Company Registration No. 06492866 (England and Wales)
GOLFTORIUM LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Director C Woodward

Secretary C Woodward

Company number 06492866

Registered office Hollinwood Business Centre

Albert Street Oldham Lancashire OL8 3QL

Accountants M J Goldman (Chartered Accountants)

Hollinwood Business Centre

Albert Street Oldham Lancashire OL8 3QL

# CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1
Notes to the financial statements	2 - 6

### **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2022

		202	2	2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		-		181,323
Current assets					
Stocks		-		3,125	
Debtors	4	1,072		39,935	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,112		126,195	
		3,184		169,255	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(620,573)		(389,882)	
Net current liabilities			(617,389)		(220,627)
Total assets less current liabilities			(617,389)		(39,304)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	6		-		(352,164)
Net liabilities			(617,389)		(391,468)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		76		76
Profit and loss reserves			(617,465)		(391,544)
Total equity			(617,389)		(391,468)
-					

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 28 February 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 November 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

C Woodward

Directo

Company Registration No. 06492866

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Golftorium Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Hollinwood Business Centre, Albert Street, Oldham, Lancashire, OL8 3QL.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for modification to a fair value basis where specified in the accounting policies below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

Despite the fact that liabilities exceed assets as at the 28 February 2022 and the company's main trade has ceased, the directors are of the opinion that sufficient funding is available to the company to enable it to meet ongoing liabilities as and when they fall due. In particular, it is not expected that the related party loans, which make up the vast majority of creditors, will need to be repaid in the immediate future. The financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1.3 Reporting period

The company's Directors have chosen to change the company's Accounting Reference Date from the 31 August to the 28 February to better fit with the company's own internal reporting. Thus these accounts cover a 18 month period, six months longer than the comparative period.

#### 1.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue is recognised as earned, when and to the extent that, the company obtains the right for consideration in exchange for goods and services that it has provided.

# 1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Leasehold Straight line over remaining lease term

Plant and machinery
20% Reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment
15% Reducing balance
Computer equipment
25% Reducing balance
Simulators
Straight line over 15 years

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash, together with basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction cost and not amortised as they are either receivable or payable within one year.

Within creditors payable after one year are commercial business loans where a market rate of interest is applied. These are recognised in full.

#### 19 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

#### Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

### 1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

# 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was:

	2022 Number	2020 Number
Total	5	11 ===

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and buildingsma	Plant and achinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 September 2020	471,603	365,628	837,231
	Additions	-	1,524	1,524
	Disposals	(471,603)	(367,152)	(838,755)
	At 28 February 2022			
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 September 2020	366,268	289,640	655,908
	Depreciation charged in the period	31,440	19,004	50,444
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	(397,708)	(308,644)	(706,352)
	At 28 February 2022			
	Carrying amount			
	At 28 February 2022	-	-	-
	At 31 August 2020	105,335	75,988	181,323
4	Debtors			
	Amounts falling due within one year:		2022 £	2020 £
	Other debtors		1,072	39,935
_				
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2022	2020
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		_	15,228
	Trade creditors		-	9,827
	Taxation and social security		539	15,351
	Other creditors		620,034	349,476
			620,573	389,882

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	68,368
	Other creditors	-	283,796
		-	352,164

The bank facilities, provided by HSBC Bank PLC, are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the company.

# 7 Called up share capital

	2022	2020	2022	2020
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	51	51	51	51
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	25	25	25	25
	76	76	76	76

### 8 Operating lease commitments

### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2022	2020
£	£
-	240,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.