Ssambhangi Limited

Filleted Abridged Accounts

28 February 2023

Ssambhangi Limited

Registered number: 06505928

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2023

Notes		2023		2022
		£		£
Current assets				
Debtors	1,483		65,528	
Cash at bank and in hand	29,605		31,749	
	31,088		97,277	
Creditors: amounts falling due				
within one year	(29,279)		(52,102)	
Net current assets		1,809		45,175
Total assets less current liabilities	•	1,809	-	45,175
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		(18,821)		(44,990)
Net (liabilities)/assets		(17,012)	-	185
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital		20		20
Profit and loss account		(17,032)		165
Shareholders' funds		(17,012)	-	185

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the board on 14 November 2023

Ssambhangi Limited Notes to the Abridged Accounts for the year ended 28 February 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

These accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis, on the understanding that the directors and shareholders will continue to financially support the company during the uncertain period.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment

33%/50% straight line

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are

recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees			2023	2022
				Number	Number
	Average number of persons empl	oyed by the com	pany	1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets				
					Total
					£
	Cost				040
	At 1 March 2022				216
	At 28 February 2023				216
	Depreciation				
	At 1 March 2022				216
	At 28 February 2023				216
	Net book value				
	At 28 February 2023				_
	7 11 20 1 051 daily 2020				
				0000	0000
4	Loans			2023 £	2022 £
	Creditors include:			2	L
	Secured bank loans			44,990	79,638
	The bank loans are secured over	the assets of the	company.		
5	Loans to directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
		£	£	£	£
	Sudhakar Sambhangi				
	Cash advance	4,464	10,051	(14,515)	-
		4,464	10,051	(14,515)	

Interest is charged on overdrawn loan account balances at HMRC's official rate of interest.

6 Other information

Ssambhangi Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

8 Monks Manor Drive

Lincoln

LN2 4AT

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