ABOX STORAGE SOLUTIONS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06578747

WILLIS JONES



16/08/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

#220

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
SWANSEA

ABOX STORAGE SOLUTIONS LIMITED ABBREVIATED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

<u>CONTENTS</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Balance Sheet	1
Notes to the Financial Statements	2

ABOX STORAGE SOLUTIONS LIMITED

(COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06578747)

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets		4466	-
		4466	-
CURRENT ASSETS			<u></u>
Debtors		65046	89620
Cash at bank and in hand		166018	65598
		231064	155218
CREDITORS : AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		(146990)	(102891)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		84074	52327
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		88540	52327
NET ASSETS		88540	52327
		=====	=====
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•	400	4
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	2	100 88440	52326
Tront and loss account		00440	32320
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		88540	52327
		=====	=====

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

H. Davies (Director)

ABOX STORAGE SOLUTIONS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Accounting basis and standards

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the revaluation of fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

(b) Cash flow

The accounts do not include a cash flow statement because the company, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirement to prepare such a statement under Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

(c) Depreciation

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided at rates estimated to write off the cost or revalued amounts, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:-

Office equipment

25% straight line

(d) Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of services provided net of value added tax.

(e) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for under the liability method in respect of the taxation effects of all timing differences which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at the rate at which it is estimated that tax will be payable.

(f) Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on outstanding liabilities.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2016	2015
	£	£
The authorised share capital comprises:- Authorised		
	400	100
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	=====	=====
Called up, allotted and fully paid		
100 (2015:1) ordinary shares of £1 each	100	1
, ,	=====	======