

# Abbreviated accounts Automotive Newco Limited t/a Watford Jaguar

For the Year Ended 30 September 2010

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# Officers and professional advisers

**Registered office** 

3 Astwood Mews

London SW7 4DE

**Directors** 

M T Dodds N P Smith

Secretary

H M Gibson

**Auditor** 

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Grant Thornton House 202 Silbury Boulevard Central Milton Keynes

MK9 1LW

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# Independent auditor's report to Automotive Newco Limited t/a Watford Jaguar under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 7 to 9, together with the financial statements of Automotive Newco Limited t/a Watford Jaguar for the year ended 30 September 2010 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

Grant Thornton UKLLP

Malcolm A Gomersall Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

Central Milton Keynes

22 february 2011

# Accounting policies

# **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The principal accounting policies of the company are set out below

#### Going concern

The company has continued to trade profitably since its September 2010 year end. The budget for the fiscal year ending September 2011 shows good profitability and the company has exceeded its budget during each month of the fiscal year to the date of signing. The company is operating within its overdraft facility of £250k and this facility runs to December 2011. The positive 2010/11 trading and good working capital availability reinforces the directors' view that the company will continue to trade profitably for the foreseeable future. The accounts have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services provided, including finance commission earned net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes

Sales of motor vehicles are recognised on the earlier of full payment by, or delivery date to, the customer together with the associated manufacturer vehicle bonus income. Any other manufacturer income in relation to achieving targets is recognised on an accruals basis. Service revenue is recognised on the completion of the agreed work.

# Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 10 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

## **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

10% straight line

# Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold Property - 10% straight line
Plant & Machinery - 20% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings - 20% straight line
Equipment - 20% straight line

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

## **Operating lease agreements**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### **Pension costs**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred taxation is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

# Abbreviated balance sheet

	Note	2010 €	2009 £
Fixed assets	1		
Intangible assets		65,560	75,273
Tangible assets		169,838	203,021
		235,398	278,294
Current assets		<del> </del>	
Stocks		1,714,363	1,095,285
Debtors		1,279,716	906,823
Cash at bank and in hand		200,170	600
		3,194,249	2,002,708
Creditors amounts falling due within one year		3,023,553	2,064,318
Net current assets/(liabilities)		170,696	(61,610)
Total assets less current liabilities		406,094	216,684
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	4	400,000	400,000
Profit and loss account		6,094	(183,316)
Shareholders' funds		406,094	216,684

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 22. FEDULY, 2011 and are signed on their behalf by

M 7 Dodds Director

Company Registration Number 06220264

# Notes to the abbreviated accounts

#### 1 Fixed assets

	Intangible	Tangible	
	Assets	Assets	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 October 2009	97,126	303,906	401,032
Additions	_	16,994	16,994
Disposals	_	(1,100)	(1,100)
At 30 September 2010	97,126	319,800	416,926
Deprectation			
At 1 October 2009	21,853	100,885	122,738
Charge for year	9,713	49,392	59,105
On disposals	<del>-</del>	(315)	(315)
At 30 September 2010	31,566	149,962	181,528
Net book value			
At 30 September 2010	65,560	169,838	235,398
At 30 September 2009	75,273	203,021	278,294
	***		

# 2 Related party transactions

During the period Automotive Newco Limited paid Gilbran Watford Limited rent of £127,688 (2009 £125,000) and accrued interest of £nil (2009. £34,681) payable to Gilbran Holdings Limited which is included within accruals Gilbran Holdings Limited owns the 300,000 C Ordinary Shares noted below Gilbran Watford Limited is a subsidiary of Gilbran Holdings Limited

#### 3 Securities

During the period Automotive Newco Limited has given the following securities

- The bank overdraft is secured by way of a debenture over all the company's liabilities to the bank of any kind in any currency
- Manufacturer funding relates to demo and used vehicle funding. These are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over assets

#### 4 Share capital

Authorised share capital

		2010 £	2009 £
		50,000 50,000	50,000 50,000
		300,000	300,000
		400,000	400,000
2010		2009	
No	£	No	£
50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000
	No 50,000 50,000 300,000	No £ 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 300,000 300,000	\$\frac{50,000}{50,000}\$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

A and B shares are ordinary shares of £1 each in the capital of the company

The holders of the C shares are entitled to cumulative interest payments of 8 5% per annum on the nominal amount which is fully paid up or credited as fully paid up on each share. Payment of interest is entirely at the discretion of the directors. Any instalment of interest not paid shall be carried forward and be payable in priority to interest payable on any later date.

# 5 Controlling party

Controlled by N Smith and M Dodds by virtue of their 100% holding of the A and B Ordinary shares