Company Registration No. 06224771

Canvax Limited

Report and Financial Statements

30 June 2020

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Report and financial statements 2020

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Officers and professional advisers

Directors

D P Levy M J Collecott D Cullen R Caplehorn

Secretary

M J Collecott

Registered Office

Lilywhite House 782 High Road Tottenham London N17 0BX

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc 70 Pall Mall London SW1Y 5EZ

Solicitors

Slaughter and May LLP 1 Bunhill Row London EC1Y 8YY

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements of Canvax Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2020.

The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 444(5) of the Companies Act 2006 and the company is therefore exempt from preparing a Strategic Report.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of the acquisition of property on behalf of the Tottenham Hotspur group.

Risks and uncertainties

The risks and uncertainties of the company are aligned to those of Tottenham Hotspur Limited and discussed in page 4 of the consolidated Group accounts.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

D P Levy M J Collecott D Cullen R Caplehorn

Dividends and results

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in the current period (2019: £nil). The company made a profit after tax for the year of £74,068 (2019: £145,183), and the net liabilities as at 30 June 2020 were £791,586 (2019: £865,654).

The directors consider the future prospects of the company to be satisfactory.

Going concern

The company is a property company with net current liabilities and net liabilities at 30 June 2020. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the parent company, Tottenham Hotspur Limited ("the Group"), committed that it will provide the necessary financial support to the company for at least twelve months from the date these accounts are signed.

The Board of Directors continually monitors the Group's exposure to a range of risks and uncertainties, including the success of the First Team and our level of spending thereon, the current economic landscape and the funding requirements for capital projects. These risks and uncertainties, the Group's financial performance and position for the year and its cash flows and funding position, are detailed elsewhere in the Directors' Report. In addition, note 17 to the consolidated financial statements includes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital, its financial risk management objectives and its exposure to credit and liquidity risk. The Directors believe that these risks and uncertainties are mitigated by, inter alia, the robust nature of our business with long-term fixed revenues from the key business areas, notably the FA Premier League ("FAPL") TV deal that began from the 2019-20 season and key sponsors.

The Board of Directors have recently undertaken a thorough review of the Group's budgets and forecasts and have produced detailed cash flow projections, which include the expected impact of COVID-19 on the key matchday and media revenue streams. The base case scenario assumes that TV and media revenue will continue for the entirety of the 2020/21 season in line with Premier League forecasts and there are no material changes to existing financing arrangements, whilst prudent assumptions have been made in relation to on-pitch performance.

Various scenarios have been considered and stress-tested which include fixtures remaining behind closed doors for the entirety of the 2020/21 season and restrictions on future events, retail and venue related income streams

Directors' report (continued)

The Directors have identified a number of actions they could take in order to mitigate any potential cash flow or financing shortfalls that could reasonably arise. These mitigating actions could include, but are not limited to, advancement of future cash inflows and/or deferring future cash outflows, sale of assets and extension of financing arrangements. In addition to possible mitigating actions, the Directors have also considered a number of potential upsides which include the financial impact of better than forecast on-pitch performance, including advancement in domestic and UEFA cup competitions and successful insurance claims.

These cash flow projections which, when considered in conjunction with the Group's operational plans to deal with the Impact of COVID-19, the refinancing performed in the period by the group as detailed in note 15 of the consolidated financial statements, as well as existing loans, overdrafts and cash, and which include consideration of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, demonstrate that the Board will ensure there is sufficient working capital to continue to operate for the foreseeable future.

The Directors believe that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and, as such, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is not aware;
 and
- the director has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M J Collecott Secretary

P/10/2020

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare such financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Canvax Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2020 and of its profit for the year then
 ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Canvax Limited (the 'company') which comprise:

- · the income statement;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
 significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a
 period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Canvax Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Canvax Limited (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Vein Thopsa

Kevin Thompson (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
London, United Kingdom
9 October 2020

Income statement Year ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Revenue		427,481	422,202
Operating expenses		(308,226)	(218,130)
Operating profit	2	119,255	204,072
Profit on ordinary activities before finance income		119,255	204,072
Interest Receivable		-	310
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		119,255	204,382
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	3	(45,187)	(59,199)
Retained profit for the financial period		74,068	145,183

The above results all derive from continuing operations.

There is no other comprehensive income in either period other than the profit as stated above and therefore no statement of comprehensive income is presented.

Balance sheet 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	4	7,131,296	7,193,526
Current assets Trade and other receivables	5	118,698	64,972
Cash and cash equivalents		6,000 124,698	12,250 77,222
Current liabilities	6	(8,039,806)	(8,136,402)
Net current liabilities		(7,915,108)	(8,059,180)
Total assets less current liabilities		(783,812)	(865,654)
Non-current liabilities		(7,774)	-
Net liabilities		(791,586)	(865,654)
Equity Share capital Accumulated losses	7	1 (791,587)	1 (865,655)
Net liabilities		(791,586)	(865,654)

The financial statements of Canvax Limited, registered number 06224771, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised on & October 2020.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

M J Collecott Director

Statement of changes in equity 30 June 2020

	Share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total £
Balance at 1 July 2018	1	(1,010,838)	(1,010,837)
Profit for the year		145,183	145,183
Balance at 30 June 2019	1	(865,655)	(865,654)
Profit for the year		74,068	74,068
Balance at 30 June 2020	1	(791,587)	(791,586)

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the current year and prior year, with the exception of IFRS 16, which has been adopted in the period (see note 9).

General information

Canvax Limited is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The company is registered in England and Wales and the address of its registered office is disclosed in the company information. The principal activity of the company is described in the Directors' report.

Basis of preparation

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The financial statements have therefore been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101).

Where relevant equivalent disclosures have been given in the consolidated financial statements of Tottenham Hotspur Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Tottenham Hotspur Limited are available to the public and can be obtained from Lilywhite House, 782 High Road, Tottenham, London N17 OBX.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The presentation and functional currency of the company is pounds sterling.

Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)

The company has adopted the following new and revised IFRSs:

• IFRS 16 Leases

The impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 has a material impact on the results of the company. Right of use assets have been capitalised as PPE and the lease commitments have been recognised as a liability within other creditors. The assets shall be depreciated over the term of the lease agreements and the liabilities will reduce as rent is paid and finance costs are expensed (see notes 4 and 9).

Summary of disclosure exemptions

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- IFRS 7 Financial instruments: Disclosures
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1 Presentation of financial statements:
 - 10(d) statement of cash flows
 - 134-136 capital management disclosures,
- Paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8, disclosure and impact of new IFRSs that has been issued but not yet effective, and
- The requirements in IAS 24 of Related party disclosures, to disclose related party transactions entered between two or more members of a group.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Cash flow statement

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to presentation of a cash-flow statement. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the consolidated accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited. The consolidated accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited are publically available.

Going concern

The company is a property company with net current liabilities and net liabilities at 30 June 2020. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the parent company, Tottenham Hotspur Limited, committed that it will provide the necessary financial support to the company for at least twelve months from the date these accounts are signed. The parent company directors prepare budgets and forecasts and have produced detailed and realistic cash flow projections which are reviewed on an ongoing basis. These demonstrate that the parent company has the financial capability to satisfy this obligation. For further information in light of the COVID pandemic, refer to the Directors' Report.

Revenue

Revenue represents rental income received from the letting of the company's properties. Revenue is recognised as per the contractual terms of the rental agreements. All revenue arises in the United Kingdom.

Tax

The tax expense represents the tax currently payable.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profits differ from net profit as reported in the Income statement because they exclude items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and they further exclude items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Income statement.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Freehold land and buildings 2% straight-line General plant and equipment 20% straight-line

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors of the company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. There are no critical accounting judgements or sources of estimation uncertainty which have a material impact on the financial statements.

2. Operating profit

2020	2019
£	£
Operating profit is stated after charging:	
Depreciation 98,907	84,706

There were no employees during the current or preceding period and none of the directors received any remuneration in respect of their services to the company in either period.

The audit fee of £2,000 (2019: £2,000) is borne by another group company in the current and prior period. No fees were paid to the company's auditor or affiliated entities, relating to other services, during the current or prior period. Refer to the Tottenham Hotspur Limited financial statements for full disclosure of fees payable to the auditor.

3. Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities

	2020 £	2019 £
Reconciliation of current tax	_	_
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	119,255	204,072
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities before taxation at 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)	(22,658)	(38,774)
Effect of:		
Expenses not deductible Depreciation for which no tax relief is available Tax rate changes	(22,555) - 26	3,007 (23,432)
Total tax charge	(45,187)	(59,199)

There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax.

As per current UK corporate tax law, the UK corporation tax rate was reduced from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017. The Finance (No. 2) Act 2016, which was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016 further reduces UK corporation tax rate to 17%, effective from 1 April 2020. Prior to the effective date the reduction was reversed, increasing the tax rate back to 19%.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2020

4. Property, plant and equipment

Cost At 1 July 2019 7,567,736 - 7,567,73 Additions - 36,677 36,677 Transition Adjustment - 36,677 7,604,41 At 30 June 2020 7,567,736 36,677 7,604,41 Accumulated depreciation 374,210 - 374,21 - 374,21 Charge for the year 84,710 14,197 98,90 At 30 June 2020 458,920 14,197 473,11 Net book value 7,108,816 22,480 7,131,29 At 30 June 2019 7,193,526 7,193,52 5. Trade and other receivables 2020 201 £ 1 1 Trade receivables 95,341 28,46 Provisions for expected credit losses 95,341 28,46 Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 218,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 2020		Freehold land and buildings £	Right of use assets £	Total £
Additions Transition Adjustment - 36,677 36,677 At 30 June 2020 7,567,736 36,677 7,604,41 Accumulated depreciation At 1 July 2019 374,210 - 374,210 Charge for the year 84,710 14,197 98,90 At 30 June 2020 458,920 14,197 473,11 Net book value At 30 June 2020 7,108,816 22,480 7,131,29 At 30 June 2019 7,193,526 - 7,193,52 5. Trade and other receivables Trade receivables Provisions for expected credit losses Prepayments and accrued income Prepayments and accrued income Prepayments and accrued income 118,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ Trade payables Fride payables	Cost			-
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At 1 July 2019 374,210 - 374,210 Charge for the year 84,710 14,197 98,90 At 30 June 2020 458,920 14,197 473,11 Net book value At 30 June 2020 7,108,816 22,480 7,131,29 At 30 June 2019 7,193,526 - 7,193,52 5. Trade and other receivables 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 113,30 113,30 Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ 118,698 64,97 Trade payables 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66	At 30 June 2020	7,567,736	36,677	7,604,413
At 1 July 2019 374,210 - 374,210 Charge for the year 84,710 14,197 98,90 At 30 June 2020 458,920 14,197 473,11 Net book value At 30 June 2020 7,108,816 22,480 7,131,29 At 30 June 2019 7,193,526 - 7,193,52 5. Trade and other receivables 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 113,30 113,30 Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ 118,698 64,97 Trade payables 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66	Accumulated depreciation			
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At 30 June 2020 7,108,816 22,480 7,131,29 At 30 June 2019 7,193,526 - 7,193,52 5. Trade and other receivables 2020 201 £ Trade receivables 95,341 28,46 Provisions for expected credit losses - 1(1,30) Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 118,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ Trade payables Amounts owed to group undertakings 57,917 47,67 7,926,092 8,050,666	At 30 June 2020	458,920	14,197	473,117
At 30 June 2020 7,108,816 22,480 7,131,29 At 30 June 2019 7,193,526 - 7,193,52 5. Trade and other receivables 2020 201 £ Trade receivables 95,341 28,46 Provisions for expected credit losses - 1(1,30) Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 118,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ Trade payables Amounts owed to group undertakings 57,917 47,67 7,926,092 8,050,666	Net hook value			
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Trade receivables 95,341 28,46	At 30 June 2019	7,193,526	-	7,193,526
Trade receivables 95,341 28,46 Provisions for expected credit losses - (1,30) Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 6. Current liabilities Trade payables 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66	5. Trade and other receivables			
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Provisions for expected credit losses - (1,30) Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 118,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 201 £ 2020 201 £ 2020 201 Amounts owed to group undertakings 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66	Trade receivables		05 2/1	20 466
Prepayments and accrued income 23,331 37,55 Deferred tax 26 24 118,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 E 2020 2020 E			33,341	
Deferred tax 26 24 118,698 64,97 6. Current liabilities 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 £ 2020 2011 E 2020 2020 E 2020 2			23.331	37,559
6. Current liabilities 2020 2011 £ Trade payables Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,666				247
Trade payables 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,660			118,698	64,972
Trade payables 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,660	6. Current liabilities			
Trade payables 57,917 47,677 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,660				
Trade payables 57,917 47,67 Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66				
Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66			<u>E</u>	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings 7,926,092 8,050,66			57,917	47,675
				8,050,660
	Accruals and deferred income		41,239	38,067
Lease Liability 14,558	Lease Liability		14,558	-
8,039,806 8,136,40			8,039,806	8,136,402

All amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2020

7. Share capital

	2020 £	2019 f
Authorised 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Called up, allotted and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

8. Contingent liabilities

The company, together with its parent and fellow subsidiaries, has given a multilateral undertaking to its bankers to guarantee the overdrafts of the group companies.

At the balance sheet date the company had overdrafts of £nil (2019: £nil).

9. Lease Liabilities

-	1 July 2019
36,677	Additions
655	Interest expense related to lease liabilities
(15,000)	Repayment of lease liabilities
(22,332)	30 June 2020
(14,558)	Current lease liabilities
(7,774)	Non-current lease liabilities
(22,332)	

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2020

9. Lease Liabilities (continued)

The lease relates to Land and Buildings.

The maturity of lease liabilities at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

Lease payments

	£
Year to 2021	(14,588)
Year to 2022	(8,220)
Year to 2023	-
Year to 2024	-
Later years	-
Effect of discounting	476
Lease liability at 30 June 2020	22,332

10. Ultimate parent company

The ultimate controlling party is ENIC International Limited, a company incorporated and registered in the Bahamas. The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group, which includes the company, and for which group financial statements are prepared is Tottenham Hotspur Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Copies of the annual report and accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited can be obtained from Lilywhite House, 782 High Road, Tottenham, London, N17 08X.

11. Related party transactions

The company has applied the exemption granted by FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' not to disclose intercompany transactions with Tottenham Hotspur group companies.