Registered number: 06534480

ALPHASIGHTS LTD

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Andrew Heath Max Cartellieri Sebastian Wossagk

Registered number

06534480

Registered office

Thames Court 3rd Floor

1 Queenhithe London EC4V 3DX

Independent auditors

Gerald Edelman

Chartered Accountants

73 Cornhill London EC3V 3QQ

CONTENTS

	Page
Group Strategic Report	1
Directors' Report	2 - 3
Independent Auditors' Report	4 - 5
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	6
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	7 - 8
Company Statement of Financial Position	9 - 10
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	11 - 12
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	13 - 14
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	15 - 16
Notes to the Financial Statements	17 - 36

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Business review

The group saw continued growth for the year to 31 December 2016. The directors believe that there is considerable opportunity for the continued development of the activities of the group.

The company was ranked the forty-first (2015: twenty-first) fastest growing company in UK by the Sunday Times Fast Track 100 index published in December 2016.

Principal risks and uncertaintiés

Commercial risk

Continued commercial success will depend on the company's ability to add clients and expand its footprint amongst its existing client base, while maintaining the quality and standards in execution.

Foreign exchange risk

The company executes business denominated in currencies other than its reporting currency, and is thus exposed to risks related to movements in exchange rates. While the company is hedged to a degree owing to costs incurred in the invoicing currencies, a net exposure remains to the movement in currencies against the reporting currency.

Credit risk

The company provides credit to clients and therefore assumes credit risk with regards to non-payment of invoices issued to clients or general client default. This is mitigated by the composition and quality of the company's client base.

Financial key performance indicators

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The company's financial key performance indicators, turnover and profit, both grew year on year.

Future developments

The Company will continue to invest in its people and its relationships with clients.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Andrew Heath

Director

Max Cartellieri
Director

Wolles;

Date: 19 May 2017

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the provision of business information services to corporate clients.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £17,788,282 (2015: £11,346,478).

Dividends of £2,972,178 (2015: £2,972,178) were paid to Ordinary shareholders during the year.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year were:

Andrew Heath Max Cartellieri Sebastian Wossagk

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Going concern

The financial statements show growing profitability for both the company and the group. Based on financial forecasts and associated expected future cash flows, the directors reasonably expect the group to remain in a position to continue operations over the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been prepared on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the fact that, upon consolidation only, total liabilities for the group exceed total assets.

Total assets exceed total liabilities for the company as well as each of its subsidiaries.

Auditors

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Gerald Edelman will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

Disclosure of information to auditors

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Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of
 any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditors are aware of
 that information.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Andrew Heath

Director

Date: 19 May 2017

Max Cartellieri

Date: 19 May 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ALPHASIGHTS LTD

We have audited the financial statements of AlphaSights Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2016, set out on pages 6 to 36. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2006 and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 2, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's and the parent Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of the Group's profit or loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ALPHASIGHTS LTD (CONTINUED)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with those financial statements and such reports have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the parent Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Stephen Coleman ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Gerald Edelman

Chartered Accountants

73 Cornhill London EC3V 3QQ

19 May 2017

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Turnover	•	66,523,792	48,616,944
Cost of sales		(34,381,816)	(25, 875, 695)
Gross profit		32,141,976	22,741,249
Administrative expenses		(9,297,042)	(8,333,531)
Operating profit	4	22,844,934	14,407,718
Interest receivable and similar income	7	1,355	368
Interest payable and expenses	8	(106,584)	(154,332)
Profit before taxation		22,739,705	14,253,754
Tax on profit	9	(4,951,423)	(2,907,276)
Profit for the year		17,788,282	11,346,478
Currency translation differences		205,711	58
Movement in share options reserve		343,781	303,550
Release of deferred tax on excess depreciation charge		283,233	330,240
Other comprehensive income for the year		832,725	633,848
Total comprehensive income for the year		18,621,007	11,980,326

ALPHASIGHTS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06534480

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets			~		~
Intangible assets	12		12,379,962		13,019,583
Tangible assets	13		2,236,315		386,521
			14,616,277		13,406,104
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	15	15,285,878		8,762,701	
Cash at bank and in hand	16	10,413,436		7,580,956	
		25,699,314		16,343,657	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(23,448,081)		(8,674,079)	
Net current assets			2,251,233		7,669,578
Total assets less current liabilities			16,867,510		21,075,682
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18		(31,750,000)		-
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	21	(1,177,105)		(1,529,094)	
,			(1,177,105)		(1,529,094)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(16,059,595)		19,546,588
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		382,030		495,363
Revaluation reserve	23		- -		2,708,518
Capital redemption reserve	23		158,829		45,496
Foreign exchange reserve	23		186,776		(18,935,
Share options reserve	23		711,915		368,134
Profit and loss account	23		(17,499,145)		15,948,012
			(16,059,595)		19,546,588

ALPHASIGHTS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06534480

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 May 2017.

Andrew Heath

Director

Max/Cartellieri

Director

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

ALPHASIGHTS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06534480

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

Note		2016 £		2015 £
14010		~		~
12		12,379,962		13,019,583
13		1,801,550		122,458
14		26,367,000		12,667,020
	·	40,548,512		25,809,061
15	15,009,472		8,300,381	
16	8,623,063		6,279,892	
	23,632,535		14,580,273	
17	(23,307,109)		(7,771,521)	
		325,426		6,808,752
		40,873,938		32,617,813
18		(31.750.000)	•	-
		(0.1,1.00,1000)		
21	(1,177,105)		(1,529,094)	
		(1,177,105)		(1,529,094)
		7,946,833		31,088,719
22		382,030		495,363
23		-	`,	15,338,877
23		158,829		45,496
23		711,915		368,134
23		6,694,059		14,840,849
	13 14 15 16 17 18 21 22 23 23 23 23	12 13 14 15 15,009,472 16 8,623,063 23,632,535 17 (23,307,109) 18 21 (1,177,105) 22 23 23 23 23 23	Note 12 13 1,801,550 14 26,367,000 40,548,512 15 15,009,472 16 8,623,063 23,632,535 17 (23,307,109) 325,426 40,873,938 18 (31,750,000) 21 (1,177,105) 7,946,833 22 382,030 23 23 23 24 25 25 27 27 27 28 28 29 27 21,915	Note £ 12

ALPHASIGHTS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06534480

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 May 2017.

Andrew Heath

Rd M. Hell

Director

Max Gartellieri

Diregtor

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Called up share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign exchange reserve	Share options reserve		Total equity
•	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2016	495,363	45,496	2,708,518	(18,935)	368,134	15,948,012	19,546,588
Total comprehensive income for the year							
Profit for the year		-	-	-		17,788,282	17,788,282
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	205,711	-	-	205,711
Movement in share options reserve		-	-	-	343,781	-	343,781
Transfer of excess depreciation net of deferred tax	-	-	(803,169)	-		1,086,402	283,233
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-		(2,972,178)	(2,972,178)
Purchase of own shares	-	113,333	-	-		(51,255,013)	(51,141,680)
Bonus shares alloted from fair value reserve	28,235,688	-	-	-	-	-	28,235,688
Shares cancelled during the year	(28,349,022)	-	-	-	-	-	(28,349,022)
Capitalisation of fair value reserve	-	-	(1,905,349)	-	-	-	(1,905,349)
Capitalisation of fair value reserve	-	-	-	-	-	1,905,350	1,905,350
At 31 December 2016	382,029	158,829		186,776	711,915	(17,499,145)	(16,059,596)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

V	Called up share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign exchange reserve		Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2015	495,363	45,496	4,029,476	(18,993)	64,584	5,922,514	10,538,440
Total comprehensive income for the year							
Profit for the year	-	-	· -	-	-	11,346,478	11,346,478
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	58	-	-	58
Movement in share options reserve	-	-	-	-	303,550	-	303,550
Transfer of excess depreciation net of deferred tax			(1,320,958)	-	-	[~] 1,651,198	330,240
Dividends: Equity capital		-	-	-	-	(2,972,178)	(2,972,178)
At 31 December 2015	495,363	45,496	2,708,518	(18,935)	368,134	15,948,012	19,546,588

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Called up share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Fair value reserve	Share options reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
•	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2016	495,363	45,496	15,338,877	368,134	14,840,849	31,088,719
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	=	-	-	-	16,758,311	16,758,311
Movement in share options reserve	•	-	-	343,781	-	343,781
Transfer of excess depreciation net of deferred tax	•	-	(803,169)	-	1,086,402	283,233
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(2,972,178)	(2,972,178)
Purchase of own shares	-	113,333	-	-	(51,255,013)	(51,141,680)
Bonus shares alloted from fair value reserve	28,235,688	-	-	-	-	28,235,688
Shares cancelled during the year	(28,349,022)	-	-	-	-	(28,349,022)
Fair value reserves allotment	-	-	(28,235,688)	-	-	(28,235,688)
Capital reduction	-	-	-	-	28,235,688	28,235,688
Surplus on fair valuation of subsidiaries	-	-	13,699,980	-	-	13,699,980
At 31 December 2016	382,029	158,829		711,915	6,694,059	7,946,832

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Called up share capital £	Capital redemption reserve £	Fair value reserve £	Share options reserve £	Profit and loss account	Total equity
At 1 January 2015	495,363	45,496	4,685,653	64,584	5,913,157	11,204,253
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year		-	-	-	10,248,672	10,248,672
Movement in share options reserve	-	-	-	303,550	-	303,550
Transfer of excess depreciation net of deferred tax	-	-	(1,320,958)	-	1,651,198	330,240
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(2,972,178)	(2,972,178)
Surplus on fair valuation of subsidiaries	-	-	11,974,182	-	-	11,974,182
At 31 December 2015	495,363	45,496	15,338,877	368,134	14,840,849	31,088,719

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016	. 2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities	£	£
Profit for the financial year	17,788,282	11,346,478
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,701,608	1,847,138
Depreciation of tangible assets	322,099	263,733
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	20,633	(263)
Interest paid	106,584	154,332
Interest received	(1,355)	(368)
Taxation charge	4,951,423	2,907,276
(Increase) in debtors	(6,500,276)	(1,355,747)
Increase in creditors	4,857,999	3,401,032
Corporation tax (paid)	(3,377,071)	(2,344,665)
Share options charge	343,781	303,550
Exchange differences on reconversion of foreign subsidiaries	170,153	(11,439)
Net cash generated from operating activities	20,383,860	16,511,057
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	(1,061,987)	(792,235)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(2,159,450)	(136,933)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	2,477	700
Interest received	1,355	368
Net cash from investing activities	(3,217,605)	(928, 100)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Purchase of ordinary shares	(51,255,013)	-
New secured loans	40,000,000	-
Repayment of loans	, , -	(10,124,894)
Dividends paid	(2,972,178)	(2,972,178)
Interest paid	(106,584)	(154,332)
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,333,775)	(13,251,404)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,832,480	2,331,553

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016 · £	2015 £
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	7,580,956	5,249,403
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	10,413,436	7,580,956
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	10,413,436	7,580,956
	10,413,436	7,580,956

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. Accounting policies

1.1 General information

AlphaSights Ltd. is a company incorporated in England and Wales as a private limited liability company. The address of its registered office is:

Thames Court, 3rd floor 1 Queenhithe London EC4V 3DX

1.2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 2).

1.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Statement of Financial Position, the formed entity's / acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the formation / acquisition date. The results of the formed entity's / acquiree's operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

1.4 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates and value added tax.

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- b) it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- c) the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably, and;
- d) the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Intangible assets

Previously revalued intangibles are brought in at deemed cost representing the net book value of those revalued intangible assets as at the date of transition. Subsequently, intangible assets are recognised at cost. After recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Software development cost is amortised on a straight line basis over 10 years.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

The Group adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Group. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Short-term leasehold property - straight line over the life of lease

Computer equipment - 33% straight line Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried in at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.8 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries were historically carried at cost less accumulated imparment losses. During the year, investments in the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries were restated at fair value. The fair valuation exercise was carried out by an independent valuer. Fair value surplus was recorded through the company's other comprehensive income. This change in accounting policy necessitated for the comparatives to be changed retrospectively to reflect the fair value adjustment.

1.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

1.12 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the Group would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.13 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.14 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Profit and Loss Account within operating profit.

On consolidation, the results of overseas operations are translated into sterling at rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place. All assets and liabilities of overseas operations are translated at the rate ruling at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on translating the opening net assets at opening rate and the results of overseas operations at actual rate are recognised in other comprehensive income.

1.15 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

1.16 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid.

1.17 Share based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the vesting period. Such instruments are measured at fair value at the time of grant taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments are granted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.18 Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

1.19 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

1.20 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgments and estimates have been made include:

Intangible assets

Critical estimates are made by the directors in determining amortization rates for intangible assets and their residual values.

Tangible assets

Critical estimates are made by the directors in determining depreciation rates for tangible assets and their residual values.

Debtors

Critical estimates are made by the directors in determining the recoverable amount of impaired receivables.

Applying the Company's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made judgements in determining whether assets are impaired or not.

3. Analysis of turnover

The total turnover of the Group for the year has been derived from its principal activity invoiced from the United Kingdom.

4. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2016 £	2015 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	322,219	263,740
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,701,608	1,847,138
Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	28,975	30,140
- The audit of the Group's subsidiaries pursuant to legislation	15,000	15,000
Exchange differences	(1,404,323)	392
Other operating lease rentals	2,640,375	1,424,192
Share based payment	343,781	303,550
Defined contribution pension cost	123,536	15,884

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

5.	Employees

Staff costs, including Directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2016 £	2015 £
Wages and salaries	16,469,161	12,541,750
Social security costs	1,462,195	1,123,417
Cost of defined contribution scheme	123,536	15,884
	18,054,892	13,681,051

The average monthly number of employees, including the Directors, during the year was as follows:

		2016	2015
		Ņo.	No.
Commercial and administration		320	269

6. Directors' remuneration

	2016 £	2015 £
Directors' emoluments	799,946	229,451
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	9,900	8,100
	809,846	237,551

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 Director (2015: 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid Director received remuneration of £417,946 (2015: £121,451).

7. Interest receivable

	2016 £	2015 £
Other interest receivable	1,355	368
	1,355	368

8.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Bank interest payable	106,584	154,332
		106,584	154,332
9.	Taxation		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits for the year	4,025,124	2,567,685
		4,025,124	2,567,685
	Foreign tax		
	Foreign tax on income for the year	995,055	413,218
		995,055	413,218
	Total current tax	5,020,179	2,980,903
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(68,756)	(73,627)
	Total deferred tax	(68,756)	(73,627)
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	4,951,423	2,907,276

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

9. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2015: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	22,739,705	14,253,754
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20%) Effects of:	4,547,941	2,850,751
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	85,855	65,701
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	291,096	378,529
Research and development tax credit	(488,514)	(356,506)
Research and development tax credit	4,604	(53)
Foreign tax charge	995,056	413,218.
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(68,756)	(73,627)
Other differences leading to an increase (decrease) in the tax charge	(415,859)	(370,737)
Total tax charge for the year	4,951,423	2,907,276

10. Parent company profit for the year

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements. The profit after tax of the parent Company for the year was £16,758,311 (2015: £10,248,673).

11. Dividends

	2016 £	2015 £
Ordinary shares	2,972,178	2,972,178
	2,972,178	2,972,178

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

12. Intangible assets

Group

.~	Software development cost £
Cost	
At 1 January 2016	15,398,326
Additions	1,061,987
At 31 December 2016	16,460,313
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2016	2,378,743
Charge for the year	1,701,608
At 31 December 2016	4,080,351
Net book value	
At 31 December 2016	12,379,962
At 31 December 2015	13,019,583

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

12. Intangible assets (continued)

Company

	Software development cost £
Cost	
At 1 January 2016	15,398,326
Additions	1,061,987
At 31 December 2016	16,460,313
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2016	2,378,743
Charge for the year	1,701,608
At 31 December 2016	4,080,351
Net book value	
At 31 December 2016	12,379,962
At 31 December 2015	13,019,583

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

13. Tangible fixed assets

Group

	Short-term leasehold property £	Computer equipment £	Fixtures, fittings & equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2016	195,280	650,590	339,921	1,185,791
Additions	575,054	158,392	1,426,004	2,159,450
Disposals	(79,314)	(230,135)	(116,087)	(425,536)
Exchange adjustments	23,105	67,902	41,387	132,394
At 31 December 2016	714,125	646,749	1,691,225	3,052,099
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2016	166,225	453,755	179,290	799,270
Charge for the period on owned assets	52,707	154,197	115,315	322,219
Disposals	(79,314)	(229,639)	(93,473)	(402,426)
Exchange adjustments	19,749	52,060	24,908	96,717
At 31 December 2016	159,367	430,373	226,040	815,780
Net book value				
At 31 December 2016	554,758 	216,376	1,465,185	2,236,319
At 31 December 2015	29,055	196,835	160,631	386,521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

13. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Company

	Short-term leasehold property £	Computer equipment £	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2016	79,314	309,760	132,212	521,286
Additions	423,377	44,252	1,339,960	1,807,589
Disposals	(79,314)	(222,465)	(116,087)	(417,866)
At 31 December 2016	423,377	131,547	1,356,085	1,911,009
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2016	79,314	237,712	81,802	398,828
Charge for the period on owned assets	6,048	49,490	50,272	105,810
Disposals	(79,314)	(222,392)	(93,473)	(395,179)
At 31 December 2016	6,048	64,810	38,601	109,459
Net book value				
At 31 December 2016	417,329	66,737	1,317,484	1,801,550
At 31 December 2015		72,048	50,410	122,458

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

14. Fixed asset investments

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity	
AlphaSights Inc.	Ordinary	100 %	Business information services	
AlphaSights Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Business information services	
AlphaSights FZ-LLC	Ordinary	100 %	Business information services	
Company				
				Investments in subsidiary companies £
Valuation				
At 1 January 2016				12,667,020
Revaluations				13,699,980

At 31 December 2016	•	26,367,000

Net book value

At 31 December 2016	26,367,000
At 04 December 2045	12,667,020
At 31 December 2015	

The investments in subsidiaries are stated at fair value as explained in note 1.9. The carrying value at 1 January 2016 of £12,667,020 is based on the fair value at that date. The carrying value at 31 December 2015 of £36,661 was based on cost less impairment losses. The current year's fair value adjustment of £13,699,980 has been recorded in other comprehensive income which has been eliminated on consolidation.

No deferred tax has been provided due to the availability of substantial shareholding exemption.

15.	Debtors				
		Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company 2015 £
	Trade debtors	11,067,539	7,556,489	11,067,539	7,556,489
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	319,438	36,470
	Other debtors	2,544,471	420,608	2,354,552	54,486
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,673,868	785,604	1,267,943	652,936
		15,285,878	8,762,701	15,009,472	8,300,381
16.	Cash and cash equivalents				
	•	Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company 2015 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	10,413,436	7,580,956	8,623,063	6,279,892
		10,413,436	7,580,956	8,623,063	6,279,892
17.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within on	e year			
	. •	Group 2016	Group 2015	Company 2016	Company 2015
	Bank loans	£	£	£	£
	Trade creditors	8,250,000 1,418,335	- 629,353	8,250,000 1,252,100	- 499,883
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,410,555	029,000	1,757,623	392,838
	Corporation tax	3,389,888	1,723,881	2,624,801	1,323,728
	Other taxation and social security	452,253	699,233	438,572	690,637
	Other creditors	126,903	94,603	1,883	6,091
	Accruals and deferred income	9,810,702	5,527,009	8,982,130	4,858,344
		23,448,081	8,674,079	23,307,109	7,771,521

					
18.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more	than one year			
		Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company 2015 £
	Bank loans	31,750,000	-	31,750,000	-
		31,750,000	-	31,750,000	
19.	Loans	•			
	The bank loan was secured by a fixed and flo	pating charge ove	r the assets of	the Company.	
		Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company 2015 £
	Amounts falling due within one year	_	_	_	-
	Bank loans	8,250,000	-	8,250,000	-
	Amounts falling due 2-5 years				
	Bank loans	31,750,000	-	31,750,000	-
		40,000,000	-	40,000,000	-
20.	Financial instruments				
		Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company 2015 £
	Financial assets	-	2	*-	~
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	10,413,436	7,580,956	8,623,063	6,279,892
	Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	14,224,928	8,395,166	14,354,447	8,065,513
		24,638,364	15,976,122	22,977,510	14,345,405
	Financial liabilities				
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(43,511,303)	(1,586,530)	(44,149,292)	(1,109,319)
		(43,511,303)	(1,586,530)	(44,149,292)	(1,109,319)
		=====			

21.	Deferred taxation				
	Group				
				2016 £	2015 £
	At beginning of year Charged to the comprehensive income Charged to other comprehensive income			(1,529,094) 68,756 283,233	(1,932,961) 73,627 330,240
	At end of year	,	-	(1,177,105)	(1,529,094)
	Company				
				2016 £	2015 £
	At beginning of year Charged to the comprehensive income Charged to other comprehensive income	·		(1,529,094) 68,756 283,233	(1,932,961) 73,627 330,240
	At end of year		- · <u>-</u>	(1,177,105)	(1,529,094)
		Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company 2015 £
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,177,104)	(1,529,094)	1,177,104	1,529,094
		(1,177,104)	(1,529,094)	1,177,104	1,529,094
22.	Share capital				
	Shares classified as equity			2016 £	2015 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 7,640,592 (2015: 9,907,259) Ordinary shares of	f £0.05 each		382,030	495,363

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

22. Share capital (continued)

During the year, in chronological order,

564,713,763 Ordinary Shares of £0.05 each were allotted, at the rate of 57 for every 1 held, to holders of Ordinary Shares out of the revaluation reserve.

The capital of the company was reduced by extinguishing the 564,713,763 Ordinary Shares of £0.05 each of the revaluation reserve allotment.

The company purchased 2,266,667 Ordinary Shares of £0.05 each in the capital of the company for a consideration of £22.50 per share.

Ordinary shares rank pari passu in terms of voting rights or rights to receive any distribution of profits or proceeds of capital.

23. Reserves

The reserves for the Group and Company have been fully analysed in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Company Statement of Changes in Equity

24. Share based payments

During the year, the company issued options over 118,750 (2015: 375,000) Ordinary Shares of £0.05 each vesting over 5 years at an exercise price of £5.00 (2015: £2.91) per share.

At the Balance Sheet date, the aggregate of the estimated fair value of the share options granted resulted in a charge of £343,781 (2015: £303,550) in the Profit and Loss Account.

Fair value is determined by adjusting the arithmetic average of an earnings-based and yield-based valuation, based on management's best estimates.

25. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £39,855 (2015: £15,884).

Contributions totalling £15,600 (2015: £8,175) were payable to the fund at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

26. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2016 the Group and the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Group 2016 £	Group 2015 £	Company 2016 £	Company · 2015 £
Not later than 1 year	2,241,188	1,356,881	542,305	194,875
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	15,868,029	598,672	4,542,241	-
Later than 5 years	3,397,343	-	854,919	-
	21,506,560	1,955,553	5,939,465	194,875

27. Related party transactions

Group

The company made profit distributions to Harley Street Nominees Limited in the amount of £2,311,833 (2015: £2,311,833) which included distributions to the company's directors' family interests.

Company

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in section 33 of FRS 102 "Related Party Disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.