

**COMPANIES ACT 2006**

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**COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

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**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION**

**1 Memorandum of association of A Bag of Goodies Limited**

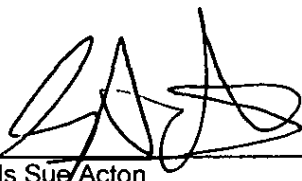
The Company was incorporated on the 16<sup>th</sup> August 2007, with the subscriber to the original Memorandum & Articles of Association taking at least one Share. These amended Memorandum & Articles of Association were adopted, following the passing of a special resolution dated 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2011, and signed below by way of identification by members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and attend the vote either in person or by proxy at the meeting of the Company, and together holding not less than seventy-five percent in nominal value of the Shares in issue.

**Name of original subscriber**

Norman Younger

Date 16<sup>th</sup> August 2007

Amended this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of November 2011

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Ms Sue Acton

Being members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and attend the vote either in person or by proxy at the meeting of the Company, and together holding not less than seventy-five percent in nominal values of the Shares in issue.

SATURDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

**COMPANIES ACT 2006**

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**COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

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**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**of A Bag of Goodies Limited**

**(As amended by special resolution passed 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2011)**

**PART 1**

**INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY**

**1 Defined terms**

A table of definitions to be utilised in these Articles is set out in Part 6

**2 Liability of members**

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the Shares held by them

**PART 2**

**DIRECTORS**

**DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

**3 Directors' general authority**

Subject to the Articles and to the applicable provisions for the time being of the Companies Acts, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company

**4 Change of Company name**

Without prejudice to the generality of Article 3, the Directors may resolve in accordance with Article 8 to change the Company's name

**5 Members' reserve power**

- 5 1 The members holding Ordinary "A" Shares may, by special resolution, direct the Directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action
- 5 2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution

**6 Directors may delegate**

- 6 1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles

- 6 1 1 to such person or committee,
  - 6 1 2 to such means (including a power of attorney),
  - 6 1 3 to such an extent,
  - 6 1 4 in relation to such matters or territories, and
  - 6 1 5 on such terms and conditions,
- as they think fit
- 6 2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated
  - 6 3 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alters its terms and conditions

## **7 Committees**

- 7 1 Committees to which the Directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the Articles which govern the taking of decisions by Directors
- 7 2 The Directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from the Articles if they are not consistent with them
- 7 3 Where a provision of the Articles refers to the exercise of a power, authority or discretion by the Directors and that power, authority or discretion has been delegated by the Directors to a committee, the provision shall be construed as permitting the exercise of the power, authority or discretion by the committee

## **DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS**

### **8 Directors to take decisions collectively**

- 8 1 The general rule about decision-making by Directors is that any decision of the Directors must be taken as a majority decision at a meeting or as a Directors' written resolution in accordance with Article 9 (Directors' written resolutions) or otherwise as a unanimous decision taken in accordance with Article 10 (Unanimous decisions)
- 8 2 If
  - 8 2 1 the Company only has one Director for the time being, and
  - 8 2 2 no provision of the Articles requires it to have more than one Director,
 the general rule does not apply, and the Director may (for so long as he remains the sole Director) take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of the Articles relating to Directors' decision-making
- 8 3 Subject to the Articles, each Director participating at a Directors' meeting has one vote

### **9 Directors' written resolutions**

- 9 1 Any Director may propose a Directors' written resolution by giving notice in writing of the proposed resolution to each of the other Directors (including alternate Directors)
- 9 2 If the Company has appointed a company secretary, the company secretary must propose a Directors' written resolution if a Director so requests by giving notice in writing to each of the other Directors (including alternate Directors)
- 9 3 Notice of a proposed Directors' written resolution must indicate
  - 9 3 1 the proposed resolution, and
  - 9 3 2 the time by which it is proposed that the Directors should adopt it
- 9 4 A proposed Directors' written resolution is adopted when a majority of the Directors (or their alternates) who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution have signed one or more copies of it, provided that those Directors (or their alternates) would have formed a quorum at a Directors' meeting were the resolution to have been proposed at such meeting
- 9 5 Once a Directors' written resolution has been adopted, it must be treated as if it had been a decision taken at a Directors' meeting in accordance with the Articles

### **10 Unanimous decisions**

- 10 1 A decision of the Directors is taken in accordance with this Article 10 when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter

- 10 2 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this Article 10 if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a Directors' meeting had the matter been proposed as a resolution at such a meeting
  - 10 3 Once a Directors' unanimous decision is taken in accordance with this Article 10 it must be treated as if it had been a decision taken at a Directors' meeting in accordance with the Articles
- 11 Calling a Directors' meeting**
- 11 1 Any Director may call a Directors' meeting by giving notice of the meeting to each of the Directors (including alternate Directors), whether or not he is absent from the UK, or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice
  - 11 2 Notice of any Directors' meeting must indicate
    - 11 2 1 its proposed date and time,
    - 11 2 2 where it is to take place, and
    - 11 2 3 if it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting
  - 11 3 Subject to Article 11 4, notice of a Directors' meeting must be given to each Director but need not be in writing
  - 11 4 Notice of a Directors' meeting need not be given to Directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company prior to or up to and including not more than seven days after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it
- 12 Participation in Directors' meetings**
- 12 1 Subject to the Articles, Directors participate in a Directors' meeting, or part of a Directors' meeting, when
    - 12 1 1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles, and
    - 12 1 2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting
  - 12 2 In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other
  - 12 3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is
- 13 Chairing of Directors' meetings**
- 13 1 At all Directors' meetings and General Meetings of the Company Ms Sue Acton for the time being of 7 Wood Street, Leamington Spa CV32 4HQ shall be appointed Chairman, for such time as she shall remain a member of the Company or unless otherwise determined by a unanimous decision of the Directors
  - 13 2 If the Chairman is unavailable to chair any Directors' meeting or General Meeting the Chairman may appoint any currently serving Director to act as temporary chairman in their absence by giving written notice to the Company no less than five (5) working days prior to the date of the meeting
  - 13 3 Should the Chairman cease to be a Director by virtue of Article 21, the remaining Directors shall be responsible for the appointment of a replacement chairman
- 14 Chairman's casting vote at Directors' meetings**
- 14 1 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a meeting of Directors are equal, the chairman has a casting vote
  - 14 2 Article 14 1 does not apply in respect of a particular meeting (or part of a meeting) if, in accordance with the Articles, the chairman or other Director chairing the meeting is not an Eligible Director for the purposes of that meeting (or that part of that meeting at which the proposal is voted upon)
- 15 Quorum for Directors' meetings**
- 15 1 At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting

- 15 2 Subject to Article 15 3, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of Directors may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Directors. A person who holds office only as an alternate Director shall, if his appointer is not present, be counted in the quorum. If and so long as there is a sole Director, he may exercise all the powers and authorities vested in the Directors by these Articles and accordingly the quorum for the transaction of business in these circumstances shall be one.
- 15 3 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to Article 16 (Directors' conflicts of interests) to authorise a Director's Conflict, if there is only one Eligible Director in office in addition to the conflicted Director(s), the quorum for such a meeting or (part of a meeting) shall be one Eligible Director.
- 16 Directors' conflicts of interests and Directors' interests in transactions or arrangements with the Company**
- 16 1 For the purposes of this Article 16, a **conflict of interest** includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties, and interest includes both direct and indirect interests.
- 16 2 The Directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this Article 16, authorise any matter proposed to them by any Director which would, if not authorised, involve a Director breaching his duty under section 175 of CA 2006 to avoid conflicts of interest (such matter being hereinafter referred to as a **Conflict**).
- 16 3 A Director seeking authorisation in respect of a Conflict shall declare to the other Directors the nature and extent of his interest in a Conflict as soon as is reasonably practicable. The Director shall provide the other Directors with such details of the relevant matter as are necessary for the other Directors to decide how to address the Conflict, together with such other information as may be requested by the other Directors.
- 16 4 Any authorisation under this Article 16 will be effective only if
- 16 4 1 the matter in question shall have been proposed by any Director for consideration at a meeting of Directors in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the Directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the Directors may determine,
- 16 4 2 any requirement as to the quorum at any meeting of the Directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Director in question and any other conflicted Director(s), and
- 16 4 3 the matter was agreed to without the Director and any other conflicted Director(s) voting or would have been agreed to if their votes had not been counted.
- 16 5 Any authorisation of a Conflict under Article 16 may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently)
- 16 5 1 extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the Conflict so authorised,
- 16 5 2 be subject to such terms and for such duration, or impose such limits or conditions as the Directors may determine, or
- 16 5 3 be terminated or varied by the Directors at any time.
- This will not affect anything done by the Director prior to such termination or variation in accordance with the terms of the authorisation.
- 16 6 In authorising a Conflict the Directors may decide (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently) that if a Director has obtained any information through his involvement in the Conflict otherwise than as a Director of the Company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person the Director is under no obligation to
- 16 6 1 disclose such information to the Directors or to any Director or other officer or employee of the Company, or
- 16 6 2 use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a Director, where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence.
- 16 7 Where the Directors authorise a Conflict they may provide, without limitation (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently) that the Director
- 16 7 1 is excluded from discussions (whether at meetings of Directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict,
- 16 7 2 is not given any documents or other information relating to the Conflict,
- 16 7 3 may or may not vote (or may or may not be counted in the quorum) at any future meeting of Directors in relation to any resolution relating to the Conflict.

- 16 8 Where the Directors authorise a Conflict
- 16 8 1 the Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms, limits and/or conditions imposed by the Directors in relation to the Conflict,
- 16 8 2 the Director will not infringe any duty he owes to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of CA2006 provided he acts in accordance with such terms, limits and/or conditions (if any) as the Directors impose in respect of its authorisation
- 16 9 A Director is not required, by reason of being a Director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a Director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he receives as Director or other officer or employee of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested or which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds not shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of CA 2006
- 16 10 Subject to applicable provisions for the time being of the Companies Acts and to any terms, limits and/or conditions imposed by the Directors in accordance with Article 16 5 2, and provided that he has disclosed to the Directors the nature and extent of any interest of his in accordance with Section 177 or Section 182 CA 2006 as the case may require or is not required by the terms of either of those sections to be declared, a Director notwithstanding his office
- 16 10 1 may be party to, or otherwise interested in, any contract, transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested,
- 16 10 2 shall be counted as participating for voting and quorum purposes in any decision in connection with any proposed or existing transaction or arrangement with the Company, in which he is in any way directly or indirectly interested,
- 16 10 3 may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director,
- 16 10 4 may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any contract, transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested, and
- 16 10 5 shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or anyone connected with him (as defined in section 252 of CA 2006) derives from any such office or employment or form any such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit, nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of CA 2006
- 16 11 For the purposes of this Article, references to proposed decisions and decision-making processes include any Directors' meeting or part of a Directors' meeting
- 16 12 Subject to Article 16 13, if a question arises at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors as to the right of a Director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any Director other than the chairman is be final and conclusive
- 16 13 If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the Directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes
- 16 14 The Company may by Ordinary Resolution ratify any transaction or arrangement which has not been properly authorised by reason of a contravention of these articles

## 17 Records of decisions to be kept

- 17 1 The Directors must ensure that the Company keeps a record, in writing, for at least ten years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the Directors

- 17 2 Where decisions of the Directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the Directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye

**18 Directors' discretion to make further rules**

Subject to the Articles, the Directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to Directors

**APPOINTMENT AND TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS**

**19 Number of Directors**

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors (other than alternate Directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall not be less than one

**20 Methods of appointing Directors**

- 20 1 Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director
- 20 1 1 by ordinary resolution, or
- 20 1 2 by a decision of the Directors
- 20 2 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the Company has no Directors or members, the transmittee(s) of the last member to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) shall have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a Director
- 20 3 For the purposes of Article 20 2, where two or more members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger member is deemed to have survived an older member

**21 Termination of Director's appointment**

- 21 1 A person ceases to be a director as soon as
- 21 1 1 that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of CA 2006 or is prohibited from being a Director by law,
- 21 1 2 a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
- 21 1 3 a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a Director and may remain so for more than three months,
- 21 1 4 by reason of that person's mental health, a court makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have,
- 21 1 5 notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms, or
- 21 1 6 that person has been absent, without the permission of the Directors, for more than six consecutive months from meetings of the Directors held during that period and the Directors resolve that he or she should cease to be a Director
- 21 2 A person shall also cease to be a Director upon the occurrence of the following events, save that members holding not less than 50% in nominal value for the time being of the Ordinary "A" Shares in issue may consent to the continuation in office of the Director
- 21 2 1 he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than minor motoring offences) and a majority of the other Directors resolve that he should cease to be a Director,
- 21 2 2 in the case of an executive Directors only, he shall cease to be employed by the Company or other Group Company (as appropriate) and does not continue as an employee of any other Group Company

- 21 3 In addition and without prejudice to the provisions of Section 168 and Section 169 CA 2006, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director before the expiry of his office and may, if thought fit, by Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in his place. Removal of a Director in accordance with this article shall be without prejudice to any claim that Director may have for damages for breach of any contract between him and the Company

## **22 Directors' remuneration**

- 22 1 Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the Directors decide  
22 2 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the Directors determine  
22 2 1 for their services to the Company as Directors, and  
22 2 2 for any other service which they undertake for the Company  
22 3 Subject to the Articles, a Director's remuneration may  
22 3 1 take any form, and  
22 3 2 include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that Director  
22 4 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors' remuneration accrues from day to day  
22 5 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as Directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested

## **23 Directors' expenses**

- 23 1 The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors (including alternate Directors) and the secretary (if any) properly incur in connection with their attendance at  
23 1 1 meetings of Directors or committees of Directors,  
23 1 2 general meetings, or  
23 1 3 separate meetings of the holders of any class of Shares or of debentures of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company

## **ALTERNATE DIRECTORS**

## **24 Appointment and removal of alternate Directors**

- 24 1 Any Director (**Appointer**) may appoint as an alternate any other Director, or any other person approved by resolution of the Directors, to  
24 1 1 exercise that Director's powers, and  
24 1 2 carry out that Director's responsibilities,  
in relation to the taking of decision by the Directors in the absence of the alternate's appointer  
24 2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the appointer, or in any other manner approved by the Directors  
24 3 The notice must  
24 3 1 identify the proposed alternate, and  
24 3 2 in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the Director giving the notice

## **25 Rights and responsibilities of alternate Directors**

- 25 1 An alternate Director may act as alternate Director to more than one Director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the Directors as the alternate's appointer  
25 2 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate Directors  
25 2 1 are deemed for all purposes to be Directors  
25 2 2 are liable for their own acts and omissions,



- 25 2 3 are subject to the same restrictions as their appointers (including those set out in sections 172 to 177 CA 2006 inclusive and Article 16), and
- 25 2 4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointers, and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate Director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his appointer is a member
- 25 3 A person who is an alternate Director but not a Director
  - 25 3 1 may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's appointer is not participating and provided that no alternate may be counted as more than one Director for these purposes),
  - 25 3 2 may participate in a unanimous decision of the Directors (but only if his appointer does not participate), and
  - 25 3 3 may sign a written resolution (but only if it is not signed or to be signed by that person's appointer)
- 25 4 A Director who is also an alternate Director is entitled, in the absence of any of his appointers, to a separate vote on behalf of that appointer, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the Directors but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present
- 25 5 An alternate Director is not entitled to receive by remuneration from the Company for serving as an alternate Director except such part of the alternate's appointer's remuneration as the appointer may direct by notice in writing made to the Company

## **26 Termination of alternate directorship**

An alternate Director's appointment as an alternate for any appointer terminates

- 26 1 when that appointer revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,
- 26 2 when notification is received by the Company from the alternate that the alternate is resigning as alternate for that appointer and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms,
- 26 3 on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to that appointer, would result in the termination of that appointer's appointment as Director,
- 26 4 on the death of that appointer, or
- 26 5 when the alternate's appointer's appointment as a Director terminates

## **SECRETARY**

## **27 Appointment and removal of secretary**

The Directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such terms, at such remuneration, and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the Directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the Directors. The Company is not required to have a secretary

## **PART 3**

### **SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

#### **SHARES**

#### **28 Allotment of Shares**

- 28 1 Subject to Article 29 (Further issue of Shares pre-emption rights) and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing Shares or class of Shares, all Shares shall be issued to the persons, on the terms and the conditions and with the rights, priorities, privileges or restrictions in each case as provided in the resolution creating or issuing the relevant Shares. In the absence of any such provision, all Shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors who may issue them, subject to Section 549 CA 2006, to such persons at such times and generally on such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges or restrictions as they may think fit.
- 28 2 No Share shall be issued to any infant, bankrupt or person who, by reason of that person's mental health, is subject to a court order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have.

#### **29 Further issues of Shares pre-emption rights**

- 29 1 In accordance with section 567(1) of CA 2006, sections 561 and 562 of CA 2006 shall not apply to an allotment of equity securities (as defined in section 560(1) of CA 2006) made by the Company.
- 29 2 Unless otherwise agreed by special resolution, if the Company proposes to allot any Ordinary "A" Shares, those Ordinary "A" Shares shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has first offered them to all members holding Ordinary "A" Shares in accordance with Articles 29 3 to 29 5 inclusive, on the same terms, and at the same price, as those Ordinary "A" Shares are being offered to such other person.
- 29 3 Ordinary "A" Shares shall be offered pro-rata to the nominal value of the Shares then held by members holding Ordinary "A" Shares.
- 29 4 The offer shall be in writing, shall be open for acceptance for a period of fifteen (15) working days from the date of the offer and shall give details of the number and subscription price of the relevant Ordinary "A" Shares.
- 29 5 Members entitled to subscribe for additional Shares shall apply to the Company in writing giving notification as to the number of Shares for which they wish to subscribe, save that no member may apply for a greater number of Shares in excess of the offer made to him by the Company or a greater number than that to which he is entitled.
- 29 6 Following the expiry of the fifteen (15) working day period, the Directors shall allocate the Ordinary "A" Shares to applicants on a pari passu basis and pro rata to the nominal value of Shares, of the class which entitles those members to receive such offer, then held by those members (as nearly as possible without involving fractions and without increasing the number of Ordinary "A" Shares allotted to any member beyond the maximum number of Ordinary "A" Shares applied for by him).
- 29 7 Any Ordinary "A" Shares not allocated pursuant to the offer made to existing members in accordance with Articles 29 3 to 29 5 inclusive shall be offered to any person as the Directors may determine, at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the members.
- 29 8 For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of Articles 29 2 to 29 7 above shall not apply with regard to Ordinary "B" Shares, and new Ordinary "B" Shares may be offered to any person as the Directors may determine.

#### **30 Different classes of Shares**

- 30 1 The share capital of the Company is divided into two classes of Shares, being Ordinary "A" Shares and Ordinary "B" Shares, which shall rank pari passu in all respects save as provided in these Articles.
- 30 2 Subject to these Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing Share, the Company may issue Shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution.

- 30 3 The Company may issue Shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such Shares

### 31 Variation of class rights

- 31 1 Whenever the capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, the special rights attached to any class may only be varied or abrogated, either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up, with the consent of the holders of the issued Shares of the relevant class given in accordance with Article 31 2
- 31 2 The consent of the holders of a class of Shares may be given by
- 31 2 1 a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the issued Shares of the relevant class, or
- 31 2 2 a written resolution in any form signed by or on behalf of the holders of three-quarters in nominal value of the issued Shares of that relevant class, but not otherwise To every such meeting all the provisions of these Articles and CA 2006 relating to general meetings of the Company shall apply (with such amendments as may be necessary to give such provisions efficacy) but so that the necessary quorum shall be one holder of Shares of the relevant class present in person or by proxy and holding or representing not less than one half in nominal value of the issued Shares of the relevant class, that every holder of Shares of the relevant class shall be entitled on a poll to one vote for every such Share held by him, and that any holder of Shares of the relevant class, present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative, may demand a poll If at any adjourned meeting of such holders such a quorum as aforesaid is not present, not less than one person holding Shares of the class who is present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum

### 32 Company's lien over Shares

- 32 1 The Company has a lien (**Company's lien**) over every Share, whether or not fully paid, which is registered in the name of any person indebted or under any liability to the Company, whether he is the sole registered holder of the Share or one of several joint holders, for all monies payable by him (either alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, whether payable immediately or at some time in the future and whether or not a call notice has been sent in respect of it
- 32 2 The Company's lien over a Share
- 32 2 1 takes priority over any third party's interest in that Share, and
- 32 2 2 extends to any dividend or other money payable by the company in respect of that Share and (if the lien is enforced and the Share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that Share
- 32 3 The Directors may at any time decide that a Share which is or would otherwise be subject to the Company's lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part

### 33 Enforcement of the Company's lien

- 33 1 Subject to the provisions of this Article 33, if
- 33 1 1 a **lien enforcement notice** has been given in respect of a Share, and
- 33 1 2 the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it, the Company may sell that Share in accordance with Article 41 5
- 33 2 A lien enforcement notice
- 33 2 1 may only be given in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum passed,
- 33 2 2 must specify the Share concerned,
- 33 2 3 must be in writing and require payment of the sum payable within fourteen days of the notice,
- 33 2 4 must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a transmittee of that holder, and
- 33 2 5 must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with

- 33 3 Where Shares are sold under this Article 33
  - 33 3 1 the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser, and
  - 33 3 2 the transferee is not bound to see the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale
- 33 4 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other cost of enforcing the lien) must be applied
  - 33 4 1 first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the lien enforcement notice,
  - 33 4 2 second, to the person entitled to the Shares at the date of sale, but only after the certificate for the Shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Directors has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's lien for any money payable (whether payable immediately or at some time in the future) as existed over the Shares before the sale in respect of all Shares registered in the name of such person (whether as the sole registered holder or as one of several joint holders) after the date of the lien enforcement notice
- 33 5 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary (if any) that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary (as the case may be) and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's lien on a specified date
  - 33 5 1 is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share, and
  - 33 5 2 subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Arts or by law, constitutes a good title to share

#### 34 **Call notices**

- 34 1 Subject to the articles and the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may send a notice (**call notice**) to a member requiring the member to pay the Company a specified sum of money (**call**) which is payable by that member to the Company at the date when the Directors decide to send the call notice
- 34 2 A call notice
  - 34 2 1 must be in writing,
  - 34 2 2 may not require a member to pay a call which exceeds the total amount of his indebtedness or liability to the Company,
  - 34 2 3 must state when and how any call to which it relates is to be paid, and
  - 34 2 4 may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments
- 34 3 A member must comply with the requirements of a call notice, but no member is obliged to pay any call before fourteen days have passed since the notice was sent
- 34 4 Before the Company has received any call due under a call notice the Directors may
  - 34 4 1 revoke it wholly or in part, or
  - 34 4 2 specify a later time for payment than is specified in the notice,
 by a further notice in writing to the member in respect of whose Shares the call is made

#### 35 **Liability to pay calls**

- 35 1 Liability to pay a call is not extinguished or transferred by transferring the Shares in respect of which it is required to be paid
- 35 2 Joint holders of a Share are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that Share
- 35 3 Subject to the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may, when issuing Shares, provide that call notices sent to the holders of those Shares may require them
  - 35 3 1 to pay calls which are not the same, or
  - 35 3 2 to pay calls at different times

#### 36 **When call notice need not be issued**

- 36 1 A call notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a Share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that Share

- 36 1 1 on allotment,
- 36 1 2 on the occurrence of a particular event, or
- 36 1 3 on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue
- 36 2 But if the due date for payment of such a sum has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the Share concerned is treated in all respects as having failed to comply with a call notice in respect of that sum, and is liable to the same consequences as regards to the payment of interest and forfeiture

### 37 Failure to comply with call notice. automatic consequences

- 37 1 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the call payment date
  - 37 1 1 the Directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person, and
  - 37 1 2 until the call is paid, that person must pay the Company interest on the call from the call payment date at the relevant rate
- 37 2 For the purposes of this Article 37
  - 37 2 1 the **call payment date** is the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the Directors give a notice in writing specifying a later date, in which case the **call payment date** is that later date,
  - 37 2 2 the **relevant rate** is
    - 37 2 2 1 the rate fixed by the terms on which the Share in respect of which the call is due was allotted,
    - 37 2 2 2 such other reasonable rate as was fixed in the call notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the Directors, or
    - 37 2 2 3 if no rate is fixed in either of these ways, five per cent (5%) per annum
- 37 3 The relevant rate must not exceed by more than five percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998
- 37 4 The Directors may waive any obligation to pay interest or call wholly or in part

### 38 Notice of intended forfeiture

- 38 1 A notice of intended forfeiture
  - 38 1 1 must be in writing,
  - 38 1 2 may be sent in respect of any Share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a call notice,
  - 38 1 3 must be sent to the holder of that Share (or, in the case of joint holders of a Share in accordance with Article 81 6) or to a transmittee of that holder in accordance with Article 81 7,
  - 38 1 4 must require payment of the call and any accrued interest and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment by a date which is not less than fourteen days after the date of the notice,
  - 38 1 5 must state how the payment is to be made, and
  - 38 1 6 must state that if the notice is not complied with, the Shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited

### 39 Directors' power to forfeit Shares

If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, the Directors may decide that any Share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other monies payable in respect of the forfeited Shares and not paid before the forfeiture

### 40 Effect of forfeiture

- 40 1 Subject to the Articles, the forfeiture of a Share extinguishes
  - 40 1 1 all interests in that Share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it, and
  - 40 1 2 all other rights and liabilities incidental to the Share as between the person whose Share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company
- 40 2 Any Share which is forfeited in accordance with the Articles

- 40 2 1 is deemed to have been forfeited when the Directors decide that is forfeited,
- 40 2 2 is deemed to be the property of the Company, and
- 40 2 3 may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the Directors think fit in accordance with the Article 41 5
- 40 3 If a person's Shares have been forfeited
  - 40 3 1 the Company must send that person written notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members,
  - 40 3 2 the person ceases to be a member in respect of those Shares,
  - 40 3 3 the person must surrender the certificate for the Shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation,
  - 40 3 4 that person remains liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the Articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those Shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture), and
  - 40 3 5 the Directors may waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without allowance for the value of the Shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal
- 40 4 At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited Share, the Directors may decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit

#### 41 Procedure following forfeiture

- 41 1 If a forfeited Share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company may receive the consideration for the transfer and the Directors may authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer
- 41 2 A statutory declaration by a Director or the Company secretary (if any) that the declarant is a Director or the Company secretary (as the case may be) and that a Share has been forfeited on a specified date
  - 41 2 1 is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share, and
  - 41 2 2 subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share
- 41 3 A person to whom a forfeited Share is transferred is not bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor is that person's title to the Share affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the Share
- 41 4 If the Company sells a forfeited Share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture is entitled to receive from the Company the proceeds of such sale, net of any commission, and excluding any amount which
  - 41 4 1 was, or would have become, payable, and
  - 41 4 2 had not, when that Share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that Share,
 but no interest is payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the Company is not required to account for any money earned on them
- 41 5 All Shares to be sold in the enforcement of the Company's lien or rights of forfeiture shall be offered in accordance with Article 48 (Voluntary Transfers) as if they were Sale Shares in respect of which a Transfer Notice had been given and treating as the Seller the holder of those Shares save that the Sale Price shall be the Market Value of those Shares and the Transfer Notice shall be deemed not to contain a Total Transfer Condition

#### 42 Surrender of Shares

- 42 1 A member may surrender any Share
  - 42 1 1 in respect of which the Directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture,
  - 42 1 1 which the Directors may forfeit, or
  - 42 1 2 which has been forfeited
- 42 2 The Directors may accept the surrender of any such Share
- 42 3 The effect of surrender on a Share is the same as the effect of forfeiture on that Share
- 42 4 A Share which has been surrendered may be dealt with in the same way as a Share which has been forfeited

**43 Payment of commission on subscription for Shares**

- 43 1 The Company may pay any person a commission in consideration for that person
  - 43 1 1 subscribing, or agreeing to subscribe, for Shares, or
  - 43 1 2 procuring, or agreeing to procure, subscriptions for Shares
- 43 2 Any such commission may be paid
  - 43 2 1 in cash, or in fully paid or partly paid Shares or other securities or partly in one way and partly in the other, and
  - 43 2 2 in respect of a conditional or an absolute subscription

**44 Company not bound by less than absolute interests**

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any Share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a Share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

**45 Share certificates**

- 45 1 The Company must issue each member, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the Shares which that member holds
- 45 2 Every certificate must specify
  - 45 2 1 in respect of how many Shares, of what class, it is issued,
  - 45 2 2 the nominal value of those Shares,
  - 45 2 3 the extent to which Shares are paid up, and
  - 45 2 4 any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- 45 3 No certificate may be issued in respect of Shares of more than one class
- 45 4 If more than one person holds a Share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- 45 5 Certificates must
  - 45 5 1 have affixed to them the Company's common seal, or
  - 45 5 2 be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

**46 Replacement Share certificates**

- 46 1 If a certificate issued in respect of a member's Shares is
  - 46 1 1 damaged or defaced, or
  - 46 1 2 said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,that member is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same Shares
- 46 2 A member exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate
  - 46 2 1 may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,
  - 46 2 2 must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced, and
  - 46 2 3 must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the Directors decide

**47 Transfer of Shares – general**

- 47 1 In these Articles, a reference to the **transfer** of or **transferring** Shares shall include any transfer, assignment, disposition or proposed or purported transfer, assignment or disposition
  - 47 1 1 of any Share or Shares of the Company, or
  - 47 1 2 of any interest of any kind in any Share or Shares of the Company, or
  - 47 1 3 of any right to receive or subscribe for any Share or Shares of the Company
- 47 2 The Directors shall not register the transfer of any Share or any interest in any Share unless the transfer is made in accordance with Article 48 (Voluntary Transfers) or Article 49 (Compulsory Transfers) or Article 50 (Drag Along Option) or Article 51 (Tag Along Option), and in any such case, is not prohibited under Article 52 (Prohibited Transfers)
- 47 3 The Directors may refuse to register the transfer of a Share if

- 47 3 1 the Share is not fully paid,
- 47 3 2 the transfer is not lodged at the Company's registered office or such place as the Directors have appointed,
- 47 3 3 the transfer is not accompanied by the certificate for the Shares to which it relates, or such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the transferor's right to make the transfer, or evidence of the right of someone other than the transferor to make the transfer on the transferor's behalf,
- 47 3 4 the transfer is in respect of more than one class of Share,
- 47 3 5 the transfer is in favour of more than four transferees, or
- 47 3 6 the transfer relates to a transfer of Ordinary "B" Shares
- 47 4 If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of a Share (other than pursuant to Article 47 3 6) they shall, as soon as practicable and in any event within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the transferee notice of, and the reasons for, the refusal
- 47 5 An obligation to transfer a Share under these Articles shall be deemed to be an obligation to transfer the entire legal and beneficial interest in such Share free from any lien, charge or other encumbrance
- 47 6 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the Directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor and (if any of the Shares is partly paid) the transferee
- 47 7 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any Share
- 47 8 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered
- 47 9 The transferor remains the holder of a Share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it

#### 48 Voluntary Transfers

- 48 1 Any member who wishes to transfer any Ordinary "A" Share (**Seller**) shall before transferring or agreeing to transfer such Share or any interest in it, serve notice in writing (**Transfer Notice**) on the Company of his wish to make that transfer
- 48 2 In the Transfer Notice the Seller shall specify
  - 48 2 1 the number and class of Ordinary "A" Shares (**Sale Shares** and each one a **Sale Share**) which he wishes to transfer,
  - 48 2 2 the identity of the person (if any) to whom the Seller wishes to transfer the Sale Shares,
  - 48 2 3 the price per Share at which the Seller wishes to transfer the Sale Shares (**Proposed Sale Price**),
  - 48 2 4 any other terms relation to the transfer of the Sale Shares, and
  - 48 2 5 whether the Transfer Notice is conditional upon all (and not part only) of the Sale Shares being sold pursuant to the following provisions of this Article 48 (**Total Transfer Condition**)
- 48 3 Each Transfer Notice shall
  - 48 3 1 relate to one class of Shares only,
  - 48 3 2 constitute the Company as the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares on the terms of this Article 48
- 48 4 The Sale Shares shall be offered for purchase in accordance with this Article 48 at a price per Sale Share (**Sale Price**) agreed between the Seller and the Directors or, in default of such agreement by the end of the fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) working day after the date of service of the Transfer Notice,
  - 48 4 1 if the Directors instruct the Valuers (**Valuers**) to report on their opinion of the open market value (**Market Value**) of each Sale Share as at the date of service of the Transfer Notice within that fifteen (15) working day period after the date of service of the Transfer Notice, the Sale Price shall be the price per Sale Share so reported on by the Valuers as their written opinion of the Market Value of each Sale Share (in which case, for the purposes of these Articles, the Sale Price shall be deemed to have been determined on the date of the receipt by the Company of the Valuers' report), or
  - 48 4 2 otherwise the Sale Price shall be the Proposed Sale Price, in which case, for the purpose of these Articles, the Sale Price shall be deemed to have been agreed at the end of that fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) working day



- 48 5 If instructed to report on their opinion of Market Value under Article 48 4 1 the Valuers shall
- 48 5 1 act as expert and not as arbitrator and their written determination shall be final and binding on the members, and
- 48 5 2 proceed on the basis that
- 48 5 2 1 the Market Value of each Sale Share shall be the sum which a willing buyer would agree with a willing seller to be the purchase price for all the class of Shares of which the Sale Shares form part, divided by the number of issued Shares then comprised in that class,
- 48 5 2 2 there shall be no addition of any premium or subtraction of any discount by reference to the size of the holding the subject of the Transfer Notice or in relation to any restrictions on the transferability of the Sale Shares, and
- 48 5 2 3 any difficulty in applying either of the foregoing bases shall be resolved by the Valuers as they think fit in their absolute discretion
- 48 6 The Company will use its reasonable endeavours to procure that the Valuers deliver their written opinion of the Market Value to the Directors and to the Seller within 28 days of being requested to do so
- 48 7 The Valuers' fees for reporting on their opinion of the Market Value shall be borne as the Valuers shall specify in their valuation having regard to the conduct of the parties and the merit of their agreements in respect of the matters in dispute or otherwise (in the absence of any such specification by the Valuers) as to one half by the Seller and as to the other half by the Company, or otherwise as the Seller and the Company may agree, unless the Seller revokes the Transfer Notice pursuant to Article 48 8, in which case the Seller shall pay all the Valuers' fees
- 48 8 If the Market Value is reported on by the Valuers under Article 48 4 1 to be less than the Proposed Sale Price, the Seller may revoke any Transfer Notice which was not stated to be, or is not deemed by these Articles to be, irrevocable by written notice given to the Directors within the period of five (5) working days after the date the Directors serve on the Seller the Valuers' written opinion of the Market Value
- 48 9 The Seller may sell all or any of these Sale Shares by way of bona fide sale to the proposed transferee (if any) named in the Transfer Notice, or if none was so named, to any transferee, in either case at any price per Sale Share which is not less than the Sale Price, without any deduction, rebate or allowance to the proposed transferee, provided that
- 48 9 1 The Seller may not transfer such Shares and the Directors shall not register any transfer to any transferee unless such transferee is first approved by members holding over fifty percent (50%) in nominal value of the Ordinary "A" Shares for the time being in issue at a meeting of members duly convened and held in accordance with Part 4 of the Articles, and
- 48 9 2 If the Transfer Notice contained a Total Transfer Condition, the Seller shall not be entitled, save with the written consent of the Directors, to sell only some of the Sale Shares under this Article 48 9
- 48 10 If a Seller fails for any reason (including death) to transfer any Sale Shares when required pursuant to this Article 48, the Directors may authorise any Director of the Company (who shall be deemed to be irrevocably appointed as the attorney of the Seller for the purpose) to execute each necessary transfer of such Sale Shares and deliver it on the Seller's behalf. The Company may receive the purchase money for such Sale Shares from the Buyer and shall upon receipt (subject, if necessary, to the transfer being duly stamped) register the Buyer as the holder of such Sale Shares. The Company shall hold such purchase money in a separate bank account on trust for the Seller but shall not be bound to earn or pay interest on any money so held. The Company's receipt for such purchase money shall be a good discharge to the Buyer who shall not be bound to see the application of it, and after the name of the Buyer has been entered in the register of members in purported exercise of the power conferred by this Article 48 10 the validity of the proceedings shall not be questioned by any person

48 11 The provisions of Articles 48 1 to 48 10 shall not apply in respect of Ordinary "B" Shares and members holding Ordinary "B" Shares shall be entitled to transfer Ordinary "B" Shares to such persons and at such prices as they see fit, provided that such transfer is in respect of such member's entire holding of Ordinary "B" Shares to a single transferee (except with the prior sanction of a resolution of the Directors), that at all times the transferee to those Shares shall be obliged to notify the Company of their acquisition of such Ordinary "B" Shares, prior to their interest being registered by the Company, and that the Directors shall retain their rights to refuse to register the transfer of any Ordinary "B" Share in accordance with Article 47. The Company and its Directors shall have no obligation under these Articles to any member who acquires Ordinary "B" Shares from the original subscriber to those Shares or the subsequent holder of those Shares unless that member has first notified the Company in writing of their purchase of Ordinary "B" Shares stating the date of acquisition, the number of Ordinary "B" Shares acquired and the name of the transferor of those Shares, and the Company has notified such new member in writing of its registration of their interest in Ordinary "B" Shares and has issued a new share certificate in respect of those Shares. The Company shall be entitled to request such documentary evidence from the transferee necessary to be satisfied that such transfer had been duly completed.

#### 49 Compulsory Transfers

49 1 In this Article 49, a **Transfer Event** occurs, in relation to any member holding less than fifty percent (50%) in nominal value of the Ordinary "A" Shares for the time being in issue

- 49 1 1 **(Bankruptcy, death etc. of individual)** if that member being an individual
  - 49 1 1 1 shall have a bankruptcy order made against him or shall be declared bankrupt by any court of competent jurisdiction, or
  - 49 1 1 2 shall die, or
  - 49 1 1 3 shall suffer from mental disorder and be admitted to hospital or shall become subject to any court order referred to in regulation 81(e) of the Model Articles,
- 49 1 2 **(Corporate dissolution or insolvency etc.)** if that member being a body corporate
  - 49 1 2 1 shall have a receiver, manager or administrative receiver appointed over all or any part of its undertaking or assets,
  - 49 1 2 2 shall appoint or suffer the appointment of an administrator appointed in relation to it, or
  - 49 1 2 3 shall enter into liquidation (other than a voluntary liquidation for the purpose of a bona fide scheme of solvent amalgamation or reconstruction), or
  - 49 1 2 4 shall have any equivalent action in respect of it taken in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales, or
  - 49 1 2 5 ceases to be within the control (as that term is defined by section 840 ICTA) of the person(s) who controlled the member on the date on which it became a member or on the date of adoption of these Articles (whichever is the later),
- 49 1 3 **(Ceasing to be Director or employee of the Company/Group)** if either
  - 49 1 3 1 a member who is at any time a Director or employee of the Company or Group shall cease to hold such office or employment, or
  - 49 1 3 2 the member of the Company of which such member is a Director or employee shall cease for any reason to be a Group Company, and the member of the Company of which a member is a Director or employee shall cease for any reason to be a Group Company,
  - 49 1 3 3 save that members holding not less than fifty percent (50%) in nominal value for the time being of the Ordinary "A" Shares in issue may consent to the member ceasing to hold office as being permitted to retain their Shares
- 49 1 4 **(Privileged Relations and Family Trusts)** if any Shares are transferred by a member to a Privileged Relation or to trustees to be held of a Family Trust and
  - 49 1 4 1 the relevant transferee ceases to be a Privileged Relation or to trustees to be held on a Family Trust and

- 49 1 4 2 there ceases to be any beneficiaries of the Family Trust other than charities,
- 49 1 5 **(Unauthorised attempted transfer)** if a member shall attempt to deal with or dispose of any Share or any interest in it otherwise than in accordance with these Articles and whether or not for value, or
- 49 1 6 **(Failure to serve Transfer Notice under specified provisions)** if a member shall for any reason not give a Transfer Notice in respect of any Shares or transfer any Shares (as the case may be) as required by any express provision of these Articles
- 49 2 **Consequences of Transfer Event determination**
- 49 2 1 Upon any Transfer Event occurring, the member in respect of whom such event is a Transfer Event (**Relevant Member**) and any other holder of any Deemed Transfer Shares shall be deemed to have immediately given an irrevocable Transfer Notice in respect of all the Deemed Transfer Shares then held by such member(s) (**Deemed Transfer Notice**) A Deemed Transfer Notice shall supersede and cancel any then current Transfer Notice insofar as it relates to the Deemed Transfer Shares except for Shares which have then been validly transferred pursuant to that Transfer Notice For the purpose of this Article 49 2, any Shares received by way of rights or on a capitalisation at any time by any person to whom Deemed Transfer Shares may have been transferred (directly or by means of a series of two or more permitted transfers) shall also be treated as Deemed Transfer Shares
- 49 3 **Disenfranchisement**
- 49 3 1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Articles, a Member shall not be entitled to receive notice of or attend at, and shall have not voting rights at, general meetings of the Company in respect of such Deemed Transfer Shares (and of any Shares received thereafter by way of rights or on a capitalisation in respect of those Deemed Transfer Shares) on and from the date of the relevant Deemed Transfer Notice (or if later the date upon which he receives the Shares) until the entry in the register of members of the Company of another person as the holder of those Deemed Transfer Shares
- 49 4 **Offer for sale**
- 49 4 1 Any Deemed Transfer Shares shall be offered for sale in accordance with Article 48 (Voluntary Transfers) as if they were Sale Shares in respect of which a Transfer Notice had been given and treating as the Seller any person who is deemed to have given a Deemed Transfer Notice save that
- 49 4 1 1 subject to Article 49 5 the Sale Price shall be a price per Deemed Transfer Share agreed between the Seller and Directors or, in default of agreement within fifteen (15) working days after the occurrence of the Transfer Event, the Market Value,
- 49 4 1 2 a Deemed Transfer Notice shall be deemed not to contain a Total Transfer Condition and shall be irrevocable whether under Article 48 8 or otherwise,
- 49 4 1 3 the Seller may retain any Deemed Transfer Shares for which buyers are not found, and
- 49 4 1 4 Article 48 5 shall apply
- 49 5 **Special provision on ex-Director/employee**
- 49 5 1 The Sale Price for any Deemed Transfer Shares as a consequence of a Transfer Event falling within Article 49 1 3 shall
- 49 5 1 1 in any case where the Relevant Member is a Good Leaver, be their Market Value, or
- 49 5 1 2 in any case where the Relevant Member is a Bad Leaver, be the lower of their Issue price and their Market Value
- 49 6 **Dispute not to delay sale**
- 49 6 1 A dispute as to whether Article 49 5 1 1 or Article 49 5 1 2 applies to any Deemed Transfer Shares shall not affect the validity of a Deemed Transfer Notice but (if the Issue price is lower than the Market Value) any person who acquires Deemed Transfer Shares (**Deemed Transfer Buyer**) pursuant to a Deemed Transfer Notice whilst such a dispute is continuing shall pay to the Seller the lower of their Issue Price and their Market Value and shall pay a sum equal to the difference between their Issue price and their Market Value to the Company The Company shall hold that amount

in a separate interest-bearing bank deposit account as trustee to pay it, and interest earned thereon, upon final determination of the dispute

49 6 1 1 to the Seller in respect of any Deemed Transfer Shares determined to be sold for their Market Value, and

49 6 1 2 to the Deemed Transfer Buyer(s) in respect of any Deemed Transfer Shares determined to be sold at their Issue Price

Provided always that if the Seller and Deemed Transfer Buyer(s) otherwise agree in writing and notify such agreement to the Company it shall instead hold and deal with the monies paid into such account and interest as such agreement and notice may specify whether or not the dispute has been resolved

49 7 **Date of end of employment**

49 7 1 For the purpose of Article 49 1 3 and Article 26 (Termination of alternate directorship) the date upon which a member ceases to hold office as an employee or Director shall

49 7 1 1 were the Company or Group Company terminates or purports to terminate a contract of employment or engagement by giving notice to the employee or Director of the termination of the employment or engagement, whether or not the same constitutes a wrongful or unfair dismissal, be the later of the date of that notice and the date (if any) for the termination expressly stated in such notice (whether or not a payment is made by the employer in lieu of all or part of the notice period required to be given by the Company or Group Company in respect of such termination,

49 7 1 2 where the employee or Director terminates or purports to terminate a contract of employment or engagement by giving notice to the Company or Group Company of the termination of the employment or engagement (whether or not he is lawfully able so to do), be the later of the date of that notice and the date (if any) for the termination expressly stated in such notice,

49 7 1 3 where the Company or Group Company (on the one hand) or employee or director (on the other hand) wrongfully repudiates the contract of employment or engagement and the other respectively accepts that the contract of employment or engagement has been terminated, be the date of such acceptance by the Company or Group Company, or employee or Director (as the case may be),

49 7 1 4 where a contract of employment or engagement is terminated under the doctrine of frustration, be the date of the frustrating event, or

49 7 1 5 where a contract of employment or engagement is terminated in any other circumstance other than set out in Articles 49 7 1 1 to 49 7 1 3, be the date on which the person actually ceases to be employed or engaged by the Company or Group Company

49 8 The provisions of Articles 49 1 to 49 7 shall not apply to those members holding only Ordinary "B" Shares who shall not be subject to any compulsory transfer conditions

50 **Drag Along Option**

50 1 If members holding for the time being over fifty (50) per cent (%) in nominal value of the Ordinary "A" Shares for the time being in issue (together the **Selling Shareholders**) wish to transfer all their Shares (**Selling Shares**) to a Third Party Buyer, the Selling Shareholders shall have the option (**Drag Along Option**) to require any or all of the other holders of Ordinary "A" Shares or Ordinary "B" Shares to transfer all their Shares with full title guarantee to the Third Party Buyer or as the Third Party Buyer shall direct in accordance with this Article 50

50 2 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option at any time before the registration of the transfer of the Shares held by the Selling Shareholders by giving notice to that effect (**Drag Along Notice**) to all other members (**Called Shareholders**) A copy of the Drag Along Notice shall, for information only, also be given to the Company at its registered office (but so that any failure or delay in giving such copy shall in no way prejudice the operation of this Article 50) A Drag Along Notice shall specify that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (**Called Shares**) pursuant to Article 50 1 to the Third Party Buyer, the price at

which the Called Shares are to be transferred (being the **Drag Sale Price**), the proposed date of transfer (if known), and the identity of the Third Party Buyer. A Drag Along Notice shall be deemed served upon the envelope containing it being placed in the post or, if the Drag Along Notice is sent or supplied by electronic means, it shall be deemed served immediately upon the Drag Along Notice being sent or supplied and Article 81 (Means of Communication to be used) shall in the context of a Drag Along Notice be amended accordingly. Article 81 (Means of Communication to be used) and sections 1144 to 1148 and schedule 5 of CA 2006 shall otherwise apply to the service of a Drag Along Notice as if it were a notice to be given under these Articles by the Company.

- 50 3 A Drag Along Notice may be revoked at any time prior to completion of the sale of the Called Shares and any such revocation notice shall be served in the manner prescribed for a Drag Along Notice in Article 50 2.
- 50 4 Completion of the sale of the Called Shares shall take place on the same date as the date of actual completion of the sale of the Selling Shares unless all of the Called Shareholders and the Selling Shareholders agree otherwise.
- 50 5 Each Called Shareholder shall on service of the Drag Along Notice be deemed to have irrevocably appointed each of the Selling Shareholders severally to be his attorney to execute any stock transfer and covenant for full title guarantee in respect of the Called Shares registered in the name of such Called Shareholders and to do such other things as may be necessary or desirable to accept, transfer and complete the sale of the Called Shares pursuant to this Article 50.
- 50 6 The rights of pre-emption and other restrictions contained in these Articles shall not apply on any sale and transfer of Shares by the Selling Shareholders, the Called Shareholders or any other Member to the Third Party Buyer named in a Drag Along Notice.
- 50 7 The provisions of this Article 50 shall prevail over any contrary provisions of these Articles. Any Transfer Notice or Deemed Transfer Notice served in respect of any Share which has not been allocated in accordance with Articles 48 (Voluntary Transfers) or 49 (Compulsory Transfers), as the case may be, shall automatically be revoked by the service of a Drag Along Notice.
- 50 8 Upon any person, following this issue of a Drag Along Notice, becoming a holder of Shares pursuant to the exercise of pre-existing options to acquire Shares in the Company (whether pursuant to a share option scheme or otherwise howsoever), a Drag Along Notice, on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice, shall be deemed to have been served upon such member immediately upon such acquisition and such person shall thereupon be bound to sell and transfer all such Shares acquired by him to the Third Party Buyer or as the Third Party Buyer may direct and the provisions of this Article shall apply mutatis mutandis to such member save that completion of the sale of such Shares shall take place forthwith upon the Drag Along Notice being deemed service on such member, or if later, upon the date of completion under the previous Drag Along Notice.

## 51 Tag Along Option

- 51 1 Subject to Article 50 (Drag Along Option), but otherwise notwithstanding any other provision in these Articles, no sale or other disposition of any Shares (**Specified Shares**) shall have any effect if it would result in a Change of Control unless before the transfer is lodged for registration the Third Party Buyer has made a bona fide offer in accordance with these Articles to purchase at the specified price (defined in Article 51 3) all the Shares held by members who are not acting in concert or otherwise connected with the Third Party Buyer (**Uncommitted Shares**).
- 51 2 An offer made under Article 51 1 shall be in writing and shall be open for acceptance for at least fifteen (15) working days, and shall be deemed to be rejected by any member who has not accepted in accordance with its terms within the time period prescribed for acceptance and the consideration thereunder shall be settled in full on completion of the purchase and within fifteen (15) working days of the date of the offer.
- 51 3 For the purposes of Article 51 1, the expression **specified price** means
  - 51 3 1 the consideration (in cash or otherwise) per Share equal to that offered or paid or payable by the Third Party Buyer or its nominees for the Shares being sold resulting in a Change of Control, plus

- 51 3 2 the relevant proportion of any other consideration (in cash or otherwise) received or receivable by the holders of the Specified Shares which, having regard to the substance of the transaction as a whole, can reasonably be regarded as an addition to the price paid or payable for the Specified Shares

If the specified price or its cash equivalent cannot be agreed within fifteen (15) working days of the proposed sale or transfer referred to in Article 51 1 between the Third Party Buyer and the holders of any Uncommitted Shares such matter shall be referred to the Valuers by any member for determination and, pending such determination, the sale or transfer referred to in Article 51 1 shall have no effect

- 51 4 The rights of pre-emption and other restrictions contained in these Articles shall not apply on any sale or transfer to a Third Party Buyer provided that the provisions of this Article 51 have been complied with

## **52 Prohibited Transfers**

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, no transfer of any Share shall be registered if it is to any minor, undischarged bankrupt, trustee in bankruptcy or person of unsound mind

## **53 Transmission of Shares**

- 53 1 If title to a Share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that Share
- 53 2 Nothing in these Articles releases the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of a Share solely or jointly held by that member
- 53 3 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to Shares as the Directors may properly require
- 53 3 1 may, subject to the Articles, choose either to become the holder of those Shares or to have them transferred to another person, and
- 53 3 2 subject to the Articles, and pending any transfer of the Shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had
- 53 4 But, subject to Article 20 2 (Methods of appointing Directors), transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of Shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those Shares
- 53 5 Any transmission of Ordinary "B" Shares to more than one transmittee shall only be effected with the sanction of a resolution of the Directors

## **54 Exercise of transmittees' rights**

- 54 1 Transmittees who wish to become the holders of Shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in writing of that wish
- 54 2 If the transmittee wishes to have a Share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it
- 54 3 Any transfer made or executed under this Article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the Share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

## **55 Transmittees bound by prior notices**

If a notice is given to a member in respect of Shares and a transmittee is entitled to those Shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the member before the transmittee's name or the name of any person nominated under Article 53 3 (Transmission of Shares), has been entered in the register of members

## **56 Procedure for disposing of fractions of Shares**

- 56 1 This Article applies where
- 56 1 1 there has been a consolidation or division of Shares, and
- 56 1 2 as a result, members are entitled to fractions of Shares
- 56 2 The Directors may
- 56 2 1 sell the Shares representing the fractions to any person including the Company for the best price reasonably obtainable,

- 56 2 2 authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser, and
- 56 2 3 distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among the holders of the Shares
- 56 3 The person to whom the Shares are transferred is not obliged to ensure that any purchase money is received by the person entitled to the relevant fractions
- 56 4 The transferee's title to the Shares is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to their sale

## **DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS**

### **57 Procedure for declaring dividends**

- 57 1 The Company may by an ordinary resolution passed by a majority of members holding Ordinary "A" Shares declare dividends on such classes of Shares, in such amounts, at such frequency, at such times as, on the recommendation of the Directors, they prescribe, and the Directors may decide to pay interim dividends
- 57 2 A dividend must not be declared unless the Directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the Directors
- 57 3 No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with members' respective rights
- 57 4 Unless the members' resolution to declare or Directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which Shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each member's holding of that class of Shares on which the dividend is to be paid on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it
- 57 6 The Directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment
- 57 7 If the Directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of Shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on Shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

### **58 Calculation of dividends**

- 58 1 Except as otherwise provided by the Articles or the rights attached to Shares, all dividends must be
  - 58 1 1 declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the Shares on which the dividend is paid, and
  - 58 1 2 If any Share is issued on terms providing that it ranks for dividend as from a particular date, that Share ranks for dividend accordingly

### **59 Payment of dividends and other distributions**

- 59 1 Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution payable in respect of a Share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means
  - 59 1 1 transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide,
  - 59 1 2 sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the Share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide
  - 59 1 3 sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide, or
  - 59 1 4 any other means of payment as the Directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the Directors decide such as crediting the amount to a shareholder loan account
- 59 2 In these Articles, the **distribution recipient** means, in respect of a Share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable
  - 59 2 1 the holder of the Share, or
  - 59 2 2 if the Share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or

- 59 2 3 if the holder is no longer entitled to the Share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of the law, the transmittee
- 59 3 No dividend shall be payable in respect of any Shares unless and until the amount of such dividend when aggregated with all dividends then payable to the holder of such Shares exceeds the sum of £5 and all the dividends declared but not paid pursuant to this Article 59 3 shall be held by the Company as dedicated retained dividends on trust for such holder of Shares and shall be payable to such holder either upon the winding up of the Company or when the cumulative value of such retained dividends owed to such holder exceeds £5

**60 Deductions from distributions in respect of sums owed to the Company**

- 60 1 If
- 60 1 1 a Share is subject to the Company's lien, and
- 60 1 2 the Directors are entitled to issue a lien enforcement notice in respect of it, they may, instead of issuing a lien enforcement notice, deduct from any dividend or other sum payable in respect of the Share any sum of money which is payable to the Company in respect of that Share to the extent that they are entitled to require payment under a lien enforcement notice
- 60 2 Money so deducted must be used to pay any of the sums payable in respect of that Share
- 60 3 The Company must notify the distribution recipient in writing of
- 60 3 1 the fact and amount of any such deduction,
- 60 3 2 any non-payment of a dividend or other sum payable in respect of a Share resulting from any such deduction, and
- 60 3 3 how the money deducted has been applied

**61 No interest on distributions**

- 61 1 The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a Share unless otherwise provided by
- 61 1 1 the terms on which the Share was issued, or
- 61 1 2 the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that Share and the Company

**62 Unclaimed distributions**

- 62 1 All dividends or other sums which are
- 62 1 1 payable to members in respect of Shares, and
- 62 1 2 unclaimed after having been declared or become payable, may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed
- 62 2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it
- 62 3 If
- 62 3 1 six years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and
- 62 3 2 the distribution recipient has not claimed it, the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company

**63 Non-cash distributions**

- 63 1 Subject to the terms of issue of the Share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the Directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a Share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, Shares or other securities in any Company)
- 63 2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the Directors, may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution
- 63 2 1 fixing the value of any assets,
- 63 2 2 paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
- 63 2 3 vesting any assets in trustees



64 **Waiver of distribution**

- 64 1 Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a Share by giving the Company notice in writing to that effect, but if
- 64 1 1 the Share has more than one holder, or
- 64 1 2 more than one person is entitled to the Share, whether by reason of the death, Inland Revenue bankruptcy of one of more joint holders, or otherwise,
- the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to Share

**CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS**

65 **Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums**

- 65 1 The Directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution
- 65 1 1 decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and
- 65 1 2 appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (**capitalised sum**) to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (**persons entitled**) and in the same proportions
- 65 2 Capitalised sums must be applied
- 65 2 1 on behalf of the persons entitled, and
- 65 2 2 in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them
- 65 3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new Shares of a nominal amount determined by the Directors which are then allotted credited as fully paid or partly paid as the Directors may decide to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 65 4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied
- 65 4 1 in or towards paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 65 4 2 in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 65 5 Subject to the Articles the Directors may
- 65 5 1 apply capitalised sums in accordance with Articles 65 3 and 65 4 partly in one way and partly in another,
- 65 5 2 make such arrangement as they think fit to deal with Shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments), and
- 65 5 3 authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of Shares and debentures to them under this Article 65

## **PART 4**

### **DECISION-MAKING BY MEMBERS**

#### **ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS**

##### **66 Convening general meetings**

- 66 1 The Directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of those members holding Ordinary "A" Shares pursuant to the provisions of CA 2006, shall forthwith proceed to convene a general meeting in accordance with CA 2006. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient Directors to call a general meeting, any Director or the members requisitioning the meeting (or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of them all) may call a general meeting. If the Company has only a single member, such member shall be entitled at any time to call a general meeting.
- 66 2 The Directors shall be entitled to hold a general meeting either by requesting members to attend in person at a common location, by the use of technology (such as video or telephone conferencing facilities or web based technologies) permitting a meeting to be held without the need for such members to be in the same location at the same time or by any other method providing that the rights of each member to attend and to vote at such meeting in accordance with these Articles is preserved.

##### **67 Notice of general meetings**

- 67 1 General meetings (other than an adjourned meeting) shall be called by at least fourteen Clear Days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote, being a majority together holding not less than ninety per cent (90%) in nominal value of the Ordinary "A" Shares at the meeting, giving that right.
- 67 2 The notice shall specify the time, date and place of the meeting, the general nature of the business to be transacted and the terms of any resolution to be proposed at it.
- 67 3 subject to the provisions of these Articles and to any restrictions imposed on any Shares, the notice shall be given to all members holding Ordinary "A" Shares, to all persons entitled to an Ordinary "A" Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member (if the company has been notified of their entitlement) and to the Directors, alternate Directors and the auditors for the time being of the Company.
- 67 4 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.
- 67 5 Those members holding only Ordinary "B" Shares shall not be entitled to receive notices of general meetings, although the Directors may at their absolute discretion decide that all such members may be notified of such meetings.

##### **68 Resolutions requiring special notice**

- 68 1 If CA 2006 requires special notice to be given of a resolution, then the resolution will not be effective unless notice of the intention to propose it has been given to the Company at least twenty-eight Clear Days before the general meeting at which it is to be proposed.
- 68 2 Where practicable, the Company must give those members entitled to vote at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed notice of the resolution in the same manner and at the same time as it gives notice of the general meeting at which it is to be proposed. Where that is not practicable, the Company must give those members entitled to vote at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed at least fourteen Clear Days before the relevant general meeting by advertisement in a newspaper with an appropriate circulation, or in any manner permitted by these articles.
- 68 3 If, after notice to propose such a resolution has been given to the Company, a meeting is called for a date twenty-eight days or less after the notice has been given, the notice shall be deemed to have been properly given, even though it was not given within the time required by Article 68 1.

**69 Attendance and speaking at general meetings**

- 69 1 A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting
- 69 2 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when
- 69 2 1 that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and
- 69 2 2 that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting
- 69 3 The Directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it
- 69 4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other
- 69 5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them
- 69 6 Those members holding only Ordinary "B" Shares shall not be entitled to attend or to speak at general meetings, although the Directors may at their absolute discretion decide that all such members may be permitted to attend or to speak at certain general meetings as the Directors may from time to time prescribe

**70 Quorum for general meetings**

- 70 1 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present Subject to section 318(2) of CA 2006, one qualifying person (as defined in section 318(3) of CA 2006 entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted shall be a quorum, provided that such qualifying person or persons together hold in excess of 50% in nominal value of the Ordinary "A" Shares then in issue No quorum shall be present, irrespective of the number of members in attendance, at any meeting unless those members together hold in excess of 50% in nominal value of the Ordinary "A" Shares then in issue If the Company has only a single member, the quorum shall be one such qualifying person
- 70 2 No business other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum

**71 Chairing general meetings**

- 71 1 If the Directors have appointed a chairman, the chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so
- 71 2 If the Directors have not appointed a chairman, or if the chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start
- 71 2 1 the Directors present, or
- 71 2 2 (if no Directors are present), the meeting,
- must appoint a Director or member to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting
- 71 3 The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this Article is referred to as the **chairman of the meeting**

**72 Attendance and speaking by Directors and non-members**

- 72 1 Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are members
- 72 2 The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not
- 72 2 1 members of the Company, or
- 72 2 2 otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of members in relation to general meetings,
- to attend and speak at a general meeting

## **73 Adjournment**

- 73 1 If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was to due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it. If, at the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.
- 73 2 The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if
- 73 2 1 the meeting consents to an adjournment, or
- 73 2 2 it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner.
- 73 3 The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting.
- 73 4 When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must
- 73 4 1 either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the Directors, and
- 73 4 2 have regard to any Directors as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting.
- 73 5 If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than fourteen days after it was adjourned, the Company must give at least seven Clear Days' notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given)
- 73 5 1 to the same persons to whom notice of the Company's general meetings is required to be given, and
- 73 5 2 containing the same information which such notice is required to contain.
- 73 6 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

## **VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

### **74 Voting: general**

- 74 1 A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the Articles. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any Shares, on a show of hands, every member holding Ordinary "A" Shares who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative (unless the representative is himself a member, in which case he shall have more than one vote) shall have one vote for every Ordinary "A" Share held by them.
- 74 2 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holder of any class of Shares, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any Share held by him unless all monies presently payable by him in respect of that Share have been paid.
- 74 3 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.
- 74 4 Unless a poll is duly demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against any the resolution.
- 74 5 Those members holding only Ordinary "B" Shares shall not be entitled to vote at general meetings.

### **75 Errors and disputes**

- 75 1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid.

- 75 2 Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final

## 76 Poll votes

- 76 1 Subject to the Articles, polls at general meetings must be taken when, where and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs
- 76 2 The chairman of the meeting may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and decide how and when the result of the poll is declared
- 76 3 The result of the poll shall be the decision of the meeting in respect of the resolution on which the poll was demanded
- 76 4 On a poll every member holding Ordinary "A" Shares who (being an individual is present in person or by proxy) or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy shall have one vote for every Ordinary "A" Share of which he is the holder On a poll, a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all votes he uses in the same way
- 76 5 A poll on a resolution may be demanded
- 76 5 1 in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
- 76 5 2 at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared
- 76 6 A poll may be demanded by
- 76 6 1 the chairman of the meeting,
- 76 6 2 the Directors,
- 76 6 3 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution,
- 76 6 4 a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- 76 7 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if
- 76 7 1 the poll has not yet been taken, and
- 76 7 2 the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal
- A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made
- 76 8 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made
- 76 9 No notice need be given by a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which is demanded In any other case at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken
- 76 10 The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded

## 77 Content of proxy notices

- 77 1 Subject to the provisions of these Articles, a member who is entitled to vote at a general meeting is also entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to exercise all or any of his rights to attend and to speak and vote at a general meeting A member may appoint more than one proxy in relation to a meeting, provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different Share or Shares held by that member
- 77 2 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (**proxy notice**) which
- 77 2 1 states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy,
- 77 2 2 identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
- 77 2 3 is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Directors may determine, and
- 77 2 4 is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate and received by the Company

- 77 2 4 1 subject to Articles 77 2 4 2 and 77 2 4 3 in the case of a general meeting or adjourned meeting, not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised,
  - 77 2 4 2 in the case of a poll taken more than forty-eight hours after it is demanded, after the poll has been demanded and not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, or
  - 77 2 4 3 where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, at the time at which the poll was demanded or twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, whichever is the later,
- and a proxy notice which is not delivered and received in such manner shall be invalid
- 77 3 The Company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes
  - 77 4 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions and the proxy is obliged to vote or abstain from voting in accordance with the specified instructions. However, the Company is not obliged to check whether a proxy votes or abstains from voting as he has been instructed and shall incur no liability for failing to do so. Failure by a proxy to vote or abstain from voting as instructed at a meeting shall not invalidate proceedings at that meeting
  - 77 5 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as
    - 77 5 1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
    - 77 5 2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself

## 78 Delivery of proxy notices

- 78 1 Any notice of a general meeting must specify the address or addresses (**proxy notification address**) at which the Company or its agents will receive proxy notices relating to that meeting, or any adjournment of it, delivered in hard copy or electronic form
- 78 2 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Company by or on behalf of that person to a proxy notification address
- 78 3 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given
- 78 4 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is received by the Company
  - 78 4 1 in the case of a general or adjourned meeting, not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised,
  - 78 4 2 in the case of a poll taken more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, not less than twenty-four before the time appointed for the taking of a poll, or
  - 78 4 3 in the case of a poll not taken forthwith but not more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, at the time which it was demanded or twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, whichever is later,

and a notice which is not delivered and received in such manner shall be invalid
- 78 5 In calculating the periods referred to in Article 77 (Content of proxy notices) and this Article 78, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day
- 78 6 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

**79 Representation of corporations at meetings**

Subject to CA 2006, a company which is a member may, by resolution of its Directors or other governing body, authorise one or more persons to act as its representative or representatives at a meeting of the Company or at a separate meeting of the holders of a class of Shares of the Company (**corporate representative**) A Director, secretary or other person authorised for the purpose by the Directors may require a corporate representative to produce a certified copy of the resolution or authorisation before permitting him to exercise his powers

**80 Amendments to resolutions**

- 80 1 An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if
  - 80 1 1 notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), and
  - 80 1 2 the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution
- 80 2 A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if
  - 80 2 1 the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and
  - 80 2 2 the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution
- 80 3 If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

**PART 5**  
**MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**  
**COMMUNICATIONS**

**81 Means of communication to be used**

- 81 1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which CA 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of CA 2006 to be sent or supplied by or to the Company
- 81 2 Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient
- 81 2 1 If properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted,
- 81 2 2 If properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left the appropriate address,
- 81 2 3 If properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied, and
- 81 2 4 If sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website
- For the purposes of this Article 81 2, no account shall be taken of any part of the day that is not a working day
- 81 3 In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall be sufficient to show that the notice, document or other information was delivered to an address permitted for the purpose by CA 2006
- 81 4 Subject to the Articles any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being
- 81 5 A Director may agree with the Company that notices or documents sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours
- 81 6 In the case of joint holders of a Share, all notices or documents shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding Notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all of the joint holders Where there are joint holders of a Share, anything which needs to be agreed or specified in relation to any notice, document or other information to be sent or supplied to them can be agreed or specified by any one of the joint holders The agreement or specification of any other joint holder (s) whose name(s) stand later in the register
- 81 7 The Company may give notice to the transmittee of a member, by sending or delivering it in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to that person by name, or by the title, or representative of the deceased or trustee of the bankrupt or representative by operation of law or by any like description, at the address (if any) within the United Kingdom supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled
- 81 8 Until such an address has been so supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy or operation of law had not occurred
- 81 9 Where a document or information is sent or supplied to the Company by one person ("the Agent") on behalf of another person ("the Sender"), the Company may require reasonable evidence of the authority of the Agent to act on behalf of the Sender

**82 Failure to notify contact details**

- 82 1 It shall be the responsibility of each member to ensure that the Company is in possession of their correct contact details The Company shall have no obligation under these Articles to any member who fails to notify the Company of their correct contact details
- 82 2 If
- 82 2 1 the Company sends two consecutive documents to a member over a period of twelve months, and
- 82 2 2 each of those documents is returned undelivered or the Company receives notification that it has not been delivered
- that member ceases to be entitled to receive notices from the Company



- 82 3 A member who has ceased to be entitled to receive notices from the Company becomes entitled to receive such notices again by sending in writing to the Company
  - 82 3 1 a new address to be recorded in the register of members, or
  - 82 3 2 if the member has agreed that the Company should use a means of communication other than sending things to such an address, the information that the Company needs in order to use that means of communication effectively

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS**

#### **83 Company seals**

- 83 1 Any common seal may only be used by the authority of the Directors
- 83 2 The Directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used
- 83 3 Unless otherwise decided by the Directors, if the Company has a common seal and it is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by either at least two authorised persons or by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature
- 83 4 For the purposes of this Article, an authorised person is
  - 83 4 1 any Director of the Company,
  - 83 4 2 the Company secretary (if any), or
  - 83 4 3 any person authorised by the Directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied

#### **84 No right to inspect accounts and other records**

Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a member

#### **85 Destruction of documents**

- 85 1 The Company is entitled to destroy
  - 85 1 1 all instruments of transfer of Shares which have been registered, and all other documents on the basis of which any entries are made in the register of members, from six years after the date of registration,
  - 85 1 2 all dividend mandates, variations or cancellations of dividend mandates, and all notifications of a change of address, from two years after they have been recorded,
  - 85 1 3 all Share certificates which have been cancelled from one year after the date of cancellation,
  - 85 1 4 all paid dividend warrants and cheques from one year after the date of the actual payment, and
  - 85 1 5 all proxy notices from one year after the end of the meeting to which the proxy notice relates
- 85 2 If the Company destroys a document in good faith, in accordance with the Articles, and without notice of any claim to which that document may be relevant, it is conclusively presumed in favour of the Company that
  - 85 2 1 entries in the register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed were duly and properly made,
  - 85 2 2 any instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered,
  - 85 2 3 any Share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled,
  - 85 2 4 any other document so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with its recorded particulars in the books or records of the Company
- 85 3 This Article does not impose on the Company any liability which it would otherwise have if it destroys any document before the time at which this Article permits it to do so
- 85 4 In this Article, reference to the destruction of any document includes a reference to its being disposed of in any manner

## 86 Provision for employees on cessation of business

The Directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a Director or former Director or shadow Director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary

## DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

### 87 Indemnity

87 1 Subject to Article 87 2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled

87 1 1 each relevant officer shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer

87 1 1 1 in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them, and

87 1 1 2 in relation to the Company's (or any associated company's) activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of CA 2006),

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's (or any associated company's) affairs, and

87 1 2 the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in Article 87 1 1 and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure

87 2 This Article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law

87 3 In this Article 87

87 3 1 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and

87 3 2 a **relevant officer** means any Director or alternate Director or other officer or former Director or other officer of the Company or an associated company including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of CA 2006) and may, if the members so decide, include any person engaged by the Company (or any associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a Director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor

### 88 Insurance

88 1 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss

88 2 In this Article 88

88 2 1 a **relevant officer** means any Director or alternate Director or other officer or former Director or other officer or former Director or other officer of the Company or an associated company including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) CA 2006),

88 2 2 a **relevant loss** means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company, and

88 2 3 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate

**PART 6  
DEFINITIONS**

89

**Defined Terms**

- 89 1 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise,
- 89 1 1 **Appointer** has the meaning given to that term in Article 24 1,
- 89 1 2 **Articles** means the Company's articles of association for the time being in force,
- 89 1 3 **Bad Leaver** means a Relevant Member (other than a Good Leaver) who ceases to be either an employee or Director for any reason,
- 89 1 4 **Bankruptcy** includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,
- 89 1 5 **CA2006** means the Companies Act 2006,
- 89 1 6 **Call** has the meaning given to that term in Article 34 1,
- 89 1 7 **Call notice** has the meaning given to that term in Article 34 1,
- 89 1 8 **Call payment date** has the meaning given to that term in Article 37 2 1,
- 89 1 9 **Called Shares** has the meaning given to that term in Article 50 2,
- 89 1 10 **Called shareholders** has the meaning given to that in Article 50.2,
- 89 1 11 **Capitalised sum** has the meaning given to that term in Article 65 1 2,
- 89 1 12 **Chairman** has the meaning given to that term in Article 13 2,
- 89 1 13 **Chairman of the meeting** has the meaning given to that term in Article 71,
- 89 1 14 **Change of control** means the acquisition whether by purchase, transfer, renunciation or otherwise (but excluding a transfer of Shares made in the enforcement of the Company's lien or rights of forfeiture under Article 41 5) by any Third Party Buyer of any interest in any Shares if, upon completion of that acquisition, the Third Party Buyer, together with persons acting in concert or connected with him would hold more than 50% of the voting rights at a general meeting of the Company attached to the issued Shares for the time being,
- 89 1 15 **Clear Days** means (in relation to the period of a notice) that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is take effect,
- 89 1 16 **Commencement Date** means, in relation to the Relevant member in question either (i) the date on which he first becomes a Director or employee of the Company, or (ii) the date on which any Shares are first issued by the Company, whichever is the later to occur,
- 89 1 17 **Companies Acts** means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of CA 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company,
- 89 1 18 **Company's lien** has the meaning given to that term in Article 32,
- 89 1 19 **Conflict** has the meaning given to that term in Article 16 2,
- 89 1 20 **Conflicted Director** means a Director who has, or could have, a conflict in a situation involving the Company and consequently whose vote is not to be counted in respect of any resolution to authorise such conflict and who is not be counted as participating in the quorum for the meeting (or part of the meeting) at which such resolution is to be voted upon,
- 89 1 21 **Corporate representative** has the meaning given to that term in Article 79,
- 89 1 22 **Deemed Transfer Buyer** has the meaning given to that term in Article 49 6;
- 89 1 23 **Deemed Transfer Notice** has the meaning given to that term in Article 49 2,
- 89 1 24 **Deemed Transfer Shares** means in relation to a Relevant Member, all of the Ordinary "A" Shares
- 89 1 24 1 held by the relevant member immediately before the occurrence of the Transfer Event, or
- 89 1 24 2 held immediately before the occurrence of the Transfer Event by any persons who acquired the Shares while they were the Relevant Member's Privileged Relations and/or Family Trusts (other than Shares which the Directors are satisfied were not acquired by those persons either
- 89 1 24 2 1 directly or indirectly from the Relevant Member, or
- 89 1 24 2 2 by reason of their connection with the Relevant Member,

and the decisions of the Directors in this respect will be final) and including Ordinary "A" Shares acquired by the Relevant Member or his Privileged Relations and/or Family Trusts or his personal representatives after the occurrence of the Transfer Event under any share option scheme, or any other option scheme or other arrangement which was made before the occurrence of the Transfer Event

- 89 1 25 **Director** means a director of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called
- 89 1 26 **Distribution recipient** has the meaning given to that term in Article 59 2,
- 89 1 27 **Document** includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form,
- 89 1 28 **Drag Along Option** has the meaning given to that term in Article 50 1,
- 89 1 29 **Drag Along Notice** has the meaning given to that term in Article 50 2,
- 89 1 30 **Drag Sale Price** means a price per Share which is not less than the price per Selling Share to be paid to the Selling Shareholders, provided always that
- 89 1 30 1 in the event of the whole or any part of any such price per Selling Share being contingent, deferred, or offered in any form other than in cash, then the consideration to be paid to the Called Shareholders, shall likewise be contingent, deferred and/or in non cash form on a like basis and as to the same amount, and
- 89 1 30 2 in the event of the Third Party Buyer agreeing to pay or reimburse any out-of-pocket costs or expenses of the Selling Shareholders incurred in connection with the sale of the Selling Shares, then such agreement shall for the avoidance of doubt be disregarded in calculating the price per Selling Share,
- 89 1 31 **Electronic form** has the meaning given to that term in Section 1168 of CA 2006,
- 89 1 32 **Eligible Director** means a Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of Directors (but excluding any Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of a particular matter),
- 89 1 33 **Family Trust** means a trust which permits the settled property or the income from it to be applied only for the benefit of
- 89 1 33 1 the settler and/or a Privileged Relation of that settler,
- 89 1 33 2 any charity or charities as default beneficiaries (meaning that the charity or charities have no immediate beneficial interest in any of the settled property or the income from it when the trust is created but may become so interested if there are no other beneficiaries from time to time except other charities),
- and under which no power of control is capable of being exercised over the votes of any Shares which are held in trust by any person other than the trustees, the settler or the Privileged Relations of the settler
- For purposes of this definition
- 89 1 33 3 settler includes a testator or an intestate in relation to a Family Trust arising respectively under a testamentary disposition or an intestacy of a deceased member, and
- 89 1 33 4 Privileged Relation includes a widow or widower of, or a surviving civil partner of, the settler
- 89 1 34 **Fully paid** in relation to a Share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that Share have been paid to the Company,
- 89 1 35 **Good Leaver** means a member who ceases to be a Director or employee
- 89 1 35 1 as a result of death, or permanent disability or permanent incapacity through ill health
- 89 1 35 2 As a result of dismissal from employment or engagement by (the Company/a Group Company) in circumstances where such dismissal is a wrongful dismissal by virtue of a breach by (the Company/that Group Company) of the terms of that member's employment or engagement,
- 89 1 35 3 As a result of retirement by the member at such normal retirement age as is set out in that member's terms of employment, or at any earlier age following any valid request for early retirement being made by him in accordance with such

- terms of employment and such request being approved by the Directors, or
- 89 1 35 4 If the Directors serve written notice on the Company confirming that such person be treated as a Good Leaver for the purposes of these Articles
- 89 1 36 **Group** means the Company, all holding companies of the Company or its parent undertaking and all their subsidiaries and subsidiary undertakings, and all the Company's subsidiaries and subsidiary undertakings for the time being and **Group Company** shall be construed accordingly
- 89 1 37 **Hard copy form** has the meaning given to that term in section 1168 of CA 2006,
- 89 1 38 **Holder** in relation to Shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the Shares, or, in the case of a Share in respect of which a share warrant has been issued (and not cancelled) the person in possession of that warrant,
- 89 1 39 **Instrument** means a document in hard copy form,
- 89 1 40 **Issue Price** means the amount paid up or credited as paid up on the Shares concerned (including any premium on issue),
- 89 1 41 **Lien enforcement notice** has the meaning given to that term in Article 33,
- 89 1 42 **Market Value** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 4 1,
- 89 1 43 **Member** has the meaning given to that term in section 112 of CA 2006,
- 89 1 44 **Model Articles** means the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2009/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles,
- 89 1 45 **Ordinary resolution** has the meaning given to that term in Section 282 of CA 2006,
- 89 1 46 **Paid** means paid or credited as paid,
- 89 1 47 **Participate**, in relation to a Directors' meeting, has the meaning given to that term in Article 12,
- 89 1 48 **Partly paid** in relation to a Share means that part of that Share's value or any premium at which it was issued has not been paid to the Company,
- 89 1 49 **Persons entitled** has the meaning given to that term in Article 65 1 2,
- 89 1 50 **Privileged Relation** means (in respect of a member of deceased member) that spouse or civil partner and the children and grandchildren (including step and adopted children) of that member and step or adopted children of the children of that member,
- 89 1 51 **Proposed Sale Price** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 2 3,
- 89 1 52 **Proxy notice** has the meaning given to that term in Article 77 2,
- 89 1 53 **Proxy notification address** has the meaning given to that term in Article 78 1,
- 89 1 54 **Relevant member** has the meaning given to that term in Article 49 2,
- 89 1 55 **Relevant Officer** has the meaning given to that term in Articles 87 3 2 or 88 2 1 as the case may be,
- 89 1 56 **Relevant loss** has the meaning given to that term in Article 88 2 2,
- 89 1 57 **Relevant rate** has the meaning given to that term in Article 37 2 2,
- 89 1 58 **Sale Price** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 4,
- 89 1 59 **Sale Shares** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 2 1 and **Sale Share** shall be construed accordingly,
- 89 1 60 **Seller** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 1,
- 89 1 61 **Selling Shares** has the meaning given to that term in Article 50 1,
- 89 1 62 **Selling Shareholders** has the meaning given to that term in Article 50 1,
- 89 1 63 **Shares** means shares in the Company,
- 89 1 64 **Special resolution** has the meaning given to that term in section 283 of CA 2006,
- 89 1 65 **Specified Shares** has the meaning given to that term in Article 51 1,
- 89 1 66 **Subsidiary** has the meaning given to that term in section 1159 of CA 2006,
- 89 1 67 **Third party buyer** means any person who is not a member for the time being or a person connected with any such party,
- 89 1 68 **Total Transfer Condition** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 2 5,
- 89 1 69 **Transfer or transferring** has the meaning given to those terms respectively in Article 47 1,
- 89 1 70 **Transfer Event** shall have the meaning given to that term in Article 49,

- 89 1 71 **Transfer Notice** has the meaning given to that term in Article 48 1,  
89 1 72 **Transmittee** means a person entitled to a Share by reason of any death or bankruptcy of a holder or otherwise by operation of law,  
89 1 73 **Uncommitted Shares** has the meaning given to that term in Article 51 1,  
89 1 74 **United Kingdom** means Great Britain and Northern Ireland,  
89 1 75 **Valuers** means the auditors for the time being of the Company or, if they decline instruction, an independent firm of chartered accountants appointed by the Company and the Sellers or, in the absence of agreement between the Company and the Seller on the identity of the expert or its terms of appointment within 7 business days, an independent firm of accountants appointed, and whose terms of appointment are agreed by, the president for the time being of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales (in each case acting as expert and not arbitrator), and  
89 1 76 **Writing** means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise
- 89 2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in CA 2006 as in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company shall have the same meanings in these Articles
- 89 3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles
- 89 4 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time and shall include any orders, regulations or subordinate legislation from time to time made under it and any amendment or re-enactment of it or any such orders, regulations or subordinate legislation for the time being in force
- 89 5 Any phrase introduced by the terms 'including', 'include', 'in particular' or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms
- 89 6 No regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation concerning companies, including but not limited to the Model Articles, shall apply to the Company, but the preceding shall be the articles of association of the Company

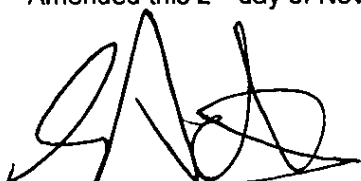
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**Name of original subscriber**

Norman Younger

Date 16<sup>th</sup> August 2007

Amended this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of November 2011



Ms Sue Acton

Being members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and attend the vote either in person or by proxy at the meeting of the Company, and together holding not less than seventy-five percent in nominal values of the Shares in issue