# INDEPENDENT TALENT GROUP LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors S Long-Innes

P Lyon-Maris R Burkle D Barnes B D Heath

Secretary H Shah

Company number 04338525

Registered office 40 Whitfield Street

London W1T 2RH

Auditor RSM UK Audit LLP

25 Farringdon Street

London EC4A 4AB

Business address 40 Whitfield Street

London W1T 2RH

Bankers Barclays Bank Pic

27 Soho Square

London W1D 3QR

Solicitors Lee & Thompson LLP

80 Charlotte Street

London W1U 1JD

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### STRATEGIC REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2022.

### Fair review of business

The group extended its accounting period to a 12 month period and so the comparative information included in these financial statements - which is for a six month period - is not comparable.

The results for the period, as set out on page 11, and the group and company financial position at the period-end were considered satisfactory by the directors. Group revenue from continuing activities has increased in relation to the pro rata revenue for the 6 month prior period, mainly as a result of an increase in agency activities as Covid-19 restrictions have lifted.

The group profit after tax has increased from £2,122,710 in (a 6 month period ended 31 March) 2021 to £3,911,100 in (a 12 month period ended 31 March) 2022. The net assets for the group have increased to £5,823,228 in 2022 from £4,871,883 in 2021. Directors of the group are constantly evaluating similar business opportunities both locally and abroad.

Please prefer to key performance indicators for more details.

Directors' remuneration is as disclosed in note 7 to the financial statements.

### **Future developments**

Looking forward, the directors will look to expand the core agency whilst maintaining the group's reputation in the industry. This is supported by the group's strategy of properly managing industry relationships and connections in order to attract new and emerging talent. In addition, the group will continue to assess potential investments in other businesses where there is scope for those investments to enhance the group's offering. During the year, agents signed up to work with the group for the next 5 years.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the group's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the group continue to be relating to the retention of key employees and their relationships with existing and prospective clients, together with competition for client placement within the industry.

Management also consider a principal risk faced by the group is relating to the continuing global financial climate as a result of COVID-19 and its impact on the media sector.

### Business environment and governance

The talent management industry is highly competitive, although the group consider that, as an industry independent and sizeable within its market places, its offering is attractive to new clientele.

The group directors meet regularly to discuss the progress of the group and all other matters concerning the governance of the group and its subsidiaries.

### STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### Key performance indicators

The directors consider the key performance indications for the continuing operations of the business to be as follows:-

	12 months t	to 2022	6 months to 2021
Revenue	£43,189,944	£16,320	,127
Gross profit	£40,166,160	£15,654	1,995
Profit before tax	£4,359,825	£2,571,	723
Number of key a	gents 57		47
Revenue	12 months to 31 Me	arch 2022 £	243,189,944
	6 months to 31 Ma	ırch 2021 £	16,320,127
	12 months to 31 Ma	arch 2021 £	27,464,929

The directors of Independent Talent Group Limited manage the group's operations on a divisional basis, with the main source of continuing revenue being generated by individual agents. For this reason, and how yearly profits are distributed, the directors believe that the main key performance indicator for the group, to understand its development and performance for the year, is movement in revenue. Group activity levels, as reflected in revenue, are considered as part of managements review.

The year under review was characterised by a resumption of production activity following disruption to operations in the prior period due to COVID-19 coupled with regular monthly reviews of the company's trading activities against forecasts, cash and working capital requirements. The increase in revenue is also linked to the strength of talent management and staff retention, with an increase in the number of key agents from 47 to 57.

Group revenue is reported for the 12 month period to 31 March 2022. The prior period is 6 months to 31 March 2021, however like-for-like revenue for the 12 months to 31 March 2021 reflects an increase of 57.3% to £43,189,944 for the year to 31 March 2022.

The gross profit margin from continuing operations remained fairly consistent moving from 96% to 93% in 2022.

### **Going Concern**

The coronavirus pandemic has affected the theatrical, film and television industry, causing delays in company's clients work and auditioning of new talent. The directors have considered the impact of Covid 19 on the future performance of the company. The directors have seen a return in demand for productions and talent since the easing of lockdown restrictions. The directors continue to monitor developments closely and will take appropriate action to ensure the impact of any further developments on the business is minimised.

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future based upon the expected demand for clients work increasing to prior levels due to the easing of lockdown restrictions. Thus, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The group uses various financial instruments which include cash balances and other items, such as debtors and creditors, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risk arising from the group's financial instruments is credit risk. The directors review and agree policies for managing credit risk with the principal financial assets being cash and trade debtors.

The credit risk associated with cash balances is limited as the group uses banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

With respect to trade debtors, the company monitors overdue accounts on a regular basis and has various credit management policies in place. The group has not experienced any significant trade debtor write offs to date.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

On behalf of the board

B D Heath

24/03/2023

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022. The comparative period is the 6 month period from 1 October 2020 to 31 March 2021.

### Principal activities

The principal activities of the company and group continued to be that of an agency in the theatrical, film and television industry and television programme production.

### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

LA Posner

(Resigned 31 December 2022)

S Long-innes

P Lyon-Maris

R Burkle

D Barnes

**B D Heath** 

### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 11.

The directors recommend dividends on preference shares totalling £2,942,255 (2021, £1,724,753). No dividends were paid on other share classes in either the current year or prior period.

### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

### Directors' insurance

The group maintains insurance policies on behalf of all the directors against liability arising from negligence, breach of duty and breach of trust in relation to the group.

### Events after the reporting date

In October 2022, the group disposed of its shareholding in Sid Gentle Films Limited, which was an associate of the group. The profit on disposal of the associate was approximately £7.3million.

### Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP has indicated it's willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

### Strategic report

The company has chosen, in accordance with Section 414C of the Companies Act 2006, to set out the following information in the Strategic Report which would otherwise be required to be contained in the Directors' Report:

- Future developments; and
- Financial risk management objectives and policies.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

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B D Heath Director

24 03 2023

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company, and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing each of the group and company financial statements these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF INDEPENDENT TALENT GROUP LIMITED

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Independent Talent Group Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise group income statement, the group statement of financial position, the company statement of financial position, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and
  of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the group and parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's or the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF INDEPENDENT TALENT GROUP LIMITED

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit
  have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF INDEPENDENT TALENT GROUP LIMITED

### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the group audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory
  framework that the group and parent company operates in and how the group and parent company are
  complying with the legal and regulatory framework;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur, including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, the Companies Act 2006 and tax compliance regulations. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements, which included reviewing financial statement disclosures and evaluating advice received from external tax advisors.

There were no significant laws and regulations that were considered to have an indirect impact on the financial statements.

The group audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls, valuation of accrued bonuses, cut off of revenue and accrued income as the areas where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing manual journal entries and other adjustments and evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business and challenging judgments and estimates applied in the recognition of bonuses and accrued income.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a> This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF INDEPENDENT TALENT GROUP LIMITED

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM VX Ment LLP

David Blacher (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AB

24/3/27

# GROUP INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		12 month	6 month
		period	period
		ended	ended
		31 March	31 March
		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
Revenue	3	43,189,944	16,320,127
Cost of sales		(3,023,784)	(665,132)
Gross profit		40,166,160	15,654,995
Administrative expenses		(38,088,344)	(13,462,121)
Other operating income		4,394	95,149
Operating profit	4	2,082,210	2,288,023
Share of results of associates and joint ventures		2,272,150	281,548
Investment income	8	5,710	2,249
Finance costs	9	(245)	(97)
Profit before taxation		4,359,825	2,571,723
Tax on profit	10	(448,725)	(449,013)
Profit for the financial year		3,911,100	2,122,710
Confidential Control of the Atlanta			
Profit for the financial year is attributable to:		3,843,640	2,094,824
- Owners of the parent company		5,645,640 67,460	27,886
- Non-controlling interests			21,000
		3,911,100	2,122,710

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

# GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

			31 March 2022		31 March 2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Non-current assets					
Goodwill	12		54,025		112,075
Property, plant and equipment	13		811,325		624,780
Investments	14		1,466,227		1,068,305
			2,331,577		1,805,160
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	15	4,664,213		3,466,660	
Cash and cash equivalents		8,898,230		17,262,843	
		13,562,443		20,729,503	
Current liabilities	17	(9,820,792)		(17,402,780)	
Net current assets			3,741,651		3,326,723
Total assets less current liabilities			6,073,228		5,131,883
Provisions for liabilities					
Provisions	20	250,000		260,000	
			(250,000)		(260,000)
Net assets			5,823,228		4,871,883
			The second second second		
Equity					
Called up share capital	18		2,359		2,359
Share premium account	23		2,499,572		2,499,572
Equity reserve	23		(38,383)		(38,383)
Capital redemption reserve	23		200		200
Retained earnings	23		3,425,565		2,541,680
Equity attributable to owners of the			AND PROTECT AND		
parent company			5,889,313		5,005,428
Non-controlling interests			(66,085)		(133,545)
			5,823,228		4,871,883
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# GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

The inancial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on  $\frac{24/03/23}{2}$ , and are signed on its behalf by:

Director راگر م

Company Registration No. 04338525

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	£	31 March 2022 £	£	31 March 2021 £
Non-current assets					\$
Goodwill	12		11,149		47,761
Property, plant and equipment	13		779,929		610,710
Investments	14		1		1
			791,079		658,472
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	15	4,274,716 8,362,246		3,659,675 16,892,128	
		12,636,962		20,551,803	
Current liabilities	17	(8,692,209)		(16,882,284)	
Net current assets		_	3,944,753		3,669,519
Total assets less current liabilities			4,735,832		4,327,991
Provisions for liabilities					
Provisions	20	250,000		260,000	
			(250,000)		(260,000)
Net assets			4,485,832		4,067,991
					4
Equity					
Called up share capital	18		2,359		2,359
Share premium account	23		2,499,572		2,499,572
Capital redemption reserve	23		200		200
Retained earnings	23		1,983,701		1,565,860
Total equity			4,485,832		4,067,991

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own income statement and related notes. The company's profit and total comprehensive income for the year was £3,360,096 (2021: £1,751,756).

### COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

**AS AT 31 MARCH 2022** 

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24/03/23, and are signed on its behalf by:

B D Heath Director

Company Registration No. 04338525

INDEPENDENT TALENT GROUP LIMITED

# GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Notes	Share capital	Share premium account	Equity reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Total controlling interest £	Non- controlling interest	Total
Balance at 1 October 2020	2,359	2,499,572	(38,383)	200	2,171,609	4,635,357	(161,431)	4,473,926
Period ended 31 March 2021: Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	,	1	1		2,094,824	2,094,824	27,886	2,122,710
Dividends 11	•	<b>*</b>		1	(1,724,753)	(1,724,753)		(1,724,753)
Balance at 31 March 2021	2,359	2,499,572	(38,383)	200	2,541,680	5,005,428	(133,545)	4,871,883
Year ended 31 March 2022: Profit and total comprehensive income for the for the period Dividends	) t	1 1	1 h		3,843,640 (2,959,755)	3,843,640 (2,959,755)	67,460	3,911,100
Balance at 31 March 2022	2,359	2,499,572	(38,383)	200	3,425,565	5,889,313	(66,085)	5,823,228

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		Share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 October 2020		2,359	2,499,572	200	1,538,857	4,040,988
Period ended 31 March 2021: Profit and total comprehensive income						
for the for the 6 month period		-	-	-	1,751,756	1,751,756
Dividends	11	-	-		(1,724,753)	(1,724,753)
Balance at 31 March 2021		2,359	2,499,572	200	1,565,860	4,067,991
Year ended 31 March 2022: Profit and total comprehensive income						
for the for the 12 month period		-	-	•	3,360,096	3,360,096
Dividends	11		-	—	(2,942,255)	(2,942,255)
Balance at 31 March 2022		2,359	2,499,572	200	1,983,701	4,485,832
				2 7 7 7		

# GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	£	31 March 2022 £	£	31 March 2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash (absorbed by)/generated from	29		45 070 704 <b>)</b>		4 800 007
operations			(5,878,724)		1,830,067
Interest paid			(245)		(97) 35,409
Income taxes (paid)/refunded			(1,051,670)		33,409
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating					
activities			(6,930,639)		1,865,379
Investing activities					
Proceeds of disposal of subsidiaries		_		3,479,135	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(486,916)		(40,041)	
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and		(100,010)		(10,011)	
equipment		132,746		5,800	
Interest received		5,710		2,249	
Dividends received from associates and joint	İ				
ventures		1,874,250		286,650	
Net cash generated from investing					
activities			1,525,790		3,733,793
Financing activities					
Repayment of bank loans		(9)		9	
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(2,959,755)		(2,790,575)	
Not and used in financial activities			(2.050.764)	<del></del>	(2.700 EGE)
Net cash used in financing activities			(2,959,764)		(2,790,566)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents			(8,364,613)		2,808,606
			·		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of ye	ear		17,262,843		14,454,237
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			8,898,230		17,262,843

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

### Company information

Independent Talent Group Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company by shares domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 40 Whitfield Street, London, W1T 2RH. The company's registered number is 04338525.

The Group consists of Independent Talent Group Limited and all of its subsidiaries as set out in note 26 to the accounts.

The principal activities of the company and group are set out in the directors' report.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 including the provisions of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Group (Accounts and reports) Regulations 2008.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value, where applicable. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The Company has taken advantage of exemption from disclosing the following information in its company only accounts, as permitted by the reduced disclosure regime with FRS102:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures:
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel.

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own income statement and related notes. The company's profit and total comprehensive income for the year was £3,360,096 (2021: £1.751,756).

These financial statements are for the year ended 31 March 2022. The comparative period is the 6 month period from 1 October 2020 to 31 March 2021. The comparative amounts presented in the financial statements (including the related notes) are therefore not entirely comparable.

### 1.2 Basis of consolidation

The excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. The cost of the combination includes the estimated amount of contingent consideration that is probable and can be measured reliably and is adjusted for changes in contingent consideration after the acquisition date. Provisional fair values recognised for business combinations in previous periods are adjusted retrospectively for final fair values determined in the 12 months following the acquisition date.

In the parent company financial statements, Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the value of assets (other than goodwill) and liabilities recognised in a business combination accounted for using the purchase method and the amounts that can be deducted or assessed for tax, considering the manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is expected to be recovered or settled. The deferred tax recognised is adjusted against goodwill or negative goodwill.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Independent Talent Group Limited and all of its subsidiaries (ie entities that the group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits). Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes.

All financial statements are made up to 31 March 2022 except for those disclosed as otherwise in note 26. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

### Associated undertakings

The group's share of profits less losses of associated undertakings is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and the group's share of their net assets is included in the consolidated balance sheet. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements to bring the accounting policies used into line with those by the group.

### Joint ventures

The group's share of operating profits and losses of joint ventures is included in the group profit and loss account, and the group's share of their net assets/liabilities are included in the group balance sheet. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements to bring the accounting policies used into line with those by the group. Where there are losses in excess of the investment and no constructive obligation to make payments on the joint venture's behalf, the parent will discontinue recognising further losses and reduce its interest in the group balance sheet to zero.

### 1.3 Going concern

The coronavirus pandemic has affected the theatrical, film and television industry, causing delays in the group's clients work and auditioning of new talent. The directors have considered the impact of Covid 19 on the future performance of the group. The directors have seen a return in demand for production and talent since the easing of lockdown restrictions. Work that was on hold during lockdowns is to be produced.

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and for a period of at least 12 months following the signing of the financial statements. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.4 Revenue

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue represents commission on fees received and royalties. Royalties are credited to the profit and loss account when fees are accepted on behalf of clients. Commission is recognised on an accruals basis when the work is completed by the client. If fees are not received yet, the commission is accrued on basis of when work is completed by the clients. Commission income on book advances is only recognised to the profit and loss when the books are delivered.

Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### 1.5 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost (which for intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at acquisition date) and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life of ten years. Other goodwill is written off in equal instalments over a period of eight years since the transition date of 1 April 2014 to FRS 102. The economic life of all goodwill does not exceed ten years which the directors believe represents a true and fair view of the economic life, unless a reliable estimate of its useful economic life can be formed. Amortisation charge is included within administrative expenses in the profit and loss account.

### 1.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements

20% per annum on a straight line basis over the remaining

lease term

Fixtures, fittings & equipment General equipment & computers

20% per annum on a reducing balance basis 25% - 33% per annum on a reducing balance basis

Motor vehicles

25% per annum on a reducing balance basis

Depreciation charge is included within administrative expenses in the profit and loss account. The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

### 1.7 Non-current investments

Equity investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except for those equity investments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, which are recognised at cost less impairment until a reliable measure of fair value becomes available.

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

### 1.8 Impairment of non-current assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method is tested for impairment as a single asset. Any goodwill included in the carrying amount of the investment is not tested separately for impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

### 1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts.

### 1.10 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price, including transaction costs, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the group transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Where preference shares don't have the characteristics of debt, they are treated as equity.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge. Convertible preference shares are recognised at fair value through the profit and loss account.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the group's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### 1.11 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

### 1.12 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

### Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

### 1.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the group will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting end date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value. When a provision is measured at present value, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### 1.14 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or non-current assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### 1.15 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### 1.16 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease, except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

### 1.17 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

### 1.18 Cash flow liquid resources

The only liquid resources within the company are bank balances.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### Impairment of Goodwill

Goodwill is subject to impairment reviews based on whether current or future events and circumstances suggest that its recoverable amount may be less than its carrying value. Recoverable amount is based on the higher of the value in use and fair value less costs to dispose. Value in use is calculated from expected future cash flows using suitable discount rates and includes management assumptions and estimates of future performance.

### Critical judgements

The following judgement (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

### Revenue recognition

Revenue from commission may involve estimating the fair value of consideration before it is received. In making these judgements, the group considers the detailed criteria for recognition of revenue set out in section 23 of FRS 102 and the accounting policies criteria set out in note 1 and whether the group can reliably measure the revenue and stage of completion of the work performed by the client.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Revenue		
An analysis of the group's revenue is as follows:		
	12 month	6 month
	oeriod ended	period ended
	31 March	•
	2022	
	£	£
Revenue analysed by class of business	_	_
Talent management	37,104,235	14,385,257
Other	6,085,709	
	43,189,944	16,320,127
		:
	2022	2021
	£	£
Other significant revenue		
Interest income	5,710	2,249
	Amend Physics and South	or management of the state of t
	2022	2021
	£	£
Revenue analysed by geographical market		
United Kingdom	43,189,944	16,320,127
Operating profit	42 45	C 4h
	12 month	-
		period ended
	31 March	
	2022 £	
Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
Exchange losses	452	998
Depreciation of owned property, plant and equipment	228,605	
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(60,979)	
Amortisation of intangible assets	(80, <i>919)</i> 58,050	
Operating lease charges	1,377,046	
Operating rease origines	1,377,040	· ·

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5	Auditors' remuneration	12 month period ended 31 March 2022	6 month period ended 31 March 2021
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates:	£	£
	For audit services		
	Audit of the financial statements of the group and company	43,000	45,750
	Audit of the company's subsidiaries	2,000	2,000
		45,000	47,750

### 6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group during the year was:

,	Group	Group	Company	Company
	12 month	6 month	12 month	6 month
	period ended	period ended	period ended	period ended
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Number	Number	Number	Number
Directors	6	6	6	6
Agents	57	49	57	49
Assistants	40	48	38	42
Administration	73	31	31	29
Production	4	26	-	-
	180	160	132	126
	Group 2022 £	•	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
		_	_	_
Wages and salaries	29,476,769	10,124,748	27,672,130	9,475,576
Social security costs	3,932,290	1,321,214	3,746,750	1,241,479
Pension costs	205,987	75,882	136,079	63,791
	33,615,046	11,521,844	31,554,959	10,780,846

7	Directors' remuneration		
		12 month period ended 31 March 2022 £	period ended 31 March 2021
	Remuneration for qualifying services  Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	8,726.034 1,430	•
		8,727,464	
	The total remuneration of the directors who considered to be the key mana was £8,727,464 (2021: £2,682,384), including employer's national insurance of the number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under amounted to 1 (2021 - 0).  Remuneration disclosed above includes the following amounts paid to the high	of £1,033,067 (20)	21: £305,331). ution schemes
		2022 £	
	Remuneration for qualifying services	2,835,802	843,571
8	Investment income	12 month period ended 31 March 2022 £	
	Interest income Interest on bank deposits	5,710	
	Investment income includes the following:		
	Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss	5,710	2,249
9	Finance costs  Other interest on financial liabilities	12 month period ended 31 March 2022 £ 245	6 month period ended 31 March 2021 £ 97
			<del></del>

11

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

•	~
£	£
•	•
30,989	-
448.725	449.013
	'
2022 £	2021 £
4,359,825	• •
ne UK of	488,627
	•
-	315
(245	6,945
(11,586	·
448,725	449,013
	And the second s
2022	2021
£	£
2,942,255	1,724,753
	448,725  arge for the year based  2022 £  4,359,825  ne UK of  828,367 rofit  87,966 (431,709 (24,068  448,725

Preference Share dividends of £2,942,555 (2021: £1,724,753) were payable for the year ended 31 March 2022. The total dividends for the year were £150.12 (2021: £43.12) per share on the 19,600 A1 preference shares and also £Nil (2021: £43.12) per share on the 20,400 A2 preference shares. This being dividends on A1 and A2 shares of £2,942,500 (2021: £845,129) and £Nil (2021: £879,624) respectively. All preference shares for the group are treated as equity.

At each year end £2,404,636 (2021: £1,724,753) of the dividend for the year was unpaid and included in other creditors.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 12 Intangible fixed assets Goodwill Group £ Cost At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 975,301 Amortisation and impairment 863,226 At 1 April 2021 Amortisation charged for the year 58,050 At 31 March 2022 921,276 Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 54,025 At 31 March 2021 112,075 Company Goodwill £ Cost At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 760,922 Amortisation and impairment 713,161 At 1 April 2021 Amortisation charged for the year 36,612 At 31 March 2022 749,773 Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 11,149 At 31 March 2021 47,761

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 13 Property, plant and equipment

Group	Leasehold land and buildings	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	General equipment & computers	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	512,625	935,463	1,791,468	563,296	3,802,852
Additions	-	4,325	91,220	391,371	486,916
Disposals	<b>-</b>	-	<u>.</u>	(203,315)	(203,315)
At 31 March 2022	512,625	939,788	1,882,688	751,352	4,086,453
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2021	512,625	789,857	1,544,247	331,341	3,178,070
Depreciation charged in the year	-	28,917	93,263	106,422	228,602
Eliminated in respect of disposals	•			(131,548)	(131,548)
At 31 March 2022	512,625	818,774	1,637,510	306,215	3,275,124
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2022		121,014	245,178	445,137	811,329
At 31 March 2021	·	145,606	247,221	231,955	624,780

Property, plant and equipment						(Continued)
Company	land a	and	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	General equipment & computers	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
Cost						
At 1 April 2021	512,6	25	899,583	1,764,038	563,296	3,739,542
Additions		-	650	66,470	391,371	458, <b>4</b> 91
Disposals		-	-		(203,315)	(203,315)
At 31 March 2022	512,6	25	900,233	1,830,508	751,352	3,994,718
Depreciation and impairment						
At 1 April 2021	512,6	25	764,221	1,520,645	331,341	3,128,832
Depreciation charged in the year		-	27,115	<b>83,966</b>	106,424	217, <b>50</b> 5
Eliminated in respect of disposals		•	-	-	(131,548)	(131,548)
At 31 March 2022	512,6	325	791,338	1,604,611	306,215	3,214,789
Carrying amount						
At 31 March 2022		<u>.</u>	•	,		779,929 
At 31 March 2021						610,710
Fixed asset investments						
			Group 2022	2021	Company 2022	2021
	Notes		£	£	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	25		-	-	1	1
associates	26	1,4	66,227	1.068,305		
			,	1,068,305	1	1
	Cost At 1 April 2021 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2022  Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals At 31 March 2022  Carrying amount At 31 March 2022  At 31 March 2021  Fixed asset investments  Investments in subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures and	Cost At 1 April 2021 512,6 Additions Disposals  At 31 March 2022 512,6  Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 512,6  Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals  At 31 March 2022 512,6  Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 512,6  Carrying amount At 31 March 2021  Fixed asset investments  Notes  Investments in subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures and	Company  Leasehold land and buildings  £  Cost  At 1 April 2021 512,625  Additions Disposals -  At 31 March 2022 512,625  Depreciation and impairment  At 1 April 2021 512,625  Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals  At 31 March 2022 512,625  Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 512,625  Carrying amount At 31 March 2021 -  Fixed asset investments  Notes  Investments in subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures and associates 25  Investments in joint ventures and 26 1.4	Company  Leasehold land and buildings & equipment £ £  Cost  At 1 April 2021 512,625 899,583 Additions - 650 Disposals  At 31 March 2022 512,625 900,233  Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 512,625 764,221 Depreciation charged in the year - 27,115 Eliminated in respect of disposals  At 31 March 2022 512,625 791,338  Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 512,625 791,338  Carrying amount At 31 March 2021 - 135,362  Fixed asset investments  Group 2022  Notes £  Investments in subsidiaries 155	Company         Leasehold land and buildings equipment & equipment & computers         Fixtures, fittings & equipment & computers           Cost         F. E.	Company         Leasehold land and buildings buildings buildings buildings at equipment & equipment & computers         Motor vehicles equipment & equipment & computers         €

14	Fixed asset investments	(Continued)
	Movements in non-current investments Group	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 April 2021	1,068,305
	Share of results of associates	397,922
	At 31 March 2022	1,486,227
	Carrying amount	American professional constraints
	At 31 March 2022	1,466,227
	At 31 March 2021	1,068,305
	Movements In non-current investments	
	Company	Shares in group undertakings
	Cost or valuation	£
	At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	1
	Carrying amount	Sill for many and department of the state of
	At 31 March 2022	1
	At 31 March 2021	**************************************

15	Trade and other receivables				
		Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£	£	£
	Trade receivables	983,772	338,284	25,460	3,498
	Corporation tax recoverable	151,780	110,685	151,780	110,685
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	708,525	749,062
	Amounts owed by undertakings in which the				
	company has a participating interest	26,219	24,888	24,888	24,888
	Other receivables	704,519	650,287	675,432	524,526
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,795,617	2,309,221	2,686,325	2,213,721
		4,661,907	3,433,365	4.272,410	3,626,380
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
	Deferred tax asset (note 19)	2,306	33,295	2,306	33,295
	Total debtors	4,664,213	3,466,660	4,274,716	3,659,675

16	Borrowings		Group 2022 £	2021 £	Company 2022 £	<b>2021</b> ε
	Bank loans		-	9	-	-
	Payable within one year		-	9	-	A SECURIO DE TRANSPORTO DE LA CONTRACTOR
17	Current liabilities	Notes	Group 2022 £	2021 £	Company 2022 £	<b>202</b> 1 £
	Loans and bank loans Corporation tax payable Other taxation and social security Trade payables Amounts due to subsidiary undertakir Other payables Accruals and deferred income	16 ags	150,493 2,924,049 438,598 2,404,641 3,903,011 9,820,792	9 743,332 2,547,453 224,882 5,793,393 8,093,711	117,726 2,650,430 193,712 2,404,636 3,325,705	692,230 2,384,285 56,995 1 5,707,086 8,041,687

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 18 Share capital

	Group and com	
	2022	2021
Ordinary share capital	£	£
Issued and fully paid		
19,600 'A' Ordinary shares of 1p each	196	196
14,000 'B1' Ordinary shares of 1p each	140	140
6,400 'B2' Ordinary shares of 1p each	64	64
3,067 'C1' Ordinary shares of 1p each	30	30
1,933 'C2' Ordinary shares of 50p each	967	967
990 'D1' Ordinary shares of 1p each	10	10
1,010 'D2' Ordinary shares of 50p each	505	505
19,600 Convertible series A1 preference shares of 1p each	196	196
20,400 Convertible series A2 preference shares of 1p each	204	204
4,614 Convertible series A3 preference shares of 1p each	46	46
Deferred share of £1 each	1	1
	•	
	2,359	2,359
	- A	·

<u>Ordinary Shares</u>
The company's ordinary shares carry no right to fixed income, voting rights are described below.

### Preference shares

A1 and A2 preference shares are classified as equity.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 18 Share capital

(Continued)

Voting:

Only the holders of the 'A' ordinary shares and A1 preference shares have voting rights in general meetings

### Income

income amounts to be distributed shall be applied: First, arrears on accruals of the dividend on the A3 preference shares; second, a fixed cumulative preference dividend of 6% per annum on the subscription price of the A3 preference shares; third, an amount as the board shall determine shall be distributed to the holders of the A1 preference shares and A2 preference shares ("preference shares") in proportion to the number of shares held; fourth, an amount as the board shall determine shall be distributed to the holders of the A Ordinary shares, B1 Ordinary shares and B2 Ordinary shares ("Ordinary shares") in proportion to the numbers of Ordinary shares held.

### Capital:

On a return of capital on liquidation, realisation (as defined) or otherwise, surplus assets remaining after liabilities shall be applied: If the A3 preference shares have not converted: First, the subscription price paid for the A3 preference shares plus arrears and accruals of the dividend; second, in paying to the holders of the preference shares the preferred payment (as defined), third, in paying to the holders of the preference shares an amount equal to any declared but unpaid dividends outstanding; fourth, in paying to the holders of the Ordinary shares the preferred payment; fifth, in respect of any balance remaining to be distributed up to £6,000,000 of such balance in distributing (A) the investor percentage (as defined) to the holders of the preference shares in proportion to the number of shares held; and (B) the balance to the holders of the A Ordinary shares and B1 Ordinary shares in proportion to the number of shares held; sixth, in respect of any balance remaining to be distributed up to £12,000,000 of such balance in distributing (A) the investor percentage (as defined) to the holders of the preference shares in proportion to the number of shares held; and (B) the balance to the holders of the C1 Ordinary shares and C2 Ordinary shares ("C Ordinary shares") in proportion to the number of shares held and; seventh, in respect of the balance remaining in distributing: (A)The investor percentage (as defined) to the holders of the preference shares in proportion to the number of shares held; and (B) The balance to the holders of the D1 Ordinary shares and D2 Ordinary shares in proportion to the number of shares held.

### If the A3 preference shares have converted:

First, in paying to the holders of the preference shares the adjusted preferred payment (as defined); second, in paying to the holders of the preference shares an amount equal to any declared but unpaid dividends outstanding; third, in paying to the holders of the Ordinary shares the preferred payment; fourth, in respect of any balance remaining to be distributed up to £6,000,000 of such balance in distributing (A) the adjusted investor percentage (as defined) to the holders of the preference shares in proportion to the number of shares held; and (B) the balance to the holders of the A Ordinary shares and B1 Ordinary shares in proportion to the number of shares held; fifth, in respect of any balance remaining to be distributed up to £12,000,000 of such balance in distributing (A) the adjusted investor percentage to the holders of the preference shares in proportion to the number of shares held; and (B) the balance to the holders of the C Ordinary shares in proportion to the number of shares held; sixth, in respect of the balance remaining in distributing: (A) The adjusted investor percentage to the holders of the preference shares in proportion to the number of shares held; and (B) the remainder of such balance to the holders of the D Ordinary shares in proportion to the number of shares held.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 19 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the group or company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Group			Assets 2022 £	Assets 2021 £
	Accelerated Capital Allowances			2,306	33,295
	Company			Assets 2022 £	Assets 2021 £
	Company			~	-
	Accelerated Capital Allowances			2,306	33,295
				Group 2022	Company 2022
	Movements in the year:			£	£
	Asset at 1 April 2021 Charge to profit or loss			(33,295) 30,989	(33,295) 30,989
	Asset at 31 March 2022			(2,306)	(2,306)
20	Provisions for liabilities	Group 2022	2021	Company 2022	2021
		£	£	£	£
	Dilapidations on rented property	250,000	260,000	250,000	260,000
	Movements on provisions:				
				C	ilapidations on rented property
	Group				£
	At 1 April 2021 Reversal of provision				260,000 (10,000)
	At 31 March 2022				250,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 20 Provisions for liabilities

(Continued)

Dilapidations on leased property £

Company

At 1 April 2021 Reversal of provision 260,000 (10,000)

At 31 March 2022

250,000

The provision of £250,000 (2021: £260,000) represents the company's estimated obligation as part of their contractual dilapidation commitment to return its leased property back to its original state at the end of the lease agreement.

### 21 Retirement benefit schemes

Defined contribution schemes  $\begin{array}{ccc} 2022 & 2021 \\ \pounds & \pounds \end{array}$ 

Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes

205,987 75,882

A defined contribution pension scheme is operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund.

### 22 Reserves

Share premium account - includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium.

Capital redemption reserve - represents amounts transferred following the redemption of the company's own shares.

Equity reserve - represents the additional consideration above the cost of additional shares in subsidiary Gulp! Marketing Limited.

The Profit & Loss Account reserve reflects accumulated retained historic profits and losses less dividends paid.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 23 Related party transactions

### Remuneration of key management personnel

The total remuneration of the Directors who are considered to be the key management personnel of the Group is as follows:

2022 2021

8,727,464

2,682,384

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Aggregate compensation

### Other information

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102 not to disclose related party transactions between and with wholly owned group members.

The group charged SID Gentle Films Limited, an associate, £149,461 (2021: £65,336) in respect of services provided in the period. Included in other debtors is £1,331 (2021: £31) owed to the company.

Included in other debtors is £24,888 (2021: £24,888) owed by Codependent Limited, a joint venture to the company.

The company charged, or recharged, expenses to non-wholly owned undertakings during the period as follows: Influence Digital Limited £30,177 (2021: £20,539); Independent Talent Digital Limited £41,613 (2021: £10,627); Expanded Media Productions Limited £219,071 (2021: £23,243); Merman Independent Limited £33,003 (2021: £36,333). Influence Digital Limited made sales to the company of £63,173 (2021: £61,866). Independent Talent Digital Limited recharged expenses to the company totalling £1,226 (2021: £677).

At 31 March 2022, the company was owed £243,806 (2021: £281,177) by Influence Digital Limited, £1,136 (2021: £72) by Independent Talent Digital Limited and £Nil (2021: £31,234) by Expanded Media Productions Limited. The company owed £186 (2021: £909) to Independent Talent Digital Limited.

Expanded Media Productions Limited provided services during the period to Expanded Media, LLC, a related party, amounting to £1,440,075 (2021: £481,288). A balance of £80,374 (2021: £Nil) was owing at year end.

Included in other debtors is £467,615 (2021: £342,094) owed to the company by directors. A balance of £466,541 (2021: £340,091) was owed to the company by BD Heath, a director, an amount of £672,585 (2021: £335,452) was advanced and £546,135 (2021: £226,499) repaid during the year. A balance of £32 (2021: £19) was owed to the company by L Posner, expenses of £468 (2021: £132) were paid on behalf of the director and £455 was repaid by the director. A balance of £932 (2021: £1,974) was due from P Lyon-Maris, £74,553 of expenses were paid by the company on behalf of the director and £75,595 (2021: £14,717) was repaid by the director. A balance of £110 (2021: £10) was due from S Long-Innes, £63,648 (2021: £434) of expenses were paid by the company on behalf of the director and £63,548 (2021: £1,294) was repaid by the director.

During the period a sum of £136,560 (2021: £68,280) was paid to a Director through the company which was subsequently repaid by Yucaipa Entertainment Group, a subsidiary of company shareholder, Yucaipa Entertainment Holdings LLC. Amounts totaling £2,404,636 (2021: £5,707,086) was due to Yucaipa at the year end.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 24 Operating lease commitments

### Lessee

At the reporting end date the group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group		Company 2022	
	2022	2021		2021
	£	£	£	£
Within one year	939,350	939,350	939,350	939,350
Between two and five years	3,757,400	3,757,400	3,757,400	3,757,400
In over five years	939,350	1,878,700	939,350	1,878,700
	5,636,100	6,575,450	5,636,100	6,575,450
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### 25 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2022 are as follows:

Name of undertaking and countries incorporation or residency	intry of	Nature of business	Class of shareholding	% Held
8th Floor Productions Limited*	England and Wales	TV production services	Ordinary	100.00
Gulp! Marketing Limited*	England and Wales	Holding company	Ordinary	55.01
Independent Talent Digital Limited	England and Wales	Digital talent agency	Ordinary	80.00
Influence Digital Limited*	England and Wales	Marketing agency	Ordinary	55.01
Talent Media Group Investments Limited	England and Wales	Investment holding company	Ordinary	100.00
TMGI Holdings Limited*	England and Wales	Holding company	Ordinary	100.00
Expanded Media Productions Limited*	England and Wales	TV project development	Ordinary	40.00
Off Script Limited*	England and Wales	Creation of podcasts	Ordinary	85.00

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 25 Subsidiaries (Continued)

\*Held by a subsidiary undertaking

Expanded Media Productions Limited is a subsidiary by nature as Independent Talent Group Limited has control over it.

The registered offices of all UK subsidiaries is the same as that of this company.

Independent Talent Digital Limited, 8th Floor Productions Limited, Expanded Media Productions Limited, Gulp! Marketing Limited, Influence Digital Limited and Off Script Limited are exempt from audit by virtue of s479A of the Companies Act 2006 as there are cross guarantees given by the parent.

Independent Talent Investments Limited was a wholly owned indirect subsidiary company incorporated in England and Wales and which was an investment holding company. The directors decided to voluntarily strike off the company during the year as it is no longer required. The strike-off at Companies House was completed on 1 February 2022.

### 26 Joint ventures

Details of joint ventures at 31 March 2022 are as follows:

Name of undertaking and country of incorporation or residency		Nature of business	Class of shareholding	% Held	
Black Label Productions (international) Ltd**	England and Wales	Commercial production	Ordinary	50.00	
Codependent Limited**	England and Wales	Holding company	Ordinary	50.00	
TMGI Sports Ltd	England and Wales	Dormant	Ordinary	50.00	

Companies annotated as \*\* are held indirectly.

Black Label Productions (International) Ltd is in liquidation.

Merman London Subco Limited was disposed of in November 2021. This was held at nil carrying value and there was no profit or loss on disposal.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 27 Associates

Details of associates at 31 March 2022 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held
Sid Gentle Films Limited	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (SS-GB) Limited **	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (Gaiman) Limited **	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (The Durrells) Limited **	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (Corfu) Limited **	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (TD4) Limited**	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (Killing Eve) Limited **	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (KE2) Limited**	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (KE3) Limited**	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Y Festival Limited***	England and Wales	Music Events	Ordinay	25.00
Sid Gentle Films (KE4) Limited**	England and Wales	T.V. Production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Gentle Films (Ragdoll) Limited**	England and Wales	T.V Production	Ordinary	22.05
TMGI (Music) Limited***	England and Wales	Dormant	Ordinary	20.00
Coda ITG Sports Limited***	England and Wales	Holding Company	Ordinary	25.00
Sid Gentle Films (Costello Jones) Limited**	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05
Sid Wild Films Limited	England and Wales	T.V. production	Ordinary	22.05

The company owns 22.05% of the ordinary shares of SID Gentle Films Limited and its subsidiary undertakings. The aggregate capital and reserves of the company and its subsidiary undertakings at 31 March 2022 is £5,128,317 and profit during the period is £9,062,513. As disclosed in the events after the reporting date note below, the group disposed of its interest in Sid Gentle Films Limited in October 2022.

Companies annotated as \*\* are subsidiaries of SID Gentle Films Limited and held indirectly by the company.

The registered offices is Ground Floor, Charles House, 5-11 Regent Street, St James's, London, SW1Y 4LR. Companies annotated as \*\*\* are held indirectly.

The registered offices of Y Festival Limited and Coda ITG Sports Limited is 1 Wenlock Road, London, England, N1 7SL.

The registered office of TMGI (Music) Limited is Ground Floor, Charles House, 5-11 Regent Street, St James's, London, SW1Y 4LR.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

### 28 Events after the reporting date

In October 2022, the group disposed of its shareholding in Sid Gentle Films Limited, which was an associate of the group. The profit on disposal of the associate was approximately £7.3million.

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	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		2022 £	2021 £
	Profit for the year after tax		3,911,100	2,122,710
	Adjustments for:			
	Share of results of associates and joint ventures		(2,272,172)	(281,548)
	Taxation charged		448,725	449,013
	Finance costs		245	97
	Investment income		(5,710)	(2,249)
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(60,979)	(3,215)
	Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets		58,050	39,744
	Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment		228,604	94,736
	Decrease in provisions		(10,000)	-
	Movements in working capital:			
	Increase in trade and other receivables		(1,181,418)	(320,272)
	Decrease in trade and other payables		(6,995,169)	(268,949)
	Cash (absorbed by)/generated from operations		(5,878,724)	1,830,067
30	Analysis of changes in net funds - group			
		1 Apríl 2021	Cash flows 31	
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	17,262,843	(8,364,613)	8,898,230
	Borrowings excluding overdrafts	(9)	9	-
		17,262,834	(8,364,604)	8,898,230
		****		

### 31 Guarantees

In order for the subsidiary companies, 8th Ftoor Productions Limited, Gulp! Marketing Limited, Independent Talent Digital Limited, Influence Digital Limited, Expanded Media Productions Limited and Off Script Limited to take the audit exemption in section 479A of the Companies Act 2006, the Company has guaranteed all outstanding liabilities of those subsidiary companies at 31 March 2022 those liabilities are satisfied in full.