Amending Accounts

Registered number 06754584

Innovative International Group Ltd
Report and Financial Statements
31 March 2016

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Innovative International Group Ltd Company Information

Directors

S K Stoyanov

Auditors

CK Partnership 1 Old Court Mews 311 Chase Road London N14 6JS

Registered office

262 Avondale House Uxbridge Road London HA5 4HS

Registered number

06754584

Innovative International Group Ltd

Registered number:

06754584

Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the year was that of a holding company. The company did not trade during the year. The principal activity of the subsidiary companies was that of offshore financial services .

Review of the business and future developments

The Board were satisfied with results of the Group. The Board looks to build further on the progress achieved across the group to date and will look to increase its client base and product offering in the year ahead.

Financial risk management policies & objectives

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting financial risk management policy and objectives, and approves the parameters within which the various aspects of financial risk management are operated. The group's principal financial instruments are cash, fund investments, client deposits. These financial instruments arise directly from the operations of the company. The group's policy is that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaked for financing purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

The group has no external term debt. There is no bank overdraft facility, (2015; nil). The client deposits are recorded at the principal amount and are not subject to a separate interest charge. Any loans between group companies are interest free. Accordingly the company has no material exposure to interest rate risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Both the functional and presentation currency of the company and group is Euro. Client deposits and fund investments are in Euro, United States Dollars, and Swiss Francs. The company hedges these currencies by holding assets in each currency that offset the liabilities for the same currency. Significant currency mismatches may be covered by forward rate agreements with registered banks based on management's cash flow expectations. Certain items of operating expenditure may be billed to the group companies in currencies other than the Euro and accordingly the group's profit and loss account can be affected by movements in the respective exchange rates. The company has not entered into any foreign exchange forward cover for the period under review. Credit risk

All investors purchasing client deposits are required to remit funds prior to being allocated a deposit account. Accordingly the company incurs relatively little credit risk. Any customers to whom credit is granted will be subject to credit verification procedures. Receivable balances will be monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the company's exposure to doubtful debts is not significant. The company's fund investments are managed and administered by banks. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the group.

Liquidity Risk

The company has no external borrowings. Any inter company loans have no fixed term of repayment. Therefore there is no significant exposure to liquidity risk in relation to borrowings. Client deposits are matched with fund investment assets in order to maintain sufficient liquid funds to meet its commitments based on historical and forecast cashflow needs.

Innovative International Group Ltd

Registered number:

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Directors' Report

Shareholder & market risk

This is an investment where the Fund Investments (the underlying asset) is dependent on the value of the stocks purchased from time to time on the instructions from Fund Managers. The value of the underlying asset is subject to market fluctuations. The normal risks of a stock-based investment in companies listed on a stock exchange exist. This includes the risk stock prices will decline after the investment is made. This could result in some of the capital invested being lost at the time the investment is sold or on redemption at the end of the investment term. The value of client deposits is dependent on the value of the stocks that make up the underlying asset. The company monitors the liquidity of all invested funds held by the company and assesses the risks at least quarterly.

Exit risk

Client depositors are able to withdraw funds on any business trading day. Therefore exit risk is minimal.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend. (2015: nil)

Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year:

S K Stoyanov

Political and charitable donations

There were no political or charitable donations during the year.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who was a director at the time this report was approved confirms that:

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Employment of disabled persons

It is the policy of the group to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by disabled persons, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. Wherever possible,

This report/was approved by the board on 25 October 2017 and signed on its behalf.

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Innovative International Group Ltd Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Innovative International Group Ltd Strategic Report

The directors consider the continued growth of the company as satisfactory in the current market conditions.

The directors aim to maintain the management policies which have resulted in the company's continued growth in recent years.

The company has pitched for new projects during the year under review which it expects to bear fruition within the next 12 months.

The company continues its investment programme into new technology and products to keep the company ahead of its competition.

Key performance indictators

- Gross profit margins remain above average due to continued improved customer base and sale of higher profit margin goods.
- Overall cashflow remains strong despite the current economic climate, and increased marketing costs to help maintain the existing customer base as well as allow for continued growth.
- Improved debtor collection and creditor payment periods due to improved internal accounting systems.

This report was approved by the board on 250ctober 2017 and signed on its behalf.

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Innovative International Group Ltd Independent auditors' report to the members of Innovative International Group Ltd

We have audited the accounts of Innovative International Group Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2016 which comprise the consolidated Profit and Loss Account, the consolidated and company Balance Sheets, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement, the consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the accounts

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on the accounts

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ravi Koppa

(Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of

CK Partnership

Accountants and Statutory Auditors

25 October 2017

1 Old Court Mews 311 Chase Road

London

N14 6JS

Innovative International Group Ltd Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Notes	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Turnover	3	9,828,267	12,381,716
Cost of sales		(6,878,412)	(9,290,499)
Gross profit		2,949,855	3,091,217
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(2,194,327) 28,733	(1,584,105) 2,600
Operating profit	4	784,261	1,509,712
Exceptional items: profit on the disposal of tangible fixed assets	5	110	-
		784,371	1,509,712
Interest receivable Interest payable	7	22,601 (116,252)	6 (197,107)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		690,720	1,312,611
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(225,140)	(380,096)
Profit for the financial year		465,580	932,515

Continuing operations

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

Innovative International Group Ltd Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Notes	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Profit for the financial year		465,580	932,515
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings Deferred taxation arising on the revaluation of land and buildings	10	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		465,580	932,515

Innovative International Group Ltd Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2016

	iotes		2016 Euro		2015 Euro
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		3,020		7,540
Tangible assets	10		2,513,280		2,327,064
Investments			10,000	_	10,000
			2,526,300	_	2,344,604
Current assets					
Stocks	12	٠_		5,833	
Debtors	13	253,090		299,122	
Investments held as current		<i>√</i>			
assets	15	52,366,230		66,204,177	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,134,914		1,958,554	
		54,754,234		68,467,686	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	16	(49,919,507)		(64,131,640)	
			4 00 4 707		4 000 040
Net current assets			4,834,727		4,336,046
Total assets less current		-			
liabilities			7,361,027		6,680,650
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	19		(3,610,402)		(3,392,251)
		-		-	
Net assets			3,750,625	-	3,288,399
Capital and reserves	*				
Called up share capital	21		1,200,000		1,200,000
Other reserves	22		(5,515)		(2,161)
Profit and loss account	23		2,556,140		2,090,560
		-		-	
Shareholders' funds	24		3,750,625	-	3,288,399

SKatoyanov

Approved by the board on 25October 2017

Innovative International Group Ltd Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2016

N	otes		2016 Euro		2015 Euro
Fixed assets Intangible assets Tangible assets Investments	9 10	· •	10,000	-	10,000
Current assets Stocks Due from group undertakings Debtors Investments held as current	12 13	2,382,235		- 2,382,235	
assets Cash at bank and in hand	15	2,382,235		2,382,235	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(551,308)		(534,508)	
Net current assets		_	1,830,927		1,847,727
Total assets less current liabilities			1,840,927		1,857,727
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	19		(1,064,485)		(1,064,485)
Net assets	*	, ·	776,442	-	793,242
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	21 23		1,200,000 (423,558)		1,200,000 (406,758)
Shareholders' funds	24	-	776,442	-	793,242

Sustanov
Director
Approved by the board on 25 October 2017

Innovative International Group Ltd Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total
•	Euro	Euro	Euro	Euro	Euro
At 1 April 2014	1,200,000	-	3,288	1,158,045	2,361,333
Profit for the financial year				932,515	932,515
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings Deferred taxation arising on the			-		-
revaluation of land and buildings Other comprehensive income for the					
financial year Total comprehensive income for the	-				-
financial year	-		(5,449)	932,515	927,066
Dividends Shares issued Shares redeemed	- -	-		-	• •
At 31 March 2015 Correction of prior year errors Effect of retrospective changes in accounting policies	1,200,000	-	(2,161)	2,090,560	3,288,399
At 31 March 2015 as restated	1,200,000	-	(2,161)	2,090,560	3,288,399
At 1 April 2015	1,200,000	-	(2,161)	2,090,560	3,288,399
Profit for the financial year		٠.		465,580	465,580
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings Deferred taxation arising on the revaluation of land and buildings		,	- -		-
Other comprehensive income for the financial year	_	,	(3,354)		(3,354)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	(3,354)	465,580	462,226
•			(0,004)		402,220
Dividends Shares issued Shares redeemed		, -		-	-
At 31 March 2016	1,200,000		(5,515)	2,556,140	3,750,625

Innovative International Group Ltd Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Notes	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities			
Operating profit		784,261	1,509,712
Depreciation and amortisation		100,594	66,160
Decrease in stocks		5,833 46,032	1,283,093
Decrease in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors		46,032 (14,124,099)	130,559 22,418,957
(Decrease/morease in creditors		(14,124,099)	22,410,937
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(13,187,379)	25,408,481
		•	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(13,187,379)	25,408,481
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	25	(93,651)	(197,101)
Taxation		(313,174)	(496,512)
Capital expenditure	25	(282,180)	(2,103,816)
		(13,876,384)	22,611,052
Management of liquid resources	25	13,837,947	(25,217,268)
Financing	25	214,797	1,840,265
Increase/(decrease) in cash		176,360	(765,951)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	debt		
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period	-	176,360	(765,951)
Increase in debt and lease financing `		(218,151)	(1,843,553)
(Decrease)/increase in liquid resources		(13,837,947)	25,217,268
Change in net debt	26	(13,879,738)	22,607,764
Net funds at 1 April		64,770,480	42,162,716
Net funds at 31 March		50,890,742	64,770,480

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Fund Investments measured at fair value) and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the accounts of Innovative International Group Ltd and all its subsidiary undertakings. The results of the subsidiary undertakings acquired or sold are consolidated for the periods from or to the date that control passed. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method. The results of the subsidiaries Life Division Kft and Innovative Properties Kft are for the year ended 31 December 2015 and are not co terminus with the year end of the Group (however the Directors do not consider that the results of these subsidiaries would not be materially different). The results of all other subsidiaries are to 31 March 2016.

Going concern

The group's business activities, key risks and financial performance are set out in the director's report. The director has an expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts has been adopted.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as appropriate for profit oriented entities.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings Leasehold land and buildings Plant and machinery over 50 years over the lease term over 5 years

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse, and discounted to reflect the time value of money using rates based on the post-tax yields to maturity that could be obtained at the balance sheet date on government bonds with similar maturity dates.

Foreign currencies

Both the functional and presentation currency of the largest subsidiary in the Group (Innovative Securities Limited) is Euro. The majority of the company's transactions are undertaken in Euro. The company has therefore elected to use Euro as the most appropriate functional and presentational currency. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate in effect as the transaction date. Monetary items receivable or payable in a currency other than the functional currency, other than those resulting from short term transactions covered by forward exchange contracts are translated at baalnce sheet date at the closing rate. Exchange differences are recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement as income or expenditure.

Impairment of Current and Non-Current Assets

At each reproting date, the entity assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. Where an indicator of impairement exists, the company makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an assets fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, and bank overdrafts. Cash held in trust for customers is not included in cash and cash equivalents as it is not available for use by the company. Bank overdrafts are shown within current liabilities.

Trade and Other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from investors for deposits collected in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised and acrried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when indentfied. Trade receivables are classified as current assets if collection is expected in one year or less, otherwise they are classified as non-current assets.

Fund Investments

Fund investments fall into two categories:

Fund investments that are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or detereminable payments that can be identified as interest and principal. Fund investments are initially recognised at cost, being the transaction price at acquisition date. After initial recognition, fund investments are classified as "amortised cost", are measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is determined by reference to opening cost as acquistion date plus interest accrued at close of of business on each trading day. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date.

Fund investments that are non-derivative financial assets which are classified as "at fair value through the profit or loss " are measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains or losses on fund investments are recognised and separately disclosed as income or expenditure in the Profit and Loss account. Fair value is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at close of business on each trading day in accordance with the prices quoted by the fund managers. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date. Realised and unrealised impairment gains or losses on fund investments are recognised and separately disclosed as income or expenditure in the Profit and Loss account.

Fund investments are intially classified as "amortised cost" or "fair value through profit and loss" as they are acquired for a portfolio of investments that is managed and its performance is evaluated on an interest and principal basis or at fair value in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy. Fund investments are classified as current assets if maturity is less than one year from balance sheet date, otherwise they are classified as non-current assets.

Financial Assets

The group classifies its financial assets according to the management strategy for those assets. Financial assets classified as cash and cash equivalents are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial assets classified as fund investments are recognised at amortised cost or fair value through the profit and loss account. Financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and fund investments.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Derivates and Hedge Accounting

The group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. The company may use derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward rate agreements) to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate fluctuations relating to its multi-currency, floating interest client deposits. The significant interest rate risk and foreign currency risk arises from bank accounts and client deposits.

The use of financial derivatives is governed by the group's policies approved by the board of directors. The company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date and are remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designed and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised directly in equity and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. The hedges that do no result in the recognition of an asset or a liability, amounts deferred in equity are recognised in the profit or loss in the same period in which the hedged item affects profit or loss. Chnages in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the profit and loss account as they arise.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedgeing instrument expires or is sold, terminated or excercised or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in equity is transferred to profit or loss for the period. Certain derivatives do not qualify for hedge accounting or hedge accounting has not been adopted. Changes in fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the profit and loss for the period. At 31 March 2016 there were no derivative financial instruments held by the company nor were any undertaken during the period (2015: none)

Client deposits

Client deposits represent the original principal amount deposited by investors plus interest and gains or losses made by the investment funds and allocated to the client account. The amount invested are used by the company to purchase Fund Investments. The client deposits are recorded at their original cost plus any interest, gains or losses on fund investments allocated to clinets each reporting period. The original principal deposited plus or minus investment gains or losses allocated is repayable to the customer and are therefore recorded as a liability. The fair value of customer deposits is represented by the original principal value of the deposit plus or minus gains or losses allocated to clients.

Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised;

Fund Investment Gains/Losses

After initial recognition, fund investments, which are classfied as "at fair value" or "at amortised cost" are measured at fair value and amortised cost through the profit and loss account respectively. Gains or losses on fund investments are allocated as income or expenditure to client deposit accounts on a pro rata basis. Fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices at close of business on each trading day.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies (2015: none).

Company and segment information

The company's subsidiary Innovative Securities Limited (a New Zeland Company) operates in the investment market. This company's operations involve managing an underlying asset purchased by the company from monies raised from client deposits. Client funds acquired are invested with registered banks in cash or cash equivalents and investment funds located Internationally.

The subsidiaries New Zealand offices performs accounting compliance, monitoring and ancilliary activities. The management of the fund assets is undertaken by the company based on a platform lease contract with GeoWealth Management LLC, company incorporated in the United States of America. The remaining business, including the IT and call centre, is undertaken through the Group's office in Budapest, Hungary. The office is part of a related entity Life Division Limited, with whom the Group has a management and service agreement. The clients of the Group are international individuals or trusts, however there is a concentration of business in countried throughout Europe and Asia. There have been no changes to the Group's buisness during the period.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share and diluted earnings per share calculations have not been performed. The nature of the company's activities is such that earnings per share calculations do not provide any meaningful information for sahreholders.

2 Profit of the Parent Company

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account of the company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The company made a retained loss for the financial year of Euro 16,800 (2015: 16,800)

3	Analysis of turnover	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	By activity:		
	Offshore financial services	9,828,267	12,381,716
	By geographical market:		
	Europe Australasia	52,000 9,776,267	199,333 12,182,383
		9,828,267	12,381,716
4	Operating profit - Group	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	This is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets Amortisation of goodwill Auditors' remuneration for audit services	95,444 5,150 27,933	61,705 4,455 25,780
5	Exceptional items	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Profit on disposal of land and buildings	110	

6	Staff costs - Group	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Wages and salaries	403,833	115,155
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Administration	2	2
	Staff costs - Company	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	67 67	34 34
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Administration	Nil	Nil
7	Interest payable - Group	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Other loans	116,252	197,107

8	Taxation - Group	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Analysis of charge in period		
	Current tax:		
	Overseas corporation tax on profits of the period	225,140	380,096
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	225,140	380,096

Factors affecting tax charge for period

The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows:

	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	690,720	1,312,611
Standard rate of group corporation tax	28%	28%
	Euro	Euro
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	193,402	367,531
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	31,738	12,565
Current tax charge for period	225,140	380,096

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There are no factors that may affect future tax charges.

9

Intangible fixed assets - Group Goodwill:	Euro
Cost	45.750
At 1 April 2015 Additions	15,750 630
At 31 March 2016	16,380
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2015	8,210
Provided during the year	5,150
At 31 March 2016	13,360
Net book value	
At 31 March 2016	3,020
At 31 March 2015	7,540

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 3 to 5 years.

10 Tangible fixed assets - Group

rangible fixed assets - Group	Land and buildings Euro	Plant and machinery Euro	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment Euro	Total Euro
Cost				
At 1 April 2015	1,909,403	121,337	386,420	2,417,160
Additions	261,427	7,720_	12,513	281,660
At 31. March 2016	2,170,830	129,057	398,933	2,698,820
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2015	2,146	16,987	70,963	90,096
Charge for the year	50_	20,197	75,197	95,444
At 31 March 2016	2,196	37,184	146,160	185,540
Net book value				
At 31 March 2016	2,168,634	91,873	252,773	2,513,280
At 31 March 2015	1,907,257	104,350	315,457	2,327,064

	. i	Other nvestments Euro
Cost Additions		-
At 31 March 2016		10,000
Other investments	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Unlisted investments	10,000	10,000

11	Investments - Company		2016 Euro	2015 Euro
		Investments in subsidiary undertakings Euro	Other investments Euro	Total Euro
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2015 Additions Unpaid share capital	10,000	10,000	20,000 - -
	At 31 March 2016	10,000	10,000	20,000

The company has investments in the following subsidiary undertakings

Shares held	%	Country of incorporation
Ordinary	100	New Zealand
Ordinary	100	Hungary
Ordinary	100	Hungary
Kft)		
Ordinary	100	Hungary
ecurities Ltd)		-
	100	Kosovo
ecurities Ltd)		
	Class Ordinary Ordinary Ordinary Kft)	Class % Ordinary 100 Ordinary 100 Ordinary 100 Kft) Ordinary 100 ecurities Ltd)

The principal activities of Innovative Securities Limited is that of offshore financial services. The principal activity of Life Division Kft is that of management and administration services. The principal activity of Innovative Propertis Kft is that of a property investment company.

Innovative Securities Europe Zrt is incorporated in Hungary and was formed during the year ended 31 March 2014. It has not traded during this period other than routine administration costs. A subsidiary company was established in Kosov during the period as noted above. This company did not trade and has no balances. No other subsidiaries were acquired or sold during the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: None)

12 Stocks	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Raw materials and consumables		5,833

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

13	Debtors	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Other debtors VAT Recoverable	69,116 183,974	197,049 102,073
		253,090	299,122
14	Debtors - Company	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	2,382,235	2,382,235
		2,382,235	2,382,235

All of the company debtors are due after more than one year.

15	Investments held as current ass	eets	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Fund Investments Less: fees for future periods (refer	below)	52,366,230 	66,204,177
	'		02,000,200	
	Fund investments Fund investments	Euro USD	22,484,806 25,542,272	30,952,950 31,614,035
	Fund investments	CHF	4,147,671	3,637,192
	Fund investments	AUD	191,481 52,366,230	66,204,177
	Cash and cash equivalents		5,205,936	6,717,469
	Financial assets at fair value		47,160,294 52,366,230	<u>59,486,708</u> 66,204,177
1	Bank balance - Euro		2,082,241	1,629,727
	Listed investments	•	52,366,230	66,204,177

The bank balance represents cash deposited with a registered bank. There is no bank overdraft facility.

The fund investments represent cash or cash equivalents and units in investment funds and are all deposited with registered banks.

The fund investments classified as cash and cash equivalents with maturity dates ranging from 0 to 3 months are all classified as current. The fund investments classified as at fair value are quoted equities and accordingly have no set maturity date. All changes in fair value of fund investments represent changes in market risk. There has been no fair value impact resulting from changes in credit risk. Note that a portion of the funds held as investments are held on behalf of the parent entity.

16	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year - Group	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Trade creditors	179,291	96,164
	Corporation tax	153,586	241,620
•	Client deposits	49,566,994	63,695,828
	Other creditors	1,733	15,000
	Other loans	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	17,903_	83,028
		49,919,507	64,131,640

17	Creditors: amounts for	alling due within one year - Company	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Accruals Amounts owed to grou	up undertakings and undertakings in which	16,800	60,000
	the company has a participating interest		534,508	474,508
			551,308	534,508
18	Client Deposits - Gro	up .	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Client deposits		49,566,994	63,695,828
	By currency			
	Client deposits	Euro	20,683,723	28,135,281
	Client deposits	US\$	24,583,848	29,837,442
	Client deposits	CHF	4,299,423	5,723,105
		. •	49,566,994	63,695,828

The closing balance of client deposits represents the fair value. The fair value of the clients deposits is represented by the original principal value deposited plus or minus gains or losses distributed to client deposit accounts less service fee charged. Gains or losses are calculated in accordance with the Statement of Accounting Policies.

19	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Long term shareholders loans	3,610,402	3,392,251
20	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year - Company	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Long term shareholders loans	1,064,485 1,064,485	1,064,485 1,064,485

21	Share capital	Nominal value	2016 Number	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares	£1 each	1,000,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
22	Other reserves	,		[/] 2016 Euro	
	At 1 April 2015 Transfer from the profit and loss acc	ount		(2,161) (3,354)	
-	At 31 March 2016			(5,515)	
23	Profit and loss account			2016 Euro	
	At 1 April 2015 Profit for the financial year			2,090,560 465,580	
	At 31 March 2016			2,556,140	
24	Reconciliation of movement in sh	nareholders' fu	nds	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	At 1 April Profit for the financial year Other reserves			3,288,399 465,580 (3,354)	2,361,333 932,515 (5,449)
	At 31 March			3,750,625	3,288,399

25	Gross cash flows			2016 Euro	2015 Euro
	Returns on investments and servinterest received Interest paid	vicing of financ	ce	22,601 (116,252) (93,651)	6 (197,107) (197,101)
	Capital expenditure Payments to acquire intangible fixed Payments to acquire tangible fixed Payments to acquire investments Receipts from sales of tangible fixed	assets		(630) (281,660) - 110 (282,180)	(1,811) (2,092,005) (10,000) (2,103,816)
	Management of liquid resources Sale of current asset investments			13,837,947	(25,217,268)
	Financing Redemption of share capital New loans raised Loan repayments			(3,354) - 218,151 214,797	(3,288) 2,105,964 (262,411) 1,840,265
26	Analysis of changes in net debt	At 1 Apr 2015 Euro	Cash flows Euro	Non-cash changes Euro	At 31 Mar 2016 Euro
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,958,554	176,360		2,134,914
	Debt due after 1 year	(3,392,251)	(218,151)		(3,610,402)
	Current asset investments	66,204,177	(13,837,947)		52,366,230
	Total	64,770,480	(13,879,738)	-	50,890,742

27 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities as at the year end.

28 Financial Risk Management Policies & Objectives

The group's principal financial instruments are cash, fund investemnts, client deposits. These financial instruments arise directly from the operations of the group. The company's policy is that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken for financing purposes.

Interest rate risk

The group has no external term debt. There is no bank overdraft facility, (2015; nil). The client deposits are recorded at the principal amount and are not subject to a separate interest charge. Any loans between group companies are interest free. Accordingly the company has no material exposure to interest rate risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Both the functional and presentation currency of the company and group is Euro. Client deposits and fund investments are in Euro, United States Dollars, and Swiss Francs. The company hedges these currencies by holding assets in each currency that offset the liabilities for the same currency. Significant currency mismatches may be covered by forward rate agreements with registered banks based on management's cash flow expectations. Certain items of operating expenditure may be billed to the group companies in currencies other than the Euro and accordingly the group's profit and loss account can be affected by movements in the respective exchange rates. The company has not entered into any foreign exchange forward cover for the period under review.

Commodity Price Risk

The company's exposure to commodity prise risk is minimal.

Credit risk

All investors purchasing client deposits are required to remit funds prior to being allocated a deposit account. Accordingly the company incurs relatively little credit risk. Any customers to whom credit is granted will be subject to credit verification procedures. Receivable balances will be monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the company's exposure to doubtful debts is not significant. The company's fund investments are managed and administered by banks. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the group.

Liquidity Risk

The company has no external borrowings. Any inter company loans have no fixed term of repayment. Therefore there is no significant exposure to liquidity risk in relation to borrowings. Client deposits are matched with fund investment assets in order to maintain sufficient liquid funds to meet its commitments based on historical and forecast cashflow needs.

Shareholder & Market Risk

This is an investment where the Fund Investments (the underlying asset) is dependent on the value of the stocks purchased from time to time on the instructions from Fund Managers. The value of the underlying asset is subject to market fluctuations. The normal risks of a stock-based investment in companies listed on a stock exchange exist. This includes the risk stock prices will decline after the investment is made. This could result in some of the capital invested being lost at the time the investment is sold or on redemption at the end of the investment term. The value of client deposits is dependent on the value of the stocks that make up the underlying asset. The company monitors the liquidity of all invested funds held by the company and assesses the risks at least quarterly.

Exit Risk

Client depositors are able to withdraw funds on any business trading day. Therefore exit risk is minimal.

29 Financial Instruments

All the group's financial statements are carried in the financial statements as their values or at amortised cost adjusted for any impairment in fair value. Market values have been used to determine the fair value of the Fund Investments. Market value is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on each trading day. The quoted market bid prices relate to the price quoted by the relevant fund manager being registered banks.

Interest rate risk

The only financial instrument of the group that is exposed to interest rate risk is the group's bank balance. This balance attracts interest on a floating rate.

30 Service fees

Service fees are charged by the group as agreed rates based on a deposit agreement entered into when the customer applies to invest in "profit-max", "profit-rent" or "profit-gold" products. These fees comprise placement fees, management fees and performance fees. The placement fees are

31	Related party transactions	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
•	Related Party Investments IS Profit Max Fund	10,499,147	12,281,845

Included within the total investments balance disclosed in Note 15 is a balance of Euro 10,499,147 (2015: Euro 12,281,845) invested in IS Profit Max Fund. IS Profit Max Fund is a fund incorporated in the Netherlands. It is managed by Innovative Securities Asset Management LLC, a company incorporated in the United States of America, which has common shareholding with Innovative Securities Ltd. IS Profit Max Fund is administered by Amicorp Fund Services NV, Curacao. All investments held is IS Profit Max Fund relate to Innovative Securities Limited. Innovative Securities Ltd has not incurred any investment management or other fees with IS Profit Max Fund during the year (2015: nil)

32 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Stoyan Konstantinov Stoyanov, who owns 70% of the issued share capital of the company.

Innovative International Group Ltd Detailed profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2016

	2016 Euro	2015 Euro
Sales	9,828,267	12,381,716
Cost of sales	(6,878,412)	(9,290,499)
Gross profit	2,949,855	3,091,217
Administrative expenses Other operating income	(2,194,327) 28,733	(1,584,105) 2,600
Operating profit	784,261	1,509,712
Exceptional items Interest receivable Interest payable	110 22,601 (116,252)	6 (197,107)
Profit before tax	690,720	1,312,611