

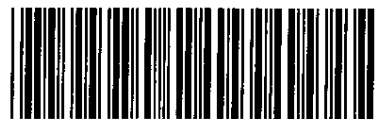
Registration number: 06666817

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements (Filleterd Accounts)

for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

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Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

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Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Company Information

Directors	Specsavers Optical Group Limited Douglas John David Perkins Mary Lesley Perkins Martin Dillon Naseer Mohammed Philip Bird
Company secretary	Specsavers Optical Group Limited
Registered office	Forum 6 Parkway Solent Business Park Whiteley, Fareham United Kingdom PO15 7PA
Registration number	06666817

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited**(Registration number: 06666817)****Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2022**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	77,581	67,692
Investments	5	120	120
		<u>77,701</u>	<u>67,812</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		27,868	26,217
Debtors	6	29,347	124,487
Cash and cash equivalents		50,233	31,685
		<u>107,448</u>	<u>182,389</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(173,380)</u>	<u>(188,765)</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(65,932)</u>	<u>(6,376)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		11,769	61,436
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	<u>(29,530)</u>	<u>(54,733)</u>
Net (liabilities)/assets		<u>(17,761)</u>	<u>6,703</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	1,001	1,001
Profit and loss account		<u>(18,762)</u>	<u>5,702</u>
Total equity		<u>(17,761)</u>	<u>6,703</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities. In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 28 February 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

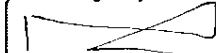
Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

14/11/2022 | 12:45 GMT

Approved and authorised by the Board on and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:


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Director Naseer Mohammed

The notes on pages 3 to 10 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital registered in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Forum 6
Parkway
Solent Business Park
Whiteley, Fareham
United Kingdom
PO15 7PA

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A – small entities.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest £.

Key areas of estimation uncertainty and judgments

Useful economic lives of tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful economic lives, taking into account residual values where appropriate. The useful economic lives of assets and residual values are assessed annually, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on dispatch of the goods, or when services are provided and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws which have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements, except that unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Government grants

Grants are accounted for under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the profit and loss account at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in "Other operating income" within profit or loss in the same period as the related expenditure. This includes the Government Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme ('Furlough').

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis at the following rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life (or if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter):

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture, fittings and equipment	14-25% on cost
Motor vehicles	25% on cost
Other property, plant and equipment	14-33% on cost

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. The directors have included the balances owed to and from the Group Treasury Company, within cash equivalents. If the overall cash balance with the Group Treasury Company is overdrawn, this is classified as a current liability alongside any other overdrawn external cash balances.

Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other operating expenses.

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over the useful life of the asset in the same manner as other property, plant and equipment. A corresponding liability is recognised for the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments in the balance sheet. Lease payments are apportioned between the reduction of the lease liability and finance charges in the profit and loss account, so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Lease incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Group accounts

The Group is small sized and as a result the parent company has taken advantage of the exemption available not to prepare statutory consolidated financial statements granted under Section 399 of the Companies Act 2006. Accordingly these financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 0 (2021: 0).

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 March 2021	141,716	199,978	341,694
Additions	<u>4,526</u>	<u>28,894</u>	<u>33,420</u>
At 28 February 2022	<u>146,242</u>	<u>228,872</u>	<u>375,114</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 March 2021	127,638	146,364	274,002
Charge for the year	<u>4,720</u>	<u>18,811</u>	<u>23,531</u>
At 28 February 2022	<u>132,358</u>	<u>165,175</u>	<u>297,533</u>
Carrying amount			
At 28 February 2022	<u>13,884</u>	<u>63,697</u>	<u>77,581</u>
At 28 February 2021	<u>14,078</u>	<u>53,614</u>	<u>67,692</u>

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

5 Investments

	2022	2021
	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	<u>120</u>	<u>120</u>
Subsidiaries		£
Cost or valuation		
At 1 March 2020 and 28 February 2022		<u>120</u>
Carrying amount		
At 28 February 2022		<u>120</u>
At 28 February 2021		<u>120</u>

6 Debtors

	Note	2022	2021
		£	£
Other debtors		1,128	1,191
Amounts owed by related parties	11	1,540	105,039
Prepayments and accrued income		18,116	7,880
Deferred tax assets		<u>8,563</u>	<u>10,377</u>
		<u>29,347</u>	<u>124,487</u>

Due after one year

Deferred tax assets of £8,563 (2021: £10,377) are classified as non current.

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

7 Creditors

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	28,367	52,908
Trade creditors		6,000	5,271
Taxation and social security		5,866	8,239
Accruals and other creditors		1,649	471
Amounts owed to related parties	11	128,206	118,585
Deferred rent		3,292	3,291
		<u>173,380</u>	<u>188,765</u>
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	20,469	42,380
Deferred rent		9,061	12,353
		<u>29,530</u>	<u>54,733</u>

8 Loans and borrowings

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings			
Group Treasury Company loan	11	13,958	-
Loans with related parties	11	14,409	52,908
		<u>28,367</u>	<u>52,908</u>
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Group Treasury Company loan	11	20,469	42,380

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Operating lease commitments

At 28 February 2022, the company had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases over the remaining life of those leases of £225,167 (2021: £285,167).

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

10 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
"A" Ordinary of £0.50 each	1,000	500	1,000	500
"B" Ordinary of £0.50 each	1,001	501	1,001	501
	<u>2,001</u>	<u>1,001</u>	<u>2,001</u>	<u>1,001</u>

Rights, preferences and restrictions

In accordance with the Articles of Association the following rights attach to shares: a) to "A" shares, the right to receive that part (including the whole) of the profits of the company which the directors shall, from time to time, determine to distribute as dividends. b) to "B" shares, the right to appoint the chairman of the board of directors and of the general meeting of the company. The "B" shares are held by Specsavers UK Holdings Limited. In all other respects both classes of share carry equal rights over the assets of the company, subject to those provisions as laid out in the shareholders' agreement.

11 Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. Balances outstanding at 28 February 2022, are as follows:

	Parent	Subsidiary	Other group undertakings
	£	£	£
2022			
Assets	<u>235</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>51,538</u>
2021			
Assets	<u>-</u>	<u>104,895</u>	<u>31,829</u>
2022			
Liabilities	<u>60,395</u>	<u>34,434</u>	<u>82,213</u>
2021			
Liabilities	<u>124,197</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>89,676</u>

Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

As at the year end Specsavers International Healthcare Limited was the ultimate parent company of Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited. Mr and Mrs Perkins have the controlling interest in the ordinary share capital of Specsavers International Healthcare Limited, the ultimate parent company. Specsavers International Healthcare Limited is a Guernsey registered company and its accounts are not available to the public.

Specsavers Optical Superstores Limited is the parent company of the smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up and in which Coulby Newham Specsavers Limited is a member. Specsavers Optical Superstores Limited registered office is:

Forum 6
Parkway
Solent Business Park
Whiteley
Fareham
PO15 7PA

13 Events after the reporting period

If dividends were paid after the year ended 28 February 2022, which will be accounted for in the shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ended 28 February 2023, the financial statements do not reflect these. The company has controls in place to ensure that there are sufficient retained earnings to cover dividend payments based on the latest available management information at the dividend declaration date so that the company remains in a net asset position.

The cost of disclosing and repeatedly updating the quantum of these dividends, right up to the date of signing the financial statements, is therefore considered to exceed any benefit to the users thereof.