### Registration number 06560365

**Melamine UK Limited** 

**Abbreviated accounts** 

for the year ended 31 December 2013

27/09/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

## Independent auditors' report to Melamine UK Limited under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5 together with the financial statements of Melamine UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of the director and the auditors

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

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Ian Davies (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Tranter Lowe (D & W) LLP

**Chartered Accountants and** 

**Statutory Auditors** 

23 Tan Bank Wellington Telford

TF1 1HJ

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## Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 December 2013

		2013		2012	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		17,002		23,578
Current assets					
Debtors		216,465		212,966	
Cash at bank and in hand		69,481		109,585	
		285,946		322,551	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(279,090)		(328,701)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			6,856		(6,150)
Total assets less current					
liabilities			23,858		17,428
Net assets			23,858		17,428
Capital and reserves			<del></del>		:
Called up share capital	4		1		1
Profit and loss account			23,857		17,427
Shareholders' funds			23,858		17,428

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) relating to small companies.

These accounts were approved by the director on 18 SEP 2014 are signed on his behalf by:

M Scheerhoorn Director

Registration number 06560365

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

### Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of services falling within the company's ordinary activities.

#### 1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles

20% per annum

#### 1.4. Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

The regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings.

### 1.5. Going concern

The directors have reviewed the future forecasts of trading and financial resources. Sufficient cash balances were held at the year end and the directors are of the opinion that they have sufficient resources and risk management policies to deal with the current economic climate. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

## Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

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#### 1.6. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

### 2. Auditors' remuneration

	2013 £	2012 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements	2,000	2,000
Auditors' remuneration - other fees:	9,600	9,600

# Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

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3.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets	
			£	
	Cost		22 005	
	At 1 January 2013		32,895	
	At 31 December 2013		32,895	
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2013		9,317	
	Charge for year		6,576	
	At 31 December 2013		15,893	
	Net book values			
	At 31 December 2013		17,002	
	At 31 December 2012		23,578	
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4.	Share capital	2013	2012	
		£	£	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	
	Equity Shares			
	1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	
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