# **ACLARDIAN LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

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# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2015

		20	15	2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	2		269,508		307,526
Tangible assets	2		717,028		16,061
			986,536		323,587
Current assets					
Stocks		25,942		22,128	
Debtors		110,635		103,956	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,799		32,976	
		166,376		159,060	
Creditors: amounts falling due within		(400.744)		(74.040)	
one year		(122,744) ———		(71,840)	
Net current assets			43,632		87,220
Total assets less current liabilities			1,030,168		410,807
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year			(767,019) ————		(109,000)
			263,149		301,807
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		199,957		199,957
Share premium account			393,423		393,423
Profit and loss account			(330,231)		(291,573)
Shareholders' funds			263,149		301,807
			-		

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

#### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2015

For the financial year ended 30 September 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved by the Board for issue on 17 March 2016

Dr D J W Roach

Director

Company Registration No. 06720906

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The directors have considered the trading and cashflow requirements for the period 12 months from the signing of the financial statements. These show that with the continued support of the shareholders, the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

In addition the directors have confirmed that they will provide support as required for the foreseeable future. The directors have no reason to believe that this support will not be available and have therefore prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### 1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of vat and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised once the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance.

#### 1.4 Research and development

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred. Development expenditure is written off in the same way unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period during which the company is expected to benefit. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Development costs capitalised are amortised from the date at which the product sales commence, on a straight line basis over their expected useful life which has currently been assessed by the directors as being 10 years from the commencement of sale date.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets other than freehold land are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings Freehold

0%

Plant and machinery Computer equipment 25% straight line

33% reducing balance

#### 1.6 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due consideration for obsolete and slow moving stock.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different to those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider it more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### 2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets	Tangible assets	Total
04	£	£	£
	200.470	00.000	400 404
	380,176		408,484
Additions	<del></del>	706,080	706,080
At 30 September 2015	380,176	734,388	1,114,564
Depreciation			_
At 1 October 2014	72,650	12,247	84,897
Charge for the year	38,018	5,113	43,131
At 30 September 2015	110,668	17,360	128,028
Net book value			
At 30 September 2015	269,508	717,028	986,536
At 30 September 2014	307,526	16,061	323,587
Shara agnital		2015	2014
Snare capital		2015 £	2014 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid			
		199,957	199,957
	Depreciation At 1 October 2014 Charge for the year At 30 September 2015 Net book value At 30 September 2015	Cost At 1 October 2014 380,176 Additions At 30 September 2015 380,176  Depreciation At 1 October 2014 72,650 Charge for the year 38,018  At 30 September 2015 110,668  Net book value At 30 September 2015 269,508  At 30 September 2014 307,526  Share capital  Allotted, called up and fully paid	Cost         At 1 October 2014       380,176       28,308         Additions       - 706,080         At 30 September 2015       380,176       734,388         Depreciation         At 1 October 2014       72,650       12,247         Charge for the year       38,018       5,113         At 30 September 2015       110,668       17,360         Net book value         At 30 September 2015       269,508       717,028         At 30 September 2014       307,526       16,061         Share capital       2015         £       Allotted, called up and fully paid

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2015

### 4 Ultimate parent company

The company is controlled by Avlar Limited, a company incorporated in England, by virtue of its controlling shareholding.