
FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06433037

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2021 £	2020 £	2020 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		262,795		208,273
			<u>262,795</u>		<u>208,273</u>
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	653,120		1,153,044	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	3,046,119		3,186,793	
		<u>3,699,239</u>		<u>4,339,837</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(172,966)		(60,175)	
Net current assets			<u>3,526,273</u>		<u>4,279,662</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>3,789,068</u>		<u>4,487,935</u>
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	8	(43,972)		(24,249)	
			<u>(43,972)</u>		<u>(24,249)</u>
Net assets			<u><u>3,745,096</u></u>		<u><u>4,463,686</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			3,744,996		4,463,586
Total equity			<u><u>3,745,096</u></u>		<u><u>4,463,686</u></u>

FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06433037

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

J Martin
Director

Date: 27 September 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1. General information

Fast Food Productions Limited is a company limited by shares and registered in England & Wales. Its registered office is: Aston House, Cornwall Avenue, London, N3 1LF.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery	-	20%	Reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	20%	Reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	-	20%	Reducing balance
Office equipment	-	33%	Straight Line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during the year was as follows:

	2021 No.	<i>2020 No.</i>
Staff	2	2
Directors	1	1
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	3	3

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2020	113,000	176,775	209,007	498,782
Additions	-	148,000	26,987	174,987
Disposals	-	-	(43,000)	(43,000)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2021	113,000	324,775	192,994	630,769
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2020	103,434	46,939	140,137	290,510
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,913	55,567	19,984	77,464
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2021	105,347	102,506	160,121	367,974
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net book value				
At 30 September 2021	7,653	222,269	32,873	262,795
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2020	9,566	129,836	68,871	208,273

FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

5. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	-	90,300
Other debtors	593,114	1,002,738
Prepayments and accrued income	60,006	60,006
	<u>653,120</u>	<u>1,153,044</u>

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>3,046,119</u>	<u>3,186,793</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	22,025	9,158
Other taxation and social security	71,180	23,783
Other creditors	73,760	21,233
Accruals and deferred income	6,001	6,001
	<u>172,966</u>	<u>60,175</u>

8. Deferred taxation

	2021 £
At beginning of year	(24,249)
Charged to profit or loss	(19,723)
At end of year	<u><u>(43,972)</u></u>

FAST FOOD PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

8. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	(43,972)	(24,249)
	<u>(43,972)</u>	<u>(24,249)</u>

9. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £2,441 (2020: £2,271). Contributions totalling £2,259 (2020: £1,443) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.