Zoe Rainford Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 May 2020

Zoe Rainford Limited

Registered number: 06446187

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		18,622		22,477
Tangible assets	4		94,024		149,368
		-	112,646	-	171,845
Current assets					
Debtors	5	58,564		55,335	
Cash at bank and in hand		79,124		73,392	
		137,688		128,727	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(36,631)		(27,924)	
Net current assets			101,057		100,803
Total assets less current liabilities		-	213,703	-	272,648
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	r 7		(178,261)		(193,476)
Provisions for liabilities			(17,207)		(24,967)
Net assets		-	18,235	- -	54,205
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			18,234		54,204
Shareholders' funds		-	18,235	-	54,205

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

D Anastasiou

Director

Approved by the board on 5 February 2021

Zoe Rainford Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 May 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Investment Property

Investment Property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially

recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2	Employees	2020	2019
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	0	0
3	Intangible fixed assets		£
	Goodwill:		
	Cost		
	At 1 June 2019		139,950
	At 31 May 2020	-	139,950
	Amortisation		
	At 1 June 2019		117,473
	Provided during the year		3,855
	At 31 May 2020	- -	121,328
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2020		18,622
	At 31 May 2019	•	22,477

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

		Land and	Plant and machinery	
		buildings	etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 June 2019	149,368	40,000	189,368
	Additions	-	1,275	1,275
	Surplus on revaluation	(56,300)	-	(56,300)
	At 31 May 2020	93,068	41,275	134,343
	Depreciation			
	At 1 June 2019	-	40,000	40,000
	Charge for the year	-	319	319
	At 31 May 2020		40,319	40,319
	Net book value			
	At 31 May 2020	93,068	956	94,024
	At 31 May 2019	149,368		149,368
5	Debtors		2020	2019
			£	£
	Trade debtors		5,254	3,825
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and unde which the company has a participating interest	rtakings in	36,510	36,510
	Other debtors		16,800	15,000
			58,564	55,335
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	ar	2020	2019
			£	£
	Trade creditors		1,648	1,450
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and under	takings in	00.000	40.000
	which the company has a participating interest		23,686	13,283
	Taxation and social security costs Other creditors		4,085 7,040	4,315
	Other creditors		7,212	8,876
			36,631	27,924
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2020	2019
			£	£

Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	146,941	157,989
Other creditors	31,320	35,487
	178,261	193,476

8 Controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking is Zoe Group Limited which is incorporated in England.

9 Other information

Zoe Rainford Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is: Muskers Building, 1 Stanley Street, Liverpool, L1 6AA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.