

Registered number
06722195

John Hatto Butchers Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2018

John Hatto Butchers Limited**Registered number:** 06722195**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	4,000	8,000
Tangible assets	4	397,004	413,562
		<u>401,004</u>	<u>421,562</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		3,750	5,000
Debtors	5	133,334	95,276
Cash at bank and in hand		622,494	477,266
		<u>759,578</u>	<u>577,542</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(141,512)	(117,513)
Net current assets		<u>618,066</u>	<u>460,029</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,019,070</u>	<u>881,591</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(9,647)	(12,793)
Net assets		<u>1,009,423</u>	<u>868,798</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		1,009,421	868,796
Shareholders' funds		<u>1,009,423</u>	<u>868,798</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

J C Hatto

Director

Approved by the board on 8 November 2018

John Hatto Butchers Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2018	2017
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
3 Intangible fixed assets		£
Goodwill:		
Cost		
At 1 April 2017		<u>40,000</u>
At 31 March 2018		<u>40,000</u>
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2017		32,000
Provided during the year		<u>4,000</u>
At 31 March 2018		<u>36,000</u>
Net book value		
At 31 March 2018		<u>4,000</u>
At 31 March 2017		<u>8,000</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 10

years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2017	346,233	34,262	135,072	515,567
Additions	-	366	-	366
At 31 March 2018	<u>346,233</u>	<u>34,628</u>	<u>135,072</u>	<u>515,933</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017	-	22,837	79,168	102,005
Charge for the year	-	2,948	13,976	16,924
At 31 March 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>25,785</u>	<u>93,144</u>	<u>118,929</u>
Net book value				
At 31 March 2018	<u>346,233</u>	<u>8,843</u>	<u>41,928</u>	<u>397,004</u>
At 31 March 2017	346,233	11,425	55,904	413,562

5 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	127,443	87,032
Other debtors	5,891	8,244
	<u>133,334</u>	<u>95,276</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	50,139	38,747
Corporation tax	46,452	35,026
Other taxes and social security costs	2,792	2,097
Other creditors	42,129	41,643
	<u>141,512</u>	<u>117,513</u>

7 Other information

John Hatto Butchers Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

116 Frimley Road
Camberley
Surrey
GU15 2QN

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