Registration number: 06300387

JB Forklifts Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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JB Forklifts Limited

(Registration number: 06300387)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2015

• .	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible fixed assets		21,438	23,188
Tangible fixed assets		76,440	65,551
		97,878	88,739
Current assets		Þ	
Stocks		500	560
Debtors		51,227	65,673
Cash at bank and in hand		4,716	64
		56,443	66,297
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(139,351)	(142,329)
Net current liabilities		(82,908)	(76,032)
Total assets less current liabilities		14,970	12,707
Provisions for liabilities		(14,832)	(12,584)
Net assets		138	123
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account	٠	136	121
Shareholders' funds		138	123

For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the Board on 17 December 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

J Box Director

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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JB Forklifts Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the fair value of consideration paid for an acquired entity and the aggregate of the fair value of that'entity's identifiable assets and liabilities.

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any residual value, over their expected useful life as follows:

Asset class

Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill

4% straight line basis

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful econmic life as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate 10% straight line basis

Plant & machinery Office equipment

33.3% straight line basis

Motor vehicles

33.3% straight line basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

JB Forklifts Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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Hire purchase and leasing

Rents payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets £	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 April 2014	35,000	115,287	150,287
Additions	-	30,038	30,038
Disposals		(2,750)	(2,750)
At 31 March 2015	35,000	142,575	177,575
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2014	11,812	49,736	61,548
Charge for the year	1,750	16,949	18,699
Eliminated on disposals	• •	(550)	(550)
At 31 March 2015	13,562	66,135	79,697
Net book value			
At 31 March 2015	21,438	76,440	97,878
At 31 March 2014	23,188	65,551	88,739

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2015		201	4
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2