BME Packaging Ltd FILLETED ACCOUNTS COVER

BME Packaging Ltd

Company No. 06743793

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 December 2018

BME Packaging Ltd DIRECTORS REPORT REGISTRAR

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was . a packaging wholesaler

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

Allan Finn Bridget Ellison Michael Ellison

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

Michael Ellison Director 15 April 2019

BME Packaging Ltd BALANCE SHEET REGISTRAR

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Company No. 06743793	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3 _	626	1,413
		626	1,413
Current assets			
Stocks	4	88,014	87,081
Debtors	5	187,331	210,725
Cash at bank and in hand		121,491	215,635
		396,836	513,441
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	(291,777)	(406,230)
Net current assets		105,059	107,211
Total assets less current liabilities		105,685	108,624
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	7 _	<u>-</u>	(58)
Net assets	_	105,685	108,566
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		24	24
Profit and loss account	8	105,661	108,542
Total equity	_	105,685	108,566

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 15 April 2019

And signed on its behalf by:

Michael Ellison

Director

BME Packaging Ltd NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Leasehold land and buildings 10% Straight line
Plant and machinery 25% Straight line
Motor vehicles 25% Straight line

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

2 Employees

	2018	2017
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year :	1	1

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost or revaluation				
At 1 January 2018	2,600	29,742	12,270	44,612
At 31 December 2018	2,600	29,742	12,270	44,612
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2018	2,340	28,589	12,270	43,199
Charge for the year	260	527	-	787
At 31 December 2018	2,600	29,116	12,270	43,986
Net book values				
At 31 December 2018	-	626	-	626
At 31 December 2017	260	1,153		1,413
4 Stocks				
		2018		2017
		£		£
Finished goods		88,014		87,081
	_	88,014	_	87,081
5 Debtors				
		2018		2017
		£		£
Trade debtors		185,378		209,292
Prepayments and accrued income	_	1,953		1,433
	_	187,331	_	210,725

6 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	70,019	97,558
Corporation tax	21,641	26,725
Other taxes and social security	35,226	33,393
Loans from directors	153,831	226,771
Other creditors	10,560	21,285
Accruals and deferred income	500	498
	291,777	406,230

7 Provisions for liabilities

Deferred taxation

	Accelerated	
	Capital	
	Allowances,	
	Losses and	
	Other Timing	
	Differences	Total
	£	£
At 1 January 2018	58	58
Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	(58)	(58)
	2018	2017
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	-	58
		58

8 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

9 Related party disclosures

Controlling party

Immediate controlling party

Michael Ellison, Bridget Ellison, Allan Finn

10 Additional information

Its registered number is:

06743793

Its registered office is:

Unit 11

Moorland Gate Business Park

Chorley

PR6 9FE

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