Registered Company No: 06451283
Registered Charity No: 1133206

Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

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Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited Contents

	Page(s)
Charity details	1
Trustees' annual report	2 – 7
Independent auditors' report	8 – 10
Statement of financial activities	11
Balance sheet	12
Cash flow statement	13
Notes to the financial statements	14 – 26

Charity details

Trustees

Yan Huo (Chairman) Xue Fang Philip Michaels Sam Lowe Yu Qiao appointed on 3rd November 2022

Registered office

Third Floor 20 Old Bailey London EC4M 7AN

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6RH

Investment manager

Partners Capital LLP 5 Young Street 5th Floor London W8 5EH

Bankers

Citibank, N.A. 41 Berkeley Square London W1J 5AN

J. P. Morgan 1 Knightsbridge London SW1X 7LX Barclays Bank Plc 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

Accountants

Moore Kingston Smith LLP 9 Appold Street London EC2A 2AP

Solicitors

Withers LLP 20 Old Bailey London EC4M 7AN

Status

Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited is a private limited company, company number 06451283. It is registered in the United Kingdom as a charity, number 1133206.

Trustees' annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022

The trustees, who are also the directors of Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited ("the Foundation"), present their report (including their strategic report) and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, which have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) second edition – effective January 2019, the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011, and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

The foundation details on page 1 form part of this report.

The following information is shown in the strategic report instead of trustees' report under s414C(11) i.e. Review of activities, review of transactions and financial position, year review of 2022, investment policy and performance, policy statement on reserves, grant making, future plans for development, public benefit statement, internal control and mitigation of major risk, statement of trustees' responsibilities and independent auditors.

Governing documents

The Foundation is a charitable company limited by shares governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association as amended on 4 December 2019. It was incorporated on 12 December 2007 and registered with the Charity Commission as a charity on 9 December 2009.

The Huo Family Foundation, a charity registered in the USA, owns the entire issued share capital of the Foundation. The Huo Family Foundation is a non-stock corporation incorporated in the State of Delaware and established exclusively for charitable purposes. Yan Huo, Xue Fang and Philip Michaels are common trustees of both the Huo Family Foundation and the Foundation.

Objects and strategy

The objects of the Foundation are such exclusively charitable purposes as the trustees may in their absolute discretion determine.

The Foundation has been established as a grant making charity and the trustees intend to make grants primarily to charities that support the advancement of art, education and scientific research for the public benefit.

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, as required by Section 17 of the Charities Act 2011, when reviewing the objects and strategy of the Foundation and in planning future activities. In particular, the trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to the strategy of the Foundation. The trustees are of the view that the current grant levels meet the charitable objectives of the Foundation.

Appointment of trustees

As per the Articles of Association, the trustees shall be appointed by ordinary resolution of the sole shareholder. The number of trustees shall not be less than two but is not subject to any maximum number. A trustee is elected to serve the time that he or she is appointed or, in absence of such an appointment, until removed or retirement.

Dr Yu Qiao was appointed as a Trustee on 3rd November 2022.

Trustees' annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

Trustee induction and training

New trustees are briefed on their legal obligations under charity and company law, the content of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, the decision-making processes of the Foundation and the Foundation's future plans and objectives. The trustees are kept updated on any changes to their obligations and responsibilities.

Organisation

The trustees are responsible for the strategic direction and policy of the Foundation and make all decisions in relation to the Foundation. In furtherance of this, the trustees meet as and when required. The trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee of two or more trustees, but the terms of delegation must be agreed in advance.

The Foundation has granted an indemnity to one or more of its trustees against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third-party indemnity provision remains in force during the financial year and as at the date of approving the Trustees' Report.

Fundraising activities

The Charities (Protection and Social Investment) Act 2016 requires charities to make a statement regarding fundraising activities. The legislation defines fundraising as 'soliciting or otherwise procuring money or other property for charitable purposes'. In relation to this statement, the Foundation does not undertake widespread fundraising from the general public and does not employ professional fundraisers to do so. The Foundation is therefore not bound by any regulatory scheme and does not consider it necessary to comply with any voluntary code of practice. The Foundation does not have policies in relation to fundraising activities nor do we consider it necessary to design specific policies and procedures to monitor activities. The Foundation has not received any complaints relating to the subject of fundraising activities.

Advisors

The names and addresses of the Foundation's advisors are shown on page 1.

STRATEGIC REPORT

Review of activities

The Foundation's mission is to support education, communities and the pursuit of knowledge. Its current areas of focus are education; neuroscience and psychology; public policy; the arts and scientific research.

In 2022, the Foundation continued its commitment to provide funding to charitable organisations that support its mission, with a full list of beneficiaries shown in note 4 on page 19. Building on the launch of its website in 2020 (www.huofamilyfoundation.org), in 2022 the Foundation published monthly interviews with its beneficiaries to highlight their work The Foundation also released its second annual Impact Report, giving an in-depth review of its work.

Through its grants, the Foundation hopes to improve the prospects of individuals, and to support the work of organisations seeking to ensure a safe and prosperous future for all society.

Trustees' annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

The impact of the Foundation's grant giving is monitored closely. The mission is to support education, communities and the pursuit of knowledge. When each grant is made the anticipated output, outcome and impact which support this mission is agreed. Formal reports are received from each grant beneficiary on an annual basis and shared with trustees. Additionally grant beneficiaries are invited to meet in person to discuss progress with the executive team and, from time to time, present a report to the trustees at a board meeting. An Impact Report is prepared annually and this is published on the Foundation's website.

Review of transactions and financial position

During the year, total income was US\$26,459,213 (2021: US\$28,385,850). This is represented by investment income of US\$1,349,704 (2021: US\$3,227,385), donations of US\$20,000,000 (2021: US\$20,000,000) from Yan Huo, one of the trustees of the Foundation (refer to Note 16 for additional information), gift aid on that donation of US\$5,000,000 (2021: US\$5,000,000), and donations of US\$109,509 (2021: US\$158,465) from Faculty Road Limited, an entity under the same management.

The net movement in funds for the year, as shown in the statement of financial activities, amounted to a surplus of US \$4,959,005 (2021: US \$39,628,296).

The value of the Foundation's net assets at 31 December 2022 is US\$181,310,537 (2021: US\$176,351,532). The Foundation's donation income has not been impacted by Covid-19, having received donation income of US\$20,000,000 and gift aid on that income of US\$5,000,000 in the first quarter of 2022 and further donation income of US\$16,000,000 and gift aid on that income of US\$4,000,000 after the year end, in January 2023.

2022 Review

As the impact of the global pandemic continued to take its toll, the Foundation focused its giving in 2022 on some of the sectors most severely impacted by Covid-19, including the Performing Arts and Education.

In 2022, the Foundation supported a number of museums and galleries in London: The British Museum, The Courtauld Gallery, Science Museum, Tate Galleries and the Royal Academy of Arts. Additionally, it supported the Royal Opera House and made grants to Theatre Development Fund and Help Musicians to enable artists impacted by the pandemic to receive essential support.

The Foundation continued to support organisations that seek to provide an excellent education to all. Through its funding of Teach for All, Teach for China, Teach First and Youth Communication it helped to enable these charities to strive for societies where educational opportunities and outcomes are not determined by a child's socio-economic status.

Further, in its support of scholarships and fellowships at Princeton University, Columbia University and Fudan University, the Foundation created opportunities for post-graduate study. Additionally, the Foundation made a grant to the Oxford Internet Institute to support research into the impact of digital technology on adolescent brain development.

Investment policy and performance

In accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association, the trustees have the power to invest in such stocks, shares and investments as they see fit. The trustees can delegate the management of investments to a financial expert only on the terms set in the Articles of Association.

Trustees' annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

The portfolio is comprised of an allocation of public and private equities, hedge funds, real assets and private debt, which are invested on the Foundation's behalf by Partners Capital LLP, an investment manager, and the trustees of the Foundation. Partners Capital consolidates the performances of the investment portfolio, including the portion managed by the trustees, and presents these quarterly to the Finance Committee. Furthermore, the Foundation receives monthly performance reports from the various investment fund administrators.

The trustees have monitored the performance of investments in the financial year by reviewing monthly and quarterly performance reports. The Finance Committee also meets on a regular basis to review performance and cash flow and is actively engaged with Partners Capital on tactical asset allocation and rebalancing based on market conditions.

During the financial year, the portfolio increased its value by US\$5,968,188 (2021: US\$44,129,471). This is comprised of net additions of US\$18,905,672 (2021: US\$25,632,345), net losses on investments US\$12,937,485 (2021 gain: US\$18,497,126).

Policy statement on reserves

The policy of the trustees is to maintain sufficient reserves in order to fulfil future expected funding requirements of projects that extend over several years. In determining the appropriate level of reserves, the trustees take into account the nature of the Foundation i.e. one-off giving as well as multi-year grants in the form of endowments and scholarships, as well as potential fluctuation of its income stream in future years. The policy is reviewed on an annual basis.

Having regard to these considerations, taking into account its foreseeable activity level and general operating environment, the Foundation currently targets free reserves representing the available cash balances to sufficiently meet the upcoming year's grant payments and operating expenses, which is expected to be approximately US\$11,070,000 for 2023. As at 31 December 2022, this balance was US\$8,216,208 (2021: US\$5,642,381). As at 31 December 2022, the Foundation has US\$11,944,095 in investment – pending settlement which has been received in Q1 of 2023 to ensure the Foundation meets the grants payable and expected operational expenses in 2023.

The Foundation's investments are currently held primarily in liquid assets that could be called upon should the need arise. The trustees believe the Foundation's reserves are sufficient to meet future needs while leaving some flexibility to evaluate new grant proposals and make new commitments. The Foundation's long-term plan is to aim for grant expenditure of at least 5% of its assets each year, or more where resources allow, and to maintain the real term value of the fund for future grant making activity. The Foundation's reserve policy has not been affected by Covid-19.

As at 31 December 2022, the Foundation has reserves of US\$181,310,537 (2021: US\$176,351,532), which is an increase of US\$4,959,005, relative to last year end. This difference was primarily driven by donation income in the year, as well as investment performance, offset by grants awarded and operational expenses throughout the year.

Grant making

The trustees review applications and appeals, and then distribute funds in furtherance of the Foundation's charitable objects. During the year, the Foundation awarded grants of US\$6,961,202 (2021: US\$5,422,987), which excludes support costs of US\$832,731 (2021: US\$712,388). The Foundation does not accept unsolicited grant applications from the public.

Trustees' annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

Plans for future developments

In the coming year, the Foundation plans to provide charitable support in accordance with its objectives and strategy as described on page 2.

Public benefit statement

In shaping our objectives for the year and planning our activities, the trustees have considered the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit, including 'public benefit: running a charity (PB2)'. The trustees confirm that they have complied with the duty in section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission.

The Foundation plans to provide charitable support for the public benefit in accordance with its objectives and strategy as described on page 2. This is done through donations to charities and other organisations that support the advancement of art and education for the public benefit.

Internal controls and the mitigation of major risks

The trustees have identified and reviewed the major risks of the Foundation such as foreign exchange movements, investment performance, the Foundation's cash flow position and a cyber attack and have established internal controls to mitigate these risks. The trustees confirm that the controls implemented are appropriate to the size of the Foundation and the nature of its operations. There has been no impact on the effectiveness of the Foundation's controls as a result of changes to working practices due to Covid-19. An independent review of cyber security was undertaken in November 2021 to ensure that the Foundation's systems are secure and that data cannot be accessed by a third party.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report (including the Strategic Report) and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the trustees have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities (2019);
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

Trustees' annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- a) there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- b) the trustees have taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Equality, diversity and inclusion are important values of the Foundation. This is reflected in the make-up of the Board, staff appointments and the selection of grant beneficiaries. The trustees seek to treat each staff member and grant beneficiary fairly and the same, respecting them for their age, race gender, cultural background, skills beliefs, sexual orientation and career experiences.

The trustees are kept up to date on their obligations by regular briefings from the Foundation's external advisers, and guidance from the Charity Commission.

Independent auditors

The auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is deemed to be re-appointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006. A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

The Trustees' annual report is approved by the trustees of the Foundation. The strategic report, which forms part of the Trustees' annual report, is approved by the trustees in their capacity as trustees in company law of the charity.

Approved and authorised by the board of trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Yan Huo Trustee

Date: 8th September 2023

Independent auditors' report to the members of Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its
 incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, and cash flows, for the
 year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual report and financial statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance sheet as at 31 December 2022; the Statement of financial activities (incorporating the income and expenditure account) and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date on which the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Trustees' Annual Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 and Charities Act 2011 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Trustees' Annual Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit the information given in the Strategic Report and the Trustees' Annual Report for the period ended 31 December 2022 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Trustees' Annual Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The trustees are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the charitable company and its industry/environment, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Charities Act 2011, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journals to manipulate financial results or conceal the misappropriation of assets and potential management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- identifying and testing journal entries, in particular journal entries posted with unusual account combinations to income or expenditure accounts;
- obtaining independent confirmations of cash balances and material investment valuations as at 31 December 2022;
- testing the recognition of grant expenditure in line with terms of the grant awards;
- enquiring of management and the board of trustees, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;

Independent auditors' report to the members of Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited

reading minutes of meetings of the board of trustees; and

 assessing financial statement disclosures, and testing to supporting documentation, for compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the charitable company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Daniel Chan (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

8 September 2023

Statement of financial activities for the year ended 31 December 2022

(incorporating the income and expenditure account)

	Notes	2022	2021
	Notes	Unrestricted Funds US\$	Unrestricted Funds US\$
Income from: Donations Investments	2 3	25,109,509 1,349,704	25,158,465 3,227,385
Total		26,459,213	28,385,850
Expenditure on: Charitable activities Raising funds Total Net (losses)/gains on investments	4 4	(7,793,933) (288,548) (8,082,481) (12,937,485)	(6,135,375) (1,160,666) (7,296,041) 18,497,126
Net Income		5,439,247	39,586,935
Other recognised gains and losses Foreign exchange (losses)/gains		(480,242)	41,361
Net movement in funds		4,959,005	39,628,296
Fund balances brought forward at 1 January		176,351,532	136,723,236
Fund balances carried forward at 31 December		181,310,537	176,351,532

All of the Foundation's activities are derived from continuing operations.

The Foundation has no recognised gains and losses other than those shown above and therefore no separate income and expenditure account has been presented.

The notes on pages 14 to 26 form part of the financial statements.

Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited Registered Company No: 06451283 Registered Charity No: 1133206

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Fixed assets			
Investments	8.	167,539,092	161,570,904
Current assets			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	11,945,687	13,569,190
Total current assets		8,216,208 20,161,895	<u>5,642,379</u> 19,211,569
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(3,969,400)	(2,096,784)
Net current assets		16,192,495	17,114,785
Total assets less current liabilities		183,731,587	178,685,689
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(2,421,050)	(2,334,157)
Net assets		181,310,537	176,351,532
The funds of the foundation	•		
Share capital Unrestricted funds	12 13	2 181,310,535	2 176,351,530
Total foundation funds	14	181,310,537	176,351,532

The notes on pages 14 to 26 form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 11 to 26 were approved by the trustees on 8th September 2023 and were signed on 8th September 2023 on their behalf by:

Yan Huo Trustee

Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited Registered Company No: 06451283

Registered Charity No: 1133206

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2022

•	US\$	2022 US\$	US\$	2021 US\$
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net cash provided by operating activities		20,132,841		19,204,988
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income – bank interest Investment income – dividends Capital gain distributions Bank interest and charges Purchase of investments Sale of investments	53,741 891,758 404,205 (3,043) (100,009,189) 81,103,516		3,143 2,985,242 239,000 (5,543) (60,497,258) 34,864,913	
Net cash used in investing activities		(17,559,012)		(22,410,503)
Change in cash at bank and in hand		2,573,829		(3,205,515)
Cash at bank and in hand at the beginning of the year		5,642,379		8,847,894
Cash at bank and in hand at the end of year		8,216,208	-	5,642,379
Reconciliation of net income to net cash inflow from operating activities		2022 US\$		2021 US\$
Net income Interest received Bank interest and charges Dividend receivable Capital gain distributions Net losses/(gains) on investments Foreign exchange (losses)/gains Decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors Net cash inflow from operating activities	-	5,439,247 (53,741) 3,043 (891,758) (404,205) 12,937,485 (480,242) 1,623,503 1,959,509	-	39,586,935 (3,143) 5,541 (2,985,242) (239,000) (18,497,126) 41,361 4,547,084 (3,251,422)
Analysis of changes in net debt	2021 US\$	Cash Flows US\$	Foreign Exchange Movement US\$	2022 US\$
Cash at bank and in hands	5,642,379	2,903,097	(329,268) 8,216,208

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

1. Principal accounting policies

Company information

Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 20 Old Bailey, London, EC4M 7AN. It is also registered as a charity foundation based in London for giving grants. Registered Charity No: 1133206.

Accounting Convention

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Charities SORP (FRS 102) second edition – effective January 2019 applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the Charities Act 2011 and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention, modified by the recognition of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Functional currency

The financial statements are prepared in US\$, which is the functional currency of the Foundation, since this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Foundation operates. All donations receivable are expected to be denominated in US\$.

Going concern

The Foundation has adequate financial resources; specifically, the Foundation has set aside the cash needed to pay grants and operating expenses for the upcoming year and the Foundation's investments are currently held primarily in liquid assets that could be called upon should the need arise. The trustees have discretion over the Foundation's grant making. As a consequence, the trustees believe that the Foundation is well placed to manage its business risks successfully.

The trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Foundation has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the going concern basis has been adopted in preparing these financial statements.

Income

Income, which includes both donations and gift aid, is credited to the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis and valued on date of receipt. Investment income is stated inclusive of recoverable taxation. Dividends are recognised when declared, whereas interest is recognised on an accruals basis as earnt.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure when there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the Foundation to the expenditure.

Grants, both single and multi-year, are recognised in the financial statements as liabilities after they have been approved by the trustees, the recipients have been notified and there are no further terms and conditions to be fulfilled which are within the control of the Foundation. In these circumstances there is a valid expectation by the recipients that they will receive the grant, even if the recipients must meet further reporting conditions, which are not considered performance obligations.

Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the Foundation and are included with support costs allocated to the Foundation's charitable activity. Management fees included within support costs comprise of re-charged costs from Faculty Road Limited under a service agreement which are recognised on the basis laid out in the 'Key accounting estimates and assumptions' section below. No support costs are allocated to raising funds.

Investments

The Foundation has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 and Section 12 of UK GAAP FRS102 in full.

All investments are at fair value through the Statement of Financial Activities upon initial recognition and are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value.

The fair value of listed security investments is bid value. The fair value of unlisted investments uses valuation techniques determined by the trustees on the advice of the Investment Manager Partners Capital. These valuations are on the basis of the latest information available from the relevant fund manager.

Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on a trade date basis.

Investment gains and losses

Net gains and losses on investments includes both realised and unrealised gains/losses during the financial year. The gains and losses during the year have been adjusted for our Investment Manager Partners Capital management fees. Certain third party investment managers net off their investment fees on a transactional basis and do not report them. To calculate these fees would incur significant undue costs. As a result, to reflect the correct management fees in the accounts, the gains and losses have been adjusted accordingly.

Realised gains and losses are calculated based on the average share price during the year being reported on.

All gains and losses are taken to the Statement of Financial Activities as they arise.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into US\$ at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into US\$ at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are charged/credited to the statement of financial activities and hence are taken into account in arriving at the net movement in funds.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The Foundation has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Foundation's balance sheet when the foundation becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in The Statement of Financial Activities.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through Statement of Financial Activities, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Financial liabilities

The Foundation recognises grants payable at the point the grant offer is made; any grants unpaid at the yearend are presented within creditors until drawn down.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the Foundation's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

Derivatives

Derivatives are comprised of foreign currency hedging instruments that are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured to fair value at each reporting end date.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

Fund accounting

The unrestricted fund comprises general funds, which may be used towards meeting the charitable objects of the Foundation at the discretion of the trustees, and share capital.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Taxation

The Foundation is a registered charity, and therefore is not liable for income tax or corporation tax on income derived from its charitable activities, as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities. VAT is included within expenditure where it is not recoverable. However, tax on investment income may be due in the US on an annual basis, as the Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited is controlled by Huo Family Foundation, a charity registered in the USA.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Foundation's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Critical Judgements in applying the Foundation's accounting policies

The trustees do not consider grant reporting requirements within grant agreements to be grant performance related conditions as defined by the Charities SORP. Grant payables are not discounted due to the effect of discounting being immaterial to the financial statements.

Key Accounting estimates and assumptions

The main estimate that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is related to the valuation of the Foundation's investments and, in particular, those classified as Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Explanation of the method for determining the valuation of investments is included within the investments accounting policy above and within note 8.

Management fees comprise of re-charged costs from Faculty Road Limited under a service agreement for staff time and out-of-pocket expenses. These are re-charged based on an estimate of the percentage of staff time spent on the Foundation's activities in line with the methods prescribed by the Charities SORP. Details of this allocation are included in Note 5.

2. Donations

	2022 Unrestricted Funds US\$	2021 Unrestricted Funds US\$
Monetary donations Gift aid recoverable	20,109,509 5,000,000	20,158,465 5,000,000
	25,109,509	25,158,465

In the year, monetary donations of US\$20,000,000 (2021: US\$20,000,000) represent donations received from Yan Huo, one of the trustees of the Foundation. Included within the monetary donations balance is US\$109,509 (2021: US\$158,465) which represents donations received from Faculty Road Limited, a company under same management.

3. Investment Income

2022 US\$	2021 US\$
53,741	3,143
891,758	2,985,242
404,205	239,000
1,349,704	3,227,385
	53,741 891,758 404,205

Disclosures in relation to the risks arising from financial instruments and how these are managed by the Foundation are included within note 8.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

4. Charitable activities and raising funds

Charitable activities		
	2022	2021
	US\$	US\$
Teach First - Grants - Royal Academy of Arts	1,814,998	
The Courtauld Institute Of Art Fund	876,505	206,544
Teach For All	750,000	200,044
The British Museum	546,361	_
Teach for China Hong Kong	500.000	1,000,000
Royal Opera House Covent Garden Foundation	363,000	-
The National Gallery	309,924	-
Natural History Museum	309,251	-
Tate Gallery of Millbank	270,491	170,903
Science Museum Group	267,821	-
Royal Academy of Arts Emergency Fund	242,000	_
The Courtauld Institute of Art in support of the Edvard Munch	182,919	_
Tate Gallery - Tate Gallery UK	151,782	
Youth Communication	150.000	
Fudan University	95.000	1,200,000
The Musicians Benevolent Fund	65,575	138,456
Theatre Development Trust	65,575	138,456
University of Oxford		968,783
Absolute Return for Kids	_	355,478
Royal Opera House	_	276,911
London Symphony Orchestra Limited	-	276,911
The Royal National Theatre	-	276,911
The Old Vic Theatre	_	276,911
Policy Exchange	_	136,723
Support costs (Note 5)	832,731	712,388
	7 700 000	0.405.075
	7,793,933	6,135,375
All 17 (2021: 13) grants made payable during the year were to instit	tutions.	
Raising funds		
	2022	2021
	US\$	US\$
Advisory and operating fees	37,500	38,372
Bank interest and charges	3,043	5,541
Investment management professional fees	227,901	1,101,857
Overseas tax on investment income	20,104	14,896
	288,548	1,160,666
	200,010	1,100,000

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

5. Support costs

	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Accountancy fees	47,083	39,884
Audit fees	79,822	77,152
Event	71,760	-
Legal fees	67,904	20,412
Consultancy expenses	70,245	58,546
Management fees	439,101	468,243
Tax fees	25,656	20,576
Total governance costs	801,571	684,813
Advertising and promotion	4,062	2,502
Insurance	11,871	9,242
Office expenses	15,227	15,831
	832,731	712,388
6. Net income		
Net income for the year is stated after charging:		
	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Auditors' remuneration (excluding VAT) - Audit	72,595	64,293

7. Staff costs, trustees' remuneration and Key Management Personnel

No staff were employed by the Foundation during the year (2021: none), hence the trustees are the only key management personnel.

The trustees received no remuneration in respect of their services to the Foundation during the year (2021: US\$Nil). There were expenses paid by Yan Huo on behalf of the Foundation amounting to \$5,326 which were reimbursed during the year (2021: US\$Nil).

8. Investments

	2022 US\$	2021 . US\$
Movement in market value	33	, 33\$
Opening market value	161,570,904	117,441,433
Additions at cost	100,009,189	60,497,258
Disposal proceeds	(81,103,516)	(34,864,913)
Net (losses)/gains on investments	(12,937,485)	18,497,126
Closing market value	167,539,092	161,570,904

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

8. Investments (continued)

Net (losses)/gains on investments includes both realised and unrealised gains and losses during the financial year.

Realised gains and losses are calculated based on the average share price during the year being reported on.

Investments included in the following asset classes:

2022 US\$	2021 US\$
32,811,326	91,454,009
17,189,452	17,535,220
20,233,468	13,270,203
93,919,254	34,686,667
3,385,592	4,624,805
167,539,092	161,570,904
	32,811,326 17,189,452 20,233,468 93,919,254 3,385,592

⁽¹⁾ Equities asset class includes Capula Tail Risk Fund, which is a hedge fund with long only equities exposure.

The historic cost of these investments is US\$155,211,567 (2021: US\$120,845,897).

Analysis of fair value hierarchy:

	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Level 1	-	-
Level 2	142,354,770	135,637,541
Level 3	25,184,322	25,933,363
	167,539,092	161,570,904

Investments included in the above table with a market value greater than 5% of the total portfolio market value are as follows:

	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Capula Multi Strategy Fund	37,784,563	-
. Capula Tail Risk Fund	14,985,522	51,443,171
Partners Capital Greyhawk Cayman Feeder Fund	11,903,735	31,296,054
Partners Capital Phoenix Fund II Ltd	17,184,779	17,535,220
Capula Global Relative Value Fund	37,707,287	16,633,288
	119,565,886	116,907,733

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

8. Investments (continued)

Market risks

The Foundation's exposure to market risks is in line with its investment objective of achieving a real return target of 4%. To achieve this aim, the Foundation maintains a diversified portfolio invested across asset classes, both liquid and illiquid. To manage the level of risk within the portfolio across asset classes, the Foundation utilises a risk metric based on expected beta to equity markets, we called this beta "equivalent net equity beta".

The Foundation's portfolio is, as set out in the investment policy statement, managed to a risk level, as represented by equivalent net equity beta, of c. 65%. This means the portfolio has a risk level similar to a portfolio 65% invested in public equities and 35% in cash. Accordingly, the Foundation's Portfolio is expected to have significant mark-to-market volatility in pursuit of the return target. If equity markets were to decline by 10%, we would expect the Foundation's portfolio to decline by 6.5%.

In addition, the Foundation invests in illiquid assets. Over the long term, the Foundation aims to build a private markets portfolio representing 50% of the total portfolio value in order to maximise investment returns. This portfolio will take several years to build, and the current allocation is significantly lower. The Foundation acknowledges that additional risks relating to accurate valuations, cash flow requirements and underlying illiquidity exist within private asset classes and holds sufficient liquid assets to meet any resulting capital calls and/or grant payments.

Currency risks

The Foundation takes a long-term view to risks arising from currency exposure. The Foundation's exposure to non-USD denominated investments is comparatively small and, as a result the Foundation does not hedge foreign currency exposure within the investment portfolio. However, once grants have been awarded, any material GBP denominated liabilities resulting from grants are hedged to ensure the Foundation's liabilities have little to no currency risk. The currency risk is monitored and reported on a quarterly basis to the Board.

Credit risks

The carrying amounts stated above represent the Foundation's maximum exposure to credit risk. Therefore, further disclosure is not required.

9. Debtors

	US\$	US\$
Amounts falling due within one year		
Investments-Pending settlement	11,944,095	13,500,000
Other debtors	-	48,138
Prepayments and accrued income	1,592	21,052
	11,945,687	13,569,190

2022

2024

Investments – pending settlement represents investment redemptions submitted in 2022 that are pending settlement as at the year end.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Trade creditors Grants payable Accruals and deferred income	172,628 3,663,802 132,970	185,047 1,786,137 125,600
	3,969,400	2,096,784
11. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Grants payable	2,421,050	2,334,157
Due in one to two years Due within two to five years	2,181,050 240,000	1,086,152 1,248,005
	2,421,050	2,334,157
	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Opening grants payable Grants awarded Grants paid Foreign exchange	4,120,295 6,961,202 (4,802,400) (194,245)	6,997,991 5,422,987 (8,331,295) 30,612
Closing grants payable	6,084,852	4,120,295
12. Share capital		
	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Allotted and called up 1 Ordinary share of £1 each	2	2

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

13. Unrestricted funds

	1 January 2022 US\$	Income US\$	Expenditure US\$	Other recognised expenditure US\$	31 December 2022 US\$
Share	2	-	-	-	2
capital Unrestricted funds	176,351,530	26,459,213	(8,082,481)	(13,417,727)	181,310,535
Total	176,351,532	26,459,213	(8,082,481)	(13,417,727)	181,310,537
	1 January 2021 US\$	Income US\$	Expenditure US\$	Other recognised income US\$	31 December 2021 US\$
Share	2	•	-	-	2
capital Unrestricted funds	136,723,234	28,385,850	(7,296,041)	18,538,487	176,351,530
Total	136,723,236	28,385,850	(7,296,041)	18,538,487	176,351,532
14. Total found	ation funds				
				2022 Unrestricted Funds US\$	2021 Unrestricted Funds US\$
Fund balances	at 31 December ar	e represented by	:		
Investments				167,539,092	161,570,904
Debtors	and in band			11,945,687	13,569,190
Cash at bank a	na in nana unts falling due witl	nin one vear		8,216,208 (3,969,400)	5,642,379 (2,096,784)
	unts falling due afte		year	(2,421,050)	(2,334,157)
			<u> </u>	181,310,537	176,351,532

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

15. Reconciliation of movements in funds

	2022 US\$	2021 US\$
Net movements in funds	4,959,005	39,628,296
Net addition to funds	4,959,005	39,628,296
Opening funds	176,351,532	136,723,236
Closing funds	181,310,537	176,351,532

16. Related party transactions

During the year, the Foundation received a donation of US\$20,000,000 (2021: US\$20,000,000) from Yan Huo, a trustee of the Foundation.

The Foundation paid a total of US\$375,000 (2021: US\$635,000) to Princeton University, where Yan Huo was a Trustee during 2022. No new grants were awarded to Princeton University in 2022 and there is no outstanding amount payable at the year end to Princeton University (2021: US\$375,000).

In 2022, the Foundation paid \$335,000 and awarded grants of US\$95,000 (2021: US\$1,200,000) to Fudan University, where Yan Huo is a Trustee with the outstanding amount payable at year end being US\$720,000 (2021: US\$960,000).

Further, the Foundation awarded grants of US\$500,000 (2021: US\$1,000,000) to Teach for China, where Xue Fang was a Director during the year. There is no outstanding amount payable at the end of the year to Teach for China (2021: US\$Nil).

During the year, Faculty Road Limited paid expenses on behalf of the Foundation amounting to \$123, which were reimbursed during the year.

Yan Huo and Xue Fang are Trustees of the Foundation and Directors of Faculty Road Limited. The Foundation entered into a service agreement with Faculty Road Limited for the procurement of administrative services to the Foundation. The total charge by Faculty Road Limited was US\$439,101 (2021: US\$468,243); the amount of outstanding payment included within creditors at 31 December 2022 was US\$160,543 (2021: US\$164,093). During the year, the Foundation received a donation of US\$109,509 (2021: US\$158,465) from Faculty Road Limited, an entity controlled by the same management.

A Deed of Covenant exists between the Huo Family Foundation and Faculty Road Limited which so far as lawful will allow Faculty Road Limited to make a donation to the Foundation which is equal to the distributable profits. For the year ended 31 December 2022, further distributable profits for Faculty Road Limited not already donated during 2022 were US\$7,415 (2021: US\$13,401) and it was agreed to be paid out to the Huo Family Foundation in 2023.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

16. Related party transactions (continued)

During the year, the Foundation subscribed US\$35,200,000 in a fee-free share-class of the Capula Multi-Strategy Fund Ltd ("MSF"). The investment decision was undertaken by Philip Michaels as the sole trustee of the Foundation at the time of subscription who is not a conflicted trustee, the investment was made to a "management" share class(es) which are neither subject to management fees nor performance fees, and that no trustee stands to receive any payment of money or other material benefit directly or indirectly from the Foundation in relation to the investment. Further, the increase in Capula's assets under management arising from the investment does not provide any specific or quantifiable benefit to Capula or the MSF beyond the general ability to market itself as a fund of significant size in the commercial marketplace. Finally, to observe all US applicable rules, the Foundation's legal advisors, have confirmed that the investment does not violate any restriction related to excess business holdings, self-dealing, jeopardy investments, and minimum distribution requirement.

Further, the Foundation continued to hold investments in a fee-free share class of the Capula Tal Risk Fund Ltd ("TRF") and Capula Global Relative Value Fund Ltd ("GRV").

17. Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is the Huo Family Foundation a charity registered in Delaware, USA. It owns 100% of the Huo Family Foundation (UK) Limited and it has no other assets. Yan Huo, Xue Fang and Philip Michaels are also trustees of the US entity.

18. Post balance sheet events

Subsequent to the year end, in January 2023, a further donation of US\$16,000,000 has been received from Yan Huo, gift aid of US\$4,000,000 is recoverable on this. Further, the Foundation has received the US\$11,944,095 in investment - pending settlement amount which has subsequently been used to meet grants payable and operational expenses as well as invested in multiple asset classes.