# Company Registration No. 6818002

**Northwise Limited** 

**Report and Financial Statements** 

30 June 2016

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# Report and financial statements 2016

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# Report and financial statements 2016

# Officers and professional advisers

#### **Directors**

D P Levy M J Collecott R Caplehorn D Cullen

#### Secretary

M J Collecott

## **Registered Office**

Lilywhite House 782 High Road Tottenham London N17 0BX

#### **Bankers**

HSBC Bank plc 70 Pall Mall London SW1Y 5EZ

## **Solicitors**

Olswang LLP 90 High Holborn London WC1V 6XX

#### Auditor

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 2 New Street Square London EC4A 3BZ

# Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements of Northwise Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 444(5) of the Companies Act 2006 and the company is therefore exempt from preparing a Strategic Report.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of the acquisition of property on behalf of the Tottenham Hotspur group.

#### Risks and uncertainties

The risk and uncertainties of the company are aligned to those of Tottenham Hotspur Limited and discussed in page 3 of the consolidated group accounts.

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

D P Levy M J Collecott D Cullen R Caplehorn

#### Dividends and results

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in the current year (2015: £nil). The company made a loss after tax for the year of £47,083 (2015: £25,612 profit) and the net liabilities as at 30 June 2016 were £3,951 (2015: £43,132 net assets).

The directors consider the future prospects of the company to be satisfactory.

#### Going concern

The company is a property company with net current liabilities and net liabilities at 30 June 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the parent company, Tottenham Hotspur Limited, stated that it will provide the necessary financial support to the company for at least twelve months from the date these accounts are signed. The parent company directors prepare budgets and forecasts and have produced detailed and realistic cash flow projections which are reviewed on an ongoing basis. These demonstrate that the parent company has the financial capability to satisfy this obligation.

#### Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is not aware; and
- the director has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

# Directors' report (continued)

#### **Auditor**

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M J Collecott Secretary

14 October 2016

# Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare such financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
  continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent auditor's report to the members of Northwise Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Northwise Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 which comprises the Income statement, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit. or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a Strategic Report or in preparing the Directors' Report.

Kevin Thompson, (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

14 October 2016

# Income statement Year ended 30 June 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Revenue	1	85,000	78,117
Operating expenses		(115,104)	(36,339)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before finance income	2	(30,104)	41,778
Interest receivable			29
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(30,104)	41,807
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	3	(16,979)	(16,195) <sup>-</sup>
Retained (loss)/profit for the financial year		(47,083)	25,612

The above results all derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised income or expenses in either period other than the loss as stated above and therefore no statement of comprehensive income is presented.

# Balance sheet 30 June 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Non-current assets		2 222 425	0.000.140
Property, plant and equipment	4	3,330,407	2,808,143
Current assets			
Trade and other recievables	5	27,784	. 1,701
Cash and cash equvilalents		5,000	5,000
		32,784	6,701
Current liabilities	. 6	(3,367,142)	(2,771,712)
Net current liabilities		(3,334,358)	(2,765,011)
Net (liabilities)/assets		(3,951)	43,132
Equity			
Share capital	7	· 1	1
Retained earnings		(3,952)	43,131
Net (liabilities)/assets		(3,951)	43,132
1.00 (Indiation), added		(-,,,,,,	,

The financial statements of Northwise Limited, registered number 6818002, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14 October 2016.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

M J Collecott

Director

# Statement of changes in equity 30 June 2016

	Share capital £	Retained earnings	Total £
Balance at 1 July 2014	1	17,519	17,520
Profit for the year		25,612	25,612
Balance at 30 June 2015	1	43,131	43,132
Loss for the year		(47,083)	(47,083)
Balance at 30 June 2016	1	(3,952)	(3,951)

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2016

#### 1. Accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the current year are described below.

#### General information

Northwise Limited is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The company is registered in England and Wales and the address of its registered office is disclosed in the company information. The principal activity of the company is described in the Directors' report.

### Basis of preparation

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Accordingly, in the year ended 30 June 2016 the company has changed its accounting framework from pre-2015 UK GAAP to FRS 101 as issued by the Financial Reporting Council and has, in doing so, applied the requirements of IFRS 1.6-33 and related appendices. The financial statements have therefore been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101).

Accordingly, the Company has prepared individual financial statements which comply with FRS 101 applicable for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014 and the significant accounting policies meeting those requirements are described in the relevant notes. In preparing these financial statements, the Company has started from an opening balance sheet as at 1 July 2014, the Company's date of transition to FRS101, and made those changes in accounting policies and other restatements required for the first-time adoption of FRS 101. No adjustments were required resulting from the transition to FRS 101.

Where relevant equivalent disclosures have been given in the consolidated financial statements of Tottenham Hotspur Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Tottenham Hotspur Limited are available to the public and can be obtained from Lilywhite House, 782 High Road, Tottenham, London N17 0BX.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The presentation and functional currency of the company is pounds sterling.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

## Cash flow statement

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to presentation of a cash-flow statement. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the consolidated accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited. The consolidated accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited are publically available.

## Going concern

The company is a property company with net current liabilities and net liabilities at 30 June 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the parent company, Tottenham Hotspur Limited, stated that it will provide the necessary financial support to the company for at least twelve months from the date these accounts are signed. The parent company directors prepare budgets and forecasts and have produced detailed and realistic cash flow projections which are reviewed on an ongoing basis. These demonstrate that the parent company has the financial capability to satisfy this obligation.

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2016

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue

Revenue represents rental income received from the letting of the company's properties. Revenue is recognised as per the contractual terms of the rental agreement. All revenue arises in the United Kingdom.

#### Tax

The tax expense represents the tax currently payable.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profits differ from net profit as reported in the income statement because they exclude items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and they further exclude items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Freehold land and buildings 2% straight-line

#### Critical accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors of the company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

## Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

All freehold land and buildings are reviewed for potential impairment using estimates of the future economic benefits attributable to them. Any estimates of future economic benefits made in relation to non-current assets may differ from the benefits that ultimately arise, and materially affect, the recoverable value of the asset.

#### Assets under construction

The assets classified under 'in the course of construction' relate to the Company's main ongoing capital project related to the development of land. IAS 16 requires that for an asset to be capitalised it must result in a probable economic benefit. Therefore, once this project begins its useful economic life, depreciation will begin.

The Directors have produced detailed cash flow projections and have performed sensitivity analysis on these and are confident that the development will proceed. The development will be closely monitored and any amounts capitalised, which would not be recoverable in the event that the development does not proceed such as a significant proportion of professional fees capitalised that are specific to the proposed stadium site and properties whose market value is below cost, would need to be written-off at that time.

#### **Current taxation**

The complex nature of tax legislation under which the Company operates necessitates the use of many estimates and assumptions, where the outcome may differ from that assumed.

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2016

## 2. Profit on ordinary activities before finance income

	2016	2015
	£	£
This is stated after charging:		
Depreciation	30,072	30,072

There were no employees either during the current year or the prior period and none of the directors received any remuneration in respect of their services to the company in this either period.

The audit fee of £2,000 (2015: £2,000) was borne by another group company in both the current year and prior period. No fees were paid to the company's auditor or affiliated entities, relating to other services, during either the or the prior period. Refer to the Tottenham Hotspur Limited financial statements for full disclosure of fees payable to the auditor.

## 3. Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities

	2016 £	2015 £
Reconciliation of current tax	<b>∞</b>	. <b>~</b>
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(30,104)	41,807
Tax (credit)/charge on profit on ordinary activities before taxation at 20% (2015: 20.75%)	(6,021)	8,675
Effect of:		
Expenses not deductible Non qualifying depreciation	16,985 6,015	1,280 6,240
Total tax charge	16,979	16,195

There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax.

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2016

# 4. Property, plant and equipment

	Freehold land and buildings £	Assets under construction	Total £
Cost At 30 June 2015 Additions	2,615,000	361,047 552,336	2,976,047 552,336
At 30 June 2016	2,615,000	913,383	3,528,383
Accumulated depreciation At 30 June 2015 Charge for the year	167,904 30,072	-	167,904 30,072
At 30 June 2016	197,976	-	197,976
Net book value At 30 June 2016	2,417,024	913,383	3,330,407
At 30 June 2015	2,447,096	361,047	2,808,143
5. Trade and other receivables			
		2016 £	2015 £
Trade recievables Taxation and social security Amounts owed by group undertakings		8,500 19,283 1	1,700 - 1
		27,784	1,701
No interest is charged on amounts owed by group undertakings.			•
6. Current liabilities			
		2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals		3,327,110 31,983	2,746,058
Corporation tax Taxation and social security	·	8,049	20,433 5,221
		3,367,142	2,771,712

No interest is charged on amounts owed to group undertakings.

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2016

#### 7. Share capital

	2016 £	2015 £
Authorised 1 ordinary share of £1	1	1
Called up, allotted and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

#### 8. Contingent liabilities

The company, together with its parent and fellow subsidiaries, has given a multilateral undertaking to its bankers to guarantee the overdrafts of the group companies.

At the balance sheet date the company had overdrafts of £nil.

#### 9. Ultimate parent company

The ultimate controlling party is ENIC International Limited, a company incorporated and registered in the Bahamas. The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group, which includes the company, and for which group financial statements are prepared is Tottenham Hotspur Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Copies of the annual report and accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited can be obtained from Lilywhite House, 782 High Road, Tottenham, London, N17 0BX.

## 10. Related party transactions

The company has applied the exemption granted by FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' not to disclose intercompany transactions with Tottenham Hotspur group companies.