Registration number: 06379595

M S Arshad Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

Carter Collins & Myer Limited Accountants & Taxation Advisors Chichester House 2 Chichester Street Rochdale Lancashire OL16 2AX

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

The company has not traded during the year. During this year, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made neither profit nor loss.

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{4}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

(Registration number: 06379595) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets			
Debtors	3	77	1,421
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	4		(1,344)
Net assets		77	77
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>5</u>	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		(923)	(923)
Total equity		77	77

For the financial year ending 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved and authorised by the director on 26 April 2018	
Mr Shehzad Arshad	
Director	

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{4}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 21 Hamlet Way Stratford-upon-Avon Warwickshire CV37 0AL

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 26 April 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

3 Debtors			2017 £	2016 £
Other debtors			* 77	1,421
		_	77	1,421
4 Creditors			2017	2017
		Note	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year				
Accruals			-	420
Income tax liability			-	924
			<u>-</u>	1,344
5 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.

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