

Registered number
06487787

A & M INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Filleled Accounts

31 December 2020

A & M INTERNATIONAL LIMITED**Registered number:** 06487787**Balance Sheet****as at 31 December 2020**

	Notes	2020	2019
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	167	251
Investments	4	1,583,480	1,583,480
		<u>1,583,647</u>	<u>1,583,731</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		20,455	20,455
Debtors	5	1,348,689	11,796,143
Cash at bank and in hand		188,925	6,568,264
		<u>1,558,069</u>	<u>18,384,862</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,586,751)	(14,466,752)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		<u>(28,682)</u>	<u>3,918,110</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,554,965</u>	<u>5,501,841</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(50,000)	(4,000,000)
Net assets		<u>1,504,965</u>	<u>1,501,841</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000,000	1,000,000
Profit and loss account		504,965	501,841
Shareholder's funds		<u>1,504,965</u>	<u>1,501,841</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr A Moghadam

Director

Approved by the board on 17 June 2021

A & M INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 Employees	2020	2019
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 January 2020	10,485
At 31 December 2020	<u>10,485</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2020	10,234
Charge for the year	84
At 31 December 2020	<u>10,318</u>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2020	<u>167</u>
At 31 December 2019	251

4 Investments

	Investments in subsidiary undertakings £	Other investments £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2020	52,415	1,531,065	1,583,480
At 31 December 2020	<u>52,415</u>	<u>1,531,065</u>	<u>1,583,480</u>

5 Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	-	8,953
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	4,283	11,000
Other debtors	1,344,406	11,776,190
	<u>1,348,689</u>	<u>11,796,143</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	1,577,377	14,456,884
Taxation and social security costs	9,374	5,952
Other creditors	-	3,916
	<u>1,586,751</u>	<u>14,466,752</u>

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans	50,000	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	4,000,000
	<u>50,000</u>	<u>4,000,000</u>

8 Other information

A & M INTERNATIONAL LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Berkeley Square House

Berkeley Square

Mayfair

London

W1J 6BD

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