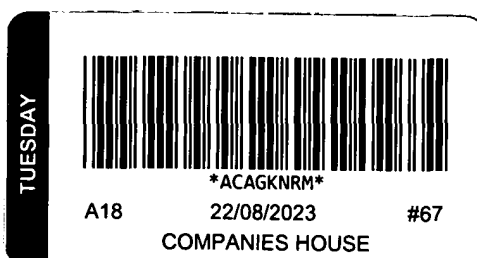


# Brook Street 1 Limited

Report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

**Registered number: 06516561**



# Brook Street 1 Limited

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# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Directors and other information

### **Board of Directors**

Marc Socker  
Nasir Pasha  
Jeremy Cape

### **Registered office**

27 Knightsbridge  
London  
SW1X 7LY

### **Bankers**

Barclays Bank  
1 Churchill Place  
London  
E14 5HP

### **Solicitor**

MacFarlanes LLP  
10 Norwich Street  
London  
EC4A 1BD

### **Registered number**

06516561

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Company has taken the exemption for small companies in relation to the Strategic report provided by Section 414B of the Companies Act 2006.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of Brook Street 1 Limited ('the Company') is that of an investment holding company.

### Business review

The company was an income beneficiary of 41- 43 Brook Street Trust. The trust agreement terminated on 11 March 2013 and from that date no future income is due to the company. The statement of comprehensive income is set out on page 5.

### Dividends

During the year no dividends were paid and no dividends were proposed.

### Directors and their interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Marc Socker  
Nasir Pasha  
Jeremy Cape

### Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable donations during the year (2021: £nil).

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Directors' report (*continued*)

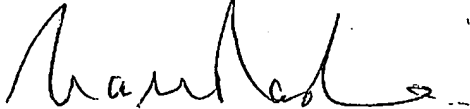
### **Going Concern**

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### **Auditors**

The annual accounts have not been audited because the Company is entitled to the exemption provided by section 480(1) of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies and the members have not required the Company to obtain an audit under section 476(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board of Directors ('the Board') and signed on behalf of the Board



Nasir Pasha  
Director

27 July 2023

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the Board



Nasir Pasha  
Director

27 July 2023

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<b>Turnover</b>	3	-	-
Cost of sales		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Gross profit</b>		-	-
Administrative expenses		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Profit on ordinary activities before tax</b>		-	-
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>

The company had no other comprehensive income in the financial year or preceding financial year other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account. All activities in the current year and preceding year are derived from continuing operations.

**Brook Street 1 Limited**  
Registered number: 06516561

**Balance sheet**  
*as at 31 December 2022*

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2022 £'000</b>	<b>2021 £'000</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	6	7,836	7,836
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>7,836</b>	<b>7,836</b>
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	7	-	-
Profit and loss account		7,836	7,836
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<b>7,836</b>	<b>7,836</b>
		<hr/>	<hr/>

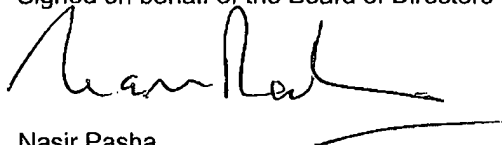
The annual accounts have not been audited because the Company is entitled to the exemption provided by section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit under section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 July 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

  
Nasir Pasha  
Director



# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2022

	Share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
<b>At 1 January 2021</b>	-	7,836	7,836
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	-	7,836	7,836
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2022</b>	-	7,836	7,836
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Notes

### *to the financial statements*

#### **1 Statement of compliance**

Brook Street 1 Limited is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The company's registered office is at 27 Knightsbridge, London, SW1X 7LY.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

These financial statements are presented in sterling, being the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in sterling has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except where otherwise stated.

#### **2 Significant accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("EU IFRS"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

In these financial statements, the Company has adopted certain disclosure exemptions available under FRS 101. These include:

- a cash flow statement and related notes (para 8(h));
- disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel (para 8(j));
- disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries (para 8(k));
- certain comparative information (para 8(f)); and
- the effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs (para 8(i));

As the consolidated financial statements of Coroin Limited include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemption under FRS 101 available in respect of the following:

- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement* and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 *Financial Instrument Disclosures*; and
- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

##### **Basis of measurement**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

##### **Use of estimates and judgements**

In preparing these financial statements management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect application of the company accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Such estimates and judgements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Notes *(continued)*

### 2 Significant accounting policies *(continued)*

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### Tax

The income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: those differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of reversal and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

#### Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, that can be reliably measured and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects risks specific to the liability.

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Notes (continued)

### 2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Interest receivable and interest payable

Interest payable and similar charges include interest payable, finance charges on shares classified as liabilities and finance leases recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method, unwinding of the discount on provisions, and net foreign exchange losses that are recognised in the profit or loss (see foreign currency accounting policy). Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that takes a substantial time to be prepared for use, are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other interest receivable and similar income include interest receivable on funds invested and net foreign exchange gains.

Interest income and interest payable is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in the profit and loss account on the date the entity's right to receive payments is established. Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

#### Non-derivative financial instruments

##### *Loans and receivables*

These assets are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### *Cash and cash equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

##### *Non-derivative financial liabilities*

Non-derivative financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### *Ordinary shares*

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Ordinary dividends are recognised in the period in which they are paid to shareholders.

#### **New and amended standards adopted by the Company:**

There are no amendments to accounting standard or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended December 31, 2022 and that had a material impact on the company.

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Notes (continued)

### 2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3 Turnover	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Profit share entitlement	-	-

All revenue is derived from operations within the UK.

### 4 Information regarding directors, employees and audit fees

The Company has no employees. The directors receive no remuneration for their services to this Company.

### 5 Income tax

Amounts recognised in profit or loss	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<b>Current tax</b>		
UK corporation tax	-	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	-	-
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	-
<b>Total deferred tax charge</b>	-	-
<b>Reconciliation of tax charge</b>		
	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	-	-
Loss on ordinary activities before tax at the standard corporation tax rate in UK of 19.00% (2021: 19.00%)	-	-
Group relief (received)/surrendered net paid tax	-	-
Transfer pricing adjustment	-	-
<b>Total tax charge</b>	-	-

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Notes (continued)

### 5 Income tax (continued)

#### Factors which may affect future tax charges;

The enacted main rate of corporation tax was reduced from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and further reduced to 17% from 1 April 2020. In the Finance Act 2020, it was announced that the enacted reduction in the main rate of corporation tax effective 1 April 2020 would not take place. In the Finance Act 2021, it was further announced that the rate of corporation tax would rise to 25% from 1 April 2023, however, this change was not enacted as at the balance sheet date. These changes do not have a material effect on these financial statements. The Group's future tax charge could be affected by numerous factors including, but not limited to, any future consequences of the UK leaving the European Union and any tax reforms adopted from the OECD's BEPS actions such as those in relation to the deductibility of interest, anti-avoidance or transfer pricing. No quantification of these changes is currently possible due to uncertainty around when any currently proposed rules will be enacted or effective.

6 Debtors	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Amounts owed by group companies	7,836	7,836

All debtors are repayable on demand.

7 Called up share capital	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<b>Authorised</b> 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
<b>Authorised called up, allotted and fully paid</b> 1 ordinary shares of £1 each	-	-

On incorporation 1 ordinary share of £1 was issued to Claridge's Hotel Holdings Limited.

### 8 Related party transactions

The company is exempt under the provisions of IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing related party transactions entered into between two or more members of the group.

### 9 Ultimate parent company

The company's ultimate parent company and the largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Regis Investments S.A., a company incorporated in Luxembourg.

The ultimate controlling party is His Highness Sheikh Hamad Bin Khalifa Al Thani.

Coroin Limited a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales, is the smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated. Copies of these statutory accounts are available from its registered office, 27 Knightsbridge, London, SW1X 7LY.

# Brook Street 1 Limited

## Notes *(continued)*

### **10 Subsequent events**

There were no events subsequent to the balance sheet date that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements