Registered number: 06595577

LS ENGINEERING SHROPSHIRE LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

LS Engineering Shropshire Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 October 2022

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LS Engineering Shropshire Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 October 2022

Registered number: 06595577

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		812,969		968,357
Investments	5		98,096		98,096
			011.005		1 000 450
CURRENT ASSETS			911,065		1,066,453
Stocks	6	34,700		62,000	
Debtors	7	989,835		988,308	
Cash at bank and in hand	·	644,939		673,269	
			-	<u> </u>	
		1,669,474		1,723,577	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	8	(502,277)	-	(638,127)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			1,167,197		1,085,450
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,078,262		2,151,903
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	9		(387,216)		(642,707)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES Deferred Taxation			(67,287)		(89,039)
NET ASSETS			1,623,759		1,420,157
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				•	
Called up share capital	11		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			1,623,659		1,420,057
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,623,759		1,420,157

LS Engineering Shropshire Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 October 2022

For the year ending 31 October 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Lee Smith

Director

7 June 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company to its customers, net of Value Added Tax and any trade discounts.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It has been fully amortised.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold 2% Straight Line
Plant & Machinery 25% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures & Fittings 25% Reducing Balance

1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.7. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

1.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.9. Pensions

The company operates a defined pension contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

1.10. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

1.11. Investments

Investments in shares are included at cost less impairment.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2022	2021
Office and administration	5	6
Sales, marketing and distribution	1	1
Manufacturing	20	22
	26	29

Intangible Asset	ets
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	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 November 2021	25,000
As at 31 October 2022	25,000
Amortisation	
As at 1 November 2021	25,000
As at 31 October 2022	25,000
Net Book Value	
As at 31 October 2022	-
As at 1 November 2021	-

4. Tangible Assets

	Land & Property				
	Freehold	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 November 2021	504,671	837,737	118,352	38,707	1,499,467
Additions	-	24,759	3,416	3,366	31,541
Disposals	-	(213,493)	(24,300)	(1,798)	(239,591)
As at 31 October 2022	504,671	649,003	97,468	40,275	1,291,417
Depreciation					
As at 1 November 2021	45,691	397,305	65,365	22,749	531,110
Provided during the period	10,093	99,505	10,784	4,446	124,828
Disposals	-	(164,878)	(11,320)	(1,292)	(177,490)
As at 31 October 2022	55,784	331,932	64,829	25,903	478,448
Net Book Value					
As at 31 October 2022	448,887	317,071	32,639	14,372	812,969
As at 1 November 2021	458,980	440,432	52,987	15,958	968,357

Included above are assets held under finance leases with a net book value as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Motor Vehicles	12,103	28,230
	12,103	28,230

5.	Investments

	Unlisted
	£
Cost	
As at 1 November 2021	98,096
As at 31 October 2022	98,096
Provision	
As at 1 November 2021	
As at 31 October 2022	-
Net Book Value	
As at 31 October 2022	98,096
As at 1 November 2021	98,096

Investments comprise of ordinary shares held comprising 100% of the issued share capital in Weldwell Fabrications Limited. The subsidiary's nature of business is that of manufacturing of engineering of goods.

6. Stocks

	2022	2021
	£	£
Stock - materials	22,200	35,000
Stock - work in progress	12,500	27,000
	34,700	62,000
7. Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	535,576	409,544
Prepayments and accrued income	21,997	20,013
Other debtors	432,262	419,211
Director's loan account		139,540
	989,835	988,308

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	=	1,903
Trade creditors	172,957	263,879
Bank loans and overdrafts	40,752	82,925
Corporation tax	129,193	85,467
Other taxes and social security	16,185	19,967
VAT	38,666	83,167
Other creditors	4,297	11,416
Accruals and deferred income	70,530	68,832
Director's loan account	9,126	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	20,571	20,571
	502,277	638,127
The bank loan balance is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets.		
9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	10,341
Bank loans	387,216	632,366
	387,216	642,707
10. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2022	2021
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Within one year	-	1,903
Between one and five years	-	10,341
		12,244
		12,244
11. Share Capital		
	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

12. Pension Commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for its employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. At the balance sheet date unpaid contributions of £2,186 (2021: £3,295) were due to the fund.

13. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 November 2021	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 31 October 2022
	£	£	£	£	£
Mr Lee Smith	139,540		148,594		(9,054)

The above loan is unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest of 2.00% has been charged on the outstanding balance (prior to 6 April 2022 interest at 2.00%). There were no further conditions attached. The loan was repaid in full by 31 July 2022.

14. Related Party Transactions

Included within other debtors is a balance of £432,262 (2021: £419,211) owed by companies under common control.

15. General Information

LS Engineering Shropshire Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06595577. The registered office is Unit B1, Halesfield 8, Telford, TF7 4QN.

The financial statements are presented in pound sterling.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.