UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

30 JUNE 2013



A19 02/10/2013
COMPANIES HOUSE

#385

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 June 2013

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 June 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		16,485	11,215
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors		87,449	26,259
Cash at bank and in hand		5,226	11,728
		92,675	37,987
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		(40,668)	(11,685)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		52,007	26,302
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		68,492	37,517
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(3,297)	(2,244)
		65,195	35,273
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	3	3	3
Profit and loss account	•	65,192	35,270
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		65,195	35,273
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The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 26/9/13, and are signed on their behalf by

Mr J MWellington

Company Registration Number 06729847

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 June 2013

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account is derived from ordinary activities and represents the value of work done in the financial year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment

20% Straight line

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 June 2013

2. FIXED ASSETS

3.

				Tangible Assets £
COST				_
At 1 July 2012 Additions				20,266 10,836
At 30 June 2013				31,102
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 July 2012 Charge for year				9,051 5,566
At 30 June 2013				14,617
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 June 2013				16,485
At 30 June 2012				11,215
SHARE CAPITAL				
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2013 No	£	2012 No	£
3 Ordinary Shares shares of £1 each	3	£ 3	3	3