Registered number: 06212184

P K FINANCIAL LIMITED

Unaudited

Financial statements

Information for filing with the registrar

For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

MONDAY



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P K FINANCIAL LIMITED Registered number: 06212184

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2021

	As at 31 D	ecember 2021		•	
	Note		31 December 2021		30 June 2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		19,330		12,558
			19,330		12,558
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	398,585		398,862	
Current asset investments	6	20,421		27,846	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	7,027		33,289	
	•	426,033	_	459,997	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8 .	(240,849)		(248,060)	
Net current assets	· -		185,184		211,937
Total assets less current liabilities			204,514		224,495
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(35,000)		(40,000)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax		(2,386)		(2,512)	
	-		(2,386)		(2,512)
Net assets			167,128		181,983
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account			157,128		171,983
			167,128		181,983
		-	-	=	

PK FINANCIAL LIMITED Registered number: 06212184

Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2021

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 January 2023.

P K Patel Director

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total equity
At 1 November 2020	10,000	15,586	25,586
Comprehensive Income for the period Profit for the period	-	198,397	198,397
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	198,397	198,397
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(42,000)	(42,000)
At 1 July 2021	10,000	171,983	181,983
Comprehensive income for the period			
Profit for the period	-	22,645	22,645
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u> </u>	22,645	22,645
Dividends: Equity capital	14	(37,500)	(37,500)
At 31 December 2021	10,000	157,128	167,128

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 253 Gray's Inn Road London WCIX 8QT

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.4 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102.

Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate, are recognised.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.6 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.8 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- -The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- -Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Both current and deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 25%
Fixtures and fittings - 25%
Office equipment - 25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Valuation of investments

Investments in company shares and open-ended investment funds, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.12 Debtors

Short term debtors are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debtors classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.14 Creditors

Short term creditors, including trade creditors, bank loans and loans from related companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future paymen ts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

2.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

3. Employees

5.

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period was 7 (2021 - 7).

4. Tangible fixed assets

Cost or valuation 44,725 Additions 9,639 At 31 December 2021 54,364 Depreciation At 1 July 2021 32,167 Charge for the period on owned assets 2,867 At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value At 31 December 2021 19,330 At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366 398,585 398,862			Plant and machinery £
Additions 9,639 At 31 December 2021 54,364 Depreciation At 1 July 2021 32,167 Charge for the period on owned assets 2,867 At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value At 31 December 2021 19,330 At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 2021 £ £ Of ther debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Cost or valuation		
At 31 December 2021 54,364 Depreciation At 1 July 2021 32,167 Charge for the period on owned assets 2,867 At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value At 31 December 2021 19,330 At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 £ £ Other debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	At 1 July 2021		44,725
Depreciation 32,167 At 1 July 2021 32,167 Charge for the period on owned assets 2,867 At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value 19,330 At 31 December 2021 19,330 At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 2021 2021 f.g. Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Additions		9,639
At 1 July 2021 32,167 Charge for the period on owned assets 2,867 At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value 19,330 At 31 December 2021 12,558 Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 2021 2021 f.f. Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	At 31 December 2021	_	54,364
Charge for the period on owned assets 2,867 At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value 19,330 At 31 December 2021 12,558 Debtors 31 December 2021 Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Depreciation		
At 31 December 2021 35,034 Net book value	At 1 July 2021		32,167
Net book value 19,330 At 31 December 2021 19,330 At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 2021 £ £ Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Charge for the period on owned assets		2,867
At 31 December 2021 19,330 At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 2021 £ £ Other debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	At 31 December 2021		35,034
At 30 June 2021 12,558 Debtors 31 December 2021 2021 £ £ Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Net book value		
Debtors 31 December 30 June 2021 2021 £ £ Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	At 31 December 2021	_	19,330
31 December 2021 2021 2021 £ \$30 June 2021 2021 £ \$4 £ £ £ \$4 £ \$25,507 20,366 \$	At 30 June 2021	. =	12,558
2021 2021 £ £ Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Debtors		
2021 2021 £ £ Cother debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	31 Dec	ember	30 June
Other debtors 373,078 378,496 Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366		2021	2021
Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366		£	£
Prepayments and accrued income 25,507 20,366	Other debtors 3'	73,078	378,496
398,585 398,862			20,366
	39	08,585	398,862

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

6.	Current asset investments		
		31 December 2021 £	30 June 2021 £
	Other investments	20,421	27,846
•		20,421	27,846
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		31 December 2021 £	30 June 2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	7,027	33,289
		7,027	33,289

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due v	within one vear
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	31 December 2021 £	30 June 2021 £
Other loans	10,000	10,000
Trade creditors	4,859	8.844
Corporation tax	58,176	64,085
Other taxation and social security	4,376	4,759
Other creditors	143,746	147,579
Accruals and deferred income	19,692	12,793
	240,849	248,060
The following liabilities were secured:		
	31 December	30 June
	2021	2021
	£	£
Other creditors - loan	96,980	97,280
	96,980	97,280

Details of security provided:

Included within other creditors, is a loan from P K Patel for the sum of £96,980 (2021 - £97,280) which is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the company and has been provided to Barclays Security Trustee Ltd.

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	31 December 2021	30 June 2021 £
Other loans	35,000	40,000
	35,000	40,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

10. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

31 December 2021	30 June 2021 £
10,000	10,000
10,000	10,000
35,000	40,000
35,000	40,000
45 000	50,000
	10,000

The loan for the sum of £50,000 was part of the Bounce Back Loan Scheme introduced to help small and medium sized businesses who have been adversely affected by the Coronovirus pandemic. The scheme is fully guaranteed by the government and the loan is repayable over a period of 6 years in equal instalments, with interest being charged at the rate of 2.5% per annum.

11. Deferred taxation

	2021 £
	•
At beginning of year	(2,512)
Charged to profit or loss	126
At end of year	(2,386)
•	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2021

11. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	31 December 2021 £	30 June 2021 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(2,386)	(2,512)
	(2,386)	(2,512)

12. Related party transactions

Included within other creditors is the net sum of £68,261 (2021 - £60,616) owed to P K Patel a director and member of the company with a material interest.

Interest for the sum of £1,181 (2021 - £3,721) was payable to P K Patel during the period in respect of a loan provided by him to the company in an earlier period. The loan is repayable in monthly instalments over a period of 10 years and interest accrues at a floating variable rate with a minimum of 2.4 per cent per annum.

During the period, the company advanced the sum of £1,313 to J M Kelly, a director and member of the company. Included within other debtors is the sum of £64,172 (2021 - £62,859) due from him.

During the period, the company provided consultancy services for the sum of £0 (2021 - £208,520) to PK Partnership (Consultancy) LLP, a partnership in which P K Patel and J M Kelly are partners.

At the balance sheet date, the sum of £203,907 (2021 - £209,643) was due from PK Partnership (Consultancy) LLP.

During the period, the company voted a dividend for the sum of £8,000 to P K Patel and the sum of £29,500 to JM Kelly.

Included in other creditors is the sum of £75,912 (2021 - £81,430) owed to P K Insurance (Brokers) Ltd, a company in which PK Patel and J M Kelly are both directors and members.