REGISTERED NO. 6383166

Abernedd Power Company Limited

Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

CONTENTS	Page No.
Report of the Directors	1
Strategic Report	2
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report, the Strategic Report and the financial statements	3
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	4
Profit and Loss Account	5
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Deficit	7
Notes on the financial statements	8 - 13

S4MTB7D5 SCT 22/12/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

Report of the Directors

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

1. Principal Activities

Abernedd Power Company Limited owns rights associated with the construction and operation of a proposed gas fired power plant

The company was established to develop, construct and eventually operate a proposed gas-fired power plant at its site in South Wales

2. Results and Dividends

The reported loss after tax for the period was £15 9m (2014 – loss of £0 5m) The Directors do not propose payment of a final dividend (2014 - £nil)

3. Directors

The Directors who served during the year were as follows

Alasdair MacSween Paul Smith Rhys Stanwix

4. Political and Charitable Donations

During the year, no charitable or political donations were made

5. Auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

PRINIK

Paul Smith Director 19 November 2015

Strategic Report

Development and performance review of the business

Abernedd Power Company Limited owns rights associated with the construction and operation of a proposed gas fired power plant. Abernedd entered a bid into the capacity auction in December 2014 but was unsuccessful

Following a review by the directors of the likely development of a power plant on site, an impairment charge of £5,022k was recognised in the current year in order to write down the value of the assets under construction. The directors have also recognised an impairment charge in relation to future grid connection costs that will be incurred if no development of the site occurs.

Despite experiencing challenges in recent years, and despite expected longer-term changes in the way electricity is generated and used, it is still anticipated that gas-fired power stations will eventually play an increasingly important role in electricity generation. As a result, SSE will continue to maintain an option for CCGT. It will not, however, make any significant additional commitments to the project unless it is entered into and is successful in the Capacity Market auction process.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Directors acknowledge that they have responsibility for the Company's systems of internal control and risk management and for monitoring their effectiveness. The purposes of these systems are to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, to provide reasonable assurance as to the quality of management information and to maintain proper control over the income, expenditure, assets and liabilities of the Company

No system of control can, however, provide absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. Accordingly, the Directors have regard to what controls, in their judgement, are appropriate to the Company's business and to the relative costs and benefits of implementing specific controls.

The main financial risks that the Company could face have been considered by the Directors and the Group's Risk and Trading Committee

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Paul Smith

PRILLIK

Director 19 November 2015

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report, Strategic Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Abernedd Power Company Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Abernedd Power Company Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 as set out on pages 5 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.trc.org.uk/auditscopeukpriyate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

William Meredith (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 191 West George Street Glasgow G2 2LJ

W. Menel

12/12/15

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2015

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Administrative costs Exceptional Charges	3	(428) (18,022)	(549) -
Operating loss	2 -	(18,450)	(549)
Net interest payable	4	(184)	(109)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	_	(18,634)	(658)
Taxation	5	2,760	129
Loss for the financial year	13	(15,874)	(529)

There have been no recognised gains or losses during the year other than as recorded in the profit and loss account

The above results are derived from continuing activities

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6	55	4,470
Current assets Debtors	7	3,136	754
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(600)	(433)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		2,536	321
Total assets less current liabilities		2,591	4,791
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(7,161)	(6,492)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	11	(13,000)	-
Net liabilities	_	(17,570)	(1,701)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 13	243 (17,813)	243 (1,944)
Shareholders' deficit		(17,570)	(1,701)

These financial statements were approved by the Directors on 19 November 2015 and signed on their behalf by

PRSWIK

Paul Smith, Director

Company Registered No 6383166

Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' deficit as at 31 March 2015

	2015	2014
	£,000	£'000
Loss for the year	(15,874)	(529)
Charge in respect of employee share scheme	5	
Net addition to shareholders' deficit	(15,869)	(529)
Opening shareholders' deficit	(1,701)	(1,172)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(17,570)	(1,701)

Notes on the Financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2015

1. Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The principal accounting policies are summarised below and have been applied consistently

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, notwithstanding the loss for the year of £15,874,000 (2014 - £529,000) and net liabilities of £17,570,000 (2014 - £1,701,000), which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by SSE plc, the company's ultimate parent company SSE plc has indicated that for at least 12 months, and for the foreseeable future, from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. The directors consider that this should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its habilities as they fall due for payment.

Based on this undertaking the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from this basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1, the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the ultimate parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of SSE plc, it has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the SSE Group

Turnover

Turnover, stated net of value added tax, represents the amounts derived from the generation and sale of electricity, together with the provision of other goods and services in the UK

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account deferred taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantially enacted, by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation arises in respect of items where there are timing differences between their treatment for accounting and taxation purposes. This is recognised where an obligation to pay more tax in the future has originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is recognised only when it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Notes on the Financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2015

1. Principle accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

(1) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets to write off cost, less residual values, on a straight-line basis over their estimated operational lives. The estimated operational lives are as follows

Non-operational assets

Buildings - freehold Up to 60
- leasehold lower of lease period and 60

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Expenditure incurred to replace a component of a tangible fixed asset that is accounted for separately is capitalised. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits of the tangible fixed asset to which it relates

2. Operating loss

The operating loss is arrived at after charging

		2015 £'000	2014 £'000
	Net Management Fee Auditor's remuneration for audit services	228 5	275
3.	Exceptional costs		
		2015	2014
		£'000	£'000
	Impairment of intangible assets	5,022	-
	Grid connection provision	13,000	
	·	18,022	•

Following a review, it was determined that an impairment charge should be recognised. As a result, an impairment of fixed assets £5,022k has been recognised.

In the year to 31st March 2015, an exceptional charge of £13,000k was recorded relating to a provision for forseen costs payable for grid connection costs at Abernedd

4. Net interest payable

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable and similar charges		
To group undertakings	(184)	(109)
Net interest payable	(184)	(109)

Notes on the Financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2015

5. Taxation

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Current tax		
United Kingdom corporation tax	(128)	(126)
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(74)	(3)
Total current tax	(202)	(129)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(2,730)	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	43	-
Effect of change in the tax rate	129	<u> </u>
Total deferred tax	(2,558)	
Total tax on loss on ordinary activities	(2,760)	(129)

The difference between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Loss before taxation	18,634	658
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 21% (2014 - 23%) Effects of	(3,913)	(151)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	25
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	32	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(74)	(3)
IBA's permanent difference	1,023	-
Other timing differences	2,730	
Current tax credit for year	(202)	(129)

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 23% to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. In the Budget on 8 July 2015, the Chancellor announced additional planned reductions to 18% by 2020. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly. The deferred tax asset at 31 March 2015 has been calculated based on the rate of 20% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes on the Financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2015

6. Tangible fixed assets

		und	Assets er construc- tion (AUC) £'000
	Cost·		
	At 1 April 2014		4,470
	Additions		<u>607</u>
	At 31 March 2015		5,077
	Depreciation and impairment: At 1 April 2014		-
	Impairment		5,022
	31 March 2015		5,022
	Net book value:		
	At 31 March 2015		55
	At 31 March 2014		4,470
	See note 3 for details of the impairment recognised in relation to	o assets during the year	
7	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2015	2014
		£'000	£,000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	450	626
	Group relief receivable	<u>*</u>	126
	Deferred tax (note 10)	2,558	-
	Corporation tax	127	•
	Other receivables	3,136	<u>2</u> 754
8.	Creditors: amounts due within one year		
		2015	2014
		£'000	£,000
		2 500	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	37	26
	Accruals and deferred income	175	19
	Other creditors	388	388
		600	433
9.	Creditors: amounts due in more than one year		
		2015	2014
		£'000	£'000
		2 000	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	7,161	6,492

Notes on the Financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2015

10. Deferred taxation

	Deferred taxation is provided as follows		
	Selection to provided as relieve	2015	2014
		£,000	£'000
	Accelerated capital allowances	2,558	_
	Provision for deferred tax	2,558	<u>-</u>
			£'000
	Provision at 31 March 2014		, 2000
	Charge to profit and loss account		2,558
	Provision at 31 March 2015		2,558
11.	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
			Grid
			connection
			provision
			£'000
	As at 1 April 2014		-
	Charged in the year		13,000
	As at 31 March 2015		13,000
		a ali anno de dha Niedra	
	In order to disconnect the site from the grid, the Company is expected to pay	a charge to the Natio	onal Grid 10 meet
	this obligation, a provision of £10m (2014 nil) was created in the year		
12.	Share capital		
		2015	2014
		£'000	£'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	0.42	242
	243,330 ordinary shares of £1 each	243	243
13.	Profit and loss account		
			£'000
	Balance at 31 March 2014		(1,944)
	Loss for the year		(15,874)
	Charge in respect of employee share awards	_	5
	Balance at 31 March 2015		(17,813)

Notes on the Financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2015

14. Operating lease commitments

The Company has the following commitments under non-cancellable payments under operating leases which are due to be made in the next year, analysed over the period when the lease expires

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
After five years	228	228

15. Ultimate holding company

The Company is a subsidiary of SSE plc, which is the ultimate parent company and is registered in Scotland. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by SSE plc. The consolidated financial statements of the group (which include those of the Company) are available from the Company Secretary, SSE plc, Inversalmond House, 200 Dunkeld Road, Perth PH1 3AQ or by accessing the Company's website at www.sse.com