

Beta Central Profits Limited

Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2022

Registered number: 06297913

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Strategic report

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements and auditor's report, for the year ended 31 December 2022. The financial statements are presented under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to hold and manage an investment in Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited (NGNH).

Financial and operational review

As shown in the profit and loss account the company has made a profit of £38.1m (2021 – £40.7m) in the year. The movement is due to a dividend and an interest income. The balance sheet shows the company's net asset position at the year-end of £338.2m (2021 - £338.1m) the increase being the result of dividends declared were less than profits generated.

The company is indirectly owned by PAH Gas Infrastructure Limited and has investment in Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited. The company's directors consider the metrics above to be the key performance indicators for the company. The performances of PAH Gas Infrastructure Limited and Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited are discussed in the company Annual Reports of those companies which do not form part of this report.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend as consistent with last year. An interim dividend of £38.0m (2021 – £39.0m) was declared and paid in the year, as detailed in note 4. No dividend has been declared or paid up to the date of this report.

Outlook

The directors expect the dividend flows to continue in the same manner in the forthcoming year.

Climate Reporting

Given the company does not trade and therefore consumes less than 40,000 KWH of energy per annum, it is exempt from reporting any disclosures under the Government Streamlined Energy and Carbon reporting regulations (SECR).

Future developments and events after the balance sheet date

Russia's invasion into Ukraine broke on 24 February 2022. The situation continues to evolve. The company actively reviews information about the scale and impact of the war however do not consider significant impact to its performance and operations.

Strategic report (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management objectives and policies

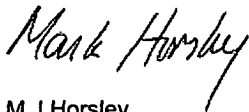
The company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks. The company is primarily financed by equity, with liquidity risk managed through intergroup assets and liabilities. All intercompany balances are deemed recoverable (note 6). The recovery of the investments held in the balance sheet (note 5) is a risk, but based on the underlying cash flow forecasts the directors deem this risk to be low.

Going concern

The company's business activities, performance and position together with its principal risks and uncertainties likely to affect its future development and performance are set out above. The company is reliant on dividend income to remain a going concern. The directors have made enquiries and reviewed the forecasts and have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources and an ongoing dividend income, so to continue operations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors.

Signed on behalf of the Board.



M J Horsley,

Director,

19 July 2023

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their annual report for the affairs of Beta Central Profits Limited, together with the financial statements and auditor's report for the year ended 31 December 2022. The principal activity, financial and operational review, dividends, outlook, climate reporting, principal risks and uncertainties and going concern are presented in the Strategic report on page 1 to 2.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and subsequently were as follows:

- C Tsai
- M J Horsley
- L S Chan
- C T Wan
- J T Miller
- R J Roberts
- C D Taylor

Directors indemnities

The directors didn't receive any indemnities in relation to their services to the company during the current or prior years.

Auditor

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006. Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors.

Signed on behalf of the Board.



M J Horsley, Director

19 July 2023

3 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2AQ

3 BETA CENTRAL PROFITS LIMITED

Directors' responsibilities statement

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Beta Central Profits Limited

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Beta Central Profits Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the profit and loss account;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 10.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Beta Central Profits Limited (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and internal audit about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the UK Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax, and IT specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of accounting entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Beta Central Profits Limited (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2022

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Anthony Matthews FCA (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
Leeds, United Kingdom
19 July 2023

Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Dividend income	2	30,723	33,324
Administrative expenses		(25)	(13)
Operating profit		30,698	33,311
Finance income	1	7,433	7,433
Profit before taxation	2	38,131	40,744
Tax on profit	3	-	-
Profit for the financial year		38,131	40,744

All results arise from continuing operations.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account.

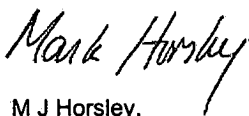
There is no other comprehensive income or expenses recognised in either year other than shown above, consequently no Statement of Comprehensive Income has been presented.

Balance sheet
As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	5	<u>261,953</u>	<u>261,953</u>
Current assets			
Debtors			
Falling due within one year	6	1,973	1,838
Falling due after one year	6	<u>74,329</u>	<u>74,329</u>
		76,302	76,167
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(23)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
Net current assets		<u>76,279</u>	<u>76,148</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		338,232	338,101
Net assets		<u>338,232</u>	<u>338,101</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	8	277,303	277,303
Profit and loss account		<u>60,929</u>	<u>60,798</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>338,232</u>	<u>338,101</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

The financial statements of Beta Central Profits Limited, Registered number 06297913, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 19 July 2023 and signed on its behalf by:



M J Horsley,

Director

19 July 2023

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Profit and loss account	Called up share capital	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
1 January 2021	59,054	277,303	336,357
Profit for the year	40,744	-	40,744
Dividends declared on equity shares (note 4)	(39,000)	-	(39,000)
At 31 December 2021	60,798	277,303	338,101
Profit for the year	38,131	-	38,131
Dividends declared on equity shares (note 4)	(38,000)	-	(38,000)
At 31 December 2022	60,929	277,303	338,232

Statement of accounting policies

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the prior year.

General information and basis of accounting

Beta Central Profits Limited (the company) is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act. The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the company's registered office is 3 More London Riverside, London, United Kingdom, SE1 2AQ.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The company is exempt from the requirement of FRS 102 (Section 7) to present a cash flow statement, certain financial instrument disclosures, and key management personnel disclosures, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Assets Holdings Limited, which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available. The company is not required to prepare group financial statements as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Assets Holdings Limited which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available.

Going concern

The company's business activities, performance and position together with its principal risks and uncertainties likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Strategic report. The directors have made enquiries and reviewed the forecasts and have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources and an ongoing dividend income, so to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and financial statements.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment. Impairment is calculated by comparing the carrying value with the recoverable amount of the investment. Investment in associate is recognised at cost.

Net financing income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis less any payments received and paid within the reporting period, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Finance costs of financial liabilities are recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of such instruments at the effective interest rate applicable on the carrying amount.

Statement of accounting policies (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Dividend income

Dividend income from subsidiaries is recognised on receipt of the dividend.

Reserves

The profit and loss reserve represents cumulative profits or losses net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described above, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

There are no critical accounting judgements or key sources of estimation uncertainty.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Finance income

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Interest receivable and similar income		
- Shareholder loans	7,433	7,433

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The directors did not receive any remuneration in relation to their services to the company during the current or prior years. The fees payable to the company's auditor was £6,000 for the financial statements audit (2021 - £6,000) and £3,000 for non-audit tax compliance services (2021 - £2,000). There are no employees other than the directors.

During the year the company received dividend income from its associate undertaking Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited of £30,723,000 (2021 - £33,324,000).

3 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax charge comprises:

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	-	-
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	-

The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax are as follows:

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	38,131	40,744
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2021 - 19%)	7,245	7,741
Effects of:		
Income not taxable	(5,837)	(6,332)
Group relief utilised	(1,408)	(158)
Use of tax losses not recognised	-	(1,251)
Tax charge for the year	-	-

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

3 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

The company earns its profits in the UK. Therefore the tax rate used for tax on profit on ordinary activities is the standard rate for UK corporation tax, currently 19%. The March 2021 Budget announced a further increase to the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from April 2023. This rate has been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, as result deferred tax balances as at 31 December 2022 is measured at 25%.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised because it is expected that all tax losses carried forward will be utilised in respect of 2022 taxable income.

4 Dividends on equity shares

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Equity shares		
Interim dividend paid of 6.9p (2021 – nil) per ordinary share	19,000	-
Interim dividend paid of 6.9p (2021 – 14.1p) per ordinary share	19,000	39,000
	<u>38,000</u>	<u>39,000</u>

5 Fixed asset investments

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Associate (cost and net book value)	<u>261,953</u>	<u>261,953</u>

There was no additions, disposals, or changes in value of investment in the year.

The associate represents a 41.3% holding in the ordinary share capital of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited (NGNH), which holds a group whose principal activity is the distribution of gas through the North of England network, and is incorporated and registered in England and Wales. The other shareholders of the associate are PG (April) Limited (registered address 3 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2AQ) and SAS Trustee Corporation (registered address PO Box 1229, Wollongong, NSW 2500).

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5 Fixed asset investments (continued)

Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited is the top holding company of the following group:

Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Shareholding	Nature of business
Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited	England & Wales	100%	Gas network operations
Northern Gas Networks Limited	England & Wales	100%	Gas distribution
Northern Gas Networks Finance Plc	England & Wales	100%	Financing
Northern Gas Networks General Partner Limited	Scotland	100%	Pension Partnership
Northern Gas Networks Pensions Trustee Limited	England & Wales	100%	Pension scheme trustee
Northern Gas Networks ABC2 Pension Funding Limited Partnership	Scotland	n/a	Pension Partnership
Northern Gas Networks Pension Funding Limited Partnership	Scotland	n/a	Pension Partnership

NGNH and all subsidiaries of NGNH have the registered office of 1100 century Way, Leeds, LS15 8TU with the exception of Northern Gas Networks General Partner Limited, Northern Gas Networks ABC2 Pension Funding Limited Partnership and Northern Gas Networks Pension Funding Limited Partnership whose registered office is 1st Floor City Point, Haymarket Terrace, Edinburgh, EH12 5HD, Scotland.

6 Debtors

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,973	1,838
	<u>1,973</u>	<u>1,838</u>
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	74,329	74,329
	<u>74,329</u>	<u>74,329</u>
	<u>76,302</u>	<u>76,167</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings that are due after more than one year comprise shareholder loans held by Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited, bearing fixed interest of 10.0% paid annually and are repayable on 18 December 2033. Amounts owed by group undertakings that are due within one year are interest free and recoverable on demand.

7 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Accruals and deferred income	23	19
	<u>23</u>	<u>19</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

8 Called-up share capital

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<i>Allotted, called-up and fully paid</i>		
277,303,282 (2021 - 277,303,282) ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>277,303</u>	<u>277,303</u>

9 Related party transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and utilises the exemption contained in FRS 102 section 33 2.2, "Related Party Disclosures", not to disclose any transactions with entities that are a wholly owned part of the group.

The company received dividend income as detailed in the profit and loss account and shareholder loan interest as detailed in note 1, from its associate investment Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited. The company declared dividends on equity shares as detailed in note 4.

The balance with its associate investment Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited is £74.3m (2021: £74.3m), as detailed in note 6.

10 Ultimate controlling party

Furlong Global Limited incorporated in British Virgin Islands was the immediate parent company at the balance sheet date.

Power Assets Holdings Limited is the ultimate parent company incorporated in Hong Kong, the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up, and the ultimate controlling party. The registered office of Power Assets Holdings Limited is Unit 2005, 20th Floor, Cheung Kong Center, 2 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. Copies of the financial statements are available from the registered address of this company as shown in the Directors' report.