KNEKTD LIMITED

Filleted Abridged Accounts

31 July 2021

KNEKTD LIMITED

Registered number: 06343911

Abridged Balance Sheet

as at 31 July 2021

ı	Notes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		7,952		8,284
Current assets					
		2 500		204	
Stocks		2,500		894	
Debtors		155,457		42,783	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,713			
		163,670		43,677	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(242,077)		(193,287)	
					
Net current liabilities			(78,407)		(149,610)
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			(70,455)		(141,326)
Craditors: amounts falling					
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			(48,136)		(50,000)
•			, , ,		, , ,
Provisions for liabilities			(1,191)		(1,191)
Net liabilities		-	(119,782)	-	(192,517)
		-		_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Revaluation reserve	5		(9,514)		(9,514)
Profit and loss account			(111,268)		(184,003)
Chavalaaldaval 5da		-	(440.700)	_	(400.543)
Shareholders' funds			(119,782)	-	(192,517)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in

accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Mr Shaun Wilson
Director
Approved by the board on 12 January 2022

KNEKTD LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% Reducing balance
Motor vehicle 20% Reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis not withstanding that at the balance sheet date the liabilities exceeded its assets by £119,782 (2020: £192,517).

Directors are of the opinion that even during the Covid-19 pandemic the outcome of the building industry is positive and with new contracts on hand the business is forecasting a significant improvement with the continued support of its creditors. Furthermore, the business has reduced its overheads by re-locating and streamlined its workforce.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2021	2020
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	6	8

			Total
1	Cost		£
	At 1 August 2020		26,118
	Additions		2,319
,	At 31 July 2021		28,437
1	Depreciation		
,	At 1 August 2020		17,834
(Charge for the year		2,651
,	At 31 July 2021		20,485
I	Net book value		
i	At 31 July 2021		7,952
	At 31 July 2020		8,284
4	Loans	2021	2020
	O 111	£	£
(Creditors include:		
;	Secured bank loans	8,090	30,290
ĺ	Banks loans are secured against personal guarantee		
5	Revaluation reserve	2021	2020
		£	£
•	At 1 August 2020	(9,514)	(9,514)
,	At 31 July 2021	(9,514)	(9,514)

6 Other information

KNEKTD LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

24 Ormond Road

Richmond-Upon-Thames

TW10 6TH

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