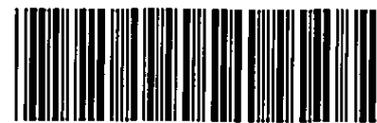


Abbreviated Unaudited Accounts
for the Year Ended 31 March 2014
for
Abbey Business Solutions Limited

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**Contents of the Abbreviated Accounts
for the Year Ended 31 March 2014**

	Page
Company Information	1
Abbreviated Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	3

Abbey Business Solutions Limited

**Company Information
for the Year Ended 31 March 2014**

DIRECTOR: J Cranton

SECRETARY:

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Courtyard
19 High Street
Pershore
Worcestershire
WR10 1AA

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06772699 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Crowthers Chartered Accountants
10 The Southend
Ledbury
Herefordshire
HR8 2EY

Abbreviated Balance Sheet
31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 £	£	2013 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	2		251		683
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		42,359		60,176	
Cash at bank		44,803		28,043	
		<u>87,162</u>		<u>88,219</u>	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		<u>64,131</u>		<u>72,746</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>23,031</u>		<u>15,473</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>23,282</u>		<u>16,156</u>
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			<u>50</u>		<u>137</u>
NET ASSETS			<u><u>23,232</u></u>		<u><u>16,019</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account			<u>23,132</u>		<u>15,919</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u><u>23,232</u></u>		<u><u>16,019</u></u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2014

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

The financial statements were approved by the director on 8 May 2014 and were signed by



J Cranton - Director

The notes form part of these abbreviated accounts

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts
for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

Turnover represents the fair value of services provided under contracts with customers to the extent that there is a right to consideration. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration due. Where a service is incomplete at the year end, turnover represents the value of the service provided to that date based on an appropriate proportion of the total expected consideration at completion.

Invoices are not raised until a contract is complete so the value of incomplete services is included as amounts recoverable on contracts in the balance sheet.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the taxable profits and the results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the assets have been revalued to selling price. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax is measured at the average rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

2 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Total £
COST	
At 1 April 2013 and 31 March 2014	2,697
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2013	2,014
Charge for year	432
At 31 March 2014	2,446
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2014	251
At 31 March 2013	683

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

3 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid Number	Class	Nominal value £1	2014 £ <u>100</u>	2013 £ <u>100</u>
100	Ordinary			

4 DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013

	2014 £	2013 £
J Cranton		
Balance outstanding at start of year	(17,264)	2,484
Amounts advanced	37,860	10,408
Amounts repaid	(38,760)	(30,156)
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>(18,164)</u>	<u>(17,264)</u>

Within creditors there is an amount of £18,164 (2013 £17,264) due to Mr J Cranton, director of the company. The loan is interest free and there are no fixed repayment terms.

The total amount of dividends paid to directors during the year was £30,000 (2013 £30,000)