The Companies Acts 1985 to 2006

Private Company Limited by Shares Company Number: 6411666

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

MILLAR RICHARDSON LIMITED

Incorporated the 29th October 2007

As Amended 12th September 2011

Jordans Limited Company Formation and Information Specialists Legal Stationers and Publishers Telephone 0117 923 0600 Fax 0117 923 0063

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THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

MILLAR RICHARDSON LIMITED

- 1 The Company's name is "MILLAR RICHARDSON LIMITED"
- 2 The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales
- 3 1 The object of the Company is to carry on business as a general commercial company

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- Without prejudice to the generality of the object and the powers of the Company derived from section 3A of the Act the Company has power to do all or any of the following things -
- 3 2 1 To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property
- To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any trade marks, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, or other intellectual property rights, licences, secret processes, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire
- 3.23 To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debentures that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received
- To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company
- 3 2 5 To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made
- 326 To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid)
- 327 To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it
- 3 2 8 To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments
- To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- 3 2 10 To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions

- 3 2 11 To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world
- 3 2 12 To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies
- 3213 To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid
- 3 2 14 To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same
- 3 2 15 To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts
- 3 2 16 To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient
- 3 2 17 To distribute among the members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature
- 3 2 18 To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company
- To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business, to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons, to make payments towards insurance including insurance for any director, officer or auditor against any liability in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust (so far as permitted by law), and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants, and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such schemes to be established or maintained.
- 3 2 20 Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable) to give, directly or indirectly, financial assistance for the acquisition of shares or other securities of the Company or of any other company or for the reduction or discharge of any liability incurred in respect of such acquisition

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- 3 2 21 To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world
- 3 2.22 To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others
- 3 2 23 To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them
- 3 2 24 AND so that -
- 3 2 24 1 None of the provisions set forth in any sub-clause of this clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such provision, and none of such provisions shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other provision set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company
- 3 2 24 2 The word "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere
- 3 2 24 3 In this clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in this clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force
- 4 The liability of the members is limited
- The shares of the company shall be in pursuant to the passing of the special written resolution dated 12th September 2011 as set out issued either as 'A' or 'B', shares. The company shall not have in issue at any time more than the following numbers of shares in total

500 'A' Shares of £1 00 each, and

500 'B' Shares of £1 00 each

- The 'A' and 'B' Shares of the company shall rank pari passu, having full voting rights, rights to dividends and rights to capital on winding up
- 5.3 At the date of the passing of the Special Resolution amending this paragraph the Company's issued share capital consisted of

Ordinary "A" s	shares	of £1	each	

the subscriber to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant emorandum, and I agree to take the number of shares shown opposite my name			
Name and address of subscriber		Number of shares taken by the subscriber	
Instant Companies Limited 1 Mitchell Lane BRISTOL BS1 6BU		1	
	Total shares taken	- One	

Dated 29th October 2007

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

MILLAR RICHARDSON LIMITED

1 PRELIMINARY

- The regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No 805) as amended by The Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No 1052), The Companies Act 1985 (Electronic Communications) Order 2000 (SI 2000 No 3373), the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007 No 2541) and the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) (No 2) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007 No 2826) so far as it relates to private companies limited by shares (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the Articles of Association of the Company.
- In these Articles the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985 and "the 2006 Act" means the Companies Act 2006, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act or the 2006 Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force

2 ALLOTMENT OF SHARES

- Shares which are comprised in the authorsed share capital with which the Company is incorporated shall be under the control of the directors who may (subject to section 80 of the Act and to article 2.4 below) allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same, to such persons, on such terms and in such manner as they think fit
- All shares which are not comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is 22 incorporated and which the directors propose to issue shall first be offered to the members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of the existing shares held by them respectively unless the Company in general meeting shall by special resolution otherwise direct. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a period (not being less than 14 days) within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined. After the expiration of that period, those shares so deemed to be declined shall be offered in the proportion aforesaid to the persons who have, within the said period, accepted all the shares offered to them, such further offer shall be made in like terms in the same manner and limited by a like period as the original offer. Any shares not accepted pursuant to such offer or further offer as aforesaid or not capable of being offered as aforesaid except by way of fractions and any shares released from the provisions of this article by any such special resolution as aforesaid shall be under the control of the directors, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms, and in such manner as they think fit, provided that, in the case of shares not accepted as aforesaid, such shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable to the subscribers therefor than the terms on which they were offered to the members. The foregoing provisions of this article 2 2 shall have effect subject to section 80 of the Act.
- In accordance with section 91(1) of the Act sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act shall not apply to the Company
- The directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of section 80 of the Act to exercise any power of the Company to allot and grant rights to subscribe for or convert securities into shares of the Company up to the amount of the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated at any time or times during the period of five years from the date of incorporation and the directors may, after that period, allot any shares or grant any such rights under this authority in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the Company within that period. The authority hereby given may at any time (subject to the said section 80) be renewed, revoked or varied by ordinary resolution.

3 SHARES

- The lien conferred by regulation 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company Regulation 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- The liability of any member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of regulation 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment"

4 GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

- Every notice convening a general meeting shall comply with the provisions of section 325(1) of the 2006 Act as to giving information to members in regard to their right to appoint proxies, and notices of and other communications relating to any general meeting which any member is entitled to receive shall be sent to the directors and to the auditors for the time being of the Company
- No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Subject to article 4.2.2 below, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum
- 422 If and for so long as the Company has only one member, that member present in person or by proxy or (if that member is a corporation) by a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum
- If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a general meeting the general meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned general meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned general meeting shall be dissolved
- 4 2 4 Regulations 40 and 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- If and for so long as the Company has only one member and that member takes any decision which is required to be taken in general meeting or by means of a written resolution, that decision shall be as valid and effectual as if agreed by the Company in general meeting, subject as provided in article 4 3 3 below
- Any decision taken by a sole member pursuant to article 4.3.1 above shall be recorded in writing and delivered by that member to the Company for entry in the Company's minute book
- Resolutions under section 168 of the 2006 Act for the removal of a director before the expiration of his period of office and under section 391 of the Act for the removal of an auditor before the expiration of his period of office shall only be considered by the Company in general meeting
- A member present at a meeting by proxy shall be entitled to speak at the meeting and shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands. In any case where the same person is appointed proxy for more than one member he shall on a show of hands have as many votes as the number of members for whom he is proxy. A member present at a meeting by more than one proxy shall be entitled to speak at the meeting through each of the proxies but the proxies together shall be entitled to only one vote on a show of hands. In the event that the proxies do not reach agreement as to how their vote should be exercised on a show of hands, the voting power is treated as not exercised. Regulation 54 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- Unless resolved by ordinary resolution that regulation 62 in Table A shall apply without modification, the appointment of a proxy and any authority under which the proxy is appointed or a copy of such authority certified notanally or in some other way approved by the directors may be deposited or received at the place specified in regulation 62 in Table A up to the commencement of the meeting or (in any case where a poll is taken otherwise than at the meeting) of the taking of the poll or may be handed to the chairman of the meeting prior to the commencement of the business of the meeting

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

5

5 1 1 Regulation 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

- The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the directors may be determined from time to time by ordinary resolution. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of directors and the minimum number of directors shall be one. Whenever the minimum number of directors is one, a sole director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the directors generally, and regulation 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- 5 2 Regulations 76 to 79 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 5.3 No person shall be appointed a director at any general meeting unless either -
 - (a) he is recommended by the directors, or
- (b) not less than 14 nor more than 35 clear days before the date appointed for the general meeting, notice signed by a member qualified to vote at the general meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment, together with notice signed by that person of his willingness to be appointed
- Subject to article 5 3 above, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director
- The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with article 5.1.2 above as the maximum number of directors and for the time being in force
- In any case where as the result of death or deaths the Company has no members and no directors the personal representatives of the last member to have died shall have the right by notice in writing to appoint a person to be a director of the Company and such appointment shall be as effective as if made by the Company in general meeting pursuant to article 5.4.1 above. For the purpose of this article, where two or more members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain which of them survived the other or others, the members shall be deemed to have died in order of senionty, and accordingly the younger shall be deemed to have survived the elder

6 BORROWING POWERS

The directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party

7 ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 71 Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting by ordinary resolution an alternate director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of regulation 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- A director, or any such other person as is mentioned in regulation 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate director to represent more than one director, and an alternate director shall be entitled at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors to one vote for every director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

8 GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

8 1 1 The directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by its Memorandum of Association in relation to the payment of pensions, gratuities and other benefits and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers

- 8 1 2 Regulation 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 9 PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS
- A director may vote, at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution his vote shall be counted, and in relation to any such resolution as aforesaid he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting
- 9 1 2 Each director shall comply with his obligations to disclose his interest in contracts under section 317 of the Act
- 9 1 3 Regulations 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 10 COMMUNICATION BY MEANS OF A WEBSITE
- Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act, a document or information may be sent or supplied by the Company to a person by being made available on a website
- 11 THE SEAL
- If the Company has a seal it shall only be used with the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or second director. The obligation under regulation 6 in Table A relating to the sealing of share certificates shall apply only if the Company has a seal. Regulation 101 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- The Company may exercise the powers conferred by section 39 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the directors
- 12 PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY
- For the purposes of this article a "Liability" is any liability incurred by a person in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company or otherwise in connection with his duties, powers or office and "Associated Company" shall bear the meaning referred to in section 256 of the 2006 Act Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act and without prejudice to any protection from liability which may otherwise apply
- (a) the directors shall have power to purchase and maintain for any director of the Company, any director of an Associated Company, any auditor of the Company and any officer of the Company (not being a director or auditor of the Company), insurance against any Liability, and
- (b) every director or auditor of the Company and every officer of the Company (not being a director or auditor of the Company) shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any loss or liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from any Liability
- 12.2 Regulation 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 13 TRANSFER OF SHARES
- The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register the transfer of a share, whether or not it is a fully paid share, and the first sentence of regulation 24 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

Name and address of subscriber

Instant Companies Limited 1 Mitchell Lane BRISTOL BS1 6BU

Dated 29th October 2007

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The regulations of Table A to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or vaned by its Articles of Association

Table ATTE COMPANIES ACT 1985 Regulations for Management of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

In these regulations—
"the Act means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment flamed for the time being in force and any provisions of the Companies Act 2108 for the sizes being in force.
"the articles" execute the articles of the company "clear days" in relation to the pend of notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or desmed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take affect.
"communications" mississ the same as in the Electronic Communications Act 2000 "electronic Communications and 2000.
"electronic communication" means the same as in the Electronic Communications Act 2000.
"electronic communications and 2000.
"electronic formations are stored from the electronic Communications Act 2000.
"electronic formations are stored from the same as in the Electronic Communications and 2000.
"electronic formations are stored from the same as in the relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares.

The seal" means the common seal of the company or any other person appointed to perform the dudies of the secretary of the company including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary" means Great Birtain and Northern Ireland

deputy secretary
"the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in these
regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory
modification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the

regulations become binding on the company SHARE CAPITAL Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any easting shares any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine 3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles 4. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of futly or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other 5. Except as required by law no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder.

SHARE CERTIFICATES 6. Every member upon becoming the holder of any shares shall be entitled.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

5 Every member upon becoming the holder of any shares shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate is shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.

7 If a share certificate is defaced worn-out, lost or destroyed it may be

sufficient delivery to all of them

7 If a share certificate is defaced worn-out, lost or destroyed it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

- directors may determine but otherwise free of charge and (in the case of defacement or weaning-out) on delivery up of the old certificate. LIEN

 8 The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company is lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

 9 The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder demanding payment and strong that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.

 10 To give effect to a sale the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregulating in circle in mail to the sale.

 11 The net proceeds of the sale after payment of the costs shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable are existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

 22 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to recaving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company of any sum due thereunder be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be required by the notice the amount called on his sha

- 16 in respect thereof
 15 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it

became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of alliotment of the share or in the notice of the call, or if no rate is fixed at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may warve payment of the interest wholly or in

defined by the Act; but the directors may warve payment of the interest wholly or in part.

16 An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date whether in respect of normal value or premium or as an instalment of a call shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

17 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

18 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourtien clear days notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

18 If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may before the payment required by the notice has been made be forfeited by a resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture of Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors.

- 20 Subject to the provisions of the Act, a fortested share may be sold re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forferture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale re-allotment or other disposition the forferture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forferted share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person.
- purposes of its disposal a loneired shale is a constitution of transfer of the share to that person.

 21 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or if no interest was so payable at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

 22. A starturory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration if any nor shall his tritle to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

 TRANSFER OF SHARES

- share be affected by any irregularity in or invarionly of the proceedings in reference to the forfetture or disposal of the share

 TRANSFER OF SHARES

 23. The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and unless the share is fully paid by or on behalf of the transferor at directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a lien. They may also refuse to register a transfer unless

 (a) It is lodged at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

 (b) It is in respect of only one class of shares and

 (c) It is in favour of not more than four transferieres

 25. If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transfere notice of the refusal

 26. The registration of transfers of shares or furnisfers of any class of shares

- 26 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in
- may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine?

 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document, relating to or affecting the title to any share.

 The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

 TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

 28 If a member dies the survivor of survivors where he was a such holder, and
- INJUSTICE OF SHARES

 19 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any tide to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.
- him 30. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.

 31. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share is entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

The company may by ordinary resolution.(a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the

(a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes

(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares.

(c) subject to the provisions of the Act sub-divide its shares or any of tem into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that as between the shares resulting from the sub-division any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others and

(d) cancel shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled

33 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share the directors may on behalf of those members sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the direction of the purchaser The transfersee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchaser money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale

34 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way.

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

account in any way PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES
35 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and if it is a private company make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares

snares GENERAL MEETINGS

GENERAL MEETINGS
36 [Deleted]
37 The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members
pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene a general
meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Act. If there are not within the
United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting any director or any
member of the company may call a general meeting
NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

38 General meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed

(a) [Deleted]

(b) by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninery per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors.

shares the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors.

39 The accidental comission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

40 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Save in the case of a company with a single member two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted each being a member or a prixy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be a quorum of the meeting or if during a meeting such a quorum cases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjocurned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine.

42 The chaliman, if any of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chaliman of the meeting but if neither the chaliman nor such other directors (if any) be present within fitned minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and if there is only one director present and willing to act as chaliman or if no director is present within fitned present present shall elect one of their number to be chairman.

43 If no director is willing to act as chaliman or if no director is present within fitned present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.

44 A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

45 The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting for the holders of an

right; and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a d

and a demand by a person as proxy roll a member and the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number of proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution 45. The demand for a poll may before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

made

49 A poil shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers
(who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the
poil. The result of the poil shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at
which the poil was demanded

50 [Deleted]

51 A poil demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of
adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poil demanded on any other question shall
be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not
being more than thirty days after the poil is demanded. The demand for a poil shall
not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other
than the question on which the poil was demanded. If a poil is demanded before
the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn
the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

52. No notice need be given of a poil not taken forthwith if the time and place at
which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In

any other case at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken

Deleted

OTES OF MEMBERS

OTES OF MEMBERS

54 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy unless the proxy (in either case) or the representative is himself a member entitled to vote shall have one vote and on a poil every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder of the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote whether in person or by proxy shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and seniorly shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.

56 A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver curator bonis or other person authorised in the thehalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the suthority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy not least than 43 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercised meeting or any separate meeting of

shall not be exercisable to the exercisable and in detail the right to vite shall not be exercisable.

7. No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid 58. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive 59. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

60. The appointment of a proxy shall be executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve).

tive of being a member/members of the above-named company hereby appoint of or failing his of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/obehalf at the general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof Signed on being a member/members of the of or failing him 19

on the shall act the appointment of a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve)

I/We of being a member/members of the above-named company hereby appoint of or failing him of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behelf at the general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows

Resolution No 1 "for "against Resolution No 2 "for "against

*Strike out whichever is not desired Unless otherwise instructed the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting

62. The appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may.

copy of such authority certified notation of an active value. (a) In the case of an instrument in writing be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or (as) in the case of an appointment contained in an electronic communication where an address has been specified for the purpose of receiving electronic communications.

electronic communications -

in the notice convening the meeting or in the instrument of proxy sent out by the company in (i)

(i) In the instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting or (ii) in any invitation contained in an electronic communication to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting or (iii) in any invitation contained in an electronic communication to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded in the appointment proposes to vote (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director and an appointment of proxy which is not deposited delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid in this regulation and the next, "address," in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

33. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination as received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited or where the appointment of the proxy was contained in an electronic communication at the address at which such appointment was duly received before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting the time appointment of the such appointment was duly received before the commencement of the meeting to adjourned meeting the time appointment of the rices of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting the time appointment was duly received before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting the time appointment was duly received before the commencement of the rices of a poll taken otherwise

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS
65 Any director (other to

65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed

by near 68 An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing

the continue of the functions of the functions of the state of the sta

come to be an alternate director if his appointed SL (E) and all make director in its appointment of the support of the sup

and shall all the articles, an alternate director shall be administrated and shall alone be responsible for his own limits be deemed to be the agent of the director **1**

or casemed to be the agent of the director of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to a substantial or the articles and to a substantial or the articles and to a substantial or a substa

71. The function way by power of allowey or otherwise appoint any person to be the again of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine a such conditions are they determine a such consisting of one or when the powers powers are they consider determine a such conditions. They may also delegate to any managing director or any determine a such conditions are consistent of their powers as they consider determine the function of their execution of their powers as they consider determine the determined by them. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the determined by them. Any such delegation may be made subject to any of their conditions the determined the determined may be received or altered Subject to any such conditions the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the actions regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applications.

Nying. POINTMENT AND RETUREMENT OF DIRECTORS (Deleted)

Detected
[Detected]
[Detected]
[No person shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general

with a directors, or

meeting unless.

(a) he is recommended by the directors, or

(b) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed.

or example the winh noise executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person who is recommended by the directors for appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting of in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors. The notice shall give the particulars of that person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire.

The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of directors.

80 [Deleted] DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The office of a director shall be vacated if
(a) he ceases to be a director by urtue of any provision of the Act or he respectively by the provision of the Act or he respectively by the provision being a director or the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the provision of the Act or he had been seen as the

(b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally or (c) he is, or may be suffering from mental disorder and either—
(i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or in Scotland an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960 or (ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver cutator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs, or (e) he resigns his office by notice to the company or he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS 82. The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by

REMUNERATION OF UNKECTORS
82. The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and unless the resolution provides otherwise the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

BIRECTORS EXPENSES

3. The directors may be paid all travelling hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties

DIRECTORS APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

SUbject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to darranges for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retrement by rotation 85. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his a director notwithstanding his office.

notwithstanding his office -

notwithstanding his office
(a) may be a party to or otherwise interested in any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested

(b) may be a director or other officer of or employed by or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested and

(c) shall not, by reason of his office be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such

transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

such interest or benefit

For the purposes of regulation 85 (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified and
(b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

his. DIRECTORS GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

DIRECTORS GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

37 The directors may provide benefits whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise for any director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the company or any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor a business of the company or of any such subsidiary and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

88 Subsect to the provision of the articles, the directors may reculate their

or employment, contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

88 Subject to the provision of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.

89 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum.

90 The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notivitistancing any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum the continuing directors or director may act conly for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

91 The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

92 All acts done by a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall intownthistanding that the entired to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors enti

interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following peragraphs:

(a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of money lent to or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of the company or any of its subsidiaries

(b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whother alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security.

or security

(c) his interest arises by writing of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares debentures or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries or by virtue of his being or intending to become a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares debentures or other securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription purchase or exchange.

exchange (d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme which has been approved or is conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for texation purposes. For the purposes of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and in relation to an attender director an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director and in relation to an attender director an interest of the alternate director has otherwise.

95 A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.

96 The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors.

prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of the appointment of two grounds to offices or employments with the company or any body the proposals may be divided and 97 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

98 If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote the question may before the conclusion of the meeting be referred to the charman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive

SECRETARY

99 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the

99 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them with ITEE.

MINUTES

100 The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose(a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors and
(b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any
class of shares in the company, and of the directors and of committees of
directors including the names of the directors present at such meeting

THE SEAL

THE SEAL 101 The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign

any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director DMDENDS.

- DIVIDENDS

 102 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

 103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends if a speasis to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confier defarred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is an arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good farth they shall not mour any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interum dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights in the shares when the preferred is the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good farth they shall not mour any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interum dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights be declared and cert exceeds.

- or states coming preserved rights to ally loss with a system by the started or non preferred rights.

 10.4 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares all dividends shall be declared and paid eccording to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall reak for dividend as from a particular date that share shall reak for dividend accordingly.

 10.5 A general meeting declaring a dividend may upon the recommendation of the directors direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of sessets and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets in trustees.

 10.6 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the chaque shall be a good discharge to the company. An
- 109 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

 110 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the **ACCOUNTS**

- ompany—

 (a) subject as hereinafter provided resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve

 (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any for the time behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any for the time behalf either on any shares held by them respectively or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the company of a nominal amount equal to that sum and altot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members or as they may direct, in those proportions or parity in one way and parity in the other, but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this regulation only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.

- (c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions and (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the alloment to them respectively credited as fully pend of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members. binding on all such members.
- NOTICES

 111 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles (other than a notice calling a meeting of the directors) shall be in writing or shall be given using electronic communications to an address for the time being notified for that purpose to the person giving notice. In this regulation "address" in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such
- communications

 112 The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address or by giving it using electronic communications to an address for the time being notified to the company by the member in the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him or an address to which notices may be sent using electronic communications shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company. In this regulation and the next, "address" in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

- company in this regulation and the next, "address" in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

 113 A rhember present, either in person or by proxy at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and where requisite of the purposes for which it was called.

 114 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.

 115 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Proof that a notice contained in an electronic communication was sent in accordance with guidance issued by the linstitute of Chertered Secretaires and Administrators shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted or in the case of a notice contained in an electronic communication at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted or in the case of a notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by the articles for the gwing of notice to a member addressed to them by name or by the title of representatives of the decased or trustee of the benkrupt or by any like description at the address if any within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled Unit) such an address has been supplied a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred WINDING UP.
- WINDING UP

 117 If the company is wound up the liquidator may with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may with the like sanction vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a habitor. there is a liability INDEMNITY
- INDEMNITY

 118 Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the commany.