, 112 St Augustine Street, Taunton, TA1 1QN.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.