COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 6446652

A B D JOINERY LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

30 NOVEMBER 2014

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COMPANIES HOUSE

A B D JOINERY LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2014

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A B D JOINERY LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 NOVEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £	£	2013 £
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			2,043	1,962
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		24,799		28,091
Cash at bank and in hand		14,991		502
		39,790		28,593
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		33,762		21,733
NET CURRENT ASSETS			6,028	6,860
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			8,071	8,822
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			429	412
			7,642	8,410
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	4		1	1
Profit and loss account			7,641	8,409
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			7,642	8,410

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

A B D JOINERY LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET *(continued)*

30 NOVEMBER 2014

For the year ended 30 November 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 10.08.15

P Affleck
Director

Company Registration Number: 6446652

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

A B D JOINERY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 20% Straight Line Basis

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 December 2013	**8,076**
Additions	**773**
At 30 November 2014	**8,849**
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 December 2013	**6,114**
Charge for year	**692**
At 30 November 2014	**6,806**
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 November 2014	**2,043**
At 30 November 2013	1,962

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTOR

Included within other creditors is an amount of £81 (2013 £511) owed to the director.

A B D JOINERY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2014

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2014		2013	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1