COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06467874

SCHOOL DAYS DIRECT LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31ST DECEMBER 2015

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COMPANIES HOUSE

WILKES ASSOCIATES LIMITED

Accountants
483 Birmingham Road
Marlbrook
Bromsgrove
Worcestershire
B61 0HZ

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF SCHOOL DAYS DIRECT LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 31st December 2015.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us.

WILKES ASSOCIATES LIMITED

Accountants

483 Birmingham Road Marlbrook Bromsgrove Worcestershire B61 0HZ

10th February 2016

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31ST DECEMBER 2015

| | 2015 | | | 2014 |
|---|------|---------|-------------|----------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ |
| FIXED ASSETS | 2 | | | |
| Intangible assets | | | 15,625 | 23,125 |
| Tangible assets | | | 105,165 | 110,322 |
| | | | 120,790 | 133,447 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Stocks | | 43,680 | | 42,589 |
| Debtors | | 33,641 | • | 30,789 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 12,748 | | 29,209 |
| | | 90,069 | | 102,587 |
| CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one | year | 145,778 | | 157,720 |
| NET CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | (55,709) | (55,133) |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT | TES | | 65,081 | 78,314 |
| CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more | than | | | |
| one year | | | 52,890 | 67,137 |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | | | 6,370 | 7,263 |
| | | | 5,821 | 3,914 |
| | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | |
| Called up equity share capital | 3 | | 100 | 100 |
| Profit and loss account | | | 5,721 | 3,814 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | 5,821 | 3,914 |
| | | | | |

For the year ended 31st December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31ST DECEMBER 2015

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 10th February 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr M Jewitt

Director

Company Registration Number: 06467874

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10% straight line basis

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

25% reducing balance basis

Fixtures & Fittings

15% reducing balance basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

| | Intangible Assets £ | Tangible Assets £ | Total £ |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| COST | | | |
| At 1st January 2015 | 75,000 | 164,117 | 239,117 |
| Additions | | 1,995 | 1,995 |
| At 31st December 2015 | 75,000 | 166,112 | 241,112 |
| DEPRECIATION | | | |
| At 1st January 2015 | 51,875 | 53,795 | 105,670 |
| Charge for year | 7,500 | 7,152 | 14,652 |
| At 31st December 2015 | 59,375 | 60,947 | 120,322 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | | |
| At 31st December 2015 | 15,625 | 105,165 | 120,790 |
| At 31st December 2014 | 23,125 | 110,322 | 133,447 |

SCHOOL DAYS DIRECT LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

| | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|----------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|
| | No | £ | No | £ |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | | | | |