



FILE COPY

**CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF A
PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY**

Company No. 6729564

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales hereby certifies that

1066 POOLS LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 1985 as a private company and that the company is limited.

Given at Companies House on **21st October 2008**



N06729564Q



Companies House
— for the record —



THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

000388/20

The Companies Acts 1985 to 1989
Private Company Limited by Shares

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF
1066 POOLS LIMITED

10,000
1x1

- 1 The Company's name is "1066 Pools Limited"
- 2 The Company's registered office is situated in England or Wales
- 3 The objects of the company are to carry on business as a general company and to do all such things as are incidental to the carrying on of any trade or business by it
- 4 The liability of the members is limited
- 5 The company's share capital is £10,000 divided into 10,000 shares of £1 each

We, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a company pursuant to this Memorandum and agree to take the number of shares shown opposite our respective names

Signature, names and addresses of subscribers

Number of shares to be
Taken by subscriber

Signature



One

Name

Mr Robin Matthews

Address

55 Saxon Road
Hastings
East Sussex
TN35 5HH

Signature

Name

Address

Dated this 20th Day of October 2008

Witness to the above signatures

Signature



Name

Mr M Law

Address

15a High Street
Battle
East Sussex
TN33 0AE

TUESDAY



A69

ARX7W45A

21/10/2008

178

COMPANIES HOUSE

**The Companies Act 1985 to 1989
Private Company Limited by Shares**

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF
1066 POOLS LIMITED**

INTERPRETATION

- 1 In these articles -
 'the Act' means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force
 'the articles' means these articles
 'clear days' in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notices given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect
 'executed' includes any mode of execution
 'office' means the registered office of the company
 'the holder' in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of shares
 'the seal' means the common seal of the company
 'secretary' means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary
 'the United Kingdom' means Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these articles become binding on the company

SHARE CAPITAL

- 2 Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine
- 3 Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable at the option of the company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles
- 4 The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other
- 5 Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder
- 6 The directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of section 80 of the Companies Act 1985 to allot and grant rights to subscribe for or to convert securities into shares of the company to such persons at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as the directors may determine during the period commencing on the date of incorporation and expiring on the fifth anniversary thereof up to a maximum aggregate nominal amount of such shares of £10,100

SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 7 Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them
- 8 If a share certificate is defaced, worn-out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate

LIEN

- 9 The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this article. The company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.
- 10 The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
- 11 To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- 12 The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

- 13 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made.
- 14 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed.
- 15 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
- 16 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call, or if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.
- 17 An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.
- 18 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.
- 19 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- 20 If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
- 21 Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument or transfer of the share to that person.
- 22 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those

moneys before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal

- 23 A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 24 The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee

- 25 (a) (i) A person whether a member of the company or not ('the proposing transferor') proposing to transfer any shares shall give a notice in writing (a 'transfer notice')

- 26) to the company that he desires to transfer such shares, and the transfer notice shall constitute the company his agent for the sale of all (but not a part only) of the shares specified in the notice to any member or members at the prescribed price (as defined below) A transfer notice once received by the company shall not be revocable without the prior consent of the directors

(ii) if within a period of 28 days after receiving a transfer notice the company finds a member or members ('the purchaser') willing to purchase all the shares specified in the transfer notice the company shall give written notice of the fact to the proposing transferor and he shall be bound upon payment of the prescribed price to transfer those shares to the purchaser,

(iii) every notice given by the company under the proceeding paragraph stating that it has found a purchaser for the shares specified in the transfer notice shall state the name and address of the purchaser and the number of shares which he has agreed to purchase The purchase shall be completed at a place and time to be appointed by the company, not being more than 28 days after the prescribed price shall have been agreed or determined under paragraph 25 (a)(vi) of this article For the purpose of determining the right to any distribution by the company, the proposing transferor shall be deemed to have sold such shares on the date of the notice so given by the company,

(iv) if the proposing transferor, after having become bound to transfer any shares to a purchaser, fails to do so, the directors may authorise some person to sign an instrument of transfer on behalf of the proposing transferor in favour of the purchaser, and the company may receive the purchase money, and shall at that time cause the name of the purchaser to be entered in the register as the holder of the shares and shall hold the purchase money in trust for the proposing transferor The receipt of the company for the purchase money shall be a good discharge to the purchaser, who shall not be bound to see to its application, and after his name has been entered in the register the validity of the proceedings shall not be questioned by any person,

(v) if within a period of 28 days after receiving a transfer notice ('the prescribed period') the company shall not find purchasers for all the shares specified in the transfer notice, and gives notice in writing to that effect to the proposing transferor, or if the company within the prescribed period gives to the proposing transferor notice in writing that it has no prospect of finding such purchasers, the proposing transferor shall be at liberty, until the expiration of four months after the end of the prescribed period, to transfer all or any of the shares specified in the transfer notice to any person and at any price, or by way of gift; provided that, if the directors shall so resolve, the company may when giving notice under this paragraph inform the proposing transferor that the company will, subject to and in accordance with the provisions of chapter VII of part V of the Act, as soon as practicable purchase all the shares specified in the transfer notice at the prescribed price, and such notice shall be binding upon the company and the proposing transferor, who shall respectively take all steps within their power for carrying such purchase into effect,

(vi) if within one month after the receipt by the proposing transferor of a notice given by the company under paragraph 25(a)(i) of this article he shall have agreed with the other purchaser a price per share for any shares then that price shall be the prescribed price of those shares For any other shares, the auditors for the time being of the company or (if the proposing transferor shall so request) some other chartered accountant nominated by the President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England shall determine the fair value of such shares, the value so determined being the prescribed price for those shares and in determining the prescribed price they or he shall have the power to determine how the costs of fixing it shall be borne In making the determination the auditors

or the chartered accountant nominated by the President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants shall act as an expert and not as an arbitrator and their or his determination shall be final and binding

(vi) all shares comprised in any transfer notice shall be offered by the company in the first instance for sale at the prescribed price to all members holding shares of the same class as those comprised (other than the proposing transferor) on the terms that in case of competition the shares so offered shall be sold to the members accepting the offer in proportion (as nearly as may be) to their existing holdings of such shares. All offers of shares under this paragraph shall be made in writing and sent by prepaid post to the members at their respective registered addresses, and shall limit a time (not being less than 21 days) within which the offer must be accepted or in default will be treated as declined

(b) The directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor decline to register any transfer of any share including any transfer which would otherwise be permitted under the proceeding provisions of this article

- 27 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal
- 28 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine
- 29 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument or transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share
- 30 The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 31 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him
- 32 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred
- 33 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- 34 The company may by ordinary resolution –
 - (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes,
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares,
 - (c) subject to the provision of the Act, sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that as between the shares resulting from the sub-division, any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others, and
 - (d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled
- 35 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those member, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the direction of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale

- 36 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any reference reserve and any share premium account in any way

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

- 37 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and, if it is a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 38 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings
- 39 The directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 40 An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed –
- (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and
 - (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right
- the notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors
- 41 The accidental omission to give notice to a meeting to, or the non receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING

- 42 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum
- 43 If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine
- 44 The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman
- 45 If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman
- 46 A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company
- 47 The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice

- 48 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded –
 - (a) by the chairman, or
 - (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting, or
 - (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meetings, or
 - (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right,and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member
- 49 Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution
- 50 The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made
- 51 A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded
- 52 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman shall not be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have
- 53 A Poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made
- 54 No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken
- 55 A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 56 Subject to any right or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder
- 57 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members
- 58 A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable
- 59 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid
- 60 No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive

61 On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion

62 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behalf of the appointed and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve) -

PLC/Limited

I/We, _____ of _____ being a
member/members of the above-named company, hereby appoint _____ of
_____, or failing him, _____ of _____ as
my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general
meeting of the company to be held
on _____ 19_____, and at any adjournment thereof

Signed _____ on _____ 19_____,

63 Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve) -

PLC/Limited

I/We, _____, of _____, being a
member/members of the above-named company, hereby appoint _____ of
_____, or failing him, _____ of _____
_____, as my/our proxy to vote in my/our

name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the company, to be held on
19_____, and at any adjournment thereof This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions
mentioned below as follows

Resolution No 1 *for *against

Resolution No 2 *for* against

• *strike out whichever is not desired

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain voting

Signed this _____ day of _____ 19_____,

64 the instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notanally or in some other way approved by the directors may -

- (a) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or
- (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, or
- (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after is was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director, and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid

65 A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

66 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than one

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

67 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him

68 An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all

- the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.
- 69 An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a director, but is a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of a alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment,
- 70 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the directors
- 71 Save as otherwise provided in the articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 72 Subject to the provision of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors
- 73 The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

- 74 The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 75 No person shall be appointed a director at any general meeting unless –
- (a) he is recommended by the directors, or
 - (b) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment stating the particulars which would, if he were appointed, be required to include in the company's register of directors with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed
- 76 Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person who is recommended by the directors for appointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of the person which would, if he were so appointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors
- 77 Subject as aforesaid, the company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act as a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director
- 78 The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting. If not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 79 The office of a director shall be vacated if –
- (a) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
 - (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally, or
 - (c) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either –

- (i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or, in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960, or
- (ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs, or
- (d) he resigns his office by notice to the company, or
- (e) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

- 80 The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and, unless the resolution provides otherwise, the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day

DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

- 81 The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

- 82 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation
- 83 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office –
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested
 - (b) May be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested, and
 - (c) Shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derived from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit
- 84 For the purposes of article 82 –
- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified, and
 - (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

- 85 The directors may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor in business of the company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 86 Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the secretary at the request of the director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.
- 87 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum.
- 88 The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 89 The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office, or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 90 All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person has been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.
- 91 A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors, but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director, it need not be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.
- 92 Save as otherwise provided by the articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company unless his interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragraphs –
- (a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee, security, or indemnity in respect of money lent to, or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of, the company or any of its subsidiaries,
 - (b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party a guarantee, security, or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security,
 - (c) his interest arises by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, debentures or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries, or by virtue of his being, or intending to become, a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares, debentures, or other securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription, purchase or exchange,
 - d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement scheme which has been approved, or is conditional upon approval, by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes.
- For the purposes of this article, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this article becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise.
- 93 A director shall be counted in the quorum present at a meeting notwithstanding that at the meeting he is not entitled to vote on a resolution.
- 94 The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors.

- 95 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment
- 96 If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive

SECRETARY

- 97 There being no requirement for a company secretary any appointment would be at the discretion of the board of directors, for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them

MINUTES

- 98 The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books for the purpose –
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors, and
 - (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company, of the holders of any class of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committee of directors, including the names of the directors present at each such meeting

THE SEAL

- 99 The seal shall only be used by the authority or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director

DIVIDENDS

- 100 Subject to the provision of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors
- 101 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights
- 102 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly
- 103 A general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees
- 104 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or, if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of death or bankruptcy of the holder, to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share

- 105 No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share
- 106 Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the company

ACCOUNTS

- 107 No member shall (as such) have any rights of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

- 108 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the company –
- (a) subject to hereinafter provided, resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve,
 - (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct in those proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other, but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this article, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid
 - (c) Make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this article in fractions, and
 - (d) Authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members

NOTICES

- 109 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing
- 110 The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company
- 111 A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it were called
- 112 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title
- 113 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted
- 114 A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by the articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them by name, or by title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred

WINDING UP

- 115 If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

- 116 subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company.

Signatures, names and addresses of subscribers.

1

Signature



Name Mr Robin Matthews


Address 55 Saxon Road

Hastings

East Sussex, TN35 5HH

Witness to the above signatures

Signature



Name Mr M Law

Address 15a High Street

Battle

East Sussex TN33 0AE

2

Signature

Name

Address

Dated this 20th day of October 2008

Please complete in typescript,
or in bold black capitals

Declaration on application for registration

CHFP016

Company Name in full

1066 Pools Ltd

I, Robin Matthews

of 55 Saxon Road, Hastings, East Sussex, TN35 5HH

† Please delete as appropriate

do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am a ~~† Solicitor engaged in the formation of the company~~ [person named as director or secretary of the company in the statement delivered to the Registrar under section 10 of the Companies Act 1985] and that all the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 in respect of the registration of the above company and of matters precedent and incidental to it have been complied with

And I make this solemn Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Statutory Declarations Act 1835

Declarant's signature



Declared at Battle, East Sussex

On

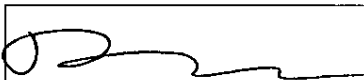
Day	Month	Year
20	10	2008

(1) Please print name

before me (1) David Lloyd

Wykeham Hurlford Sheppard and Son
Solicitors
6 High Street Battle
East Sussex TN33 0AE

Signed



Date

20/10/2008

†

A Commissioner for Oaths/Notary Public/Justice of the Peace/Solicitor

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help Companies House to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record

MVL Business Services

15a High Street Battle

East Sussex

Tel 01424 775209

DX number

DX exchange

Companies House receipt date barcode

When you have completed and signed the form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at
Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff
for companies registered in England and Wales or
Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EB
for companies registered in Scotland

DX 235 Edinburgh or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2

10/03

Please complete in typescript,
or in bold black capitals.

CHFP016

First directors and secretary and intended situation of registered office

Notes on completion appear on final page

Company Name in full

1066 Pools Ltd

Proposed Registered Office

15a High Street

(PO Box numbers only, are not acceptable)

Post town

Battle

County / Region

East Sussex

Postcode

TN33 0AE

If the memorandum is delivered by an agent
for the subscriber(s) of the memorandum
mark the box opposite and give the agent's
name and address

Agent's Name

Address

Post town

County / Region

Postcode

Number of continuation sheets attached

You do not have to give any contact
information in the box opposite but if
you do, it will help Companies House
to contact you if there is a query on
the form. The contact information
that you give will be visible to
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Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EB
for companies registered in Scotland

DX 235 Edinburgh
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2

Company Secretary (see notes 1-5)

Company name

NAME *Style / Title

*Honours etc

*Voluntary details

Forename(s)

Surname

Previous forename(s)

Previous surname(s)

Address††

†† Tick this box if the address shown is a service address for the beneficiary of a Confidentiality Order granted under section 723B of the Companies Act 1985. Otherwise, give your usual residential address. In the case of a corporation or Scottish firm, give the registered or principal office address.

Post town

County / Region

Postcode

Country

I consent to act as secretary of the company named on page 1

Consent signature

Date

Directors (see notes 1-5)

Please list directors in alphabetical order

NAME *Style / Title

Mr

*Honours etc

Forename(s)

Robin Joseph

Surname

Matthews

Previous forename(s)

Previous surname(s)

Address††

†† Tick this box if the address shown is a service address for the beneficiary of a Confidentiality Order granted under section 723B of the Companies Act 1985. Otherwise, give your usual residential address. In the case of a corporation or Scottish firm, give the registered or principal office address.

Post town

County / Region

Postcode

Country

55 Saxon Road

Hastings

East Sussex

TN35 5HH

England

Day Month Year

Date of birth

1 1 0 3 1 9 6 7

Nationality

British

Business occupation

DIRECTOR

Other directorships

Athena Spas & Pools Ltd 05308662

I consent to act as director of the company named on page 1

Consent signature

Date

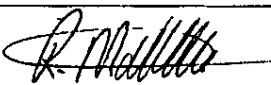
20/10/2008

Directors (continued) (see notes 1-5)

Please list directors in alphabetical order

NAME	*Style / Title	<input type="text"/>	*Honours etc	<input type="text"/>					
* Voluntary details									
	Forenames(s)	<input type="text"/>							
	Surname	<input type="text"/>							
	Previous forename(s)	<input type="text"/>							
	Previous surname(s)	<input type="text"/>							
†† Tick this box if the address shown is a service address for the beneficiary of a Confidentiality Order granted under section 723B of the Companies Act 1985. Otherwise, give your usual residential address. In the case of a corporation or Scottish firm, give the registered or principal office address.	Address††	<input type="text"/>							
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>							
	Post town	<input type="text"/>							
	County / Region	<input type="text"/>	Postcode	<input type="text"/>					
	Country	<input type="text"/>							
	Date of birth	<table border="1"><tr><td>Day</td><td>Month</td><td>Year</td></tr><tr><td><input type="text"/></td><td><input type="text"/></td><td><input type="text"/></td></tr></table>	Day	Month	Year	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Nationality
Day	Month	Year							
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>							
	Business occupation	<input type="text"/>							
	Other directorships	<input type="text"/>							
		<input type="text"/>							
I consent to act as director of the company named on page 1									
	Consent signature	<input type="text"/>	Date	<input type="text"/>					

This section must be signed by either an agent on behalf of all subscribers or the subscribers (i.e. those who signed as members on the memorandum of association).

Signed**Date****Signed****Date**

20/10/2008

Signed**Date****Signed****Date****Signed****Date****Signed****Date****Signed****Date**

NOTES

- 1 Show for an individual the full forename(s) NOT INITIALS and surname together with any previous forename(s) or surname(s) If the director or secretary is a corporation or Scottish firm - show the corporate or firm name on the surname line
Give previous forename(s) or surname except that
 - for a married woman, the name by which she was known before marriage need not be given,
 - names not used since the age of 18 or for at least 20 years need not be givenA peer, or an individual known by a title, may state the title instead of or in addition to the forename(s) and surname and need not give the name by which that person was known before he or she adopted the title or succeeded to it
Address
Give the usual residential address
In the case of a corporation or Scottish firm give the registered or principal office
Subscribers
The form must be signed personally either by the subscriber(s) or by a person or persons authorised to sign on behalf of the subscriber(s)
- 2 Directors known by another description
 - A director includes any person who occupies that position even if called by a different name, for example, governor, member of council
- 3 Directors' details
 - Show for each individual director the director's date of birth, business occupation and nationality
 - **The date of birth must be given for every individual director**
- 4 Other directorships
 - Give the name of every company of which the person concerned is a director or has been a director at any time in the past 5 years You may exclude a company which either **is** or at **all times during the past 5 years**, when the person was a director, **was**:
 - dormant,
 - a parent company which wholly owned the company making the return,
 - a wholly owned subsidiary of the company making the return, or
 - another wholly owned subsidiary of the same parent companyIf there is insufficient space on the form for other directorships you may use a separate sheet of paper, which should include the company's number and the full name of the director
- 5 Use Form 10 continuation sheets or photocopies of page 2 to provide details of joint secretaries or additional directors