

**Storm Development Ltd****Registered number:** 06825694**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	2	19,572	18,020
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	3	1,726	1,191
Cash at bank and in hand		9,276	8,173
		<u>11,002</u>	<u>9,364</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	4	(25,048)	(26,398)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(14,046)</u>	<u>(17,034)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>5,526</u>	<u>986</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(3,899)	(3,604)
<b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>		<u>1,627</u>	<u>(2,618)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		1,527	(2,718)
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>1,627</u>	<u>(2,618)</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

**Ms R C Leonhardt****Director**

Approved by the board on 10 May 2018



**Storm Development Ltd**  
**Notes to the Accounts**  
**for the year ended 31 March 2018**

**1 Accounting policies**

**Basis of preparation**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

**Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

**Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Equipment	20% reducing balance
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**Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

**Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

**Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply

to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

	Equipment £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 April 2017	35,294
Additions	8,052
Disposals	(4,275)
At 31 March 2018	<u>39,071</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 April 2017	17,274
Charge for the year	3,422
On disposals	(1,197)
At 31 March 2018	<u>19,499</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 March 2018	<u>19,572</u>
At 31 March 2017	18,020

3 Debtors	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	<u>1,726</u>	<u>1,191</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	366	-
Corporation tax	701	-
Other creditors	23,981	26,398
	<u>25,048</u>	<u>26,398</u>

## 5 Other information

Storm Development Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Wales. Its registered office is:

Hafod Wen  
Feidr Tywod  
Penparc  
Cardigan  
SA43 1RE

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.