

Registered Number 06719988

APG EQUINE LTD

Abbreviated Accounts

30 November 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	12,956	15,053
		<u>12,956</u>	<u>15,053</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		-	8,347
Cash at bank and in hand		126	146
		<u>126</u>	<u>8,493</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		<u>(76,534)</u>	<u>(75,456)</u>
Net current assets (liabilities)		<u>(76,408)</u>	<u>(66,963)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(63,452)</u>	<u>(51,910)</u>
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(3,011)</u>	<u>(3,011)</u>
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u><u>(66,463)</u></u>	<u><u>(54,921)</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account		<u>(66,465)</u>	<u>(54,923)</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>(66,463)</u></u>	<u><u>(54,921)</u></u>

- For the year ending 30 November 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 23 August 2017

And signed on their behalf by:
Mrs A M Penny, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 30 November 2016**1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the financial reporting standard for Smaller Entities effective January 2015.

Turnover policy

Turnover represents the total invoice value excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal installments over its estimated useful economic life of 6 years.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery - 8 years straight line

Motor vehicles - 12 years straight line

Other accounting policies**Leasing and hire purchase commitments**

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of

overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Going concern

In the opinion of the directors, the going concern basis is appropriate. The directors, who have considered a period of at least twelve months from the date the financial statements will be approved and are confident that company performance will continue to improve over the next twelve months, enabling it to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 December 2015	32,169
Additions	1,380
Disposals	(1,471)
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 30 November 2016	<u>32,078</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 December 2015	17,116
Charge for the year	3,229
On disposals	(1,223)
At 30 November 2016	<u>19,122</u>
Net book values	
At 30 November 2016	<u>12,956</u>
At 30 November 2015	<u>15,053</u>

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016	2015
	£	£
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

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