Beta Central Profits Limited

Annual report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2012

Registered number 6297913



Directors' report

For the year ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditor's report, for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to hold and manage an investment in Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited (NGNH)

Business review

As shown in the profit and loss account the company has made a profit of £17,502,000 (2011 – £11,414,000) in the year. The balance sheet shows the company's net asset position at the year end is consistent with the prior year end.

The company is managed by Power Assets Holdings Limited as part of the overall group. For this reason, the company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of Power Assets Holdings Limited is discussed in that company's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is financed by listed loan notes. The risks and uncertainties of the company reflect those associated with these loans as discussed below.

Future outlook

The directors expect the company to make a profit in the forthcoming year

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's financial instruments comprise cash and listed loan notes

The main qualitative and quantitative risk arising from the company's financial instruments is liquidity risk as summarised below along with policies established by the Board to manage this risk

Liquidity risk

The company's external debt comprises listed loan notes which expire on 4 November 2013. The liquidity risk will be mitigated by extending the existing loan notes by a further 1-5 years

Going Concern

At 31 December 2012 the company had net current liabilities as a consequence of £203 1m of listed loan notes, held by Kentson Limited the immediate parent of the company, which mature on 4 November 2013. Cash flow projections, which include dividends receivable and which assume that the listed loan notes will be extended prior to maturity, show that the company will be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The extension of the listed loan notes is not a committed facility at the date of approval of these financial statements and therefore the going concern conclusion for the company is reliant on a letter of parent company support. After making enquiries and having considered the letter of support provided by the parent company and the ability of that entity to provide the stated

Directors' report (continued)

support, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and accounts

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend An interim dividend of £20 0m (2011 - £8 0m) was declared and paid in the year

Directors

The directors, who served throughout the year excepted as noted, were as follows

N D McGee

(resigned 6 August 2012)

C Tsai

K S Tso

(resigned 24 January 2013)

M J Horsley

(appointed 17 January 2012)

Chan Loi Shun (appointed 20 August 2012)

Wan Chi Tin

(appointed 24 January 2013)

Auditor

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006

The directors will reappoint Deloitte LLP as auditor for the ensuing year according to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006

3 More London Riverside

By order of the Board,

London

SE1 2AQ

Mark Stroly M J Horsley

24 September 2013

Director

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report

To the Members of Beta Central Profits Limited

We have audited the accounts of Beta Central Profits Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the accounts

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the accounts sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the accounts. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited accounts. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on accounts

In our opinion the accounts

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

AM

David Johnson (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
Leeds, United Kingdom

24 September 2013

Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Notes	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Administrative expenses		(7)	(7)
Operating loss		(7)	(7)
Finance charges (net)	1	(21,490)	(21,331)
Income from associate undertaking	13	33,861	29,732
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	12,364	8,394
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	5,138	3,020
Profit for the financial year	11	17,502	11,414

The above results arise from continuing operations

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account

There are no recognised gains or losses in the current or prior years other than the profit for the year

Balance sheet

31 December 2012

	Notes	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Fixed asset investments	5	261,953	261,953
Current assets			
Debtors – due within one year	6	8,295	10,792
Cash at bank and in hand		13	13
		8,308	10,805
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	7	(203,145)	(6)
Net current (liabilities) assets		(194,837)	10,799
Total assets less current liabilities		67,116	272,752
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(203,138)
Net assets		67,116	69,614
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	10	63,773	63,773
Profit and loss account	11	3,343	5,841
Shareholders' funds	12	67,116	69,614

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet

The accounts of Beta Central Profits Limited, Registered number 6297913, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 24 September 2013 and signed on its behalf by

Mark / Howley
M J Horsley Director

24 September 2014

Statement of accounting policies

31 December 2012

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

The company is exempt from the requirements of FRS1 (revised) "Cash flow statements" to present a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Assets Holdings Limited, which prepares consolidated accounts which are publicly available

The company is not required to prepare group accounts as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Assets Holdings Limited which prepares consolidated accounts which are publicly available

Going concern

The Directors' report includes a note on page 2 stating that the directors consider the business to be a going concern at the time of the approval of the Annual Report and accounts

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Debt

Debt is initially stated at the amount of the net proceeds after deduction of issue costs. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the accounting year and reduced by payments made in the year.

Notes to the accounts

31 December 2012

1 Finance charges (net)

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Interest payable and similar charges		
- listed loan notes	21,490	21,431
- other finance income (see note 13)		(100)
	21,490	21,331

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The directors did not receive any remuneration in relation to their services to the company during the current or prior years. The fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts was £4,320 (2011 - £4,200). There are no employees other than the directors.

3 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax credit comprises

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Current tax		2000
UK corporation tax	(4,464)	(2,134)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(674)	(886)
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	(5,138)	(3,020)

The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax are as follows

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	12,364	8,394
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 24 5% (2011 – 26 5%)	3,029	2,225
Effects of Income not taxable	(8,296)	(7,879)
Unrecoverable tax losses	803	3,520
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(674)	(886)
Current tax credit for the year	(5,138)	(3,020)

The company earns its profits in the UK. Therefore the tax rate used for tax on profit on ordinary activities is the standard rate for UK corporation tax, currently 24.5% (2011 - 26.5%)

3 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

A deferred tax asset amounting to £8,592,000 (2011 - £9,157,000) for tax losses has not been recognised because in the opinion of the directors there will be no suitable taxable profits available in the foreseeable future

the opinion of the directors there will be no suitable taxable profits available in the forese	eable future	
4 Dividends on equity shares		
	2012	2011
Equity chorse	£'000	£'000
Equity shares Interim dividend paid of 0 31p (2011 – 0 13p) per ordinary share	00.000	
intenin dividend paid of 0.5 fp (2011 = 0.15p) per ordinary share	20,000	8,000
5 Fixed asset investments		
T I AND GOOD III VOOLIIGIIG	2012	2011
	£'000	£,000
Associate (cost and net book value)	261,953	261,953
The associate represents a 41 3% holding in the ordinary share capital of NGNH, a grou	p whose principal a	ctivity is
the distribution of gas through the North of England network, which is incorporated and r Wales	egistered in Englan	d and
6 Debtors - due within one year		
·	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by associate undertakings	2,232	1,067
Amounts owed by group undertakings	6,062	9,723
Prepayments and accrued income	1	2
	8,295	10,792
7 Creditors Amounts failing due within one year	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000
		-
Accruals and deferred income	7	6
Listed loan notes	203,138	-

The loan notes are listed on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange, carry fixed interest of 10 55% per annum paid annually on 31 December and mature on 4 November 2013

203,145

6

8 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year

a around 7 mile and a and a more than one year		
	2012	2011
	£'000	£,000
Listed loan notes	-	203,138

The loan notes are listed on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange, carry fixed interest of 10 55% per annum paid annually on 31 December and mature on 4 November 2013

9 Derivatives and other financial instruments

The Directors' report provides an explanation of the role that financial instruments have had during the year in creating or changing the risks the company faces in its activities. The explanation summarises the objectives and policies for holding or issuing financial instruments and similar contracts, and the strategies for achieving those objectives that have been followed during the year.

The numerical disclosures in this note deal with financial assets and financial liabilities as defined in Financial Reporting Standard 13 "Derivatives and other financial instruments. Disclosures" (FRS 13). Certain financial assets such as investments in subsidiary undertakings are excluded from the scope of these disclosures.

As permitted by FRS 13, short term debtors and creditors have been excluded from the disclosures. The directors believe that the fair values are not materially different from the balance sheet values for the current and prior years. *Interest rate profile*

The company has no financial assets other than sterling cash deposits of £13,000 (2011 - £13,000) which are part of the financing arrangements of the company. The sterling cash deposits comprise monies held in bank accounts

The interest rate profile of the company's financial liabilities at 31 December was as follows

	Fixed rate 2012 £'000	Fixed rate 2011 £'000	Weighted average interest rate 2012 %	Weighted average interest rate 2011 %	Weighted average period for which rate is fixed 2012 Years	Weighted average period for which rate is fixed 2011 Years
Listed Ioan						
notes	203,138	203,138	10 55	10 55	0 8	18

Further details of interest rates are given in note 7

9 Derivatives and other financial instruments (continued)

Matunty of financial liabilities		
The maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities at 31 December was as f	ollows	
,	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000
In less than one year	203,138	-
In more than one year but not more than two years		203,138
	203,138	203,138
Borrowing facilities		
The company had no undrawn committed borrowing facilities at either the current	or prior year end	
Fair values		
The directors believe that the fair values of all financial instruments are not material values	ally different from the	balance sheet
10 Called-up share capital		
To Gunda-up Share cupital	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
63,772,525 ordinary shares of £1 each	63,773	63,773
11 Reserves		
		Profit and
		loss account
		£'000
At 1 January 2012		5,841
Profit for the financial year		17,502
Dividend paid on equity shares		(20,000)

3,343

At 31 December 2012

12 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000
Profit for the financial year	17,502	11,414
Dividends declared on equity shares	(20,000)	(8,000)
Net movement in shareholders' funds	(2,498)	3,414
Opening shareholders' funds	69,614	66,200
Closing shareholders' funds	67,116	69,614

13 Related party transactions

As a subsidiary undertaking of Power Assets Holdings Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related party disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group headed by Power Assets Holdings Limited

The company received dividend income of £33 9m (2011 - £29 7m) from NGNH. In 2011 the company received £50,000 from UK Power Networks Holdings Limited and £50,000 from UK Power Networks Services Holdings Limited for facilitation fees.

14 Ultimate controlling party

Kentson Limited is the immediate parent company

Power Assets Holdings Limited is the ultimate parent company and the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up. Copies of the accounts are available from the registered address of this company as shown in the Directors' report.