Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31st March 2019

for

APEX GENERAL SUPPLIES AND MAINTENANCE LIMITED

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APEX GENERAL SUPPLIES AND MAINTENANCE LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 31st March 2019

DIRECTORS: Mr R R Banks

Mr S C L Bailey Mr S Bailey

REGISTERED OFFICE: Monometer House

Rectory Grove Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 2HN

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06409087 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Barrons

Chartered Accountants Monometer House Rectory Grove Leigh on Sca Essex SS9 2HN

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Unaudited Financial Statements of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited for the year ended 31st March 2019 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited. You consider that Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Barrons Chartered Accountants Monometer House Rectory Grove Leigh on Sca Essex SS9 2HN

16th December 2019

Balance Sheet 31st March 2019

otes 4 5	£	£ 119,140 7,030	£	£ 138,996
		·		138,996
		·		138,996
5		7.030		
				8,422
		126,170		147,418
	112,527		61,933	
6	552,723		558,927	
	6,442		6,160	
	671,692		627,020	
7	479,131		490,843	
		<u> 192,561</u>		136,177
		318,731		283,595
8		-		(4,372)
		(610)		(1,075)
		318,121		278,148
		335,268		335,268
				(57,120)
				278,148
	6 7 8	552,723 6,442 671,692 7 479,131	552,723 6,442 671,692 7 <u>479,131</u> 192,561 318,731	552,723 558,927 6,442 671,692 627,020 7 479,131 192,561 318,731 8

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st March 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

statements, so far as applicable to the company.

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of
- (b) each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial

The notes form part of these financial statements

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Balance Sheet - continued 31st March 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 16th December 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr R R Banks - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Apex General Supplies and Maintenance Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

The turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before the revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of the company's trading activities at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Profit and Loss Account over its useful economic life.

The estimated useful life is as follows:

Goodwill - Straight line over 10 years

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less residual value over their estimated useful lives, using either a straight line or reducing balance method, as indicated below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery etc - 25% on reducing balance, 25% straight line and over the operating life of the lease

The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If Stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Creditors

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amount of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2018 - 4).

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Goodwill
	COST		£
	At 1st April 2018		
	and 31st March 2019		305,491
	AMORTISATION		
	At 1st April 2018		166,495
	Charge for year		19,856
	At 31st March 2019		186,351
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31st March 2019		119,140
	At 31st March 2018		138,996
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Plant and
			machinery
			etc
	COCT		£
	COST		20.011
	At 1st April 2018		28,011
	Additions		1,689
	At 31st March 2019 DEPRECIATION		<u>29,700</u>
			19,589
	At 1st April 2018 Charge for year		3,081
	At 31st March 2019		$\frac{-3,061}{22,670}$
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31st March 2019		7,030
	At 31st March 2018		8,422
	At 51st Water 2016		0,422
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade debtors	175,319	224,370
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	334,402	333,329
	Other debtors	43,002	1,228
		<u> 552,723</u>	558,927

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	4,372	6,558
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 9)	-	5,369
	Trade creditors	410,604	379,627
	Taxation and social security	48,923	57,267
	Other creditors	15,232	42,022
		479,131	490,843
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans	_	4,372
^	A FACING A COPPENDING		
9.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
		Hire purchase contracts	
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Net obligations repayable:		
	Within one year		5,369
		Non-cancellable operating leases	
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Within one year	20,000	20,000
	Between one and five years	68,000	88,000
		<u>88,000</u>	108,000

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2019

10. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans	4,372	10,930
Factoring creditor	141,641	163,305
Hire purchase contracts		5,369
	146,013	179,604

The factoring creditor is secured by an all assets debenture dated 30th April 2010 and incorporates a fixed and floating charge over the company and all present and future assets.

The hire purchase creditor is secured against the assets to which the liability relates.

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

As at the balance sheet date there were overdrawn director's current account balances totalling £27,914 (2018: £39,177 in credit).

During the year interest was charged on overdrawn director's current accounts totalling £511 (2018: £Nil).

As at the balance sheet date the bank loan was secured by personal guarantee from the director.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.