BIIF Bidco Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2017

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Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2017

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The Board of Directors Nigel Middleton (Resigned 21 March 2018)

John Cavill

James Dawes (Appointed 21 March 2018)

Company Secretary Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered Office Cannon Place

78 Cannon Street

London EC4N 6AF

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Level 4 Atria One

144 Morrison Street

Edinburgh EH3 8EX

Bankers Barclays

71 Lombard Street

London EC3P 3BS

Strategic Report

Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their strategic report on BIIF Bidco Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal Objectives and Strategies

The Company's principal objective is to invest in special purpose companies set up under the Government's Private Finance Initiative Scheme and other related investment activities. The Company also provides directors services to each of the special purpose vehicles in the Group comprising subsidiaries of the Company ("Group").

Review of the Business

The Company has performed in line with directors' expectations and model forecasts with the results for the year detailed in the Directors' Report.

Future Developments

The directors intend for the business to continue to hold its interests in the investments.

Key Performance Indicators

Throughout the year the directors monitor the Company's financial covenants as set out in the bank facility agreement. The key conditions reviewed being debt service cover ratio and project life cover ratio. During the year the Company successfully met these ratios and performed their payment obligations in line with the Finance Document.

Other than the above, the directors believe that further analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the performance or position of the Company.

Going Concern

The directors acknowledge that the Company is in net liabilities and that a loan due to the parent entity matures on 9 January 2019. The Company has received a letter from the parent entity stating that it does not expect that the loan will be called unless the liquidity position of the Company is adequate to justify such repayment. It is not expected that these conditions will arise in the next 12 months. The directors have also confirmed that it does not expect the parent entity to have or incur any liabilities which may require repayment of the loan due from the Company in the next 12 months.

The Company also has loans from external banks, which are secured against the cash flows from the Company's investments. The Company's budgets and cash flow projections forecast that the obligations to the lenders will be met as they fall due.

The directors are therefore satisfied that the adoption of going concern basis of preparation for the financial statements is appropriate.

Strategic Report (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Financial risk

Due to the nature of the Company's business, the financial risks the directors consider relevant to this Company are credit, cash flow, interest rate and liquidity risk. The credit and cash flow risks are not considered significant as the income is ultimately derived from established public sector counterparties.

Interest rate risk

The financial risk management objectives of the Company are to ensure that financial risks are mitigated by the use of financial instruments where they cannot be addressed by means of contractual provisions. The Company uses interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate movements. Financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes.

Liquidity risk

The Company's liquidity risk is principally managed through financing the Company by means of long-term borrowings.

Risk of underlying asset not performing

To manage this risk the key performance indicators of all the Company's investments are regularly monitored.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 2^8 June 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

James Dawes

Director

Directors' Report

Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the audited Annual Report and Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Directors

The directors who served the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as

Nigel Middleton John Cavill James Dawes

Performance Review

The result for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to £(13,809k) (2016: £(44,945k).

The results for the financial year will be transferred to reserves.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

Disclosure of Information to Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

The auditors are deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 27 June 2018 and signed by order of the board by:

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Company Secretary

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the Annual Report and Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Annual Report and Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Annual Report and Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of BIIF Bidco Limited

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

In our opinion, BIIF Bidco Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2017; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions Relating to Going Concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going
 concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the
 financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of BIIF Bidco Limited (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Reporting on Other Information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the Financial Statements and the Audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of BIIF Bidco Limited (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of This Report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other Required Reporting

Companies Act 2006 Exception Reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Mark Hoskyns-Abrahall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Edinburgh

23 June 2018

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £000	2016 £000
Administrative expenses Other operating income	5	(463) 1,967	(467) 2,050
Operating profit	6	1,504	1,583
Income from shares in Group undertakings Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses Loss before taxation	7 8 9	32,500 40,290 (91,497) (17,203)	21,174 29,257 (106,340) (54,326)
Tax on loss	10	3,394	9,381
Loss for the financial year		(13,809)	(44,945)
Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments, net of tax		6,895	(26,224)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year		(6,914)	(71,169)

All the activities of the Company are from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £000	2016 £000
Fixed assets	HOLE	2000	2000
Investments	11	480,666	471,915
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	519,487	481,761
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	22,725	25,219
Cash at bank and in hand		36,656	37,691
		578,868	544,671
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(144,263)	(109,281)
Net current assets		434,605	435,390
Total assets less current liabilities		915,271	907,305
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(1,342,688)	(1,327,808)
Net liabilities		(427,417)	(420,503)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	17	, –	_
Hedging reserve	18	(85,073)	(91,968)
Profit and loss account	18	(342,344)	(328,535)
Total shareholders' deficit		(427,417)	(420,503)

The Annual Report and Financial Statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ${\it W}$ June 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

James Dawes Director

Company registration number: 06704479

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Hedging reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total £000
At 1 January 2016	(65,744)	(283,590)	(349,334)
Loss for the financial year Other comprehensive expense for the year: Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments,		(44,945)	(44,945)
net of tax	(26,224)		(26,224)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year	(26,224)	(44,945)	(71,169)
At 31 December 2016	(91,968)	(328,535)	(420,503)
Loss for the financial year Other comprehensive income for the year: Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments,		(13,809)	(13,809)
net of tax	6,895		6,895
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year	6,895	(13,809)	(6,914)
At 31 December 2017	(85,073)	(342,344)	(427,417)

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. General Information

BIIF Bidco Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The Company's principal activity is to invest in special purpose companies set up under the Government's Private Finance Initiative Scheme and other related investment activities.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

2. Statement of Compliance

The individual financial statements of BIIF Bidco Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed further in the accounting policies.

The accounting policies stated below have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(b) Going concern

The directors acknowledge that the Company is in net liabilities and that a loan due to the parent entity matures on 9 January 2019. The Company has received a letter from the parent entity stating that it does not expect that the loan will be called unless the liquidity position of the Company is adequate to justify such repayment. It is not expected that these conditions will arise in the next 12 months. The directors have also confirmed that it does not expect the parent entity to have or incur any liabilities which may require repayment of the loan due from the Company in the next 12 months.

The Company also has loans from external banks, which are secured against the cash flows from the Company's investments. The Company's budgets and cash flow projections forecast that the obligations to the lenders will be met as they fall due.

The directors are therefore satisfied that the adoption of going concern basis of preparation for the financial statements is appropriate.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of BIIF Holdco Limited which can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (b) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

The Company is wholly owned by BIIF Holdco Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a group.

(d) Consolidation

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BIIF Parentco Limited and of its ultimate parent, BIIF L.P. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of its intermediate parent BIIF Holdco Limited which are publicly available. Therefore the Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements.

These financial statements are the Company's separate financial statements.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgments are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgments

The judgments (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

i) Hedge accounting and consideration of the fair value of derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain economic exposures in relation to movements in interest rates and movements in RPI as compared with the position that was expected at the date the underlying transaction being hedged was entered into. The Company fair values its derivative financial instruments and records the fair value of those instruments on its Statement of Financial Position. No market prices are available for these instruments and consequently the fair values are determined by calculating the present value of the estimated future cashflows based on observable yield curves. There is also a judgment on whether an economic hedge relationship exists in order to achieve hedge accounting. Appropriate documentation has been prepared detailing the economic relationship between the hedging instrument and the underlying loan being hedged.

ii) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Judgment is required in the case of the recognition of deferred taxation assets, the Directors have to form an opinion as to whether it is probable that the deferred taxation asset recognised is recoverable against future taxable profits arising. This exercise of judgment requires the Directors to consider forecast information over a long time horizon having regard to the risks that the forecasts may not be achieved and then form a reasonable opinion as to the recoverability of the deferred taxation asset.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and/or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compares that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Accounting Policies (continued)

generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

(f) Income tax

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

i) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. The directors periodically evaluate positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is also recognised on the revaluations of derivative financial instruments, with the movements going through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the deferred tax asset or liability.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of six months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

(h) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Under the effective interest rate method, any transaction fees, costs, discounts and premiums directly related to the borrowings are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the life of the borrowings. Borrowings with maturities greater than twelve months after the reporting date are classified as non-current liabilities.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Investments

Investments are shown at cost less any provision for diminution in value.

Investments include the cost of a premium paid to acquire the rights to advance subordinated loans to Group undertakings less any provision for any diminution in value.

(j) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely are independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

(k) Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and subsequently at amortised cost, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the Statement of Financial Position. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

(I) Hedge accounting

The Company has entered into an arrangement with third parties that is designed to hedge future cash flows arising on variable rate interest loan arrangements, with the net effect of exchanging the cash flows arising under those arrangements for a stream of fixed interest cash flows ("interest rate swaps"). The Company has also entered into an arrangement with third parties that is designed to hedge future cash receipts arising from its principal activity (RPI swaps). The Company has designated that this arrangement is a hedge of another (non-derivative) financial instrument, to mitigate the impact of potential volatility on the Company's net cash flows.

To qualify for hedge accounting, documentation is prepared specifying the hedging strategy, the component transactions and methodology used for effectiveness measurement. Changes in the carrying value of financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows ("cash flow hedges") are recognised directly in a hedging reserve in equity and any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Amounts deferred in equity in respect of cash flow hedges are subsequently recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the same period in which the hedged item affects net profit or loss or the hedging relationship is terminated and the underlying position being hedged has been extinguished.

4. Particulars of Employees and Directors

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the financial year, including the directors, amounted to nil (2016: nil). The directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2016: £nil).

5. Other Operating Income

	2017	2016
	2000	£000
Other operating income	1,967	2,050

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

6. Operating Profit

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging:		
	2017	2016
	£000	000£

Fees payable for the audit of the annual report and financial statements 7 7

In addition to the Company's own audit fee, it has also borne the audit fee for a number of other Group companies amounting to £102,187 (2016: £121,861).

7. Income from Shares in Group Undertakings

	2017	2016
	0003	£000
Income from Group undertakings	32,500	21,174

8. Other Interest Receivable and Similar Income

	2000	£000
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	17	_
Interest from Group undertakings	28,699	29,257
Gain on financial instruments	11,574	_
	40,290	29,257

2017

2016

9. Interest Payable and Similar Expenses

	2017	2016
	000£	£000
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	37,809	39,573
Interest due to Group undertakings	53,652	51,108
Loss on financial instruments	· -	15,659
Other interest payable and similar expenses	36	_
	91,497	106,340

10. Tax on Loss

Major components of tax income

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Current tax: UK current tax income Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(2,725) (1,750)	(8,464) (1,094)
Total current tax	(4,475)	(9,558)

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

10. Tax on Loss (continued)

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Impact of change in tax rate Adjustment in respect of prior periods	1,271 (148) (42)	(270) 402 45
Total deferred tax	1,081	177
Tax on loss	(3,394)	(9,381)

Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss for the year is lower than (2016: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016: 20%).

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Loss before taxation	(17,203)	(54,326)
Loss by rate of tax	(3,311)	(10,865)
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(1,792)	(1,050)
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,646	-
Effect of different UK tax rates on some earnings	(148)	402
Utilisation of tax losses	(93)	1,640
Income not assessable for tax purposes	(6,255)	(4,235)
Non-trading transfer pricing adjustments	4,559	4,727
Total tax credit	(3,394)	(9,381)

Legislation introduced by Finance (No.2) Act 2017 restricts the offset of brought forward losses to 50% of current year taxable profits arising after 31 March 2017. Corporation tax is charged on the remaining 50%.

11. Investments

	Shares in	Loans to	
	Group	Group	
	undertakings	undertakings	Total
	£000	£000	£000
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	352,066	119,849	471,915
Additions	_	13,342	13,342
Other movements	_	(4,591)	(4,591)
At 31 December 2017	352,066	128,600	480,666
Impairment			
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017			_
At I danuary 2017 and 31 December 2017		_	

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

11. Investments (continued)

	Shares in Group undertakings £000	Loans to Group undertakings £000	Total £000
Carrying amount At 31 December 2017	352,066	128,600	480,666
At 31 December 2016	352,066	119,849	471,915

Loans to Group undertakings are unsecured and would rank above ordinary shareholders but below all other creditors of the entity. The loans do not have repayment profiles and receive interest between the range of 7.5% and 14.04%.

Investments in Group undertakings are stated at cost and are listed in notes 21 and 22.

12. Debtors

Debtors amounts falling due within one year are as follows:

,	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	519,486	481,761
Other debtors	1	_
	519,487	481,761
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year are as follows:		
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Deferred tax asset	22,725	25,219

The amounts owed by Group undertakings relate to trading balances of £325,939K (2016: £315,718K) that bear interest at 8.4%, accrued interest of £191,173K (2016: £164,711K), and other trading balances of £2,374K (2016: £2,332K) that bear no interest and are repayable on demand.

13. Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within One Year

	2017	2016
	2000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts	19,666	15,477
Trade creditors	11	_
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	118,785	93,498
Accruals and deferred income	321	206
Corporation tax	5,384	_
Taxation and social security	96	100
	144,263	109,281

The amounts owed to Group undertakings relate to trading balances of £43,310K (2016: £47,183K) that bear interest at 8.4%, Group tax relief of £16,534K (2016: £16,914k), and accrued interest of £58,941K (2016: £29,401K) which attract no interest and are repayable on demand.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

14. Creditors: Amounts Falling due after More than One Year

	2017	2016
	0003	0003
Bank loans and overdrafts	479,396	499,062
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	643,537	589,109
Derivative financial liability	219,755	239,637
	1,342,688	1,327,808

The Company has two bank loan facilities. Facility A £483,507,000 which expires on 31 December 2025, and Facility B £50,000,000 which is scheduled to be fully repaid by 31 December 2035. The loan facilities have principal payments due on a six monthly basis. The Company has interest rate swap arrangements in respect of Facility A and under these arrangements the Company receives interest on a variable basis and pays interest at 7.008%. Facility B has a fixed lending rate of 4.182%. The facilities are secured against the cash flows from the Company's equity and loan investments.

Unamortised issue costs outstanding amount to £9,088K (2016:£9,957K)

The Company has received loans totalling £643,537K (2016: £589,109K) from its parent undertaking. These loans are due for repayment on 9 January 2019, are unsecured and bear interest at 8%.

15. Deferred Tax

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Included in debtors (note 12)	22,725	25,219
The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences	in respect of:	
· ·	2017	2016
Deferred toy fair value gains/leases on derivatives	£000	£000
Deferred tax - fair value gains/losses on derivatives Deferred tax - change in basis adjustments - adoption of FRS102	25,711 (2,986)	28,684 (3,465)
Deletted tax - change in basis adjustments - adoption of 1113102	(2,900)	(3,403)
	22,725	25,219

The Company's tax losses as at 31 December 2017 amount to £60,875K (2016: £112,360K). The resultant deferred tax asset of £10,349K (2016: £19,101K) has not been recognised due to uncertainties as to the extent and timing of its future recovery.

16. Financial Instruments

The interest rate and RPI swaps are measured at fair value, which is determined using valuation techniques that utilise observable inputs. The key assumptions used in valuing the derivatives are the forward interest rate curves for GBP LIBOR and forward RPI curves.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

17. Called Up Share Capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2017		2016	
	No.	£000	No.	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	_	1	_

18. Reserves

Hedging reserve - This reserve records fair value movements on cash flow and net investment hedging instruments.

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

19. Related Party Transactions

The Company is wholly owned by BIIF Parentco Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a Group.

The following disclosures are with entities in the Group that are not wholly owned:

The Company has a loan receivable from Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited of £3,043K (2016: £3,268K), with whom it owns 80% of the share capital. The interest for the year amounted to £435K (2016: £465K).

The Company has a 55% investment in Reno (Tay) Limited, and during the year received dividends of £510K (2016: £595K).

20. Controlling Party

The immediate parent undertaking is BIIF Parentco Limited.

The intermediate parent undertaking is BIF Holdco Limited, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest Group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of BIF Holdco Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The ultimate parent and controlling party is BIIF L.P. BIIF L.P. is owned by a number of investors with no one investor having individual control.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

21. Investments in Subsidiaries

The companies listed below are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and all investments are in ordinary shares:

Registered Office - Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF

A-Roads Investments Limited

Adams Campus Limited

AM Holdco Limited

BIIF Holdco III Limited

Black Hill Topco Limited

Black Hill Holdings Limited

Diack mill moldings Limited

Black Hill Wind Farm Limited

CH Bolton Limited

CH Bolton (Holdings) Limited

Cricketdrift Limited

Defence Management Group (Holdings) Limited

Defence Management (Holdings) Limited

Defence Management (Watchfield) Limited

Duchesspark Holdings Limited

Duchesspark Limited

Durham Investments Holdco Limited

Elbon Holdings (1) Limited

Elbon Holdings (2) Limited

Elbon Holdings (3) Limited

Elbon PFI Fund (Investments) Limited

ERI Holdings Limited

HSC Investments Limited

HpC King's College Hospital (Holdings) Limited

HpC King's College Hospital (Issuer) plc

HpC King's College Hospital Limited

12 Bidco Limited

I2 Holdco 2 Limited

12 Holdco Limited

Infrastructure Investors Limited

International Water (Highland) Limited

International Water (Tay) Limited

Investment Holdings (Genistics) Limited

IWL Moray Montrose Limited

IWUUHH Limited

Kilmarnock PFI Holdings Limited

Kilmarnock Prison Services Limited

Lanterndew Limited

Lowdham Grange Prison Services Limited

M1-A1 Investments Limited

M1-A1 Yorkshire Limited

Matrix FPMS Holdings Limited

Matrix FPMS Limited

Matrix PFI Developments Limited

Matrix PFI GP Limited

Matrix PFI Holdings Limited

Matrix Premier Holdings Limited

Moreton Prison Services Limited

Newschools (Penweddig) Holdings Limited

Newschools (Penweddig) Limited

Nuffield Albion Healthcare Limited

NVSH TopCo Limited

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

PFI Infrastructure Finance Limited

PFI Senior Funding Limited

PIF Vulcans Lane Limited

PIF West Cumbria Limited

Premier Custodial Finance Limited

Premier Custodial Investments Limited

Premier Custodial Sub-debt Limited

Pucklechurch Custodial Services Limited

Reno Water Highland Limited

Reno Water (Moray) Limited

Reno Water (Tay) Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Group Holdings Limited

SD Marine Services (Holdings) Limited

SD Marine Services Limited

TBEP Investments Limited

Tiverton Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Tiverton Healthcare Facilities Limited

VLE Holdings Limited

Vulcans Lane Estates Limited

WCEM Holdings Limited

Registered Office - 2nd Floor, 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF

ABC Schools (Holdings) Limited

ABC Schools Limited

Bannockburn Group Limited

Bannockburn Holdings Limited

Bannockburn Homes Limited

Covesea Holdings Limited

Elgin Water Limited

Forfar Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Forfar Healthcare Limited

Infrastructure Managers Limited

International Water UU (Highland) Limited

KE Project Limited

LH Project Limited

Midlothian Schools (Debtco) Limited

Midlothian Schools (Holdings) Limited

Midlothian Schools Limited

Morris Eddie Limited

NVSH Holdco Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Limited

Salisbury Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Salisbury Healthcare Facilities Limited

West Cumbria Estates Management Limited

Registered Office - 4/7 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 0DE

BIIF Offshare Windkraft Holdings Limited

Registered Office - St James Chambers, Athol Street, Douglas, Isle Of Man, IM1 1JE

PFI Infrastructure Company plc

The companies listed below are subsidiaries of the Company but are not wholly owned:-

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

1	Investment Holding %
Registered Office - 2nd Floor, 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	
Catchment Highland Holdings Limited	85
Catchment Highland Limited	85
Catchment Limited	85
Catchment Moray Holdings Limited	85
Catchment Moray Limited	85
Catchment Tay Holdings Limited	51
Catchment Tay Limited	85
Covesea Limited	54
Lochgilphead Healthcare Services (Holdings) Limited	54
Lochgilphead Healthcare Services Limited	54
Registered Office - 6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	
Connect A50 Limited	25
Connect Roads Limited	25
Registered Office - 33 Wigmore Street London, W1U 1QX	
Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited	80
Alert Communications (2006) Limited	80
Alert Communications Limited	80
Registered Office - Arnolds Cottage, Eddy Green Road, Lytchett Matravers, Poole, Dorset, BH16	
Alert Communications (Holdings) Limited	80

The above is a complete list of the Company's subsidiary undertakings. The directors consider that to give full particulars of all subsidiaries would lead to a statement of excessive length.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

22. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

	Investment Holding %
All investments held are ordinary shares:	
Registered Office - 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB	
Calderdale Hospital SPC Holdings Limited	20
Calderdale Hospital SPC Limited	20
Worcester Hospital SPC Holdings Limited	17
Worcester Hospital SPC plc	17
Registered Office - Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	
The Education Support Company (Leeds) Limited	50
The Education Support Company Holdings (Leeds) Limited	50
Modern Courts (Humberside) Limited	50
Modern Courts Holdings (Humberside) Limited	50
Modern Courts (East Anglia) Limited	50
Modern Courts Holdings (East Anglia) Limited	50
Consort Healthcare (Durham) Healthcare (Durham	50 50
Consort Healthcare (Durham) Holdings Limited Key Health Services (Addenbrookes) Limited	50
Key Health Services (Addenbrookes) Limited Key Health Services Holdings (Addenbrookes) Limited	50 50
Sheppey Route Limited	50
Sheppey Route (Holdings) Limited	50
Hounslow Highways Services Limited	50
Hounslow Highways Investment Limited	50
Hounslow Highways Investment 2 Limited	50
Manchester Schools Services Limited	25
Manchester School Services Holdings Limited	50
Road Management Services (Peterborough) Limited	42
Road Management Services (Gloucester) Limited	42
Road Management Limited	42
Road Management Group Limited	42
Road Management Consolidated Plc	42
Blue Transmission Walney 1 Limited	50
Blue Transmission Walney 1 (Holdings) Limited	50
Blue Transmission Walney 2 Limited	50
Blue Transmission Walney 2 (Holdings) Limited	50
Blue Transmission London Array Limited	50
Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal Limited	50
Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal (Holdings) Limited	50
Blue Transmission London Array (Holdings) Limited	50
Schools Capital Limited	49
Registered Office - 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH21DF	_
Summit Healthcare (Wishaw) Limited	60
Summit Holdings (Wishaw) Limited	60
Summit Finance (Wishaw) plc	60
PPP Services (North Ayrshire) Holdings Limited	30
PPP Services (North Ayrshire) Limited	30
FCC (East Ayrshire) Holdings Limited	20
FCC (East Ayrshire) Limited Stobbill Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited	20 60
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Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited Emblem Schools (Holdings) Limited Emblem Schools Limited ESP (Holdings) Limited The Edinburgh Schools Partnership Limited Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Finance Limited Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Limited Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Holdings Limited Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Investments Limited Glasgow Healthcare Facilities Limited	60 30 30 17 17 50 50 50 50
Glasgow Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited Registered Office - Quartermile One, 15 Lauriston Place, Edinburgh, EH3 9EP	50
Stirling Gateway HC Limited	50 50
Registered Office - Geneva Way, Leads Road, Hull, North Humberside, HU7 0DG Sewell Education (York) Limited Sewell Education (York) Holdings Limited	50 50
Registered Office - Westwood Way, Westwood Business Park, Coventry, CV4 8LG Lighting for Staffordshire Limited Lighting For Staffordshire Holdings Limited	40 40
Registered Office - Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BS1 4DJ Albion Healthcare (Oxford) Limited Albion Healthcare (Oxford) Holdings Limited	25 25
Registered Office - Hill Park Court, Springfield Drive, Leatherhead, Surrey, KT22 7NL Fasttrax Limited Fasttrax Holdings Limited	50 50
Registered Office - Victoria House, 1st Floor, 101 Victoria Road, Chelmsford, Essex, CM1 1JR Salford Schools Solutions Limited Salford Schools Solutions Holdco Limited	25 25
Registered Office - 6th Floor, 350 Euston Road, Regent's Place, London, NW1 3AX Connect A30/35 Limited Connect A30/A35 Holdings Limited Connect M77 / GSO plc Connect M1-A1 Limited Connect M1-A1 Holdings Limited	15 15 15 50
Registered Office - First Floor Return, 25 Merrion Square, Dublin 2 CSM PPP Services Limited CSM PPP Services (Holdings) Limited	25 25
Registered Office - c/o Cleaver Fulton Rankin, 50 Bedford Street, Belfast, BT2 7FW Bangor and Nendrum Schools Services Limited Bangor and Nendrum Schools Services Holdings Limited	20 20
Registered Office - Third Floor, Broad Quay House, Price Street, Bristol, BS1 4DJ Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited Road Management (Services Darrington) Holdings Limited Road Management Services (Finance) plc	25 25 25

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2017

Registered Office - 47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 0BD	
Blue Transmission Walney 2 Investments Limited	50
Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal Investments Limited	50
Registered Office - 73 Norman Road, Greenwich, London SE10 9qf	
City Greenwich Lewisham Rail Link plc	40
Registered Office - Rolls Royce Plc, PO BOX 31, Moor Lane, Deby, Derbyshire, DE24 8BJ	
Genistics Limited	50
Genistics Holdings Limited	50

The above is a complete list of the Company's related undertakings.

Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

Registered number 06704550

COMPANIES HOUSE EDINBURGH

27 SEP 2018

FRONT DESK

GROUP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY 6704479

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Company Information

Directors: John Cavill

James Dawes (Appointed 21 March 2018) Nigel Middleton (Resigned 21 March 2018)

Company Secretary: Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered Office: Cannon Place

78 Cannon Street

London EC4N 6AF

Independent Auditors: PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Level 4 Atria One

144 Morrison Street

Edinburgh EH3 8EX

Strategic Report

Year Ended 31 December 2017

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of BIIF Holdco Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal Objectives and Strategies

The principal activity of the Company was that of a holding company. The principal activity of the Group was the provision, operation and maintenance of various assets under the Private Finance Initiative ('PFI') and within regulated renewable energy markets.

Review of the Business

The results for the year are in line with management's current expectations with each of the Group's investments performing materially in line with the relevant financial model.

On I September 2017, the Company issued a Eurobond, listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange, totaling £38,078K which was subscribed for in full by the ultimate parent entity, BIF LP. This Eurobond bears interest at 8% per annum and falls due for repayment on 31 December 2045. On the same day all the proceeds from this issue were used to settle a Eurobond within a subsidiary company.

Future Developments

The Directors intend for the business to continue to hold its interests in the investments.

Key Performance Indicators

Group performance is measured on the basis of cash flows, both for shareholders and lenders. As with all companies in this sector, detailed cash flow projections are prepared to demonstrate the ability of the business to service its debt. Current projections demonstrate that the business can continue to maintain its debt service cover ratios at the base case levels agreed with the Group's lenders and will continue to pay returns to shareholders. As such the Directors are satisfied that the Group's performance is in line with forecast and, therefore, consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

Going Concern

The Group has received loans from external banks, which are secured against the cash flows from the Group's investments together with issued Eurobonds. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following an assessment of the financial viability of each of the Group's principal investments, and also the sources of cash flow projected to be available to service the portfolio debt obligations within the Group. This assessment indicates that although the Group currently has net liabilities, sufficient funds will be generated to allow ongoing obligations to be met as they fall due.

A subsidiary company within the group has a loan due to the ultimate parent entity that matures on 9 January 2019. The subsidiary company has received a letter from the manager of the ultimate parent entity stating that it does not expect that the loan will be called unless the liquidity position of the subsidiary company is adequate to justify such repayment. It is not expected that these conditions will arise in the next 12 months. The manager has also confirmed that it does not expect the ultimate parent entity to have or incur any liabilities which may require repayment of the loan due from the subsidiary in the next 12 months.

Financial Risk Management

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include retail price indices, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Group has in place measures to limit the adverse effects of changes in these risks. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash deposits and proceeds from investment sums. The Group also invests in cash deposits at floating rates.

Strategic Report (continued)

Financial Risk Management (continued)

Objectives and policies

The Company's exposure to and management of interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are detailed below:

Interest rate risk

The financial risk management objectives of the Group are to ensure that financial risks are mitigated by the use of financial instruments. The Group uses interest rate swaps to reduce its expose to interest rate movements. Financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer, counterparty to a financial instrument or counterparty for facility management services fails to meet their contractual obligations.

Credit risk is overseen by management, and arises mainly from:

- cash and cash equivalents;
- derivative financial instruments;
- credit exposures to amounts due from outstanding receivables; and
- other committed transactions with counterparties.

The Group's objective is to minimise credit risk to an acceptable level whilst not overly restricting the Group's ability to generate revenue and profit. It is the Group's policy to invest assets safely and profitably. Management monitors credit risk closely and considers that its current policies in managing the exposure to credit risk are appropriate.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of its key customers or counterparties. The Group's largest credit exposures are to public sector bodies and financial institutions. The amounts owed by the public sector bodies in the United Kingdom are considered to be a low credit risk by the Group. The counterparties for facility management are with well-established companies that operate several facility management contracts and the Group considers these companies unlikely to default on their respective liabilities to the Group.

In determining whether a financial asset is impaired due to credit or counterparty risks, the Group takes account of:

- The fair value of the asset at the statement of financial position date and, where applicable, the historic fair value of the asset:
- In the case of receivables, the counterparty's typical payment patterns; and
- In the case of other counterparty's, the current contract performance and the latest available information on the counterparty's credit worthiness.

Liquidity risk

The Company's liquidity risk is principally managed through financing the Group by means of long term borrowing.

Strategic Report (continued)

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The portfolio is based on long-term contracts with public sector counterparties. There is a risk, arising from any future changes in political priorities, that the public sector may wish to terminate these contracts early. In most cases, the contracts have robust provisions which set out the basis on which investors will be compensated in the event of early termination at the request of the public sector. Where such provisions do not exist, termination and associated compensation is subject to mutual agreement. Overall, the directors consider the risk of material loss arising from widespread early termination of the projects to be low.

Another risk faced by the Group is the future cost of lifecycle expenditure. Each project has a lifecycle profile which is regularly reviewed and managed, to highlight and mitigate any potential adverse effects.

Approved by the board on 25 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes

Director

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Results and Dividends

The consolidated profit after tax and minority interests in the financial year was £1,240K (2016: loss £18,405K). The result for the year will be transferred to reserves. The company has a result of a profit of £565K (2016: £nil) for the financial year.

No dividends (2016: £nil) were paid by the company during the year.

Financial Risk Management

See information provided in the Strategic Report.

Going Concern

See information provided in the Strategic Report.

Future Developments

See information provided in the Strategic Report.

Directors and their Interests

The Directors in office during the year and up to the date of this report, shown on page 1, had no beneficial interest in the Company or its subsidiaries.

Disclosure of Information to the Auditors

So far as each of the Directors are aware, there is no relevant information that has not been disclosed to the Company's auditors and each of the Directors believes that all steps have been taken that ought to have been taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors have been made aware of that information.

Independent Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General meeting.

The Directors' Report was approved by the board on 25 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes Director

Registered number 06704550

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and Group Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The Directors' responsibilities were approved by the board on 25 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes

Director

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, BIIF Holdco Limited's group financial statements and company financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of the group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2017; the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows, and the consolidated and company statements of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, as applicable to listed entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Our audit approach

Overview



- Overall group materiality, £7,791,150, based on 5% of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA").
- Overall company materiality: £7,012,035, based on an allocation of group materiality.
- The group comprises a large number of components, being operating subsidiaries, intermediary holding companies, joint ventures and associates.
- Our audit scope was tailored to provide appropriate coverage of the consolidated financial statements
 through audit procedures performed across the components by the group audit team
- The components where we performed full scope audit work accounted for approximately 75% of the group's turnover.
- Risk of incorrect recognition of turnover as a result of inappropriate calculation and allocation of the initiaty charge.
- Risk of incorrect valuation of derivatives and application of hedge accounting.
- Basis of preparation going concern

The scope of our audit

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we looked at where the directors made subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

As in all of our audits we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including evaluating whether there was evidence of bias by the directors that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in the auditors' professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) identified by the auditors, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy; the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team. These matters, and any comments we make on the results of our procedures thereon, were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. This is not a complete list of all risks identified by our audit.

Key audit matter

Risk of incorrect recognition of turnover as a result of inappropriate calculation and allocation of the unitary charge

Through its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, the group has service concession arrangements with external parties for the design, construction, finance and maintenance of various public use assets including education facilities, railways, hospitals, roads, prisons and police stations.

A significant proportion of the service concession arrangements are accounted for as finance debtors, with amortisation and finance income recognised each year at a constant rate.

The unitary charge payments received from customers for the service concession arrangements are allocated to turnover, finance income and the finance debtor amortisation. The allocation to turnover is calculated by applying a margin to the costs incurred in the operations and ongoing maintenance of the related asset. Due to the judgement required to estimate the margin over the life of the project and the significant impact that the allocation of the unitary charge has on key accounts: turnover, finance income, the finance debtor and any unitary charge control accounts ("UCCA"), including those most susceptible to fraudulent manipulation, we consider this risk to be a key area of audit focus.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit addressed the risk as follows.

In each project where such accounting is applied, we:

- tested a sample of unitary charge payments received from the customer, agreeing to invoice and evidence of cash receipt and used this to determine an expectation for total value of payments received in the year;
- compared the margin applied in the current year to the margin applied in the prior year. Where there is a material movement in the margin, we sought to understand and corroborate the factors that have driven this change. This included analysing the project financial models to establish any changes in trends for expected future costs which impact the lifetime margin of the project, and investigating unusual trends in key elements of the project forecasts:
- recalculated the revenue recognised by applying the margin to qualifying costs incurred in the year ended 31 December 2017;
- re-performed the allocation of the unitary payment between turnover, finance debtor amortisation, finance income and where applicable the UCCA and checked that the allocated amounts had been recognised appropriately.

Our audit work did not identify any issues and we therefore concluded that there was no material misstatement in any of the impacted financial statement lines.

Risk of incorrect valuation of derivatives and application of hedge accounting

The group holds financial instruments, predominantly interest rate and RPI swaps, to hedge its floating rate borrowings.

These derivatives are held on the balance sheet and measured at fair value. Calculation of the fair value of a derivative can be complex and involves a number of assumptions, including assumptions which are forward-looking.

The group applies hedge accounting to account for movements in the fair value of its derivatives through other comprehensive income and a hedge reserve in equity rather than through the income statement. FRS 102 requires that certain conditions are met in order to apply fully effective hedge accounting, including the matching of the derivative to the hedged item. Not all of the group's derivatives fully achieve these conditions, therefore a proportion of the movements in fair value (the portion which constitutes an ineffective hedge) remains in the income statement.

There are audit risks that managements' valuation of the derivatives is incorrect or that the proportion of the hedge which is effective is not appropriately calculated.

Our audit addressed the risk of valuation as follows, for a sample of derivatives across the group.

- We confirmed the underlying derivative details to counterparty confirmations and original contracts.
- We engaged our PwC Valuations specialists to re-perform the valuation of the derivatives, using market benchmark assumptions, independent from those assumptions applied by management.
- We compared the values used by management and those provided by our PwC Valuations specialists, applying a tolerable threshold to allow for a reasonable range of possible outcomes, and considered the impact of any of management's valuations which fell outside this threshold range.

We noted no valuations which required adjustment.

Our audit addressed the risk associated with the application of hedge accounting as follows, for a sample of derivatives across the group:

 We sought evidence from management to support their assertion that there was appropriate hedging documentation in place for each derivative.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We assessed management's evidence of whether the necessary matching criteria to achieve hedge accounting had been met for each denvative.
- Where matching of the derivative to the hedged item was not fully achieved, we recalculated the proportion of the derivative which was ineffective, and compared this proportion to management's calculation of the fair value movement to be accounted for in the income statement.

We noted no matters which required adjustment.

Basis of preparation - going concern

A subsidiary company within the Group has issued Eurobonds with a We have discussed the position with regard to the terms of the bonds value at the year end of £590 million (Note 13) which have a repayment date of 9 January 2019. They are therefore due within 12 months of the date of approval of the financial statements. These Eurobonds are held by the ultimate parent, BIIF LP

The subsidiary company has received a letter from the Manager (3) BIFM Investments Limited) of the ultimate parent entity confirming that it does not expect that the bonds will be called for repayment unless the liquidity position of the subsidiary company is adequate to justify such repayment. It is not expected that these conditions will arise in the next 12 months. The manager has also confirmed that it does not expect the ultimate parent entity to have or incur any liabilities which may require repayment of the loan due from the subsidiary company in the next 12 months.

Based upon the matters above, the directors have concluded that the Eurobonds will not require repayment within the next 12 months, and it is therefore appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

with the Directors of the subsidiary company and the Directors of the company to confirm their understanding of the terms of the letter from the Manager and that it reflects their understanding of the facts and circumstances. We have also confirmed that it is consistent with our own knowledge of the subsidiary company and the wider Group, including the ultimate parent.

We noted that there are common directors on the Boards of the Manager and the subsidiary company, and that the Manager is also responsible for the preparation and approval of the financial statements of the ultimate parent.

We confirmed that under the terms of the partnership agreement of the ultimate parent, BIIF LP, that the Manager has the authority to issue the letter and not to seek repayment of the bonds on 9 January 2019

We considered the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Directors of the company in note 1 setting out the basis of their conclusion that adoption of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Our conclusion in respect of going concern is set out below in the section of our report titled "Conclusions Relating to Going Concern".

We determined that there were no key audit matters applicable to the company to communicate in our report

How we tailored the audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit to ensure that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the group and the company, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which they operate.

The group comprises a number of operating subsidiaries, intermediary holding companies, joint ventures and associates.

Our audit scope included the audit, for individual statutory purposes, of the majority of entities in the group. We have assessed the coverage that we obtained from that work performed and are satisfied that we have covered a sufficient proportion of the group's activities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements

Our audit scoping included full scope audit procedures over components which contributed 75% of the group's consolidated

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. We set certain quantitative thresholds for materiality. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures on the individual financial statement line items and disclosures and in evaluating the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate on the financial statements as a whole.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

	Group financial statements	Company financial statements
Overall materiality	£7,791,150	£7,012,035
How we determined it	5% of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	An allocation of group materiality
Rationale for benchmark applied	EBITDA is a generally accepted performance benchmark which is commonly used by shareholders of groups with investment portfolios which are financed through debt. It is a benchmark that is closely correlated to the cash flows generated by the portfolio of investments. It is therefore considered the most appropriate benchmark for assessing materiality for the audit of the Group.	We considered the most appropriate benchmark for the company to be total assets as it is a holding company, however this resulted in a materiality that was significantly higher than Group materiality. Therefore, we applied an allocation of Group materiality.

For each component in the scope of our group audit, we allocated a materiality that is less than our overall group materiality. The range of materiality allocated across components was between £15,764 and £7,012,035. Certain components were audited to a local statutory audit materiality that was also less than our overall group materiality.

We agreed with the Directors that we would report to them misstatements identified during our audit above £389,000 (Group audit) and £350,100 (company audit) as well as misstatements below those amounts that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's and company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the group's and company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility

Mark Hoskyns (Abjahall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Edinburgh

25 September 2018

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	Year ended 31 £000	Dec 2017 £000	Year ended 33 £000	Dec 2016 £000
Turnover	2		318,907		310,595
Cost of sales			(233,122)		(228,627)
Gross profit			85,785		81,968
Operating expenses			(43,228)		(34,545)
Operating profit			42,557		47,423
Finance costs - Group - Fair value profit/(loss) on derivatives	3	(84,879) 25,502	(59,377)	(79,277) (17,066)	(96,343)
Share of results in joint ventures and associates	9		30,846		29,414
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	4		14,026		(19,506)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6		(9,840)		4,820
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities after taxation			4,186	_	(14,686)
Non-controlling interests			(2,444)		(3,719)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year			1,742	- -	(18,405)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments, net of tax - Group		28,252		(52,954)	
- Associates and joint ventures		14,990	43,242	(47,313)	(100,267)
Non-controlling interests Exchange differences on retranslation of subsidiary undertakings Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year			(296) 3,395 48,083		246 (23) (118,449)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year attributable to: Non-controlling interests Owners of the parent company			(2,740) 50,823 48,803		(3,473) (114,976) (118,449)

Consolidated and Company Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2017

		Group	Group	Company 31 Dec 2017	Company 31 Dec 2016
	Note	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000	51 Dec 2017 £000	£000
Fixed assets	11016	2000	2000		2000
Tangible assets	7	352,666	372,960		-
Investment properties	7	66,864	66,864	•	-
Investments	8	•	-	38,078	-
Investments		1		,	
Interests in joint ventures:	9				
Share of gross assets		1,708,147	1,739,819	-	=
Share of gross liabilities	_	(1,480,364)	(1,537,665)	-	
Associates:	9	97.494	97.400		
Interest in associates		87,486	87,490	•	
		315,269	289,644	-	
		734,799	729,468	38,078	-
Current assets		100 430	120.004	***	
Debtors: due within one year	10	129,439	138,986	565	=
Debtors: due after more than one year Cash in hand and at bank	11	1,303,065	1,381,345	-	-
Cash in hand and at bank		236,117	222,466	-	_
		1,668,621	1,742,797	565	**************************************
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(325,023)	(316,982)	-	-
Net current assets		1,343,598	1,425.815	565	
Total assets less current liabilities		2,078,397	2,155,283	38,643	-
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	13	(1,999,676)	(2,062,454)	(38,078)	-
Derivative financial instruments	14	(547,315)	(609,348)	-	•
Provision for liabilities and charges Deferred taxation	15	(61,687)	(62,426)	-	-
Net assets/(liabilities)		(530,281)	(578,945)	565	_

Consolidated and Company Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2017

	Note	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16	-	-	-	-
Hedging reserve		(400,321)	(443,267)		
Other reserves		8,473	5,078	•	-
Profit and loss account		(178,436)	(178,019)		
At beginning of year		-	-	•	-
Profit for the year		-	-	565	
At end of year		-	-	565	-
Total shareholders' (deficit)/funds		(570,284)	(616,208)	565	
Non-controlling interests		40,003	37,263	-	-
		(530,281)	(578,945)	565	

These financial statements on pages 12 to 48 were approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on 25 September 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes

Director

Company registration number: 06704550

BIIF Holdco Limited

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year then ended 31 December 2017

•				7. (
Group	Called	Profit and loss		Other reserves	ves Foreign	Non-controlling	
	up share capital £'000	account £'000	Hedging reserve £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	exchange reserve	interests £'000	Total equity £'000
As at 1 January 2016 (Loss)/Profit for the year Fair value movements on cash flow		(154,443) (18,405)	(343,246)	2,685	(494)	33,790 3,719	(461,708) (14,686) (100,267)
hedging instruments, net of tax Non-controlling interests Exchange differences on retranslation of subsidiary	1 •	(2,261)	246		(23)	(246)	(2,261)
undertakings Revaluation of investment property Total comprehensive income for the year	1	(23,576)	(100,021)	2,910	(23)	3,473	(117,237)
As at 31 December 2016		(178,019)	(443,267)	5,595	(517)	37,263	(578,945)
(Loss)/Profit for the year Fair value movements on cash flow	()	1,742	43,242		, ,	2,444	4,186
hedging instruments, net of tax Non-controlling interests Exchange differences on retranslation of subsidiary	,	(2,159)	(296)	, ,	3,395	296	(2,159)
undertakings Total comprehensive income for the year		(417)	42,946	1	3,395	2,740	48,664
As at 31 December 2017		(178,436)	(400,321)	5,595	2,878	40,003	(530,281)

Company Statement of Changes in Equity For the year then ended 31 December 2017

Company	Called up share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
As at 1 January 2016 Profit for the year	- -	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	•		
As at 31 December 2016	-	_	-
Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year		565 565	565 565
As at 31 December 2017		565	565

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		Year ended 31 Dec 2017	Year ended 31 Dec 2016
	Note	£000	£000
Net cash from operating activities	17	125,467	118,917
Taxation		(1,540)	(1,049)
Net cash generated from operating activities		123,927	117,868
Investing activities			
Interest received		97,369	52,284
Dividends received		26,555	19,561
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(40)	(188)
Net cash generated from investing activities		123,884	71,657
Financing activities			
Interest paid		(178,533)	(138,156)
Issue of bond		10,145	
Net decrease in bank borrowings and other loans		(76,712)	(68,638)
Capital repayments of loan amounts issued to joint			
ventures and associates		8,102	7,142
Loans advanced to joint ventures and associates		(10,145)	(943)
Net movement in loan amounts due from project			
companies in the Group under sub participation agreen	nent		
from the bank		<u> 12,871</u>	12,108
Net cash used in financing activities		(234,272)	(188,487)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		13,539	1,038
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalen	its	112	<u>826</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		222,466	220,602
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		236,117	222,466

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

1. Accounting policies

A summary of the principal Group Accounting Policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year, is set out below.

Statement of compliance

BIIF Holdco Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England. The Registered Office is Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AF.

The Group's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial instruments and in accordance with Companies Act 2006 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the Group and rounded to the nearest £'000.

The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption available under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a statement of comprehensive income for BIIF Holdeo Limited.

i

Going concern

The Group has received loans from external banks, which are secured against the cash flows from the Group's investments and also loans from its ultimate parent undertaking. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following an assessment of the financial viability of each of the Group's principal investments, and also the sources of cash flow projected to be available to service the portfolio debt obligations within the Group. This assessment indicates that although the Group currently has net liabilities, sufficient funds will be generated to allow ongoing obligations to be met as they fall due.

Method of consolidation - subsidiaries

On acquisition of a business, all the business' assets and liabilities that exist at the date of acquisition are recorded at their fair values. Initially, provisional fair values are allocated and these are finalised within twelve months of the date of control All changes to those assets and liabilities and resulting gains and losses that arise after the Group has gained control of the subsidiary are charged to the post acquisition statement of comprehensive income. The purchase consideration is measured as the fair value of the assets given up or liabilities undertaken plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill is the excess purchase consideration over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired.

Subsidiaries are enterprises that are controlled by the Group over which it typically has in excess of 50% of the voting rights. The Group consolidates the results of the company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiary acquisitions are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. All inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group entities have been eliminated in full.

Fair value adjustments which are made at the date of acquisition are amortised on a straight line basis over the period of the life of the underlying asset.

Uniform accounting policies are applied across all subsidiaries within the Group.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

Method of consolidation - associates and joint ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures are consolidated using the equity method. In arriving at the amounts to be included by the equity method, the same accounting policies as those of BIIF Holdoo Limited are applied. Where practicable, associates and joint ventures are included on the basis of financial statements prepared for a period not more than three months before the Group's year end. Where the associate's or joint venture's accounting reference date is greater than three months prior to 31 December, the associates are consolidated based on the latest statutory accounts adjusted for management accounts to 31 December.

Associates are enterprises, other than joint ventures, that are not controlled by the Group, over which the Group generally has between 20% and 50% of the voting rights, or over which the Group has significant influence.

All balances and effects of transactions between each associate and joint venture and the Group have been eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate and joint venture.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

i) Hedge accounting and consideration of the fair value of derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain economic exposures in relation to movements in interest rates and movements in RPI as compared with the position that was expected at the date the underlying transaction being hedged was entered into. The Group fair values its derivative financial instruments and records the fair value of those instruments on its statement of financial position.

Movements in the fair values of the Group's derivative financial instruments may be accounted for using hedge accounting where the requirements of hedge accounting are met under FRS 102 including the creation of compliant documentation and meeting the effectiveness testing requirements. If a hedge does not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, which may include a consideration of whether there has been a substantial modification to the terms of the hedge, or where there is some degree of ineffectiveness identified in respect of the hedging relationship, then the change in fair value in relation to these items will be recorded in the comprehensive income statement. If a hedging relationship is judged to be discontinued for hedge accounting then any amounts previously deferred in other comprehensive income in respect of that previously hedged position, must immediately be recognised in the income statement. Otherwise, in respect of the Group's derivative financial instruments, these changes in in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income.

As referred to above, the Group carries its derivative financial instruments on its statement of financial position at fair value. No market prices are available for these instruments and consequently the fair values are derived using financial models developed by the shareholders based on counterparty information that is independent of the Group, but use observable market data in respect of RPI and interest rates as an input to valuing those derivative financial instruments.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

ii) Revaluation of investment properties

The Group carries its investment property at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. The Group engaged independent valuation specialists to determine fair value at 30 April 2017 (residential property) and 31 December 2013 (commercial property). The valuer used a valuation technique based on a discounted cash flow model as there is a lack of comparable market data because of the nature of the property. The determined fair value of the investment property is most sensitive to the estimated yield as well as the long term vacancy rate. The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of investment property are further explained in note 7.

iii) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Judgements are required to be made as to the calculation and identification of timing differences and in the case of the recognition of deferred taxation assets, the Directors have to form an opinion as to whether it is probable that the deferred taxation asset recognised is recoverable against future taxable profits arising. This exercise of judgement requires the Directors to consider forecast information over a long-time horizon having regard to the risks that the forecasts may not be achieved and then form a reasonable opinion as to the recoverability of the deferred taxation asset.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded on the Group's statement of financial position at amortised cost could be materially reduced if the value of those assets were assessed to have been impaired. Impairment reviews are performed in the event that circumstances change which might indicate that an asset has been impaired. In principle, such impairment reviews consider the fair value and or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compares that with the carrying value of the asset or assets on the statement of financial position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the income statement. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

il) Accounting for service concession agreements

Accounting for the service concession contracts and finance debtors requires estimation of service margins, finance debtor interest rates and associated amortisation profiles which are based on forecast results of the contracts.

Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Turnover

Turnover represents the services share of the management services income received by the Group for the provision of a PFI asset to the customer. This income is received over the life of the concession period. Management service income is allocated between revenue and reimbursement of finance debtor so as to generate a constant rate of return in respect of the finance debtor over the life of the contract.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised as income when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Foreign currencies

Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The assets and habilities of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated into the presentational currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at exchange rates at the dates of transaction. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Accounting for PFI assets

The Group has taken the transition exemption in FRS 102 Section 35.10(i) that allows the Group to continue the service concession arrangement accounting policies from previous UK GAAP.

i. Finance debtor

The company is accounting for the concession asset based on the ability to substantially transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership to the customer, with this arrangement the costs incurred by the company on the design and construction of the assets have been treated as a finance debtor within these financial statements.

ii. Tangible fixed assets

The company is accounting for the concession asset based on the mability to substantially transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership to the customer, with this arrangement the costs incurred by the company on the design and construction of the assets have been treated as a fixed asset within these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

iii. Investment properties

Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with FRS 102 Section 16 Investment Property'. Investment properties are revalued every two to three years by an external qualified and registered property valuer and every other year the Directors assess the carrying value in light of any changes in market conditions. The aggregate surplus or deficit is charged to the income statement; and no amortisation is provided in respect of long leasehold investment properties.

Depreciation

On completion (date on which an availability certificate is issued), depreciation is charged on buildings on a straight line basis to the income statement over the useful economic life of each asset. The annual rates applied to each class of asset are:

Buildings

concession period 25 to 35 years - 2.9% to 4.0% straight line

Equipment

concession period 25 to 29 years straight line

short life assets 3-4 years straight line and 12.5% - 33% reducing balance

Impairment

All assets, including financial assets, are reviewed for impairment annually at the reporting date. Where an indicator of impairment or objective evidence exists, an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount is made. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets. This is at the individual project company level within the Group.

Government grants

Grants which relate to specific capital expenditure are accounted for using the accrual model. These are untially treated as deferred income and subsequently released to the income statement on a straight line basis over the asset's useful economic life. Other grants are recognised in the income statement when any associated performance conditions are met.

Deferred income

Deferred income also includes capital contributions towards the construction of fixed assets from the public sector counterparty on certain projects completed by the Group. These are accounted for using the accrual model and released to the income statement on a straight line basis over the life of the related asset.

Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholder funds. Debt instruments, which contain an obligation to repay, are classified as liabilities. The finance costs recognised in the income statement in respect of capital instruments, other than shares, are allocated to periods over the operating life of the instrument to which they relate at a constant carrying amount in accordance with FRS 102 section 22.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the income statement, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Hedge accounting

Some entities in the Group have entered into an arrangement with third parties that is designed to hedge future cash flows arising on variable rate interest loan arrangements, with the net effect of exchanging the cash flows arising under those arrangements for a stream of fixed interest cash flows ("interest rate swaps"). Some entities have also entered into an arrangement with third parties that is designed to hedge future cash receipts arising from its principal activity (RPI swaps). These entities have designated that these arrangements are a hedge of another (non-derivative) financial instrument, to mitigate the impact of potential volatility on the Group's net cash flows.

To qualify for hedge accounting, documentation is prepared specifying the hedging strategy, the component transactions and methodology used for effectiveness measurement. Changes in the carrying value of financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows ("cash flow hedges") are recognised directly in a hedging reserve in equity and any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement. Amounts deferred in equity in respect of cash flow hedges are subsequently recognised in the income statement in the same period in which the hedged item affects net profit or loss or the hedging relationship is terminated and the underlying position being hedged has been extinguished.

Capital risk management

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

Company

Disclosure exemptions

The company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (b) The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a group.

2. Turnover

The turnover and loss before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the Group and arise entirely from continuing operations. An analysis of revenue is given below.

	operations. An analysis of revenue is given below	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
		2000 £000	£000
	United Kingdom	310,910	303,413
	Other European Union	7,997	7,182
	Total revenue	318,907	310,595
3.	Interest and similar items		
		31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
	Interest payable	2000	1000
	Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts	(82,188)	(81,866)
	Interest payable on Eurobond	(49,320)	(49,565)
	Interest on long term bond	(11,727)	(9,848)
	Total interest payable and similar items	(143,235)	(141,279)
	Interest receivable		
	Bank interest receivable	429	808
	Other interest receivable	7,435	7,002
	Finance debtor interest receivable	50,492	54,192
	Total interest receivable	58,356	62,002
	Net interest payable and similar items	(84,879)	(79,277)

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	21,761	21,453
Amortisation of fair value adjustments	30,221	30,221
Wages and salaries	5,720	5,266
Social security costs	647	588
Other pension costs	441	338
Fee payable to the company auditor for the audit of the parent company, subsidiary companies and consolidated accounts (parent company: 2017: £4K 2016: £4K)	749	730
Fees payable to the company auditor for other services		
- Audit-related services	11	12
- Tax compliance and advisory services	268	184

The number of monthly average employees in the financial year other than the Directors was 83 (2016, 79).

None of the Directors of the Company received any remuneration from the Group during the year (2016, £nil). Attention is drawn to the payments made to certain Directors of subsidiary undertakings disclosed in note 19.

5. Results of holding company

A Company profit of £565K (2016: £nil) is dealt with by the group accounts of BIIF Holdco Limited. The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption available under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and have not presented a statement of comprehensive income for the Company.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

6. Taxation

Taxanon	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
	0002	£000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) for the year	4,148	5.678
Adjustments in respect of prior periods for subsidiary companies	3,071	(969)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7,219	4,709
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	2,552	(8,295)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods for subsidiary companies	96	(256)
Impact of change in tax rate	(27)	(978)
Total deferred tax credit	2,621	(9,529)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	9,840	(4,820)
The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2016: lower than) the standard rate applying in The differences are explained below.	n the UK (19.259	%) (2016: 20%).
	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
	0003	£000
Group profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	14,026	(19,506)
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities at the UK tax rate 19.25% (2016: 20%)	2,700	(3,901)
Effects of:		
Expenses/(income) not deductible for tax purposes	765	(2,163)
Losses utilised	1,328	(1,230)
Adjustment in respect of prior year tax charge	3,167	(1,225)
Non-trading transfer pricing adjustment	4,630	4,957
Group relief not paid	(2,724)	(280)
Effect of rate change	(26)	(978)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	9,840	(4,820)

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

7. Tangible fixed assets - Group

	Buildings £000	Equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation	(25.35)	140 102	
As at 1 January 2017	435.371	130,183	565,554
Additions	20	20	40
Disposals	-	(482)	(482)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		1,907	1,907
As at 31 December 2017	435,391	131,628	567,019
Depreciation			
As at 1 January 2017	136,897	55,697	192,594
Charge for the period	15,407	6,354	21,761
Disposals	_	(436)	(436)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	-	434	434
As at 31 December 2017	152,304	62,049	214,353
Net book value			
As at 31 December 2017	283,087	69,579	352,666
As at 31 December 2016	298,474	74,486	372,960

Interest charged to the income statement included within the depreciation charge is £578K (2016: £586K).

Interest capitalised to date, included in cost, totals £23,701K (2016: £24,357K).

Included within the total for Equipment is £nil (2016. £nil) in respect of assets held under finance lease.

Company

The Company had no fixed assets at 31 December 2017 (2016: none).

Investment properties - Group	Buildings £000
Cost or valuation As at 1 January 2017 Revaluation	66,864
As at 31 December 2017	66,864

Land &

The Group holds residential and commercial investment properties.

The residential investment properties were revalued in April 2017 by Alistair Wood a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors on behalf of Cushman & Wakefield Debenham Tie Leung Limited. The valuation was recognised in the Financial Statements to 31 December 2016. The basis of the valuation was to compare recent arm's length transactions in respect of market rent and market value, together with an external inspection of all properties from adjacent public roads and footpaths. Valuations are performed every 2 years, the Directors are satisfied there has been no reason to assume any significant movement in valuation since April 2017. When carrying out the valuation the following assumptions have been made:-

- A) Market Value increased by 8.2% since the previous valuation in 2015.
- B) Average property value of £231,000.
- C) Rental income increased by 19.2% since

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Investment properties - Group (continued)

The commercial investment property was revalued on a vacant possession basis in December 2013 by Ian Palmer a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors on behalf of Rushton International. In the current year the directors have assessed the carrying value against current market conditions and believe it remains appropriate.

Company

The Company had no investment properties at 31 December 2017 (2016: none).

8. Investments

The Group has no fixed asset investments.

Company

	Total £000
Cost	
As at 1 January 2017	-
Additions	38,078
As at 31 December 2017	38,078
Impairment	
As at 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	38,078
Carrying amount	
As at 31 December 2017	38,078
As at 31 December 2016	_

Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

During the year, the Company acquired the entire share capital of BIIF Holdco II from one of the company's subsidiaries. The Company paid £38,078K for the net book value of the assets and liabilities of BIIF Holdco II as consideration. The Company also owns 100% of the issued share capital of BIIF Issuerco Limited. The investment is held at cost £1 (2016: £1).

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

9 Investments - Group

Interests in joint ventures and associates

	Joint ventures £000	Associates £000	Loans to joint ventures £000	Loans to associates £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation					
As at 1 January 2017	57,034	63,131	145,120	24,359	289,644
Additions	-	-	14,007	-	14,007
Share of retained profits	20,220	10,626	-	-	30,846
Dividends receivable	(18,187)	(8,368)	-	-	(26,555)
Movement on hedge reserve	12,104	2,886	-	-	14,990
Foreign exchange movement	69	(63)	433	-	439
Repayment of loan	-	=	(3,017)	(5,085)	(8,102)
As at 31 December 2017	71,240	68,212	156,543	19,274	315,269

The following additional information is provided in respect of equity accounted investments:

	Share of Revenue £000	Share of non- current assets £000	Share of current assets £000	Share of non-current liabilities £000	Share of current liabilities £000	Share of net assets £000
31 December 2017						
Joint ventures	152,138	1,510,634	197,513	1,391,721	88,643	227,783
Associates	57,030	297,448	89,009	253,596	45,375	87,486
31 December 2016						
Joint ventures	140,000	1,474,723	265,096	1.431,764	105,901	202,154
Associates	53,737	321,417	87,935	278,407	43,455	87,490

Investments in Group undertakings are stated at cost and are listed in note 23 and 24. The Directors consider that to give full particulars of all subsidiaries would lead to a statement of excessive length.

The Group accounts for an investment as an associate when it has significant influence but not control. This is typically demonstrated when the Group nominates one or more Directors to the board of the investment. Where the shareholder agreements stipulate that all shareholders with board representation must consent to the approval of key matters the Group designates the investment to be a joint venture, even if the equity holding is not 50%.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

10. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Trade debtors	14,802	26,273	•	
Finance debtor	44,265	43,149	-	=
Sub participation amounts due (note 11)	12,286	12,671	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	39,593	30,533	-	-
Other debtors	18,493	26,360	565	-
	129,439	138,986	565	•

Refer to note 22 for further information in relation to credit risk exposure in the Group.

11. Debtors: amounts falling due after one year

	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Sub participation amounts due	183,329	195,815	-	-
Finance debtor	999,477	1,052,526	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	57,632	63,139	-	
Deferred tax asset (Note 15)	62,627	69,865	-	_
	1,303,065	1,381,345	_	

Sub participation amounts due represents debt due from the bank, arising from a sub-participation agreement between the bank and a subsidiary company (PFI Senior Funding Limited) dated 28 July 2011. These loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets, rights and undertakings of the individual project companies. Each project has an individual repayment profile with the final payment being settled at the end of each project concession.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

ecurity costs fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	Group 31 Dec 2017	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000 16,980 16,956 93,681 2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	31 Dec 2017 £000 10,909 16,755 96,347 8,949 7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016 £000 16,980 16,956 93,681 2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	£000 10,909 16,755 96,347 8,949 7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	£000 16,980 16,956 93,681 2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202		
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	16,755 96,347 8,949 7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	16,956 93,681 2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	16,755 96,347 8,949 7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	16,956 93,681 2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	96,347 8,949 7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	93,681 2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	8,949 7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	2,210 8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	7,012 164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	8,072 155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
fts (note 13(a)) ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	164,873 5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	155,923 7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
ds (note 13(c)) 3(g)) ing due after one year	5,746 1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	7,421 1,537 14,202	-	-
3(g)) ing due after one year	1,570 12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	1,537 14,202	-	-
3(g)) ing due after one year	12,862 325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017	14,202	-	
ing due after one year	325,023 Group 31 Dec 2017		-	
	Group 31 Dec 2017	316,982	-	_
	Group 31 Dec 2017			
	Group 31 Dec 2017			
	31 Dec 2017			
		Group	Company	Company
		31 Dec 2016	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
	000£	£000	0003	£000
its (note 13(a))	1,169,855	1,236,239		-
(38,078	-
ds (note 13(c))	136,743	142,572		_
	8,476	9,137		-
e 13(e))	4,567	4,143	•	=
(f))	13.182	12,321	•	_
	•			_
(h))	-	-	-	-
	1,999,676	2.062,454	38,078	_
c ((13(e)) f)) 3(g))	628,020 136,743 8,476 13(e)) 4,567 f) 13,182 3(g)) 38,833	628,020 617,875 ds (note 13(c)) 136,743 142,572 8,476 9,137 (13(e)) 4,567 4,143 f)) 13,182 12,321 (3(g)) 38,833 40,167 (h))	628,020 617,875 38,078 ds (note 13(c)) 136,743 142,572 - 8,476 9,137 - 13(e)) 4,567 4,143 - f() 13,182 12,321 - 3(g)) 38,833 40,167 - h() -

Company

The Company did not have any bank or other loans at 31 December 2017 (2016: none).

1,402,836

1,344,774

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

13. Creditors: amounts falling due after one year (continued)

(a) Bank loans

The total amount drawn down under bank loans at the year-end was £1,363,243K (2016: £1,422,666K). Costs of £28,515K (2016: £30,504K) have been set off against the total loan drawdowns, with £2,631K (2016: £3,342K) of these debited to the income statement in the year.

An amount of £815,800K (2016: £821,856K) relates to two senior banking facilities. The first facility relates to the finance of 18 PFI projects and is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of these projects. This facility expires on 30 Sept 2035. The second facility is split into two parts Facility A £476,521K (2016: £476,521K) which expires on 31 December 2025, and Facility B £47,975K (2016: £47,975K) which is scheduled to be fully repaid by 31 December 2035. The second facility is secured over the distributions and shareholder loan payments from all group companies, excluding those secured under the first facility. The loan facilities have principal payments due on a six-monthly basis. The Company has interest rate swap arrangements and under these arrangements the Company receives interest on a variable basis and also pays interest at 7.008% Facility B has a fixed lending rate of 4.182%. The other bank loan of £291,304K (2016: £297,360K) receives interest on a variable basis and pays interest at a fixed rate of 8.55%. This loan will be repaid by 30 September 2035.

The remaining facilities relate to borrowings held by individual project subsidiary companies and they are secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the assets of the specific project company which holds the borrowings. Maturity of these facilities ranges from 2016 to 2035. Interest payable on the Group's bank loans ranges from rates of 5.11% to 7.99%.

(b) Eurobond

A subsidiary in the Group has issued a Eurobond, listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange, totalling £589,942K (2016: £617,875K) which was subscribed for in full by the ultimate parent entity, BIIF LP. This Eurobond bears interest at 8% per annum and falls due for repayment on 9 January 2019.

During the year, the Company has issued a Eurobond, listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange, totalling £38,078K (2016 none) which was subscribed for in full by the ultimate parent entity, BIIF LP. This Eurobond bears interest at 8% per annum and falls due for repayment on 31 December 2045.

(c) Secured bonds

A subsidiary has issued, at par value, £87,190K (2016: £87,190K) 3.443% index-linked guaranteed secured bonds due 2004-2036. The bond is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the subsidiary and two immediate holding companies. Both the interest and principal balances are adjusted for the increase in the Retail Price Index at six monthly intervals, which cumulatively at 31 December 2017 amounted to 60.71% (2016: 56.66%).

A subsidiary has issued £79,314K (2016: £79,314K) 7.12% secured bonds which are due 2028. The bond is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the subsidiary.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

13. Creditors: amounts falling due after one year (continued)

The maturity profile of all bonds is as follows:

	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Amounts repayable in one year or less or on demand Amounts falling due after one year	5,827 770,178	7.505 765,485
	776,005	772,990
Unamortised finance costs associated with the bond issue	(929)	(979)
	775,076	772,011
Included within creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(5,746)	(7,421)
Amounts falling due after one year	769,330	764,590

(d) Other loans (all unsecured)

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan notes totalling £1,073K (2016: £1,011K) which bear interest at 13.5%. Of this balance, £785K (2016: £724K) represents unpaid interest on the loan notes and is due for payment within twelve months. The balance falls due for payment on 31 March 2032.

A subsidiary in the group has issued a £46K (2016: £39K) loan stock instrument. The loan bears a Coupon of 13.5% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2035. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable on 30 September and 31 March each year. The amount is charged to the income statement as interest falls payable. The sum was advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and is, therefore, unsecured and would rank alongside ordinary creditors in the event of a winding up.

The same subsidiary also issued a £140K (2016: £134K) subordinated loan note issued at a price of 20 pence for each £1 in nominal value of loan stock held. The loan bears a Coupon of 13.5% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2035. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable on 30 September and 31 March each year. The sums were advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and rank alongside ordinary creditors but above the loan stock detailed above in the event of a winding up.

The same subsidiary also issued a £267K (2016: £267K) subordinated loan note. The loan bears a Coupon of 13.5% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2035. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable on 30 September and 31 March each year. The sums were advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and rank alongside ordinary creditors but above the loan stock detailed above in the event of a winding up.

A subsidiary in the group has issued an unsecured loan with a value of £1,340K (2016; £844K) due 2037, bearing interest at 13.04%.

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £413K (2016: £526K). The loan stock bears interest at 14% per annum and is repayable in semi-annual instalments with the final payment due on 31 August 2018.

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £715K (2016. £715K) bearing interest at 13% per annum. Of this balance, £64K (2016: £64K) represents unpaid interest on the loan notes and is due for payment within twelve months. The principal is repayable in full in February 2036

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £927K (2016: £1,236K) bearing interest at 9% and is repayable in instalments to December 2019.

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £ntl (2016: £160K). The loan stock bears interest at 13% and has repayment dates between 15 December 2012 and 15 December 2017. The loan was repaid on 15 December 2017.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

13 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year (continued)

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £4,717K (2016: £5,293K). The loan stock bears interest at the rate per annum determined by the lender which will be calculated according to the aggregate of margin, LIBOR, and mandatory costs. The debt is repayable in 41 consecutive six monthly instalments, the first of which was repaid in August 2002 with the final instalment due on 31 August 2023.

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £407K (2016: £449K). The loan stock bears interest at 8.5%.

(e) Zero coupon bond

A subsidiary company has issued a zero coupon bond with a redemption value of £8,000K (2016: £8,000K) on 3 October 2022. This bond was issued at a discount value of £633K which is amortised to maturity at a constant rate on the carrying amount of the debt.

(f) Other creditors

Included in other creditors is a decommissioning provision of £459K (2016: £417K) which provides for the future costs of decommissioning a wind farm. The provision has been discounted at an annual rate of 10% and this discount is charged to the statement of comprehensive income until 2027, the estimated date of decommissioning.

(g) Deferred income

Group	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
As at I January	54,369	54,088
Arising during the period	-	-
Amortised during the period	(2,089)	(167)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	(585)	448
As at 31 December	51,695	54,369

Deferred income is divided as follows:

- In fourteen projects, on completion of construction of the facilities, the public sector client made payments to the respective project companies (Eastbrook Facilities Limited, Covesea Limited, GH Newham Limited, GH Bodmin Limited, Kintra Limited, Bannockburn Homes Limited, KE Project Limited, LH Project Limited, Machrie Limited, NewSchools (Penweddig) Limited, Connect A50 Limited, Innovate East Lothian Limited, Blackshaw Healthcare Services Limited and Adams Campus Limited) as a contribution to the capital cost of the works. These contributions were deferred and will be amortised over the life of the project. The balance as at 31 December 2017 was £25,513K (2016: £27,101K).
- £9,331K (2016: £10,077K) in respect of funding grants which will be amortised over the lifetime of the PFI concession contract.
- £4,844K (2016: £5,184K) received following the arrangement of an RPI SWAP which will be amortised over the
 lifetime of the contract.
- £12,007K (2016: £12,007K) in respect of asset renewal underspend.

Of the balance at the year-end, it is expected that £12,862K (2016: £14,202K) will be realised within 12 months and £38.833K (2016: £40,167K) will be realised after 12 months.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

14. Derivative financial instruments

		Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
	Liabilities	420 024	490,560		
	Interest rate swaps RPI swaps	438,024 109,291	118,788	-	-
		547,315	609,348	4	
15.	Deferred taxation				
	Group			31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
	As at 1 January Prior year adjustment			7,439 (1)	(6,719) 33
	Revised balance as at \ January			7,438	(6,686)
	Movement through other comprehensive income Deferred tax charge/(credit) for the year			(3,877) (2,621)	4,596 9,529
	As at 31 December			940	7,439
	Analysis of deferred tax balances: Accelerated capital allowances Derivatives Other timing differences Losses			(66,223) 48,951 7,558 10,654	(73,216) 50,125 8,805 21,725
				940	7,439
	Deferred tax asset Deferred tax liability			62,627 (61,687)	69.865 (62,426)
				940	7,439

The Group has an un-provided deferred tax asset of £18,543K (2016: £23,332K). The deferred tax asset arises on unrelieved losses within certain Group companies. This asset would be recoverable if the Group companies made sufficient taxable profits in future periods against which the losses could be offset.

16. Called up share capital

Group and Company	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
Authorised	£	£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Issued colled up and fully poid		
Issued, called up and fully paid 1 Ordinary share of £1 each	<u></u> <u>1</u>	1

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

17. Net cash flow from operating activities

Reconciliation of profit to net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Operating profit	42,557	47,423
Revaluation of investment property	•	(2,910)
Impairment of investments	1	52
Depreciation charge	21,761	21,453
Amortisation of fair value adjustments	15,787	15,787
Amortisation of deferred income	(2,674)	281
Foreign exchange	(1,912)	(2,655)
Decrease in debtors	51,876	38,242
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	(1,068)	1,244
Net cash inflow from operating activities	126,328	118,917

18. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	1 Jan 2017 £000	Cash flow £000	Non- cash movements £000	31 Dec 2017 £000
Cash in hand and at bank	222,466	13,651	*	236,117
Debt payable: within one year Debt payable: after one year	(164,881) (2,022,287)	(7,308) 73,875	(12,431)	(172,189) (1,960,843)
	(2,187,168)	66,567	(12,431)	(2,133,032)
Loan payments: receivable within one year Loan payments, receivable after one year	12,671 195,815	(385) (12,486)		12,286 183,329
	208,486	(12,871)		195,615
Total	(1,756,216)	67,347	(12,431)	(1,701,300)

19. Related party transactions

The Group paid £43K (2016: £42K) to the Sodexo Group for the services of the Sodexo employees as directors to HpC King's College Hospital (Holdings) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group in which Sodexo hold a minority interest. At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016: £nil) remained outstanding.

Sodexo Group also manage the non-clinical services for HpC Kings College Hospital (Holdings) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group in which the Sodexo Group hold a minority interest. The amount charged for these services was £nil (2016: £nil). At 31 December 2017, £9K (2016: £9K) remained outstanding.

Sodexo Group also manage the lifecycle and estate services for HpC Kings College Hospital (Holdings) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group in which the Sodexo Group hold a minority interest. The amount charged for these services was £1,394K (2016: £1,362K). At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016: £nil) remained outstanding.

A Director of Innovate East Lothian Limited during the period is also a Director of FES FM Limited. FES FM Limited provided facilities management services to the Company. The amount charged for these services was £3,761K (2016: £3,674K). At 31 December 2017, £757K (2016: £737K) remained outstanding. All contracts are carried out at arms-length.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Related party transactions (continued)

A Director of Innovate East Lothian Limited during the period is also a Director of FES Limited. FES Limited is the holder of loan notes issued by Innovate East Lothian Limited totalling £407K (2016: £401K) and loan notes issued by Innovate East Lothian (Holdings) Limited totalling £46K (2016: £39K).

The Group has subcontracted the design, build, operation and maintenance of Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited to Babcock Communications Limited, a company which, through an intermediary holding company, holds a minority interest in Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited. During the year Alert Communications Limited was invoiced £3,410K (2016: £3,626K) by Babcock Communications Limited in connection with operation and maintenance fees and £nil (2016: £1,173K) in connection with additional operational services. At 31 December 2017, £691K (2016: £1,303K) remained outstanding.

Veolia manage the operational activities of Catchment Limited, Catchment Moray Limited and Catchment Tay Limited, subsidiaries of the Group in which Veolia Group hold a minority interest. The total invoices raised in the year in respect of these services amounted to £16,331K (2016: £17,201K). At 31 December 2017, £1,998K (2016: £4,068K) remained outstanding.

Balfour Beatty Investments Limited, a subsidiary of Balfour Beatty plc, is employed under a Secondment Arrangement with Connect A50 Limited for the provision of managerial staff. The value of the services provided in the year was £231K (2016: £241K). At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016: £18K) remained outstanding.

Balfour Beatty Infrastructure Services Limited, a subsidiary of Balfour Beatty plc, is employed under a contract with Connect A50 Limited for the provision of technical supervision and maintenance of a roadway. The value of the contract in the year was £5,940K (2016: £6,442K). At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016: £nil) remained outstanding.

The Group has subcontracted the design, build, operation and maintenance of Societe Des Bus Hybrids Dijonnais to Heuliez Bus, a company which holds a minority interest in Societe Des Bus Hybrids Dijonnais. During the year Societe Des Bus Hybrids Dijonnais was invoiced £729K (2016: £489K) by Heuliez Bus for these services. At 31 December 2017, £300K (2016: £52K) remained outstanding.

The Group has subcontracted the design, build, operation and maintenance of Helios B to Engie Group, a company which holds a minority interest in Helios B. Engie Group also receives a reimbursement of the costs of a corporate guarantee. During the year Helios B was invoiced £2,560K (2016: £1,763K) by Engie Group in connection with these services. At 31 December 2017 £37K (2016: £36K) remained outstanding.

20. Parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party

The ultimate parent and controlling entity is BHF LP is owned by a number of investors, with no one investor having individual control.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

21 Pension

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for its employees. The amount recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income was:

	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Current year contributions	441	338
22. Financial instruments		
(a) Carrying amount of financial instruments		
	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Assets measured at amortised cost Assets measured at cost less impairment Assets measured at fair value	1,396,408 315,269 57,632 (547,315)	1,468,635 289,644 63,139 (609,348)
Liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss Liabilities measured as amortised cost	(2,119,850)	(2,174,847)

(b) Financial instruments measured at fair value

Derivative financial instruments

The fair value of interest rate swaps is based on valuations provided by the swap counterparties. Those valuations are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market interest rates for a similar instrument at the measurement date.

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, where applicable are based on market interest rates.

The fair value of RPI swaps is based on valuations provided by the swap counterparties. Those valuations are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market furecast inflation rates.

The amount of change in fair value attributable to own credit risk cannot be measured reliability.

The derivative contracts used by the group are typical for PFI projects. Where projects are debt-funding, interest on the loan is calculated by reference to a floating rate. Interest rate swaps hedge Libor fluctuations and mitigate the risk that debt interest costs will fluctuate as Libor fluctuates. The full amount of the senior debt service payment is hedged in this way.

RPI swaps are used to hedge fluctuations in the inflation index which is relevant for the project. Low inflation would otherwise cause a shortfall in cash with which to make senior debt service payments. RPI swaps are structured in such a way to ensure that any volatility in cash flow for senior debt service that could arise due to inflation fluctuations is effectively neutralized.

Interest rate swaps and RPI swaps, where used, are conditions imposed on the PFI project company by the senior debt provider to ensure stability in cash flows.

(c) Hedge accounting

The following table indicates the periods in which the cash flows associated with cash flow hedging instruments are expected to occur and affect profit and loss as required by FRS 102.29(a) for the cash flow hedge accounting models:

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

22. Financial instruments (continued)

Period ended 31 December 2017	Carrying amount £000	Expected cash flows £000	1 year or less £000	1 year or more £000
Interest rate swaps: Assets	57,632	57,632	-	57,632
Liabilities	(438,024)	(438,024)	(54,214)	(383,810)
RPI swaps: Liabilities	(109,291)	(109,291)	(13,527)	(95,764)
Period ended 31 December 2016				
Interest rate swaps: Assets	63,139	63,139	-	63,139
Liabilities	(490,560)	(490,560)	(55,066)	(435,494)
RPI swaps: Liabilities	(118,788)	(118,788)	(13,334)	(105,454)

The group applies hedge accounting in accordance with FRS102.12.

Interest rate swaps are used as a hedging instrument again a floating rate loans as the hedged item. RPl swaps are used as a hedging instrument against that portion of unitary payment receipts which are required to make periodic senior debt service payments.

Fair value of these hedging instruments are reported in note 22(d). The amount of the change in fair value of the hedging instruments recognised in other comprehensive income for the period and the amount that was recycled to profit or loss for the year are shown in the statement of consolidated other comprehensive income.

(d) Fair values

The amounts for all financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value are as follows:

Fair value 31 Dec 2017 £000	
Interest rate swap contracts (380,392) RPI swap contracts (109,291)	(427,421) (118,788)

During 2017, a hedging gain of £28,252K (2016: loss £(52,954K)) was recognised in other comprehensive income for changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap together with a gain of £25,502K (2016: loss £(17,065K) recognised in the profit and loss.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

23 Investments in Subsidiaries

The companies listed below are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and all investments are in ordinary shares:

Registered Office -Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF

A-Roads Investments Limited

Adams Campus Limited

AM Holdco Limited

Anavon Holdings Limited

Anavon Limited

BIIF Bidco Limited

Blackshaw Healthcare Services Holdings Limited

Blackshaw Healthcare Services Ltd

BHF Holdco II Limited

BIIF Holdco III Limited

BIIF IssuerCo Limited

BIIF Parentco Limited

CH Bolton Limited

CH Holton (Holdings) Limited

Cricketdrift Limited

Defence Management Group (Holdings) Limited

Defence Management (Holdings) Limited

Defence Management (Watchfield) Limited

Duchesspark Holdings Limited

Duchesspark Limited

Durham Investments Holdco Limited

Eastbrook Facilities Holdings 2 Limited

Eastbrook Facilities Holdings Limited

Eastbrook Facilities Limited

Flbon Holdings (1) Limited

Elbon Holdings (2) Limited

Elbon Holdings (3) Limited

Elbon PFI Fund (Investments) Limited

ERI Holdings Limited

Grannag Limited

GH Bodmin Holdings Limited

GH Bodmin Limited

GH Bury Holdings Limited

GH Bury Limited

GH Newham Holdings Limited

GH Newham Limited

HSC Investments Limited

HpC King's College Hospital (Holdings) Limited

HpC King's College Hospital (Issuer) plc

HpC King's College Hospital Limited

12 Bidco Limited

12 Holdco 2 Limited

12 Holdco Limited

Infrastructure Investors Castlehill Holdings Limited

Infrastructure Investors Castlehill Limited

Infrastructure Investors Limited - dormant

International Water (Highland) Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

23. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

International Water (Tay) Limited Investment Holdings (Genistics) Limited

IWL Moray Montrose Limited

IWUUHH Limited Kılmarnock PFI Holdings Limited

Kılmarnock Prison Services Limited

Kinnoull House Holdings Limited

Kintra Limited

Lanterndew Limited

Lowdham Grange Prison Services Limited

Luton Health Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Luton Health Facilities Limited

M1-A1 Investments Limited

M1-A1 Yorkshire Limited

Machrie Burn Limited

Machrie Limited

Matrix FPMS Holdings Limited

Matrix FPMS Limited

Matrix PFI Developments Limited

Matrix PFI GP Lunited

Matrix PFI Holdings Limited

Matrix Premier Holdings Limited

Moreton Prison Services Limited

Newmount Holdings Limited

Newmount Limited

Newschools (Penweddig) Holdings Limited

Newschools (Penweddig) Limited

Normanby Healthcare Group Holdings Limited

Normanby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Normanby Healthcare (Projects) Limited

Nuffield Albion Healthcare Limited

NVSH TopCo Limited

PFI Infrastructure Finance Limited

PFI Senior Funding Limited

PIF Vulcans Lane Limited

PIF West Cumbria Limited

Premier Custodial Finance Limited

Premier Custodial Investments Limited

Premier Custodial Sub-debt Limited

Pucklechurch Custodial Services Limited

Reno Water Highland Limited

Reno Water (Moray) Limited

Reno Water (Tay) Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Group Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Limited

Robertson Health (Chester le Street) Group Holdings Limited

Robertson Health (Chester le Street) Holdings Limited

Robertson Health (Chester le Street) Limited

SD Marine Services (Holdings) Limited

SD Marine Services Limited

TBEP Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

23 Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

Tiverton Healthcare Facilities Limited
VLE Holdings Limited
Vulcans Lane Estates Limited
Wansbeck Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited
Wansbeck Healthcare Facilities Limited
WCEM Holdings Limited
West Cumbria Estates Management Limited

Registered Office -2nd Floor. 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF

ABC Schools (Holdings) Limited

ABC Schools Limited

Alpha Schools (West Lothian) Holdings Limited

Alpha Schools (West Lothian) Limited

Bannockburn Group Limited

Bannockburn Holdings Limited

Bannockburn Homes Limited

Catchment Highland Holdings Limited

Catchment Highland Limited

Catchment Limited

Catchment Moray Holdings Limited

Catchment Moray Limited

Catchment Tay Holdings Limited

Catchment Tay Limited

Covesea Holdings Limited

Covesea Limited

Dumfries Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Dumfries Facilities Ltd

Elbon PFI Fund II

Elgin Water Limited

Forfar Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Forfar Healthcare Limited

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Innovate East Lothian (Holdings) Limited

Innovate East Lothian Limited

International Water UU (Highland) Limited

KE Project Limited

Kinnoull House Limited

LH Project Limited

Lochgilphead Healthcare Services (Holdings) Limited

Lochgilphead Healthcare Services Limited

Midlothian Schools (Debtco) Limited

Midlothian Schools (Holdings) Limited

Midlothian Schools Limited

Morris Eddie Limited

NVSH Holdco Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Limited

Salisbury Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Salisbury Healthcare Facilities Limited

Tiverton Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

West Lothian Education Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

23. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

Registered Office -4/7 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JEI 0DE

BIIF Offshare Windkraft Holdings Limited

Registered Office - St James Chambers, Athol Street, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM1 1JE

PFI Infrastructure Company plc

Registered Office - 6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NWI 3AX

Connect A50 Limited
Connect Roads Limited

Registered Office - 33 Wigmore Street, London, WIU 1QX

Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited

Alert Communications (2006) Limited

Alert Communications Limited

Registered Office - Arnolds Cottage, Eddy Green Road, Lytchett Matravers, Poole, Dorset, BH16 6HL

Alert Communications (Holdings) Limited

Registered Office - Beaufort Court Egg Farm Lane, Off Station Road, Kings Langley, Hertfordshire, WD4 8LR

Black Hill Wind Farm Topco Limited Black Hill Wind Farm Holdco Limited Black Hill Wind Farm Limited

Registered Office - Hill House, 1 Little New Street, London, EC4A 3TR

Infrastructure Investors General Partner LLP - dormant

Registered Office - 6, Rue Eugene Ruppert L-2453, Luxembourg

Barclays Integrated Infrastructure Project sari Helios B (SJDA 11) Societe des Bus Hybrides Dijonnais

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

24. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The companies listed below are investments in joint ventures and associates together with particulars of loans due:

Accrued

	e _e						1	income and prepayment		
foint ventures and associates	holding ordinary shares	Country of Incorporation	Sector	Sum advanced £800	Interest rate applied	Date of maturity of hone	received	at 31 Dec 2017 £000	Accounting period end date	Registered office
Key Health Services (Addenbrookes) Limited	200%	England & Wales	Healthcare	3,563	11.25%	2037	423	736	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Fasttrax Limited	20%	d de	Military	2,872	11 25%	2025	467	115	31 December	Hill Park Court, Springfield Drive, Leatherhead, Surrey, KT22 7NL
Summit Healthcare (Wishaw) Limited	%09	Scotland	Healthcare	8,819	18.00%	2028	1,270	900	31 March	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Modern Courts (Humberside) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Justice	1,273	13.00%	2025	165	28	30 Aprıl	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Modern Courts (East Anglia) Limited	9605	England & Wales	Justice	688	13.20%	2025	117	ı	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF
The Education Support Company (Leeds) Limited	30 %	England & Wales	Education	1,369	13 00%	2028	178	45	31 March	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Consort Healthcare (Durham) Lamited	50%	England & Wales	Healthcare	4,338	LIBOR + 6%	2028	288	35	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Genistics Limited	9605	England & Wales	Military	8,811	13 50%	2020	651,1	29	31 December	Rolls Royce Pic PO BOX 31, Moor Lane, Derby, Derbyshire, DE24 8BJ
Connect M1-A1 Limited	20%	England & Wales	Transport.	2,854	15.00%	2016	424	157	31 March	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NWI 3AX
PPP Services (North Ayrshire) Limited	55%	Scotland	Education	4,185	14 00%	2037	586	124	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
FCC (East Ayrshire) Limited	45%	Scotland	Education	1,636	9.00%	2037	328	83	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Limited	20%	Scotland	Education	6,994	LIBOR + 6%	2023	515	165	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Glasgow Healthcare Facilities Limited	50%	Scotland	Healthcare	9,700	13 75%	2039	1,334	336	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1Df
Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited	9609	Scotland	Healthcare	1,206	13 25%	2031/	<u>35</u>	53	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Sewell Education (York) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Education	i k :	•	,	ı	•	31 December	Geneva Way, Leads Road, Hull, North Humberside, HU7 0DG
Surling Gateway Limited	20%	Scotland	Education	3,309	13.50%	2039	447	112	31 March	Quartermule One, 15 Lauriston Place, Edinburgh, EH3 9EP
Sheppey Route Limited	20%	England & Wales	Transport	2,680	12 75%	2033	349	98	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

24

		Registered office	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Keni, BRB 7AG	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	6, Rue Eugène Ruppen L-2453 Luxembourg	6, Rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BS1 4D	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	73 Norman Road, Greenwich, London, SE10 9QF	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	First Floor Return, 25 Merrion Square, Dublin 2
	Accounting	period end date	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 December	31 December	28 February	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 December	31 December
Accrued income and	prepayment at	31 Dec 2017 £000	113	194	01.1	233	239		374	1,910	1,609	7.7	ος	1	78		İ	16	58		
	Interest received	0003	603	858	3,042	924	1,713	46	,	1	1, 609	295	96	79	516	•	ı	360	231	•	•
	Date of	maturity of loan	2031	2031	2033	2033	2040	2038	2041	2037	2022	2036	2031	2031	2036	•		2035	2032	2031	•
	Interest	rate applied	7 88% + RPI	7 88% + RPI	8.21%	95%	12,30%	9 25%	8.618%	8 606%	12 00%	%00 01	15 00%	8 40%	12 26%			12 10%	13 75%	12 85%	,
	Sum	9003 E000	5,747	8,962	37,206	9,726	7,704	10,146	7,936	2,519	4,804	2,869	638	526	890		,	3,553	1,681	7,732	•
		Sector	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Healthcare	Transport	Justice	Education	Transport	Transport	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare	Transport	Transport	Transport	Education	Education	Education
		Country of Incorporation	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	France	Ггапсе	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wates	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	Treland
1	% holding	ordinary shares	20%	20%	50%	20%	20%	20%	56%	9609	42%	25%	20%	17%	25%	%O ?	15%	15%	30%	25%	25%
		Joint ventures and associates	Blue Transmission Walney I Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 2 Limited	Blue Transmission London Array Limited	Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal Limited	The Walsall Hospital Company Limited	Hounslow Highways Services Limited	Helios A SPV (SJDA 12)	Ligerea SPV (SIDA 13)	Road Management Group Limited	Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited	Calderdale Hospital SPC Limited	Worcestershire Hospital SPC plc	Albion Healthcare (Oxford) Limited	City Greenwich Lewisham Rail Link plc	Connect A30/A35 Limited	Connect M77 / GSO plc	Emblem Schools Limited	Manchester Schools Services Limited	CSM PPP Services Limited

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

24 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

Registered office C/O Cleaver Fulton Rankın, 50 Bedford Street, Belfast, BTZ 7FW	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DF	Westwood Way, Westwood Busines, Park, Coventry, CV4 8LG	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Hill Park Court, Springfield Drive, Leatherhead, Surrey, KT22 7NL	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, ECAN 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Rolls Royce Plc PO BOX 31, Moor Lane, Derby, Derbyshire, DE24 8BJ	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street. Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edunburgh, EH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, FH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Accounting period end date 31 December	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 March	30 April	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
Accrued income and prepayment at at at 2017	ı	192	4	ŀ	,	•		•	•		ı	•	•		,	•	
Interest received	•	151	10	•	ı		ı		•	•	•	•	ı	4	í	•	•
Date of maturity of loan	1	2033	2025	•	1	1	•	š	ŧ		*	•	•	F		•	1
Interest rate applied	,	13,07%	13 18%	1	1	1	,	•	•	1	ı	ŧ	ř	è	1	i.	
Sum Sums Sum Sum	,	1,149	122	•		•	,	,		,	•	,	1	•	,	•	•
Sector Education	Education	Education	Transport	Healthcare	Military	Healthcare	Healthcare	Justice	Justice	Education	Healthcare	Mılıtary	Transport	Education	Education	Education	Education
Country of Incorporation Northern Freland	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	Scotland	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	Scotland	Scotland	Scotland
% bolding ordinary shares 20%	25%	17多	40%	20%	20%	%09°	9609	50%	50%	20%	20%	9605	20%	55%	45%	50%	20%
Joint ventures and associates Bangor and Nendrum Schools Services Limited	Salford Schools Solutions Limited	The Edinborgh Schools Partnership Limited	Lighting for Staffordshire Limited	Key Health Services Holdings (Addenbrookes) Limited	Fasttrax Holdings Lunited	Summit Holdings (Wishaw) Limited	Summit Finance (Wishaw) plc	Modern Courts Holdings (Humberside) Limited	Modern Courts Holdings (East Anglia) Limited	The Education Support Company Holdmas (Loads) Limited	Consort Healthcare (Durham) Holdings Limited	Genistics Holdings Limited	Connect MI-A1 Holdings Limited	PPP Services (North Ayrshire) Holdings Limited	FCC (East Ayrshire) Holdings Limited	Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Holdings Limited	Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Investments Limited

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued) 24.

Registered office 2nd Floor 11 Thistle Screet, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Geneva Way, Leads Road, Hull, North Humberside, HU7 0DG	Quartermile One, 15 Lauriston Place, Edinburgh, EH3 9EP	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF	47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 08D, Channel Islands	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	47 Esplanade, St Heher, Jersey, JEI 0BD, Channel Islands	47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 0BD, Channel Islands	8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, BRB 7AG	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Gannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Accounting period end date 31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
Accrued income and prepayment at 31 Dec 2017			1	,	1	,			1	t	ı	,	•		1	
Interest received £000	,	1	1	i	t	•	Í	ŧ	•	t	,	i	1	•	1	
Date of maturity of loan	1	,	ŧ	•	•	ś	*	•	4	,	•	,	t	•	F.	,
Interest rate applied	ŧ	ş	ı	•	¢		t	ť	1	s	*	ī	t	1	į.	•
Sum Bedvanced	•	,	,	,			•	ı	1	ı	ı	ť	ı	,	•	
Sector Education	Healthcare	Healthcare	Education	Education	Transport	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Healthcare	Transport	Transport	Transport
Country of Incorporation Scotland	Scotland	Scotland	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Jersey	England & Wales	England & Wales	Jersey]ersey	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales
% holding ordinary shares 50%	20%	9609	50%	20%	50%	20%	20%	30 %	20%	50%	50%	20%	50%	20%	50%	4504
Joint ventures and associates Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal	initriary) finance Linnica Glasgow Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited	Stobbill Healthcare Facultues (Holdings) Limited	Sewell Education (York) Holdings Limited	Stirling Gateway HC Lunited	Sheppey Route (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 1 (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 2 (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 2 Investments Limited	Blue Transmission London Array (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal Investments Limited	Blue Transmission Investments Limited	The Walsall Hospital Company (Holdings) Limited	Hounslow Highways Investment Limited	Hounslow Highways Investment 2 Limited	Road Management Consolidated plc

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

24. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

Accrued

	Registered office Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, ECAN 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 411B	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NWI 3AX	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	First Floor Return, 25 Merrion Square, Dublin 2	C/O Cleaver Fulton Rankin, 50 Bedford Street, Belfast, BT2 7FW	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Westwood Way, Westwood Business Park, Coventry, CV4 8LG
Accounding period end	date Reg 31 December Car	31 December Car	31 December Car	31 December Thu BS1	31 December Thu BS1	31 December C/C	31 December C/C	31 December Thu BS1	31 March 6th NV	31 March 6th NW	31 March 2nd	31 December Car	31 December Firs	31 December C/C	31 December Thu BSI	31 December Can	31 March 2nd	31 December We
income and prepayment at 31 Dec 2017	0003	,	,	•	•	,	,	,		ı	•	1	,		•	ì	r	
Interest received	9663	•		•	ŀ		ŀ	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	t	•	à	1
Date of maturity	of loan	ŧ	1	•	ı	1	,	ŀ	1	•	•	•	4	,	•	,	ŧ	•
faterest rate	applied	,	•	·	٠		*	1	,	•	•	ř		ś	7	•	•	
Sum	5000	,	•	*	•	,	1	•		r	,	,			,		1	
	Sector Transport	Transport	Transport	Transport	Transport	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare	Transport	Transport	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Transport
Country of	Incorporation England &	Wates England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	Ireland	Northern Ireland	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales
90 holding ordinary	shares 42%	42%	42%	25%	25%	20%	17%	25%	15%	15%	30%	25%	25%	20%	25%	464	17%	40%
	Joint ventures and associates Road Management Limited	Road Management Services (Gloucester) Limited	Road Management Services (Peterborough) Limited	Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited	Road Management Services (Finance) plc	Calderdale Hospital SPC Holdings Limited	Worcestershire Hospital SPC Holdings Limited	Albion Healthcare (Oxford) Holdings Limited	Connect A30/A35 Holdings Limited	Connect M77 / GSO Holdings Limited	Emblem Schools (Holdings) Limited	Manchester Schools Services Holdings Limited	CSM PPP Services (Holdings) Limited	Bangor and Nendrum Schools Services Holdmas Limited	Salford Schools Solutions Holdco Lamited	Schools Capital Limited	ESP (Holdings) Lunited	Lighting for Staffordshire Holdings Limited