RANSOME'S TRADING HOLDING COMPANY LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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DIRECTORS AND ADVISERS

Directors

PNR Cooke

K L H Cooke C F Nesbit J J F Cooke

Secretary

K L H Cooke

Company number

06854026

Registered office

Connexions

159 Princes Street

Ipswich IP1 1QJ

Auditors

Ensors Accountants LLP

Connexions

159 Princes Street

Ipswich IP1 1QJ

Bankers

C Hoare & Co

37 Fleet Street

London EC4P 4DQ

' RANSOME'S TRADING HOLDING COMPANY LIMITED CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic report	1 – 2
Directors' report	3 – 4
Independent auditor's report	5 – 8
Consolidated profit and loss account – technical account – general business	9
Consolidated profit and loss account – non - technical account	10
Balance sheets	11 – 14
Statements of changes in equity	15
Consolidated cash flow statement	16
Notes to the financial statements	17 – 52

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors submit their Strategic Report for the group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Business review

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company. The principal activity of the group is that of a holding company of subsidiaries trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member, conducting silviculture and the thinning, felling and sale of the timber crop, and other trading activities.

The group has ceased to write insurance business in the Lloyd's insurance market as a Lloyd's corporate capital member as at 31 December 2021 and the directors consider that the retained activities are well placed for future development.

With regard to the group's activity of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member, the financial statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the Syndicates on which the group participates for the 2019, 2020 and 2021 years of account, as well as any 2018 and prior run-off years. The 2019 year closed at 31 December 2021 with a result of £(2,663,248).

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 9 to 10 of the financial statements. Dividends totalling £Nil were paid in the year (2020 - £Nil).

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The financial risk management objectives of the group are set by the directors to enable the group to achieve its long-term growth objective.

The group is principally exposed to financial risk through its participation on Lloyd's Syndicates. It has delegated sole management and control of its underwriting through each Syndicate to the Managing Agent of that Syndicate and it looks to the Managing Agents to implement appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls to manage each Syndicate's exposures to insurance risk, credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. The group is also directly exposed to investment risks in respect of the Funds deposited at Lloyd's under the Lloyd's Deposit Trust Deed and its other investments. The group is exposed to investment risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk and ensures these funds and other investments are managed to mitigate these risks by investing in highly rated and readily realisable investments.

Hedge accounting is not used by the group.

Key performance indicators

The directors monitor the performance of the group by reference to the following key performance indicators:

	2021	2020
Capacity (youngest underwriting year)	£10,050,000	£21,406,426
Gross premium written as a % of capacity	152.8%	140.7%
Underwriting result of latest run-off/closed year:		
as a % of capacity	-12.6%	-8.7%
Run-off years of account movement	£(547,094)	£-
Combined ratio	93.7%	113.7%

The combined ratio is the ratio of net claims incurred, commissions and expenses to net premiums earned.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Section 172(1) statement

The directors have considered the matters set out in Section 172(1)(a) to (f) when performing their duties and comment as follows:

- a) The group operated in the Lloyd's insurance market. The majority of its activities were carried out by the syndicates on which it participates. The group is not involved directly in the management of the syndicates' activities, as these are the responsibility of the Managing Agents.
- b) Other than the directors the group has no employees. The directors do not receive any remuneration from the group.
- c) The group's only suppliers are those who provide services for the administration of the group. The directors ensure supplier invoices are paid on time in line with any agreed terms.
- d) The group's operations do not by their very nature produce significant environmental emissions.
- e) The group and the syndicates are required to operate within the guidelines and code of conduct of the Lloyd's market. Behind the Lloyd's market is the Lloyd's Corporation, an independent organisation and regulator that acts to protect and maintain the market's reputation and provides services and original research, reports and analysis to the industry's knowledge base. The directors ensure compliance with relevant legislation and promote high standards of business conduct.
- f) The directors work very closely with the members of the group to discuss all significant decisions including the level of participation on the syndicates.

More information on this can be found at https://www.argentagroup.com/Section172

By order of the board

P N R Cooke Director

21 December 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and audited financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company. The principal activity of the group is that of a holding company of subsidiaries trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member in run-off, conducting silviculture and the thinning, felling and sale of the timber crop, and other trading activities. The group ceased underwriting at 31 December 2021.

Directors

The directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

PNR Cooke KLH Cooke CF Nesbit JJF Cooke

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Auditors

Ensors Accountants LLP have signified their willingness to act and continue to be appointed as the group's auditors.

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved, the following applies:

- a) So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditors are unaware; and
- b) They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board

PNR Cooke

Director

21 December 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ransome's Trading Holding Company Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheets, statements of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

Other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements: and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The procedures we have undertaken to detect irregularities, including fraud, are detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the group and the sectors in which it operates to identify laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a direct effect on the financial statements. We obtained our understanding in this regard through discussion with management and the application of our knowledge and experience of the sectors in which the group operates. We determined the principal laws and regulations relevant to the group in this regard to be those arising from the Companies Act 2006, Lloyd's byelaws as they relate to the group and UK taxation legislation.
- We designed our audit procedures to ensure the audit team considered whether there
 were any indications of non-compliance by the group with those laws and regulations.
 These procedures included, but were not limited to:
 - 1. discussion with management of any known, or suspected, instances of non-compliance by the group with those laws and regulations;
 - 2. discussion with management of any, or suspected, incidence of fraud;
 - 3. review of the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
 - 4. review of the minutes of the board of directors and other correspondence as we deemed appropriate; and
 - 5. review and testing of the system of controls established by management to ensure the accuracy of the financial statements.
- We identified the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud as being those arising from management override of controls. We have addressed this risk by performing audit procedures which included, but were not limited to, the testing of journals, reviewing material accounting estimates for evidence of bias and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business that came to our attention.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditors/audit-assurance/auditor-s-responsibilities-for-the-audit-of-the-fi/description-of-the-auditor/se2%80%99s-responsibilities-for This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Helen Rumsey (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Ensors Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Connexions 159 Princes Street Ipswich IP1 1QJ

22 December 2022

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT TECHNICAL ACCOUNT – GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	Discontinued activities £	Continued activities	2021 Total £	Discontinued activities £	Continued activities	2020 Total £
Premiums written							
Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance	2	15,356,878	-	15,356,878	30,116,174	-	30,116,174
premiums	2	(6,589,770)	•	(6,589,770)	(12,483,385)		(12,483,385)
Net premiums written		8,767,108	-	8,767,108	17,632,789	-	17,632,789
Change in the provision for unearned premiums							
Gross provision	2	7,520,111	-	7,520,111	(742,281)	-	(742,281)
Reinsurers' share	2	(2,893,073)	-	(2,893,073)	1,879,472		1,879,472
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance Allocated investment return transferred from		13,394,146	-	13,394,146	18,769,980	-	18,769,980
the non-technical account		17,194	-	17,194	433,759	-	433,759
Claims paid							
Gross amount	2	(13,536,982)	-	(13,536,982)	(16,662,995)	-	(16,662,995)
Reinsurers' share	2	5,594,981	-	5,594,981	5,931,280		5,931,280
Net claims paid		(7,942,001)	-	(7,942,001)	(10,731,715)		(10,731,715)
Change in provision for claims							
Gross amount	2	1,656,052		1,656,052	(7,363,516)		(7,363,516)
Reinsurers' share	2	(910,733)	-	(910,733)	4,117,305	-	4,117,305
Change in net provision for claim		745,319	-	745,319	(3,246,211)	•	(3,246,211)
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance		(7,196,682)	-	(7,196,682)	(13,977,926)	-	(13,977,926)
Net operating expenses	2, 3	(5,348,286)	-	(5,348,286)	(7,363,189)	-	(7,363,189)
Balance on the technical account for general business	,	866,372	-	866,372	(2,137,376)	· -	(2,137,376)

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT NON - TECHNICAL ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	Discontinued activities £	Continued activities £	2021 Total £	Discontinued activities £	Continued activities £	2020 Total £
Balance on the technical account for general business		866,372	-	866,372	(2,137,376)	-	(2,137,376)
Investment income Allocated investment return transferred to the general	4	1,455,454	738,674	2,194,128	1,717,888	1,002,079	2,719,967
business technical account Other income		(17,194) 72,767	- 108,654	(17,194) 181,421	(433,759) 259,245	- 148,115	(433,759) 407,360
Other charges, including value adjustments		(33,361)	(188,984)	(222,345)	(91,045)	(202,480)	(293,525)
Profit on movement in fair value of biological assets		-	2,179,287	2,179,287	-	995,936	995,936
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	2,344,038	2,837,631	5,181,669	(685,047)	1,943,650	1,258,603
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(32,858)	(119,590)	(152,448)	(401,084)	(171,963)	(573,047)
Total comprehensive income	15	2,311,180	2,718,041	5,029,221	(1,086,131)	1,771,687	685,556

BALANCE SHEET - GROUP AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

			Group 2021	_		Group 2020	
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Assets							
Intangible assets	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets		-	48,897	48,897	-	48,990	48,990
Biological assets	10	-	7,214,607	7,214,607	-	5,064,892	5,064,892
Investments Other financial investments	11.1/ 11.4	15,804,931	15,878,550	31,683,481	15,662,679	14,680,828	30,343,507
Deposits with ceding undertakings		89,279	-	89,279	3,849	-	3,849
		15,894,210	23,142,054	39,036,264	15,666,528	19,794,710	35,461,238
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions					_		
Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding	12 12	2,202,278 15,348,252	- -	2,202,278 15,348,252	5,143,564 16,316,967		5,143,564 16,316,967
		17,550,530	-	17,550,530	21,460,531	-	21,460,531
Debtors Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due after one year	11.3 11.3	13,262,070 68,111	398,501	13,660,571 68,111	12,841,959 92,097	391,064	13,233,023 92,097
one year	11.0	13,330,181	398,501	13,728,682	12,934,056	391,064	13,325,120
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand Current asset investments		1,339,932	8,969,303	10,309,235	1,116,869	6,944,833	8,061,702
 other listed investments Other 	11.2	- 4,042,646	4,230,835 -	4,230,835 4,042,646	3,585,133	6,806,847 -	6,806,847 3,585,133
		5,382,578	13,200,138	18,582,716	4,702,002	13,751,680	18,453,682
Prepayments and accrued income						• "	
Accrued interest Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and	12	1,233 1,846,636	-	1,233 1,846,636	6,980 3,988,359	-	6,980 3,988,359
accrued income		62,650	2,100	64,750	114,576	5,165	119,741
		1,910,519	2,100	1,912,619	4,109,915	5,165	4,115,080
Total assets		54,068,018	36,742,793	90,810,811	58,873,032	33,942,619	92,815,651

BALANCE SHEET - GROUP (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	_		Group 2021			Group 2020	
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Liabilities and shareholders' funds							
Capital and reserves							
Called up share capital	13	-	42,000	42,000	<u>-</u>	42,000	42,000
Share premium account	14	-	14,363,394	14,363,394	-	14,363,394	14,363,394
Profit and loss account	15	(2,092,439)	21,242,184	19,149,745	(4,854,812)	18,975,336	14,120,524
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests		(2,092,439)	35,647,578	33,555,139	(4,854,812)	33,380,730	28,525,918
Technical provisions Provision for unearned							
premiums	12	6,652,306	-	6,652,306	14,309,487	-	14,309,487
Claims outstanding	12	35,514,555	•	35,514,555	37,381,566	-	37,381,566
Provisions for other risks and charges Deferred taxation	16	•	285,797	285,797	_	166,207	166,207
			230,701	200,101		,	
Deposit received from reinsurers		8,483	-	8,483	15,535	-	15,535
Creditors Amounts falling due within one							
year Amounts falling due after one	11.5	7,976,823	620,985	8,597,808	5,755,112	208,307	5,963,419
year	11.5	5,223,184	-	5,223,184	4,668,232	-	4,668,232
		13,200,007	620,985	13,820,992	10,423,344	208,307	10,631,651
		55,375,351	906,782	56,282,133	62,129,932	374,514	62,504,446
Accruals and deferred income	•	785,106	188,433	973,539	1,597,912	187,375	1,785,287
Total liabilities	•	54,068,018	36,742,793	90,810,811	58,873,032	33,942,619	92,815,651

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on ^{21 December 2022}

PNR Cooke Director

K L H Cooke

Director

Company Registration No. 06854026

BALANCE SHEET - COMPANY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

			Company 2021		c	ompany 2020)
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Assets	Note	L		L	L	Σ.	
Intangible assets	9	-	-	•	-	-	-
Tangible assets			-	-	-	-	
Biological assets	10	-	-	•	-	-	-
Investments Other financial investments	11.1/ 11.4	-	14,405,394	14,405,394	-	14,405,394	14,405,394
Deposits with ceding undertakings		-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-
		-	14,405,394	14,405,394	-	14,405,394	14,405,394
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions							
Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding	12 12	-	- -	- -	-	-	-
oranino outotarraning							
Dahtana						<u>-</u>	
Debtors Amounts falling due within one year	11.3	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Amounts falling due after one year	11.3		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>
		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand		-	-		-	-	-
Current asset investments – other listed investments	11.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		<u>-</u>		-	-	-	-
		-	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	
Prepayments and accrued income							
Accrued interest		-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and accrued income	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
223,404 11,001110				· ·			
-				-	-		-
Total assets		-	14,405,394	14,405,394	-	14,405,394	14,405,394

BALANCE SHEET - COMPANY (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	_	<u>C</u>	ompany 2021	, - 		Company 202	0
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Liabilities and shareholders' funds							•
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	13 14 15	- -	42,000 14,363,394 -	42,000 14,363,394 -	- - -	42,000 14,363,394	42,000 14,363,394 -
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests		-	14,405,394	14,405,394	-	14,405,394	14,405,394
Technical provisions Provision for unearned premiums	12	-	-		-	_	-
Claims outstanding – gross amount	12	•	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions for other risks and charges Deferred taxation	16	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit received from reinsurers		-	-	-	-	-	-
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due after one	11.5	-	-	-	-	•	-
year	11.5	-	-		<u>-</u>	-	
		_	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	•	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		•	14,405,394	14,405,394	-	14,405,394	14,405,394

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on ^{21 December 2022}

PNR Cooke

Director

K L H Cooke

Director

Company Registration No. 06854026

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY - GROUP FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Opening balance	42,000	14,363,394	13,434,968	27,840,362
Profit for the year	-	 	685,556	685,556
As at 31 December 2020	42,000	14,363,394	14,120,524	28,525,918
Profit for the year	-	-	5,029,221	5,029,221
As at 31 December 2021	42,000	14,363,394	19,149,745	33,555,139

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY - COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Opening balance	42,000	14,363,394	-	14,405,394
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2020	42,000	14,363,394		14,405,394
Profit for the year	-		-	
As at 31 December 2021	42,000	14,363,394	-	14,405,394

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

The share premium account records the amount above nominal value received for shares sold, less transaction costs.

The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits and losses of the group/company.

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Operating activities		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,181,669	1,258,603
(Profit)/loss attributable to Syndicate transactions	(2,762,373)	1,827,279
Profit – excluding Syndicate transactions	2,419,296	3,085,882
Adjusted for:	,	
Decrease in debtors	4,548	1,016
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	515,047	(2,898,574)
Profit on disposal of intangible assets	(20,602)	(229,244)
Unrealised gains on biological assets	(2,179,287)	(995,936)
Amortisation of Syndicate capacity	(=, · · · · ,= · · · ,	-
Realised/unrealised gains on		
investments	(1,872,380)	(2,139,047)
Investment income	(304,554)	(143,967)
Corporation and overseas taxes paid	(143,089)	(193,870)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(1,581,021)	(3,513,740)
The sach same with specaming assistance		(0,0:0,1:0)
Investing activities		
Investment income	304,554	143,967
Proceeds from sale of Syndicate capacity	20,602	229,244
Sale of tangible assets	93	57
Sale of biological assets	29,572	17,728
Purchase of financial investments	(23,152)	(3,117,605)
Proceeds from sale of financial investments	3,273,822	3,871,675
Net cash inflow from investing activities	3,605,491	1,145,066
Financing activities		
Equity dividends paid		
Net cash inflow from financing activities	-	
Not ingrange ((degreese) in each and each	2 024 470	(2,368,674)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,024,470	(2,300,074)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of		 .
the year	6,944,833	9,313,507
the year	0,044,000	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,969,303	6,944,833
Consisting of		
Cash at bank and in hand	8,969,303	6,944,833

The group has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the Syndicates at Lloyd's.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements

1.1 General information

Ransome's Trading Holding Company Limited ('the company') is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England, United Kingdom. The registered office is Connexions, 159 Princes Street, Ipswich, IP1 1QJ. The company registration number is 06854026. The group consists of Ransome's Trading Holding Company Limited and its subsidiaries.

The financial statements have been presented in pounds sterling ('Sterling') as this is the group's functional currency, being the primary economic environment in which the group operates.

1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* ('FRS 102'), FRS 103 *Insurance Contracts* and applicable legislation, as set out in the Companies Act 2006 and The Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 ('SI 2008/410'). These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for certain financial instruments and biological assets held at fair value.

1.3 Going concern

One of the company's subsidiaries ceased underwriting at 31 December 2021, and its financial statements were prepared on a break up basis. The group, however, continues and these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.4 Discontinued activities

Discontinued activities are included in the group accounts on a break up basis, however the break up basis is not materially different to preparation of those accounts on a going concern basis. Accordingly, the accounting policies below continue to apply to the group accounts as a whole.

1.5 Recognition of insurance transactions

The group recognises its proportion of all the transactions undertaken by the Lloyd's Syndicates on which it participates ('the Syndicates') in aggregation with the transactions undertaken by the group at entity level ('the Corporate').

The financial statements are prepared using the annual basis of accounting. Under the annual basis of accounting, a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit and loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods.

For each such Syndicate, the group's proportion of the underwriting transactions, investment return and operating expenses has been reflected within the group's profit and loss account. Similarly, its proportion of the Syndicate's assets and liabilities has been reflected in its balance sheet (under the column heading 'Syndicate Participation'). The Syndicate's assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the group's insurance creditors.

The proportion referred to above is calculated by reference to the group's participation as a percentage of the Syndicate's total capacity.

The group has delegated sole management and control of its underwriting through each Syndicate to the Managing Agent of the Syndicate ('the Managing Agent') and it has further undertaken not to interfere with the exercise of such management and control. The Managing Agents of the Syndicates are therefore responsible for determining the insurance transactions to be recognised by the group.

1.6 Sources of data

The information used to compile the technical account and the 'Syndicate' balance sheet is based on returns prepared for this purpose by the Managing Agents of the Syndicates ('the Returns'). These Returns have been subjected to audit by the Syndicate auditors and are consistent with the audited annual reports to Syndicate members.

The format of the Returns is established by Lloyd's. Lloyd's collates this data at a Syndicate level analysing it into corporate member level results which reflects the relevant data in respect of all the Syndicates on which the group participates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements (continued)

1.7 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated profit and loss account, balance sheet and cash flow statement include the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2021. The results of subsidiaries sold or acquired are included in the profit and loss account up to, or from the date control passes. Intra-group sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method.

1.8 Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable for the whole period of cover provided by the contracts incepting during the financial period, together with any adjustments arising in the period to such premiums receivable in respect of business written in prior years. Premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude insurance premium tax. Gross premiums written may include 'reinsurance to close' premiums receivable (see 1.13 below). Outward reinsurance premiums may include 'reinsurance to close' premiums payable (see 1.13 below). Premiums written by a Syndicate may also include the reinsurance of other Syndicates on which the group participates. No adjustments have been made to gross premiums written or outward reinsurance premiums (or to gross and reinsurers' claims) to remove this inter - syndicate reinsurance. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to the unexpired terms of policies in force at the balance sheet date, calculated on the basis of established earnings patterns or time apportionment as appropriate.

1.9 Claims incurred

Claims incurred include the costs of claims handling expenses. Recoverable amounts arising out of subrogation or salvage are deducted from the cost of claims. Claims incurred comprise amounts paid or provided in respect of claims occurring during the period to 31 December, together with the amount by which settlement or reassessment of claims from prior years differ from the provision at the beginning of the year.

1.10 Provision for claims outstanding

Claims outstanding comprise amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). Provision is made for claims incurred but not paid in respect of events up to 31 December. The provision is based on the Returns and reports from the Managing Agents and the group's licensed adviser or Members' Agent. When appropriate, statistical methods have been applied to past experience of claims frequency and severity.

The two most critical assumptions with regards to claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development, and that the rating and other models used for current business are fair reflections of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred. The directors consider the provision for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries, as based on the Returns to be fairly stated. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made.

1.11 Unexpired risk provision

A provision for unexpired risk is made by the underlying Syndicates where claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs, likely to arise after the end of the financial period in respect of contracts concluded before that date, are expected to exceed the unearned premiums and premiums receivable under these contracts, after the deduction of any acquisition costs deferred.

1.12 Deferred acquisition costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements (continued)

1.13 Reinsurance to close

A reinsurance to close is a particular type of reinsurance contract entered into by Lloyd's Syndicates. Under it, underwriting members (the reinsured members) who are members of a Syndicate for a year of account (the closed year), agree with underwriting members who comprise that or another Syndicate for a later year of account (the reinsuring members) that the reinsuring members will indemnify, discharge or procure the discharge, of the reinsured members against all known and unknown liabilities of the reinsured members arising out of insurance business undertaken through that Syndicate and allocated to the closed year in consideration of:

- (1) a premium; and
- (2) either
 - (a) the assignment, or agreement to assign, to the reinsuring members of all the rights of the reinsured members arising out of, or in connection with, that insurance business (including without limitation the right to receive all future premiums, reinsurances and other monies receivable in connection with that insurance business); or
 - (b) an agreement by the reinsured members that the reinsuring members shall collect on behalf of the reinsured members the proceeds of all such rights and retain them for their own benefit so far as they are not applied in discharges of the liabilities of the reinsured members.

Where the reinsurance to close is between members on successive years of account of the same Syndicate, the Managing Agent has a duty to ensure both sets of members are treated equitably and to set the reinsurance to close with the intention that neither a profit nor a loss accrues to either group of members. To the extent that the group participates on successive years of account of the same Syndicate and there is a reinsurance to close between those years, the group has offset its share of the reinsurance to close received against its share of the reinsurance to close paid.

If the group has increased its participation from one year of account to the next, the reinsurance to close paid is eliminated, as a result of this offset, leaving an element of the reinsurance to close received. This reflects the fact that the group has assumed a greater proportion of the business of the Syndicate. If the group has reduced its participation from one year of account to the next, the reinsurance to close received is eliminated, leaving an element of the reinsurance to close paid. This reflects the reduction in the group's exposure to risks previously written by the Syndicate. The reinsurance to close is technically a reinsurance contract and, as such, the payment of a reinsurance to close does not remove from members of that year of account ultimate responsibility for claims payable on risks they have written. If the reinsuring members under the reinsurance to close become insolvent and the other elements of the Lloyd's chaln of security also fail, the reinsured members remain theoretically liable for the settlement of any outstanding claims. However, payment of a reinsurance to close is conventionally accepted as terminating a reinsured member's participation on a Syndicate year of account and it is treated for accounts purposes as settling all the group's outstanding gross liabilities in respect of the business so reinsured.

1.14 Financial instruments

The group has chosen to apply the provisions of Section 11 Basic Financial Instruments and Section 12 Other Financial Instruments in full.

The group holds both basic and non-basic financial instruments. The group's financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other debtors, trade and other creditors and investments in a variety of basic and non-basic financial instruments, through both the Corporate and through the Syndicates.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, including any transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment in the case of financial assets. Amounts that are receivable/payable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received/settled. Financial instruments subsequently measured at amortised cost include cash, debtors and creditors.

Where a financial instrument constitutes a financing transaction, it is initially measured at the present value of the future payments, discounted at a market rate of interest, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements (continued)

1.14 Financial instruments (continued)

All other financial instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except for investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded, and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, which are measured at cost less impairment.

At the end of each reporting year, the group assesses whether there is objective evidence that any financial asset may be impaired. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the group will-not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised immediately in the profit and loss.

Investment income is initially recorded in the non-technical account. All investment income arising on Syndicate participations is allocated to the technical account.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income receivable is recognised when the right to receive the distributions has been established.

1.15 Derivative financial instruments

The group uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk and interest rate movements. The group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

1.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above. Overdrafts are reported separately in creditors.

1.17 Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset or, when applicable, a part of a financial asset, is derecognised when:

- the rights to the cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the
 received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and
 either (a) the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or (b) the group
 has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred
 control of the asset.

When the group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is derecognised to the extent of the group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the group could be required to repay. In that case, the group also recognises an associated liability.

1.18 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts; and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.19 Net operating expenses

Operating expenses are recognised when incurred. They include the group's share of Syndicate operating expenses, the remuneration payable to Managing Agents (and the Company's Members' Agent/licensed adviser) and the direct costs of membership of Lloyd's.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements (continued)

1.20 Foreign currencies

Transactions in United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed or at an appropriate average rate. Unless otherwise stated, transactions in currencies other than United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed. Monetary assets and liabilities are retranslated into Sterling at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date are maintained at the rate of exchange ruling when the contract was entered into, except for non-monetary assets and liabilities arising out of insurance contracts which are treated as monetary items in accordance with FRS 103 Insurance Contracts ('FRS 103'). Exchange differences arising on translation to the functional currency are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

1.21 Intangible assets

Intangible assets include purchased rights to participate on Syndicates. The purchase cost is capitalised and amortised on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the rights which is five years.

1.22 Insurance contracts - product classification

Insurance contracts are those contracts when the group (the insurer/reinsurer) has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder/reinsured) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the re insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. As a general guideline, the group determines whether it has significant insurance risk, by comparing benefits payable if the insured event did not occur. Insurance contracts can also transfer financial risk.

Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its lifetime, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expire.

Any separable embedded derivatives within an insurance contract are separated and accounted for in accordance with sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 unless the embedded derivative is itself an insurance contract (ie the derivative is not separated if the policyholder benefits from the derivative only when the insured event occurs).

1.23 Taxation

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

For its underwriting activities, the group is taxed on its share of the underwriting results declared by Syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The Syndicate results included in these financial statements (excluding any losses on open years of account) are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following closure of the year of account. HM Revenue & Customs agrees the taxable results of Syndicates at a Syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the Managing Agent. At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Syndicate taxable results of this year have not been agreed. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provision as a result of HM Revenue & Customs agreement of Syndicate taxable results will be reflected in the financial statements of subsequent periods.

1.24 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the reporting date. Transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future give rise to a deferred tax liability or asset. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in years different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date, that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. The tax expense is recognised in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transactions or other event that resulted in the tax expense.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it is deemed probable that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements (continued)

1.24 Deferred taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and there is the intention either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.25 Biological assets

A biological asset is a living animal or plant and is recognised in the balance sheet only when:

- the asset is controlled by an entity;
- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to an entity;
- the fair value or the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Biological assets are measured on initial recognition as well as at each balance sheet date at their fair value less estimated point of sale costs, except for such biological assets whose fair value cannot be estimated reliably. The discounted net cash flow model is used to determine the fair value of an asset.

1.26 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In applying the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. The directors' judgements, estimates and assumptions are based on the best and most reliable evidence available at the time when the decisions are made and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be applicable. Due to the inherent subjectivity involved in making such judgements, estimates and assumptions, the actual results and outcomes may differ. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The management and control of each Syndicate is carried out by the Managing Agent of that Syndicate, and the group looks to the Managing Agent to implement appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls to manage each Syndicate. The critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty set out below therefore relate to those made by the directors in respect of the Corporate only, and do not include estimates and judgements made in respect of the Syndicates.

Critical accounting judgements

The critical judgements that the directors have made in the process of applying the group's accounting policies and that have most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the statutory financial statements are discussed below.

Assessing indicators of impairment

In assessing whether there have been any indicators of asset impairments, the directors have considered both external and internal sources of information such as market conditions, counterparty credit ratings and experience of recoverability. There have been no indicators of impairments identified during the current financial year.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty, that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Impairment review

The impairment of the Syndicate Assets is performed by the Syndicate themselves. The directors perform an impairment review when indications of impairment arise.

Recoverability of receivables

The group establishes a provision for receivables that are estimated not to be recoverable. When assessing recoverability, the directors consider factors such as the aging of the receivables, past experience of recoverability, and the credit profile of individuals or groups of customers.

Valuation of biological assets

In the balance sheet the forest properties owned by the group are divided into land (tangible assets) and forest (biological assets). Biological assets are the trees that are growing in the forest property. Forest properties are valued at fair value every balance sheet date using the method of discounted cash flow, based on the age and species composition and on the market value of forest and agricultural land, with discounting rate 3,82 %.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2.	Class of business				•		
		Gross	Gross	Gross	Net	Re -	
	0004	premiums	premiums	claims	operating	- insurance	*
	2021	written £	earned £	incurred £	expenses £	balance £	Total £
	Direct insurance	L	L	£	L	Ł	£
	Accident and health	5,767	61,368	(59,507)	(26,672)	26,294	1,483
	Motor – third party liability	(9.154)	3,879	1,834	(1,700)	10,751	14,764
	Motor – other classes	110,585	303,347	(102,563)	(156,019)	(37,164)	7,601
	Marine, aviation and transport	1,844,398	2,447,837	(1,720,404)	(787,642)	(214,857)	(275,066)
	Fire and other damage to			, , , ,	, , ,	` , ,	, , ,
	property	4,173,513	7,208,435	(2,342,534)	(1,956,389)	(1,941,850)	967,662
	Third party liability	5,249,647	7,357,514	(4,177,472)	(1,342,858)	(1,867,160)	(29,976)
	Credit and suretyship	438,357	828,489	(379,953)	(107,606)	(238,488)	102,442
	Legal expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Miscellaneous	-	-		(315)	-	(315)
		11,813,113	18,210,869	(8,780,599)	(4,379,201)	(4,262,474)	788,595
	Reinsurance	3,543,765	4,666,120	(3,100,331)	(969,085)	(536,121)	60,583
	Total	15,356,878	22,876,989	(11,880,930)	(5,348,286)	(4,798,595)	849,178
		Gross	Gross	Gross	Net	Re -	
		Gross premiums	Gross premiums	Gross claims	Net Operating	Re -	
	2020	Gross premiums written	Gross premiums earned	Gross claims incurred	Operating	Re - - insurance balance	Total
	2020	premiums	premiums	claims		- insurance	Total £
	2020 Direct insurance	premiums written	premiums earned	claims incurred	Operating expenses	- insurance balance	
	Direct insurance Accident and health	premiums written £	premiums earned £	claims incurred £ (265,394)	Operating expenses £	- insurance balance £	£ (68,197)
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805)	£ (68,197) (18,271)
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor – other classes	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469)	£ (68,197) (18,271) 6,419
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805)	£ (68,197) (18,271)
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482	£ (68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673	£ (68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437)
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor – other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882 8,015,833	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564 6,647,591	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649) (3,046,117)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025) (1,481,016)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673 (1,961,818)	£ (68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437) 158,640
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor - other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882 8,015,833 959,255	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564 6,647,591 834,423	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649) (3,046,117) (586,394)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025) (1,481,016) (96,670)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673 (1,961,818) (96,368)	£ (68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437) 158,640 54,991
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor - other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship Legal expenses	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882 8,015,833 959,255 12,529	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564 6,647,591 834,423 13,082	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649) (3,046,117) (586,394) (6,164)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025) (1,481,016) (96,670) (3,505)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673 (1,961,818) (96,368) (2,335)	(68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437) 158,640 54,991 1,078
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor - other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882 8,015,833 959,255	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564 6,647,591 834,423	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649) (3,046,117) (586,394)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025) (1,481,016) (96,670)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673 (1,961,818) (96,368)	£ (68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437) 158,640 54,991
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor - other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship Legal expenses	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882 8,015,833 959,255 12,529	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564 6,647,591 834,423 13,082	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649) (3,046,117) (586,394) (6,164)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025) (1,481,016) (96,670) (3,505)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673 (1,961,818) (96,368) (2,335)	(68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437) 158,640 54,991 1,078 (28)
	Direct insurance Accident and health Motor - third party liability Motor - other classes Marine, aviation and transport Fire and other damage to property Third party liability Credit and suretyship Legal expenses	premiums written £ 164,032 55,565 493,281 3,536,281 9,682,882 8,015,833 959,255 12,529 3	premiums earned £ 242,266 46,962 528,951 3,656,408 10,377,564 6,647,591 834,423 13,082 3	claims incurred £ (265,394) (49,849) (317,713) (2,872,604) (12,481,649) (3,046,117) (586,394) (6,164) (47)	Operating expenses £ (96,610) (12,579) (201,350) (1,024,913) (2,948,025) (1,481,016) (96,670) (3,505) (1)	- insurance balance £ 51,541 (2,805) (3,469) 631,482 1,642,673 (1,961,818) (96,368) (2,335) 17	(68,197) (18,271) 6,419 390,373 (3,409,437) 158,640 54,991 1,078

All insurance business is underwritten in the United Kingdom in the Lloyd's insurance market. Consequently, all insurance contracts are deemed to be concluded in the United Kingdom.

3.	Net operating expenses	2021 £	2020
	Acquisition costs	4,935,806	8,820,345
	Change in deferred acquisition costs	2,106,426	(211,256)
	Administrative expenses	424,746	`581,133 [°]
	Reinsurance commissions and profit participations	(2,304,895)	(2,183,960)
	Personal expenses	186,203	356,927
		5,348,286	7,363,189

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

4.	Investment income	2021 £	2020 £
	Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss:		
	Interest and dividend income	562,771	413,859
	Realised gains/(losses)	289,298	(28,712)
	Unrealised gains	1,360,304	2,341,824
		2,212,373	2,726,971
	Financial instruments held at amortised cost: Interest	48	11,351
		48	11,351
	Investment management expenses, including interest	(18,293)	(18,355)
		(18,293)	(18,355)
		2,194,128	2,719,967
5.	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2021	2020
		£	£
	Operating (loss)/profit is stated after		
	charging/(crediting): Directors' remuneration		
	Amortisation of Syndicate capacity	-	-
	Profit on disposal of intangible fixed assets	(20,602)	(229,244)
	Profit on exchange	(54,686)	(19,198)
	Tront on exchange	(04,000)	(10,100)
	Auditor's remuneration		
	Fees payable to the group's auditor for the audit of the group's annual accounts (company £8,500 (2020: £8,250))	16,525	14,830

The group has no employees and no staff costs are met by the group.

The directors are considered to be the key management personnel of the group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6.	Taxation	2021	2020
		£	£
	Analysis of charge in year		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profit for the year	-	236,581
	Adjustment in respect of previous period	40,593	31,221
		40,593	267,802
	Foreign tax	1,069	1,578
	Total current tax	41,662	269,380
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	90,950	363,766
	Change in tax rate	19,836	(60,099)
	Total deferred tax	110,786	303,667
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	152,448	573,047
	Factors affecting tax charge for year		
	The tax assessed for the period is different to the		•
	standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00%		
	(2020: 19.00%). The differences are explained below:	,	
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,181,669	1,258,603
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate		
	of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2020: 19.00%)	984,517	239,135
	Effects of:		·
	Change in deferred tax rate	19,836	(60,099)
	Creation of tax losses	-	(00,000)
	Foreign tax	1,069	1,578
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(446,777)	(204,802)
	Other corporation tax computation adjustments	(446,790)	566,014
	Marginal rates of taxation and prior period adjustment	40,593	31,221
	Total tax charge for the period	152,448	573,047
	rotal tax charge for the police		0.0,0

The results of the group's participation on any years of account in run off will not be assessed until the year after the calendar year results of each run-off year is reported.

An increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% was enacted within the Finance Act 2021 and will be effective from 1 April 2023. As a result, the relevant deferred tax balances have been remeasured. Deferred tax expected to reverse in the year to 31 December 2022 has been measured using the effective rate that will apply in the UK for the period (19%). Deferred tax expected to reverse in the year to 31 December 2023 has been measured using a rate of 23.5%. For years ending after 31 December 2023, the group has used the new tax rate of 25%.

7. Profit for the financial year

As permitted by section 408 Companies Act 2006, the holding company's profit and loss account has not been included in these financial statements. The profit for the financial year is made up as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Holding company's profit for the financial year	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8.	Dividends	2021 £	2020 £
	Amounts recognised as distributions to equity holders in the year: Interim dividends paid		-
9.	Intangible assets Purchased Syndicate capacity	Group £	Company £
	Cost At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2021	·	- - - - -
	Amortisation At 1 January 2021 Provided during the year Disposals At 31 December 2021	- - -	- - -
	Net book value At 31 December 2021	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
	At 31 December 2020		
10.	Biological assets	Group £	Company £
	Cost At 1 January 2021 Disposal	2,681,846 (29,572)	·
	At 31 December 2021	2,652,274	-
	Revaluations At 1 January 2021 Provided during the year	(2,383,046) (2,179,287)	- -
	At 31 December 2021	(4,562,333)	-
	Net book value At 31 December 2021	7,214,607	
	At 31 December 2020	5,064,892	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management

11.1 Financial investments GROUP Other financial investments – Syndicate participation

Other financial investments – Syndicate participation		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2021 Market Value £	2020 Market Value £
Shares and other variable yield securities and units		_
in unit trusts	2,663,370	2,681,515
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	11,825,097	11,626,850
Participation in investment pools	1,285,486	1,318,021
Loans guaranteed by mortgage	-	-
Other investments	93	297
Other loans	27,353	27,353
Deposits with credit institutions	3,532	8,643
Other	15,804,931	15,662,679
Other financial investments - Cornerate	13,004,931	13,002,019
Other financial investments - Corporate Shares and other variable yield securities and units		
in unit trusts	15,878,550	14,680,828
in diffe tracts	10,010,000	11,000,020
	15,878,550	14,680,828
	2021	2020
	Cost	Cost
	£	£
Shares and other variable yield securities and units		
in unit trusts	2,663,426	2,678,026
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	11,943,141	11,510,413
Participation in investment pools Loans guaranteed by mortgage	1,286,362	1,287,980
Other investments	_	-
Other loans	27,353	27,353
Deposits with credit institutions	3,532	8,643
Other	-,	-
	15,923,814	15,512,415
COMPANY		
Shares in group undertakings Cost		£
At 1 January and 31 December 2021		14,405,394
Net book value		
At 31 December 2021		14,405,394
At 31 December 2020		14,405,394

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of the company's investment in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount included in the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.1 Financial investments (continued)

COMPANY (continued)

Limited *

Metsatalu Ou *

Shares in group undertakings

Holdings of more than 20%

The company holds more than 20% of the share capital of the following companies:

Company	Country of registration or incorporation	Shares held		
Subsidiary undertakings		Class	%	
Ransome's Trading Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary	100	
Ransome's Underwriting Limited *	England & Wales	Ordinary	100	
Metsatalu Ou *	Estonia	Ordinary	100	
The principal activity of these undertakings for the last relevant financial year was as follows: Principal activity				
Ransome's Trading Limited Ransome's Underwriting	Holding company of trading subsidiaries			

^{*} Ransome's Underwriting Limited and Metsatalu Ou are wholly owned subsidiaries of Ransome's Trading Limited

Lloyd's corporate capital member

Silviculture and the thinning, felling and sale of the timber crop

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.2 Current asset investments

The group holds investments in listed equity investments for trading purposes. The fair value of these investments has been determined based on the quoted market price available in an active market. The quoted price used is the current bid price.

	Syndicate	Group 2021		Com Syndicate	pany 2021	
	Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Other – listed	-	4,230,835	4,230,835	-	-	-
	_	4,230,835	4,230,835			
	Syndicate	Group 2020		Com Syndicate	pany 2020	
	Participation	Corporate	Total	Participation	Corporate	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Other – listed		6,806,847	6,806,847	-	_	
		6,806,847	6,806,847		-	_

Current asset investments are valued using quoted market prices.

11.3 Debtors

		Group 2021			pany 2021	
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Amounts falling due within one year: Arising out of direct						
insurance operations Arising out of	7,174,912	-	7,174,912	-	-	-
reinsurance operations	5,008,462	-	5,008,462	_	_	-
Other debtors	1,078,696	398,501	1,477,197	-	-	-
	13,262,070	398,501	13,660,571	_	-	-
Amounts falling due after one year: Arising out of direct						-
insurance operations Arising out of	9,475	-	9,475	-	-	-
reinsurance operations	56,873	-	56,873	-	-	_
Other debtors	1,763	-	1,763	-	-	-
	68,111	-	68,111	-	_	_
	13,330,181	389,501	13,728,682		-	-
				······································		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.3 Debtors (continued)

,	Group 2020 Syndicate			Company 2020 Syndicate		
	Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Amounts falling due within one year: Arising out of direct						
insurance operations Arising out of	7,025,682	-	7,025,682	-	-	-
reinsurance operations	5,405,067	-	5,405,067	-	-	-
Other debtors	411,210	391,064	802,274	-		-
	12,841,959	391,064	13,233,023	-	-	
Amounts falling due after one year: Arising out of direct insurance operations	10,303	-	10,303	-	-	-
Arising out of						
reinsurance operations	79,079	-	79,079	-	-	-
Other debtors	2,715	-	2,715	-	-	
	92,097	-	92,097	-	-	
	12,934,056	391,064	13,325,120	-	_	

11.4 Funds at Lloyd's

The amount of Funds at Lloyd's is represented in the balance sheet as:

Syndicate	Group 2021			mpany 2021	
Participation	Corporate	Total	Participation	Corporate	Total
£	£	£	£	£	£
-	2,769,679	2,769,679	-	-	-
-	15,878,550	15,878,550	-	-	-
	18,648,229	18,648,229	-	-	
Syndicate	Group 2020			mpany 2020	
•	Corporate	Total	•	Corporate	Total
£	£	£	£	£	£
_	3,815,488	3,815,488	-	-	-
-	14,680,828	14,680,828	-	-	-
	Syndicate Participation £	Syndicate Participation £	Syndicate Participation Corporate Total £ £ £ - 2,769,679 2,769,679 - 15,878,550 15,878,550 - 18,648,229 18,648,229 Syndicate Participation Corporate Total £ £ £ - 3,815,488 3,815,488	Syndicate Participation Corporate Total £ Syndicate Participation - 2,769,679 2,769,679 - - 15,878,550 15,878,550 - - 18,648,229 18,648,229 - Syndicate Participation Corporate Total £ E Participation - 3,815,488 3,815,488 -	Syndicate Participation Corporate £ Total £ Syndicate Participation £ Corporate £ - 2,769,679 2,769,679 - <

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.4 Funds at Lloyd's (continued)

Funds at Lloyd's represents assets deposited with the Corporation of Lloyd's (Lloyd's) to support the group's underwriting activities as described in the Accounting Policies. The group has entered into a Lloyd's Deposit Trust Deed which gives Lloyd's the right to apply these monies in settlement of any claims arising from the participation on the Syndicates. These monies can only be released from the provision of this Deed with Lloyd's express permission and only in circumstances where the amounts are either replaced by an equivalent asset, or after the expiration of the group's liabilities in respect of its underwriting.

11.5 Creditors

	Sundiants	Group 2021		Company 2021 Syndicate		
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £		Corporate £	Total £
Amounts falling due within one year: Arising out of direct insurance						
operations Arising out of reinsurance	2,483,539	-	2,483,539	-	-	-
operations Other creditors:	5,213,463	-	5,213,463	-	-	-
Corporation tax	070 004	-	-	-	-	-
Other creditors	279,821	620,985	900,806	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
	7,976,823	620,985	8,597,808	-	-	-
Amounts falling due after one year: Arising out of direct insurance		·				
operations Arising out of reinsurance	2,778	-	2,778	-	-	-
operations Other creditors:	5,220,406	-	5,220,406	-	• -	-
Other creditors					<u>-</u>	-
	5,223,184		5,223,184	<u>-</u> _		-
	13,200,007	620,985	13,820,992		_	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.5 Creditors (continued)

.5 Creditors (continue	•	Group 2020			mpany 2020	
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Amounts falling due within one year: Arising out of direct insurance						
operations Arising out of reinsurance	835,131	-	835,131	-	-	-
operations Other creditors:	4,793,647	-	4,793,647	-	-	-
Corporation tax	-	5,668	5,668	-	_	_
Other creditors	126,334	202,639	328,973	-	_	-
	5,755,112	208,307	5,963,419	-	-	
Amounts falling due after one year: Arising out of direct insurance operations	2,028	_	2,028	_		_
Arising out of reinsurance	,					
operations Other creditors:	4,568,437	-	4,568,437	-	-	-
Other creditors	97,767	<u>-</u>	97,767		· -	
	4,668,232	<u>-</u>	4,668,232	-	<u>-</u>	
	10,423,344	208,307	10,631,651	-	-	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.6 Classification of financial instruments - Group only

The tables below set out the group's financial instruments by classification

Other financial investments – Syndicate participation

			2021			2020
	At fair value	At		At fair value	At	
	through profit or loss	amortised cost	Total	through profit or loss	amortised cost	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial	_	. —	_	-	_	_
assets						
Investments Deposits with	15,804,931	-	15,804,931	15,662,679	-	15,662,679
ceding						
undertakings	-	89,279	89,279	-	3,849	3,849
Insurance		7 404 207	7 404 007		7.005.005	7 005 005
debtors Reinsurance	-	7,184,387	7,184,387	-	7,035,985	7,035,985
debtors	-	5,065,335	5,065,335	-	5,484,146	5,484,146
Other debtors	-	1,080,459	1,080,459	-	413,925	413,925
Cash at bank and in hand	_	1,339,932	1,339,932	_	1,116,869	1,116,869
Other assets	4,042,646	1,009,902	4,042,646	3,585,133	-	3,585,133
•	19,847,577	14,759,392	34,606,969	19,247,812	14,054,774	33,302,586
Financial						
liabilities						
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial						
instruments	14,567	_	14,567	1,087	-	1,087
Insurance	,		·	,	•	
creditors Reinsurance	-	2,486,317	2,486,317	-	837,159	837,159
creditors	-	10,433,869	10,433,869	-	9,362,084	9,362,084
Amounts						
owed to credit institutions						
Other	-	-	· •	-	-	- -
creditors	-	279,821	279,821	-	224,101	224,101
	14,567	13,200,007	13,214,574	1,087	10,423,344	10,424,431
	17,007	, -, , ,	10,217,017	1,007	,,	10, 127,701

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.6 Classification of financial instruments – Group only (continued)

Other financial investments - Corporate

			2021			2020
	At fair value	At		At fair value	At	
	through profit	amortised		through profit	amortised	
	or loss	cost	Total	or loss	cost	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial assets					·	
Investments	15,878,550	-	15,878,550	14,680,828	-	14,680,828
Other debtors Cash at bank	-	398,501	398,501	-	391,064	391,064
and in hand	-	8,969,303	8,969,303	-	6,944,833	6,944,833
Other assets	4,230,835	-	4,230,835	6,806,847	-	6,806,847
	20,109,385	9,367,804	29,477,189	21,487,675	7,335,897	28,823,572
Financial liabilities Other						
creditors	-	620,985	620,985	-	208,307	208,307
	<u>-</u>	620,985	620,985	_	208,307	208,307

The table below sets out details of the group's derivative financial instruments.

	Notional amount £	2021 Fair value £	Notional amount £	2020 Fair value £
Foreign exchange forward				
contracts	789,714	2,175	(20,984)	682
Interest rate future contracts	762,718	(2,082)	446,612	(385)
Foreign exchange options	-	-	-	-
Equity options	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange contract for	•			
difference	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
	1,552,432	93	425,628	297

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.7 Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss – Group only

The assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss have been categorised between the three levels of the fair value hierarchy that reflects the observability and significance of inputs used when establishing the fair value. The categorisation of these instruments is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Level (a) in the fair value hierarchy consists of assets and liabilities valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. An active market for the asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an on-going basis.

Level (b) in the fair value hierarchy consists of assets and liabilities that do not have directly quoted market prices available from active markets. Instead the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset or liability is used, provided that there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the recent transaction.

Level (c) in the fair value hierarchy consists of those types of assets and liabilities for which fair values cannot be obtained from quoted market prices in active markets or in a recent transaction. These assets and liabilities are measured using a valuation technique to estimate what the transaction price would have been in an arm's length transaction.

The tables below set out the group's financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss by level of hierarchy.

Hold at

Other financial investments - Syndicate participation

	Level (a) £	Level (b) £	Level (c)	Fair value total £	Held at amortised cost	Total £
2021 Financial assets Shares and other variable yield securities and units	£	Ľ	£	r	ž.	£
in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income	2,162,987	96,620	403,763	2,663,370	-	2,663,370
securities Participation in	156,578	11,668,519	-	11,825,097	-	11,825,097
investment pools Loans and deposits with credit	225	1,285,261	-	1,285,486	-	1,285,486
institutions	30,885	-	-	30,885	_	30,885
Overseas deposits	673,640	3,369,006	-	4,042,646	-	4,042,646
Derivatives Financial assets classified as held for sale	93	-	-	93	-	93
Saic	3,024,408	16,419,406	403,763	19,847,577	<u> </u>	19,847,577
1	<u> </u>	10,710,700	700,700	10,071,011		17,077,077

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.7 Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss – Group only (continued)

Other financial	investments -	· Syndicate pa	rticipation	(continued)		
				Fair value	Held at amortised	
	Level (a)	Level (b)	Level (c)	total	cost	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial liabilities Borrowings	_	_		_	_	
Derivative liabilities Financial liabilities classified as held	14,567	-	-	14,567	-	14,567
for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14,567		-	14,567	-	14,567
2020 Financial assets Shares and other variable yield						
securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income	2,033,655	244,097	403,763	2,681,515	-	2,681,515
securities Participation in	150,268	11,476,582	-	11,626,850	-	11,626,850
investment pools Loans and deposits with credit	64	1,317,957	-	1,318,021	-	1,318,021
institutions Overseas deposits Derivatives Financial assets	35,996 862,865 297	- 2,722,268 -	- - -	35,996 3,585,133 297	-	35,996 3,585,133 297
classified as held for sale	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tor saic	3,083,145	15,760,904	403,763	19,247,812	-	19,247,812
Financial liabilities Borrowings Derivative liabilities Financial liabilities classified as held	1,087	- -	- -	- 1,087	- -	- 1,087
for sale	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>•</u>	-
	1,087			1,087	-	1,087

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.7 Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss – Group only (continued)

Other financial investments - Corporate

		о от ротано		Fair value	Held at amortised	
	Level (a)	Level (b)	Level (c)	total	cost	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial assets Shares and other variable yield securities and units						
in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income	20,109,385	-	-	20,109,385	-	20,109,385
securities	-	-	-	-	·	-
Other investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20,109,385	_	•	20,109,385	-	20,109,385
Financial assets Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Other investments	21,487,675 - -	- - -	-	21,487,675 - -	- - -	21,487,675 - -
	21,487,675		-	21,487,675	-	21,487,675
•						

11.8 Financial risk management - Group only

The group is a financial institution and therefore provides the following disclosures in respect of the financial instruments it holds.

The group is exposed to the following financial risks in the course of its operating and financial activities:

- · Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk
- · Equity price risk, and
- Currency risk

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management - Group only (continued)

The management and control of each Syndicate is carried out by the Managing Agent of that Syndicate, and the group looks to the Managing Agent to implement appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls to manage each Syndicate, including those in respect of financial risk management. The following qualitative risk management disclosures made by the directors therefore relate to the Corporate only. The quantitative disclosures are made in respect of both the Corporate and the Syndicates activities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to the group's financial instruments will cause a loss to the group through failure to perform its obligations. The key areas of exposure to credit risk for the group will result through its reinsurance programme, investments, bank deposits and policyholder receivables.

The group manages credit risk at the Corporate level by ensuring that investments and cash and cash equivalent deposits are placed only with highly rated credit institutions. At the Corporate level the group did not hold any collateral as security against its receivables or have any other credit enhancements at the reporting dates.

The carrying amount of the group's financial assets represents the group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

The tables below show the credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired.

Syndicate participation	AAA	AA	A	BBB or lower	Not rated	Total
•	£	£	£	£	£	£
2021 Shares and other variable yield securities and	. ·					
units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed	1,860,900	-	27,353	-	775,117	2,663,370
income securities Participation in	982,491	7,533,834	2,313,525	983,505	11,742	11,825,097
investment pools Loans secured with credit	575,982	433,615	145,213	122,910	7,766	1,285,486
institutions Deposits with	27,353	-	-	-	-	27,353
credit institutions Overseas	-	-	3,532	-	-	3,532
deposits Derivative	1,521,653	499,357	261,565	1,200,078	559,993	4,042,646
investments Other		-	-	93	-	93
investments Deposits with ceding		-		-	-	
undertakings Reinsurers share of claims	-	-	85,514	-	3,765	89,279
outstanding Cash at bank and	1	1,953,492	12,997,392	-	397,367	15,348,252
in hand Insurance	-	-	1,339,932	-		1,339,932
debtors Other debtors	-	-	-	· -	-	-
J.1.31 GODIO10						
	4,968,380	10,420,298	17,174,026	2,306,586	1,755,750	36,625,040

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

Syndicate participation	AAA	AA	A	BBB or lower	Not rated	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Shares and other variable yield securities						
and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed	1,960,122	-	27,353	-	694,040	2,681,515
income securities Participation in	6,662,436	1,086,128	3,054,099	809,203	14,984	11,626,850
investment pools Loans secured with credit	894,796	161,066	110,956	151,139	64	1,318,021
institutions Deposits with	27,353	-	-	-	-	27,353
credit institutions Overseas	2,213	-	6,430	-	-	8,643
deposits Derivative	1,843,829	496,439	267,559	319,796	657,510	3,585,133
investments Other	-	-	-	297	-	297
investments Deposits with ceding	-	-	-	-	-	-
undertakings Reinsurers share of claims	-	-	-	-	3,849	3,849
outstanding Cash at bank	-	1,774,629	14,122,513	2	419,823	16,316,967
and in hand Insurance	-	-	1,112,954	3,154	761	1,116,869
debtors Other debtors	-	-	-	-	-	- -
	11,390,749	3,518,262	18,701,864	1,283,591	1,791,031	36,685,497

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

The tables below show the financial assets that are neither due nor impaired, past their due date or impaired:

Syndicate participation	Financial assets that	Finan	Financial assets that			
participation.	are neither due nor impaired	Up to 3 months	Between 3 and 6 months	Between 6 months and 1 year	Greater than 1 year	have been impaired
	%	%	%	%	%	%
2021						
Other financial						
investments	100	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits with ceding						
undertakings	100	-	-	-		-
Reinsurers share of						
claims outstanding	100	-	-	-	-	-
Reinsurance debtors	10	86	3	1	-	-
Cash at bank and in	400					
hand	100	-	-	-	-	
Insurance debtors	90	3	1	4	2	-
Other	100	-	-	-	-	-
2020						
Other financial						
investments	100	-	-	_	<u>-</u>	-
Deposits with ceding						
undertakings	100	-	-	-	-	-
Reinsurers share of						•
claims outstanding	100	-	-	-	-	, -
Reinsurance debtors Cash at bank and in	5		83	9	3	-
hand	100	_	_	_	_	_
Insurance debtors	86		8	4	2	_
Other	100	_	-	-	-	_
*						

At the Corporate level the group is not exposed to significant credit risk. Consequently, a sensitivity analysis for credit risk has not been presented for the Corporate activity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial instruments.

At the Corporate level the group manages liquidity by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of assets and liabilities.

The following tables detail the group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date of which the group can be required to pay.

Syndicate participation	No stated maturity £	Less than 1 year £	1 to 3 years £	3 to 5 years £	Greater than 5 years £	Total £
2021 Derivative financial						
instruments Deposits received from	-	14,567	-	-	-	14,567
reinsurers Claims	-	8,483	-	-	-	8,483
outstanding	-	14,298,788	12,118,016	4,750,692	4,347,059	35,514,555
Creditors	(2)	7,971,055	5,228,954	-	-	13,200,007
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(2)	22,292,893	17,346,970	4,750,692	4,347,059	48,737,612
2020 Derivative financial instruments Deposits received from reinsurers Claims outstanding Creditors Other		1,087 15,535 16,425,827 5,844,869	- 11,805,626 4,560,443	- 5,221,799 18,032	3,928,314	1,087 15,535 37,381,566 10,423,344
	_	22,287,318	16,366,069	5,239,831	3,928,314	47,821,532

At the Corporate level the group is not exposed to significant liquidity risk. Consequently, a maturity profile has not been presented for the Corporate activity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The group is exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations in respect of cash and cash equivalents and other interest bearing securities.

At the Corporate level the group manages interest rate risk by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate financial instruments.

The table below shows the impact of changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for the period and on the equity of the group.

Syndicate participation

	2021	2020
	£	£
Impact of 50 basis point increase on profit or loss	(61,166)	(94,119)
Impact of 50 basis point decrease on profit or loss	64,113	100,066
Impact of 50 basis point increase on equity	(61,166)	(94,119)
Impact of 50 basis point decrease on equity	64,113	100,066

At the Corporate level the group is not exposed to significant cashflow interest rate risk as all of the financial instruments attract fixed rates of interest. Consequently, a sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk has not been presented for the Corporate activity.

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The group is exposed to equity price risk in respect of its equity investments.

At the Corporate level the group manages equity price risk by maintaining an appropriate mix between equity and debt financial instruments, and by spreading the risk on equity investments across a portfolio of investments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

The table below shows the impact of changes in equity prices on the profit or loss for the period and on the equity of the group.

Syndicate participation

	2021	2020	
	£	£	
Impact on profit or loss of 5% increase in Stock Market Prices	_	-	
Impact on profit or loss of 5% decrease in Stock Market Prices	-	-	
Impact on equity of 5% increase in Stock Market Prices	-	-	
Impact on equity of 5% decrease in Stock Market Prices	-	-	

At the Corporate level the group is not exposed to significant cashflow equity price risk. Consequently, a sensitivity analysis for equity price risk has not been presented for the Corporate activity.

Currency risk

The group holds both assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Sterling, its functional currency. It is therefore exposed to currency risk as the value of the foreign currency assets and liabilities will fluctuate with changes in foreign exchange rates.

At the Corporate level the group manages currency risk by ensuring that exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters.

The table below considers financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in the currencies of the group's principal foreign exchange exposures in aggregate.

Net assets and liabilities

		2021		2020
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £
Sterling	(4,921,842)	8,464,124	(2,863,934)	8,917,419
United States Dollar	623,753	277,436	(2,356,070)	275,334
Euro	109,509	-	316,760	-
Canadian Dollar	626,853	-	718,408	-
Australian Dollar	(165,377)	-	(551,323)	-
Japanese Yen	(346,689)	-	(902,799)	-
Other	1,231,248	-	539,880	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

11.8 Financial risk management – Group only (continued)

The group has delegated sole management and control of its underwriting through each Syndicate to the Managing Agent of the Syndicate and it has further undertaken not to interfere with the exercise of such management and control. The Managing Agents of the Syndicates are therefore responsible for determining the insurance transactions to be recognised. As such, disclosures in respect of the assumptions and judgements made, and the objectives, policies and processes for managing currency risk arising from assets and liabilities are only presented for the Corporate in these financial statements.

The group's assets are primarily Funds at Lloyd's to support its underwriting. These are held in various currencies but are all either listed investments or cash. As such, any exchange movement would be accounted for in the profit and loss.

	•	Corporate Profit and loss						
	31 December	er 2021	31 Decemb	er 2020				
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease				
Effect of sterling exchange n	novement by 10%							
United States Dollar	25,221	(30,826)	25,030	(30,593)				
Euro	-	<u>-</u>	_	-				
Canadian Dollar	-	-	-	-				
Australian Dollar	-	-	-	-				
Japanese Yen	-	-	-	-				
Other	_	-	_	_				

11.9 Capital management – Group only

Lloyd's capital setting process

In order to meet Lloyd's requirements, each Syndicate is required to calculate its Standard Capital Requirement ('SCR') for the prospective underwriting year. This amount must be sufficient to cover a 1 in 200 year loss, reflecting uncertainty in the ultimate run-off of underwriting liabilities (SCR to 'ultimate'). The Syndicate must also calculate its SCR at the same confidence level but reflecting uncertainty over a one year time horizon (one year SCR) for Lloyd's to use in meeting Solvency II requirements. The SCRs of each Syndicate are subject to review by Lloyd's and approval by the Lloyd's Capital and Planning Group.

Each Syndicate member is liable for its own share of underwriting liabilities on the Syndicate on which it participates but not other members' shares.

Accordingly, the capital requirement that Lloyd's sets for each member operates on a similar basis. Each member's SCR shall thus be determined by the sum of the member's share of the Syndicate SCR 'to ultimate'.

Over and above this, Lloyd's applies a capital uplift to the member's capital requirement, the ECA. The purpose of this uplift, which is a Lloyd's not a Solvency II requirement, is to meet Lloyd's financial strength, licence and ratings objectives.

The funds at Lloyd's represent the capital which allows the group to participate on the Syndicates. Refer to note 11.4 for further information.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. Insurance contracts - Group only

The following reconciliation shows the movement in the provision for claims outstanding during the year.

·			2021			2020
	Gross provision £	Reinsurance asset £	Net £	Gross provision £	Reinsurance asset £	Net £
At 1 January Movements in	37,381,566	16,316,967	21,064,599	32,455,037	13,296,650	19,158,387
the year Other	(1,656,052)	(910,733)	(745,319)	7,363,516	4,117,305	3,246,211
movements	(210,959)	(57,982)	(152,977)	(2,436,987)	(1,096,988)	(1,339,999)
At 31 December	35,514,555	15,348,252	20,166,303	37,381,566	16,316,967	21,064,599

The following reconciliation shows the movement in the provision for unearned premium during the year.

your.			2021			2020
	Gross provision £	Reinsurance asset £	Net £	Gross provision £	Reinsurance asset £	Net £
At 1 January Movements in	14,309,487	5,143,564	9,165,923	13,794,913	3,374,946	10,419,967
the year Exchange	(7,520,111)	(2,893,073)	(4,627,038)	742,281	1,879,472	(1,137,191)
differences	(137,070)	(48,213)	(88,857)	(227,707)	(110,854)	(116,853)
At 31 December	6,652,306	2,202,278	4,450,028	14,309,487	5,143,564	9,165,923

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. Insurance contracts – Group only (continued)

The following reconciliation shows the movement in deferred acquisition costs during the year.

	2021 £	2020 £
At 1 January	3,988,359	3,826,657
Movements in the year	(2,106,426)	211,256
Other movements	(35,297)	(49,554)
At 31 December	1,846,636	3,988,359

The other movements category includes exchange differences and the movements attributable to RITC.

12.1 Risks arising from insurance contracts

The group has delegated sole management and control of its underwriting through each Syndicate to the Managing Agent of the Syndicate and it has further undertaken not to interfere with the exercise of such management and control. The Managing Agents of the Syndicates are therefore responsible for determining the insurance transactions to be recognised. As such, disclosures in respect of assumptions and judgements made, and the objectives, policies and processes for managing risk arising from insurance contracts, are not presented in these financial statements.

The development of insurance liabilities provides a measure of the Managing Agent's ability to estimate the ultimate value of claims. The top half of each table below illustrates how the estimate of total claims outstanding for each accident year has changed at successive year ends. The bottom half of the table reconciles the cumulative claims to the amount appearing in the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

- 12. Insurance contracts Group only (continued)
- 12.1 Risks arising from insurance contracts (continued)

Claims development - gross

	At end of reporting year	One year later	Two years later £	Three years later £	Four years later £	Five years later £	Six years later £	Seven years later £
2013	3,722,386	7,368,151	7,509,634	7,294,470	7,245,569	7,049,257	6,957,372	6,892,746
2014	3,067,554	6,745,174	6,777,406	6,469,842	6,763,000	6,706,703	6,690,318	6,648,673
2015	3,894,577	8,457,998	9,121,841	9,413,906	9,475,181	9,266,439	9,317,858	
2016	4,280,209	10,425,089	11,775,919	12,816,647	12,659,049	13,053,473		
2017	7,456,485	13,413,330	15,744,026	15,757,505	16,328,204			
2018	7,525,600	17,729,655	20,752,432	20,278,166				
2019	6,884,451	19,769,057	20,089,235					
2020	8,177,900	16,647,796						
2021	2,716,358							

	Eight years later £	Cumulative payments to date £	Estimated balance to pay	Profit/(loss) on RITC received £
2012 &				
ox prior			932,482	
2013	6,899,933	6,541,218	358,715	(662,651)
2014		6,346,407	302,266	(751,109)
2015		8,182,092	1,135,766	(252,551)
2016		10,594,454	2,459,019	730,635
2017		12,939,636	3,388,568	(630,958)
2018		15,368,249	4,909,917	541,644
2019		12,030,371	8,058,864	
2020		5,158,710	11,489,086	
2021		236,486	2,479,872	
			35,514,555	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

- 12. Insurance contracts Group only (continued)
- 12.1 Risks arising from insurance contracts (continued)

Claims development - net

	At end of reporting year £	One year later £	Two years later £	Three years later £	Four years later £	Five years later £	Six years later £	Seven years later £
2013	3,390,593	6,810,819	6,904,254	6,701,112	6,546,664	6,523,933	6,410,566	6,373,095
2014	2,772,288	6,144,347	6,216,252	5,911,318	6,028,620	5,968,858	5,957,009	5,924,007
2015	3,004,479	7,095,732	7,431,163	7,505,831	7,529,998	7,386,066	7,419,541	
2016	3,517,425	7,708,168	8,661,905	8,906,676	8,813,724	8,995,031		
2017	4,177,031	10,248,647	11,429,729	11,341,455	11,698,316			
2018	5,037,945	11,254,127	12,853,526	12,931,902				
2019	4,328,776	12,622,499	12,903,331					
2020	4,185,247	8,816,350						*
2021	1,773,255							

	Eight years later £	Cumulative payments to date £	Estimated balance to pay	Profit/(loss) on RITC received £
2012 &			-	
œ prior	•		644,089	
2013	6,394,778	6,616,837	277,941	(647,711)
2014		5,697,581	226,426	(737,451)
2015		6,791,561	627,980	(183,123)
2016		7,881,320	1,113,711	(59,918)
2017		9,808,200	1,890,116	(431,502)
2018		9,748,004	3,183,898	627,766
2019		7,863,089	5,040,242	
2020		3,236,885	5,579,465	
2021		190,820	1,582,435	
			20,166,303	

Sensitivity analysis

The amounts carried by the group arising from insurance contracts are sensitive to various factors as follows:

- a 5% increase/decrease in the managing agents' calculation of gross claims reserves will decrease/increase the group's pre-tax profit/loss by £1,775,728 (2020: £1,869,078);
- a 5% increase/decrease in the managing agents' calculation of net claims reserves will decrease/increase the group's pre-tax profit/loss by £1,008,315 (2020: £1,053,230).

The 5% movement has been selected to give an indication of the possible variations in the assumptions used.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

13. Share capital	2021 Allotted, called-up and fully paid	2020 Allotted, called-up and fully paid
	No	No
Ordinary £1 shares	42,000	42,000

The Ordinary £1 shares each hold one voting right. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayments of capital.

14. Share premium account

	Group 2021			Company 2021			
	Syndicate			Syndicate			
	Participation	Corporate	Total	Participation	Corporate	Total	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
At 1 January and 31 December							
2021		14,363,394	14,363,394	-	14,363,394	14,363,394	
	Syndicate	Group 2020		Ce Syndicate	ompany 2020)	
	Participation	Corporate	Total	Participation	Corporate	Total	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
At 1 January and 31 December							
2020		14,36 <u>3,</u> 394	14,363,394	-	14,363,394	14,363,394	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

15. Profit and loss account

	Group 2021			Company 2021			
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	
At 1 January							
2021	(4,854,812)	18,975,336	14,120,524		-	-	
Reallocate distribution Profit for the	1,843,939	(1,843,939)	-	-	-	- -	
financial year	918,434	4,110,787	5,029,221	<u>-</u>	-		
Retained profit carried forward	(2,092,439)	21,242,184	19,149,745		-		

		Group 2020		Company 2020		
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
At 1 January						
2020 Reallocate	(3,027,533)	16,462,501	13,434,968	-	-	-
distribution Profit for the	279,634	(279,634)	-		-	-
financial year	(2,106,913)	2,792,469	685,556		_	_
Retained profit carried forward	(4,854,812)	18,975,336	14,120,524	_	-	-

16. Deferred tax - group only

	Syndicate results £	Tax losses	Claims equalisation reserve £	Other £	Total £
2021					•
At 1 January	(424,808)	-	47,224	154,210	(223,374)
Movement in year	49,838	(11,529)	(47,224)	119,585	110,670
At 31 December	(374,970)	(11,529)	-	273,795	(112,704)
2020					
At 1 January	(516,079)	-	-	(11,050)	(527,129)
Movement in year	91,271	-	47,224	165,260	303,755
At 31 December	(424,808)	-	47,224	154,210	(223,374)

The unused tax losses carried forward at the balance sheet date are £46,117. Unused tax losses are expected to be recoverable against the future profits of the group and have no expiry date. The deferred tax balance consists of an asset in respect of timing differences relating to the taxation of underwriting results of £398,501 and liability of £285,797. Deferred tax assets are shown within other debtors (note 11.3).

The deferred tax expected to unwind within one year is £518,019. The deferred tax expected to unwind over one year is £119,518.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

17. Related party disclosure

Due to the fact that the subsidiary companies are consolidated into these accounts, advantage is taken of Section 33 of FRS 102 – Related Party Disclosure – not to disclose transactions and balances with group companies and investees of the group.

During the year Ransome's Trading Limited paid a management charge of £10,000 (2020: £10,000) to Ransome's Dock Limited – a company ultimately controlled by P N R Cooke.

18. Ultimate controlling party

The company was under the control of one of the directors – P N R Cooke - throughout the year.