# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009 FOR

**ECO VENTURES LTD** 



A66 26/01/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE 271

# CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Profit and Loss Account	3
Balance Sheet	4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5
Profit and Loss Account	7

#### <u>COMPANY INFORMATION</u> FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009

**DIRECTORS:** 

B Kutti Venckat

M Neelamegam Ganesh

**SECRETARY:** 

M Neelamegam Ganesh

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Walmar House,

288-292 Regent Street

London W1B 3AL

REGISTERED NUMBER:

6463761 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:** 

Butler & Co

Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor Walmar House 288-292 Regent Street

London W1B 3AL

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the period 4th January 2008 to 31st January 2009.

#### **INCORPORATION**

The company was incorporated on 4th January 2008 and commenced trading on the same date.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of consultancy services in the power and energy sector.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the period from 4th January 2008 to the date of this report are as follows:

B Kutti Venckat - appointed 4th January 2008 M Neelamegam Ganesh - appointed 1st April 2008

Both the directors who are eligible offer themselves for election at the forthcoming first Annual General Meeting.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M Neelamegam Ganesh - Director

Date: 22-01-10

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009

	Notes	£
TURNOVER		-
Administrative expenses		35,920
OPERATING LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2	(35,920)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL PER AFTER TAXATION	IOD	(35,920)

The notes form part of these financial statements

#### BALANCE SHEET 31ST JANUARY 2009

	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		270,899
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	5	1 3,676	
		3,677	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	6	310,495	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(306,818)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(35,919)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8		(35,920)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(35,919)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985 for the period ended 31st January 2009.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 31st January 2009 in accordance with Section 249B(2) of the Companies Act 1985.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221 of the Companies Act 1985 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Section 226 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $\frac{22-01-10}{100}$  and were signed on its behalf by:

M Neelamegam Ganesh - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### Going Concern

As at 31st January 2009, total liabilities exceeded total assets by £ 35,919. However, the directors of the company consider that the going concern basis is appropriate in view of the assurance of continuing financial support that the company has received from its shareholders.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Motor vehicle

- 25% on reducing balance

In accordance with SSAP19, investment properties are revalued annually. Surpluses or deficits are transferred to an investment revaluation reserve. Deficits in excess of prior revaluation surpluses are charged to the profit and loss account. The directors state that the cost of the properties represent the market value. Depreciation is not provided in respect of investment properties. The directors consider that this accounting policy (which represents a departure from statutory accounting rules) is necessary to provide a true and fair view.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

#### 2. OPERATING LOSS

The operating loss is stated after charging:

Depreciation - owned assets	5,908
Directors' emoluments and other benefits etc	7 500

#### 3. TAXATION

#### Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the period.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 4TH JANUARY 2008 TO 31ST JANUARY 2009

4.	TANGIBLE F	FIXED ASSETS			
			Freehold property	Motor vehicles	Totals
	COST		£	£	£
	Additions		253,177	23,630	276,807
	At 31st Januar	y 2009	253,177	23,630	276,807
	DEPRECIAT	ION			
	Charge for per			5,908	5,908
	At 31st Januar	y 2009	-	5,908	5,908
	NET BOOK	VALUE	•		
	At 31st Januar		253,177	17,722	270,899
5.	DEBTORS: A	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	N ONE YEAR		
					£
	Other debtors				<u> </u>
6.	CREDITORS	: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	HIN ONE YEAR		£
	Taxation and s	social security			1,955
	Other creditors	S			308,540
					310,495
7.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
		lotted, issued and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:		·£
	1	Ordinary	1		1
8.	RESERVES				
					Profit and loss
					account £
	Deficit for the	period			(35,920)
	At 31st Januar	y 2009			(35,920)
					<del></del>