Pewsey Vale Cabinet Makers Ltd
Unaudited filleted financial statements

Company registration number: 06221153

31 March 2018

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Directors and other information

Directors Martin Blake

Secretary Martin Blake

Company number 06221153

Registered office Salisbury Road Business Park

Pewsey

Wilts

SN9 7BU

Accountants Charlton Baker Limited

7-7c Snuff Street

Devizes Wiltshire SN10 1DU

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Pewsey Vale Cabinet Makers Ltd

Year ended 31 March 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Pewsey Vale Cabinet Makers Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

Our work has been undertaken in accordance with the ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF.

Charlton Baker Limited

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors

7-7c Snuff Street

Devizes

Wiltshire

SN10 1DU

19 December 2018

Statement of financial position

31 March 2018

		2018		2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	-		-	
Tangible assets	6	13,567		11,153	
			40 507		44.450
_			13,567		11,153
Current assets					
Stocks		124,049		221,856	
Debtors	7	27,634		8,816	
Cash at bank and in hand		45		(333)	
		151,728		230,339	
Creditors: amounts falling due		·		·	
within one year	8	(242,682)		(265,055)	
Net current liabilities			(90,954)		(34,716)
Total assets less current liabilities			(77,387)		(23,563)
Creditors: amounts falling due			, ,		,
after more than one year	9		-		(104,788)
Net liabilities			(77,387)		(128,351)
Canital and reconnec					
Capital and reserves			07		0.7
Called up share capital			97		97
Profit and loss account			(77,484)		(128,448)
Shareholders deficit			(77,387)		(128,351)

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 December 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Martin Blake

Director

Company registration number: 06221153

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Salisbury Road Business Park, Pewsey, Wilts, SN9 7BU.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 20 % reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 20 % reducing balance

Motor vehicles - 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 11 (2017: 14).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	100	100
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	100	100
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2018	-	-
At 31 March 2017	-	-

6. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2017	11,657	15,155	9,990	36,802
Additions	4,750	284	-	5,034
At 31 March 2018	16,407	15,439	9,990	41,836
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017	9,837	10,036	5,776	25,649
Charge for the year	531	1,035	1,054	2,620
At 31 March 2018	10,368	11,071	6,830	28,269
Carrying amount		-		
At 31 March 2018	6,039	4,368	3,160	13,567
At 31 March 2017	1,820	5,119	4,214	11,153
7. Debtors				
			2018	2017
			£	£
Trade debtors			18,506	5,028
Other debtors			9,128	3,788
			27,634	8,816
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
			2018	2017
			£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts			2,124	2,545
Trade creditors			30,376	31,470
Social security and other taxes			37,595	24,043
Other creditors			172,587	206,997
			242,682	265,055

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other creditors	-	104,788

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2018

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Martin Blake	(103,102)	600	-	(102,502)
2017				
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Martin Blake	(94,104)	21,333	(30,331)	(103,102)

11. Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the Directors continue to provide financial support to allow the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due and this will continue for the foreseeable future until the company is profit making.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.