Registered number: 06444254

ACCOMPLISH GROUP RESIDENTIAL CARE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

THURSDAY



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors C Anderton

D Manson

Registered Number

06444254

Registered Office

Maybrook House Second Floor Queensway Halesowen B63 4AH

Independent Auditors

KPMG LLP

Statutory Auditor One Snowhill

Snow Hill Queensway

Birmingham B4 6GH

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

INTRODUCTION

The Directors present the Strategic Report of Accomplish Group Residential Care Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 March 2022.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company operates one of a group of residential care services, which together form the Accomplish Mipco Limited Group. The Directors manage the various businesses of Accomplish Mipco Limited (the "Group") on a group, rather than an individual company basis. As such, a separate business review of the Company has not been prepared, but a Group review can be found in the Strategic Report contained in the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited. Neither the Strategic Report nor the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited form part of this report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks and uncertainties of the Accomplish Mipco Limited Group (the "Group") and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Accomplish Mipco Limited, which include those of the Company, are discussed in the Strategic Report contained in the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited. Neither the Strategic Report nor the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited forms part of this report.

FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Directors of Accomplish Group Holdco Limited manage the Group's operations on a group-wide basis.

For this reason, the Company's Directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of Accomplish Group Residential Care Limited.

The development, performance and position of Accomplish Mipco Limited, which includes the Company, are discussed in the Strategic Report contained in the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited. Neither the Strategic Report nor the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited forms part of this report.

ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY

The Directors of Accomplish Mipco Limited manage the Group's operations on a Group-wide basis. As such, a separate environment and sustainability review of the Company has not been prepared, but a Group review can be found in the Strategic Report contained in the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited, which includes information on energy use. Neither the Strategic Report nor the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited form part of this report.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND SECTION 172 STATEMENT

The Directors of Accomplish Mipco Limited manage the Group's operations on a Group-wide basis. As such, a separate stakeholder engagement and section 172 statement for the Company has not been prepared, but a Group statement can be found in the Strategic Report contained in the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited. Neither the Strategic Report nor the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited form part of this report.

This report was approved by the board on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf.

C Anderton Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of Accomplish Group Residential Care Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 March 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of care and support to people with complex needs and challenging behaviour in residential services.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the financial year was £228,291 (2021 profit: £206,617).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2021: Nil).

DIRECTORS

The Directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise stated, were:

C Anderton (appointed 1 July 2022)

D Manson (appointed 1 July 2022)

M Ramsey (resigned 30 June 2022)

V Cooper (resigned 10 February 2022)

L Dutton (appointed 10 February 2022, resigned 30 June 2022)

QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The Company purchased and maintained throughout the financial year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements, Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of itself and its Directors.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

The development, performance and position of Accomplish Mipco Limited, which includes the Company, are discussed in the Strategic Report contained in the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited. Neither the Strategic Report nor the Annual Report of Accomplish Mipco Limited forms part of this report.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is not exposed to any significant risk arising from the use of financial instruments.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the reasons set out below.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

GOING CONCERN (CONTINUED)

The Company's operations were profitable in the year ended 31 March 2022 and are expected to continue to generate positive cash flows the next 12 months from date of approval of these financial statements. The Company's cash flows and funding are managed through central treasury arrangements within the Accomplish Mipco Limited group (the Group), which operates a portfolio of similar specialist care operations. As a result, whilst the Company is not dependent on additional group financial support, the Directors have assessed the Company's going concern by evaluating the financial position of the Group.

The Group merged with another provider of care, the Keys Group post year end on 1 July 2022 (known as "Combined Group" henceforth). As a result of this merger the existing banking facilities were replaced with a combined facility for the Combined Group. This consists of a £270m Unitranche Facility expiring on 1 July 2032, with access to a Committed Capex/Acquisition Unitranche Facility of £50m expiring on 1 July 2032 and a Revolving Credit Facility of £15m expiring on 1 July 2032. The Group still retains the £17m of £12% preference shares, however as part of the merger with Accomplish Group, the Preference shares are now redeemable on the 10th anniversary of the adoption date or on an exit. Management have prepared cash flow forecasts and accompanying covenant compliance calculations for the Combined Group for the period of 12 months from the signing of these financial statements, including what they consider to be a reasonably possible downside scenario. The cash outflows associated with the Combined Group's debt in this period are limited only to bank interest payments, limiting the size of required cash outflows on the Combined Group's financing. These cash flow forecasts indicate that the Combined Group will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period and comply with all debt covenants to enable the Group to continue to operate for the forecast period and meet its loan covenant requirements.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware;
 and
- that Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

KPMG LLP will resign as the Company's auditor after completing the audit of this annual report and financial statements. The directors intend to appoint Cooper Parry LLP to fill the casual vacancy created.

This report was approved by the board on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

C Anderton Director Maybrook House, Second Floor, Queensway, Halesowen B63 4AH

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Accomplish Group Residential Care Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 3.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty
 related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's
 ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors and management as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading board meeting minutes.
- Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management and directors.
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards and taking into account possible pressures to meet profit targets and our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, and the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition in particular the risk that revenue is overstated through recording revenue in the wrong period and the recording or revenue for service leavers that have left the business, and the risk of bias in accounting estimates and judgements such as fixed assets and bad debt provision.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including:

- In determining the audit procedures, we took into account the results of our evaluation and testing of the operating effectiveness of some of the Company-wide revenue fraud risk management controls in relation to revenue recognised around the year end.
- Reconciliation of all revenue recognised in the year to the cash received.
- Substantive test of invoices around the year end date, accrued and deferred income balances
- Identifying journal entries to test for all full scope components based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted to unusual accounts to revenue, cash and borrowings; and
- Assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards) and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies' legislation), distributable profits legislation, taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: health and safety, employment law, Health and Social Care regulation, data protection regulation, recognising the nature of the Company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Xavier Timmermans (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
One Snowhill
Snow Hill Queensway
B4 6GH
Birmingham
United Kingdom

Date: 21 December 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Note	2022	2021 f
Turnover	5	822,519	813,838
Cost of sales	_	(509,073)	(526,805)
Gross profit		313,446	287,033
Administrative expenses		(91,932)	(111,562)
Other income	8	4,647	27,195
OPERATING PROFIT	9	226,161	202,666
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITES BEFORE TAXATION		226,161	202,666
Tax credit on profit on ordinary activities	11	2,130	3,951
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		228,291	206,617
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		228,291	206,617
Total comprehensive income for the financial year attributable to:		♦	
Owners of the parent Company		228,291	206,617
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		228,291	206,617

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

ACCOMPLISH GROUP RESIDENTIAL CARE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06444254

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

			2022		2021
	Note		£		£
FIXED ASSETS					
	12		67,901		48,256
Tangible assets			•		•
investments	13		23,664		23,664
			91,565		71,920
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	14	2,672,012		2,255,393	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,085		323	
	-	2,673,097	· -	2,255,716	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within					
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within	1.0	(4.463.350)		/1 252 515)	
one year	16 -	(1,462,250)	· -	(1,253,515)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,210,847	-	1,002,201
NET ASSETS			1,302,412	•	1,074,121
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	17		119		119
Profit and loss account	18		1,302,293		1,074,002
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		•	1,302,412	-	1,074,121
		•		•	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20 December 2022 by:

C Anderton **Director**

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total shareholders' funds £
At 1 April 2021	119	1,074,002	1,074,121
Comprehensive income for the financial year Profit for the financial year	-	228,291	228,291
At 31 March 2022	119	1,302,293	1,302,412

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total shareholders' funds £
At 1 April 2020	119	867,385	867,504
Comprehensive income for the financial year Profit for the financial year	-	206,617	206,617
At 31 March 2021	119	1,074,002	1,074,121

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Accomplish Group Residential Care Limited ("the Company") provides care and support to people with complex needs and challenging behaviour in residential services.

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in the England, domiciled and registered in the United Kingdom. The Company registration number is 06444254. The address of its registered office is: Maybrook House, Second Floor, Queensway, Halesowen B63 4AH.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102"), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling, being the Company's functional currency.

3.2 Financial reporting standard 102 – reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing the financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

3.2 Financial reporting standard 102 – reduced disclosure exemptions (continued)

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Accomplish Mipco Limited as at 31 March 2022 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ.

3.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the reasons set out below.

The Company's operations were profitable in the year ended 31 March 2022 and are expected to continue to generate positive cash flows the next 12 months from date of approval of these financial statements. The Company's cash flows and funding are managed through central treasury arrangements within the Accomplish Mipco Limited group (the Group), which operates a portfolio of similar specialist care operations. As a result, whilst the Company is not dependent on additional group financial support, the Directors have assessed the Company's going concern by evaluating the financial position of the Group.

The Group merged with another provider of care, the Keys Group post year end on 1 July 2022 (known as "Combined Group" henceforth). As a result of this merger the existing banking facilities were replaced with a combined facility for the Combined Group. This consists of a £270m Unitranche Facility expiring on 1 July 2032, with access to a Committed Capex/Acquisition Unitranche Facility of £50m expiring on 1 July 2032 and a Revolving Credit Facility of £15m expiring on 1 July 2032. The Group still retains the £17m of £12% preference shares, however as part of the merger with Accomplish Group, the Preference shares are now redeemable on the 10th anniversary of the adoption date or on an exit. Management have prepared cash flow forecasts and accompanying covenant compliance calculations for the Combined Group for the period of 12 months from the signing of these financial statements, including what they consider to be a reasonably possible downside scenario. The cash outflows associated with the Combined Group's debt in this period are limited only to bank interest payments, limiting the size of required cash outflows on the Combined Group's financing. These cash flow forecasts indicate that the Combined Group will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period and comply with all debt covenants to enable the Group to continue to operate for the forecast period and meet its loan covenant requirements.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

3.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

3.5 Turnover

Turnover comprises the fair value of fee income receivable for the year in respect of care that has been provided in the relevant period. Turnover invoiced in advance is held in deferred income until the service has been provided whilst revenue billed in arrears is included in accrued income.

3.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Company adds to the carrying amount of an item of tangible assets the cost of replacement parts when incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Income Statement during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged to the Income Statement at rates calculate to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life, on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

- 4 years straight line

Fixtures and fittings

- 5 years straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within operating profit/loss in the Income Statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

3.7 Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is non-contributory. Payments made to the scheme are charged annually in these accounts as part of employment costs and represents the Company's contributions payable in the year.

3.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.9 Government grants

Government grants are included within accruals and deferred income in the balance sheet and credited to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets to which they relate or in periods in which the related costs are incurred. Amounts recognised in the profit and loss are presented under the heading "Other income".

3.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

3.10 Financial instruments (continued)

determined under the contract.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.11 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they
 will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable
 profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

4. JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, which are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis with revisions to accounting estimates being recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, where that revision affects only the current or future accounting periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

The following are the critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty that the Directors have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the financial statements:

Carrying value of property plant and equipment

Determining whether property plant and equipment is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use and, if required, estimation of the fair value less costs of disposal, or the best alternative use value. The value in use calculation requires the entity to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the property plant and equipment and the application of a discount rate to calculate the present value.

Recognition and subsequent measurement of trade debtors.

Trade receivables without a significant financing component are initially measured at the transaction price which is their fair value.

When determining the bad debt provision, the Group makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade debtors. When assessing the impairment of trade debtors, management considers factors including the ageing profile of debtors, likelihood of default and the historical experience with the funders of the services provided.

5. TURNOVER

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the Company's principal activity being the provision of care and support to people with complex needs and challenging behaviour in residential services. All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors were remunerated by fellow Group company, Accomplish Group Limited, for their services to the Group as a whole. The remuneration for qualifying services performed in relation to Accomplish Group Residential Care Limited amounted to:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Aggregate Directors' emoluments	11,008	3,023
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	15	16
	11,023	3,039

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7. EMPLOYEES

Staff costs, including Director's remuneration, were as follows:

		2022	2021
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	299,579	318,366
	Social security costs	23,665	23,638
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	4,875	4,460
		328,119	346,464
	The average monthly number of employees during the year v	was as follows:	
		2022	2021
	·	Number	Number
	Employees	15	18
8.	OTHER INCOME		
.		2022	2021
		£	£
	Other income	4,647	27,195

Other income represents amounts received in respect of COVID-19 including government grants, HMRC furlough receipts and temporary fee uplifts credited to the profit and loss account in periods in which the related costs are incurred, with the related costs included within cost of sales and administrative expenses. Amounts received are assessed in conjunction with their specific criteria and excess funds repaid where applicable.

9. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2022	2021
	£	£
Depreciation of fixed assets	21,064	16,591
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	252	-
Provision for doubtful debts	9,886	8,828

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Tax credit on profit

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

10.

		2022 £	2021 £
	Fees payable to the Company's auditors for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	9,000	9,000
	Fees payable to the Company's auditors and its associates in respect of: Other services relating to taxation	1,000	1,000
11.	TAX ON PROFIT	2022	2021

	2022	2021
	£	£
Current tax	•	
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(322)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(931)	(840)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	` •	(2,789)
Effect of changes in UK tax rates	(1,199)	-
Total deferred tax	(2,130)	(3,629)

Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%). The differences are explained below:

(2,130)

(3,951)

	2022	2021
	£	£
Profit before tax	226,161	202,666
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%)	42,971	38,507
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	48	28
Fixed asset differences	78	188
Group relief not paid for	(43,804)	(39,563)
Prior period adjustment – deferred tax	•	(3,111)
Effect of UK tax rate changes	(1,423)	-
Total tax (credit)/charge for the year	(2,130)	(3,951)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

11. TAX ON PROFIT (CONTINUED)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The standard rate of UK corporation tax rate during the period is 19%. In the 3 March 2021 budget, it was announced that the UK Tax rate will increase to 25% from 1 April 2023. The Finance Bill bringing this into force was substantially enacted on 24th May 2021. This rate will have a consequential effect of the company's future tax charge. The deferred tax asset at 31 March 2022 have been calculated at 25% (2021: 19%).

12. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 April 2021	6,124	86,307	92,431
Additions	-	40,961	40,961
Disposals	(252)	-	(252)
At 31 March 2022	5,872	127,268	133,140
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 April 2021	5,574	38,601	44,175
Charge for the year	230	20,834	21,064
At 31 March 2022	5,804	59,435	65,239
Net book value			
At 31 March 2022	68	67,833	67,901
At 31 March 2021	550	47,706	48,256

13. INVESTMENTS

	Investment in subsidiary
	companies
Cost or valuation	£
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	23,664
Net book value	
At 31 March 2022	23,664
A) 24 A4 2024	
At 31 March 2021	23,664

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

13. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Company owns 5% of the ordinary share capital of Accomplish Group Care Limited, a company, incorporated in Great Britain, whose principal activity is the rehabilitation of individuals who have sustained brain injuries. The registered address of Accomplish Group Care Limited is Maybrook House, Second Floor, Queensway, Halesowen B63 4AH.

14. DEBTORS

	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts due from Group undertakings	2,509,899	2,152,883
Trade debtors	147,168	93,124
Prepayments and accrued income	9,019	5,590
Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	5,926	3,796
	2,672,012	2,255,393

Trade debtors are stated after provisions for impairment of £44,504 (2021 £40,462).

Amounts due from Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and carry no fixed date of repayment.

15. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	2022	2021
	£	£
At beginning of year	3,796	167
Credited to the Income Statement	2,130	3,629
At end of year	5,926	3,796
	2022	2021
	£	£
Fixed asset differences	5,926	3,796
	5,926	3,796

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

16. CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	9,922	41,185
Amounts due to Group undertakings	1,423,115	1,126,526
Taxation and social security	3,751	2,642
Other creditors	-	127
Accruals and deferred income	25,462	83,035
	1,462,250	1,253,515

Amounts due to Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

17. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2022	2021
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,187 (2021: 1,187) A ordinary shares of £0.10 each	119	119

18. RESERVES

Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents the accumulated profits, losses and distributions of the Company.

19. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £4,875 (2021: £4,460).

20. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company at 31 March 2022 was Accomplish Group Bidco Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party was considered to be Sundhet Holding SA up to 25 March 2022. From 25 March 2022, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is considered to be G Square Healthcare CV L.P.

Accomplish Mipco Limited is the parent of the smallest and largest group in which the Company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of the financial statements of Accomplish Mipco Limited are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption, under FRS 102 paragraph 33.2, from disclosing transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

22. CROSS COMPANY GUARANTEE

The Company is bound by unlimited multilateral cross guarantees with fellow group companies in respect of bank borrowings. The maximum amount for which the Company would become liable at the balance sheet date as a result of the arrangement would be £99,358,200 (2021: £99,358,200).

23. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 1 July 2022, Accomplish Group merged with Keys Group (known as "Combined Group" henceforth). Keys Group provides residential, educational and transitional support ("leaving care") services to young people typically aged between eight and eighteen. Keys Group supports people who have emotional and behavioural difficulties, physical disabilities, learning disabilities and special educational needs. Keys Group operates throughout England and Wales. Accomplish and Keys are both owned by G Square.

As a result of this merger the existing banking facilities were replaced with a combined facility for the Combined Group. This consists of a £270m Unitranche Facility expiring on 1 July 2032, with access to a Committed Capex/Acquisition Unitranche Facility of £50m expiring on 1 July 2032 and a Revolving Credit Facility of £15m expiring on 1 July 2032. The Group still retains the £17m of £12% preference shares, however as part of the merger with Keys Group, the Preference shares are now redeemable on the 10th anniversary of the adoption date or on an exit.