Registration number: 06857421

ABC Haulage (UK) Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

ABC Haulage (UK) Limited Contents

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ABC Haulage (UK) Limited (Registration number: 06857421) Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets		37,652	57,247
Current assets			
Stocks		26,000	26,000
Debtors		61,436	42,739
Cash at bank and in hand		1,105	856
		88,541	69,595
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(135,507)	(122,768)
Net current liabilities		(46,966)	(53,173)
Total assets less current liabilities		(9,314)	4,074
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(23,382)	(35,033)
Net liabilities		(32,696)	(30,959)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>3</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		(32,698)	(30,961)
Shareholders' deficit		(32,696)	(30,959)

For the year ending 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the Board on 27 May 2014 and signed on its behalf by:							

Mr AG V	G Woolliseroft						
Director	or						

The notes on pages $\underline{2}$ to $\underline{3}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

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ABC Haulage (UK) Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

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1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance basis

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

ABC Haulage (UK) Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

..... continued

2 Fixed assets

			Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2013			115,280	115,280
Additions			3,990	3,990
Disposals			(19,619)	(19,619)
At 31 March 2014			99,651	99,651
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2013			58,033	58,033
Charge for the year			12,550	12,550
Eliminated on disposals			(8,584)	(8,584)
At 31 March 2014			61,999	61,999
Net book value				
At 31 March 2014			37,652	37,652
At 31 March 2013			57,247	57,247
3 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	3			
	2014		2013	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	2	2	2	2
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