COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06522398

AKITA SECURITY SERVICES LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2013



AKITA SECURITY SERVICES LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2013

	2013		2012
Note	£	£	£
2			
		52,119	69,477
	236,849		373,566
	36,050		18,682
	272,899		392,248
3	376,222		499,778
		(103,323)	(107,530)
ES		(51,204)	(38,053)
an			
		24,262	39,050
		(75,466)	(77,103)
		100	100
4			
		(/3,300)	(77,203)
		(75,466)	(77,103)
	2	Note £ 2 236,849 36,050 272,899 3 376,222	Note £ £ £ 2 52,119 236,849 36,050 272,899 3 376,222 (103,323) (51,204) ES (24,262) (75,466) 4 100 (75,566)

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 MARCH 2013

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the director and authorised for issue on . 1911212013 and are signed on their behalf by.

MR P A WILLIAMS

P.A. will

Company Registration Number 06522398

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The company meets it's day to day working capital requirements through an invoice discounting facility which is renewable at the end of each contract terms, together with support from a company director.

The nature of the company's business is such that there can be considerable unpredictable variation in the timing of cash inflows. On the basis of the cash flow predictions and discussions with the facility providers, the director considers the company will continue to operate within the facility currently agreed. However, the margin of facilities is not large and, inherently there can be no certainty in relation to these matters. On this basis, the director considers it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of the invoice discount facility or a withdrawal of the financial support of the director.

Consolidation

In the opinion of the director, the company and its member undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery

10% straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

33 33% straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Equipment

- 33 33% straight line

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 April 2012	116,555
Additions	(5,533)
At 31 March 2013	111,022
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2012	47,078
Charge for year	11,825
At 31 March 2013	58,903
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2013	52,119
At 31 March 2012	69,477

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

	2013	2012
	£	£
Secured debt < 1 Yr Invoice finance debt	31,824	96,960

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	2013	2012
	£	£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2012	
No	£
100	100
	

5. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

During the 2012 financial year 100% of the share capital was transferred to Akita Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales number 00643657.