COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06567873

A & P CATERING SERVICES LTD Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 April 2019

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Statement of Financial Position

30 April 2019

		2018		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5		7,420	9,853
Current assets Debtors	6	4,786		7,922
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	31,312		22,602
Net current liabilities			26,526	14,680
Total assets less current liabilities	•		(19,106)	(4,827)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		5,348	8,245
Net liabilities			(24,454)	(13,072)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account			1 (24,455)	1 (13,073)
Shareholders deficit			(24,454)	(13,072)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 April 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P Daniels

Director

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Company registration number: 06567873

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 April 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 339 Two Mile Hill Road, Kingswood, Bristol, BS15 1AN.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

15% reducing balance

Motor vehciles

15% reducing balance

Equipment

15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2019

5. Tangible assets

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	machinery £	vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 May 2018 and 30 April 2019	1,653	17,165	1,498	20,316
Depreciation At 1 May 2018 Charge for the year	1,106 141	8,206 2,240	1,151 52	10,463 2,433
At 30 April 2019	1,247	10,446	1,203	12,896
Carrying amount At 30 April 2019 At 30 April 2018	406	6,719 8,959	295 347	7,420 9,853
				
6. Debtors				
Trade debtors			2019 £ 4,786	2018 £ 7,922
Trade debiolo				
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors			2019 £ 6,979 447 3,667 6,079 14,140 31,312	2018 £ 5,640 330 8,937 4,927 2,768 22,602
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after r	nore than one	year		<u></u>
Other creditors		-	2019 £ 5,348	2018 £ 8,245

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2019

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2019	
	Balance	Advances/	
	brought	(credits) to the	Balance
	forward	director	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mrs B A Daniels	(4	7) (5,686)	(5,733)
Mr P Daniels	(4		
	(94	4) (11,372)	(11,466)
		2018	
	Balance	Advances/	D .
	brought	(credits) to the	
	forward	director	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mrs B A Daniels	(11)	,	(47)
Mr P Daniels	(110	<u>63</u>	<u>(47)</u>
	(22	1) 127	(94)

10. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8.