Miller Argent (Ffos-y-fran) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements
Registered number 6353565
31 December 2009

THURSDAY



COMPANIES HOUSE

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Miller Argent (Ffos-y-fran) Limited Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2009

Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activities

The company is a limited partner in the Ffos-y-fran Limited Partnership

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

J T Poyner
A J S Prower
P J Smyth
S Tillman
DW Borland - Appointed 5th June 2009
RN Madelin – Appointed 19th May 2009
GJ Taylor – Appointed 19th May 2009

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG will therefore continue in office

By order of the board

P J Smyth

Director

Cwmbargoed Disposal Point Fochriw Road Merthyr Tydfil GLAMORGAN CF48 4AE

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

KPMG LLP

Independent auditors' report to the members of Miller Argent (Ffos-y-fran) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Miller Argent (Ffos-y-fran) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 set out on pages 4 to 8. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www.frc.org/uk/apb/scope/UKNP

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Hugh Harvie (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

29 June 2010

KPMG LLP Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace Edinburgh EH1 2EG

Miller Argent (Ffos-y-fran) Limited For the year ended 31 December 2009

Profit and loss account	Note	Year ended 31 December 2009 £	17 months ended 31 December 2008 £
Write down of investment		(737,927)	(500,550)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax		(737,927)	(500,550)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	138,383	-
Loss for the year	8	(599,544)	(500,550)
			

Balance sheet at 31 December 2009

	Note	2009	2008
		£	£
Fixed assets Investments	4	14,011,523	14,749,450
Current assets Debtors	5	138,483	100
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	6	(15,250,000)	(15,250,000)
Net current liabilities		(15,111,517)	(15,249,900)
Net liabilities		(1,099,994)	(500,450)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8	100 (1,100,094)	100 (500,550)
Shareholders' deficit		(1,099,994)	(500,450)

The notes on pages 6-8 form part of these accounts

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 25th June 2010 and were signed on its behalf by

P J Smyth Director

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Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard 1 to prepare a cash flow statement as it is entitled to the filing exemptions as a small company

As the company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Miller Argent Holdings Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The financial statements of Miller Argent Holdings Limited can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, notwithstanding the loss of £599,544 incurred for the year and net liabilities of £1,099,994 at the financial year end, which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons

The principal activity of the company is to hold an interest in the Ffos-y-fran Limited Partnership. The company has no forecast cash outflows and the directors of the company are confident that the principal activity of the Ffos-y-fran Limited Partnership which is the reclamation of derelict land in East Merthyr, South Wales through the operation of an opencast coal mine will generate sufficient profit to support the carrying value of the investment balance at 31 December 2009. Miller Argent (Holdings) Limited, the shareholder of the company has also indicated to the directors of the company that it will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. Accordingly, the directors of the company continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the going concern basis of preparation being inappropriate

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

2 Directors' emoluments and staff numbers

None of the directors received any emoluments from the company. The company did not employ any staff during the year

Notes (continued)

3. Taxation

	Year ended 31 December 2009 £	17 months ended 31 December 2008 £
Current tax	138,383	-

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is higher that the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (25%). The differences are explained below

	Year ended 31 December 2009 £	17 months ended 31 December 2008 £
Current tax reconciliation		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(737,927)	(500,550)
Current tax at 28% (2008 28 9%)	(206,620)	(144,659)
Effects of Non taxable items	206,620	144,659
Contaminated land relief	138,383	-
Total current tax	138,383	-

4. Investments

	Capital €	Loans £	Interest in Limited Partnership £	Total £
Opening	10	1,659,005	13,090,435	14,749,450
Amortisation	-	-	(737,927)	(737,927)
At end of year	10	1,659,005	12,352,508	14,011,523

The company is a limited partner in the Ffos-y-fran Limited Partnership. The cost of acquiring its interest is being amortised in line with coal extraction by the partnership.

Notes (continued)

5.	Debtors		
		2009	2008 £
		£	L
Other		138,383	-
Unpaid	l share capital	100	100
		138,483	100
			
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2009 £	2008 £
Due to	parent company	15,250,000	15,250,000
7.	Called up share capital		
Autho	rised and issued share capital	2009 £	2008 £
	1 ordinary shares	100	100
8.	Profit and Loss Account		
			2009
At sta	rt of year		£ (500,550)
Loss t	for the year		(599,544)
At end	d of year		(1,100,094)
9.	Reconciliation of movement in Shareholders' deficit		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	hare capital on incorporation	-	100
	or year ng Shareholders' deficit	(599,544) (500,450)	(500,550)
-	g shareholders' deficit	(1,099,994)	(500,450)
CiOsin	g shareholders deficit		(300,430)

10 Parent undertaking

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Miller Argent (Holdings) Limited